

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Nov 9, 2024 – 03:02 PM EST

:	8FE9
:	Crystal structure of Ack1 kinase K161Q mutant in complex with the selective
	inhibitor (R)-9b
:	Paung, Y.; Kan, Y.; Seeliger, M.S.; Miller, W.T.
	2022-12-06
:	3.20  Å(reported)
	:

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

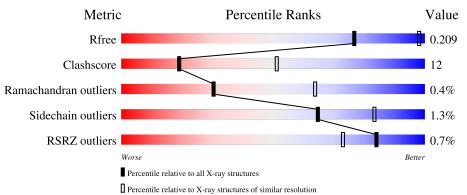
Mogul Xtriage (Phenix) EDS buster-report Percentile statistics CCP4 Density-Fitness Ideal geometry (proteins)	: : : : :	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022) 1.20.1 3.0 1.1.7 (2018) 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023) 9.0.003 (Gargrove) 1.0.11 Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	0

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 3.20 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
$R_{free}$	164625	1370 (3.20-3.20)
Clashscore	180529	1497 (3.20-3.20)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	1479 (3.20-3.20)
Sidechain outliers	177891	1478 (3.20-3.20)
RSRZ outliers	164620	1371 (3.20-3.20)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	А	287	% 67%	29%	5%



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2254 atoms, of which 28 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

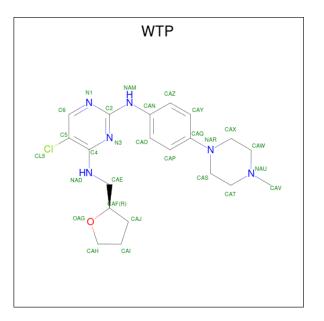
• Molecule 1 is a protein called Activated CDC42 kinase 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	274	Total	С	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	4	0	0
	А	214	2198	1400	390	393	15	4	U	0

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
А	105	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q07912
А	106	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q07912
A	107	MET	-	expression tag	UNP Q07912
А	108	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q07912
А	109	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q07912
А	161	GLN	LYS	engineered mutation	UNP Q07912

• Molecule 2 is 5-chloro-N 2 -[4-(4-methylpiperazin-1-yl)phenyl]-N 4 -{[(2R)-oxolan-2-yl]met hyl}pyrimidine-2,4-diamine (three-letter code: WTP) (formula:  $C_{20}H_{27}ClN_6O$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





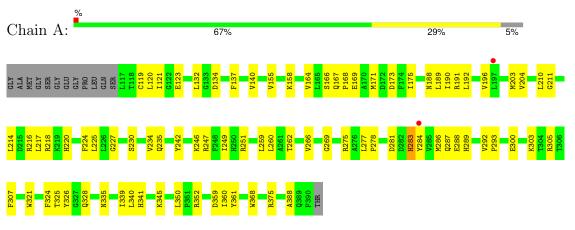


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf			
2	А	1	Total 56	C 20	Cl 1	Н 28		0 1	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.



• Molecule 1: Activated CDC42 kinase 1



## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	I 4 2 2	Depositor
Cell constants	91.69Å 91.69Å 190.07Å	Depositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	28.99 - 3.20	Depositor
Resolution (A)	28.99 - 3.20	EDS
% Data completeness	99.0 (28.99-3.20)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	95.0 (28.99-3.20)	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.15	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	-0.10 (at 3.18Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.20.1_4487	Depositor
D D.	0.188 , $0.228$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.192 , $0.209$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	6313 reflections $(9.93%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	84.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.758	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.31, 66.5	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ \langle L  \rangle = 0.49, \langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	2254	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	106.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.71% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: WTP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
Mol Chain	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	А	0.27	0/2252	0.51	0/3050	

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	2198	0	2192	51	0
2	А	28	28	0	7	0
All	All	2226	28	2192	51	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 12.

All (51) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:352:ARG:HG3	1:A:361:TYR:CG	2.15	0.82
1:A:166:SER:HB2	1:A:169:GLU:HB3	1.63	0.81

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic $(\overset{1}{\lambda})$	Clash					
		distance (Å)	overlap (Å)					
1:A:167:GLN:HB3	1:A:168:PRO:HD3	1.73	0.70					
1:A:214:LEU:HD21	1:A:218:ARG:HH22	1.57	0.69					
1:A:140:VAL:HG11	2:A:401:WTP:NAD	2.09	0.67					
1:A:217:LEU:HD23	1:A:224:PHE:CE2	2.31	0.66					
1:A:171:MET:O	1:A:175:ILE:HG12	1.98	0.63					
1:A:249:ILE:HD11	1:A:284:TYR:HB2	1.79	0.63					
1:A:247:ARG:NH1	1:A:277:LEU:O	2.36	0.58					
1:A:350:LEU:HB2	1:A:368:TRP:CH2	2.40	0.57					
1:A:292:VAL:HG13	1:A:293:PRO:HD2	1.89	0.55					
1:A:217:LEU:HD23	1:A:224:PHE:CD2	2.42	0.54					
1:A:288:GLU:HA	1:A:305:ARG:NH1	2.24	0.52					
1:A:132:LEU:HB3	2:A:401:WTP:CAY	2.40	0.52					
1:A:210:LEU:HB2	1:A:260:LEU:O	2.09	0.52					
1:A:325:THR:HB	1:A:328:GLN:HG3	1.94	0.50					
1:A:235:GLN:OE1	1:A:266:VAL:HG12	2.13	0.49					
1:A:335:ASN:O	1:A:339:ILE:HG13	2.13	0.48					
1:A:341:HIS:CD2	1:A:345:LYS:HD3	2.48	0.48					
1:A:283:HIS:HA	1:A:307:PHE:O	2.13	0.48					
1:A:123:GLU:HG2	1:A:196:VAL:HG11	1.94	0.48					
1:A:300:GLU:OE2	1:A:375:ARG:NH1	2.43	0.48					
1:A:164:VAL:HG22	1:A:166:SER:H	1.79	0.47					
1:A:211:GLY:HA2	2:A:401:WTP:CAO	2.45	0.47					
1:A:230:SER:O	1:A:234:VAL:HG23	2.15	0.46					
1:A:119:CYS:HB3	1:A:120:LEU:HD12	1.98	0.46					
1:A:225:LEU:HG	1:A:227:GLY:H	1.79	0.46					
1:A:278:PRO:HG2	1:A:281:ASP:OD1	2.15	0.46					
1:A:251:ARG:NH2	1:A:286:MET:HE2	2.31	0.45					
1:A:224:PHE:HB2	1:A:326:TYR:HE1	1.82	0.45					
1:A:321:TRP:CE2	1:A:325:THR:HG21	2.51	0.45					
1:A:216:ARG:O	1:A:220:HIS:HB2	2.18	0.44					
1:A:251:ARG:HG2	1:A:307:PHE:CD2	2.51	0.44					
1:A:251:ARG:NH1	1:A:275:ARG:HG3	2.33	0.44					
1:A:259:LEU:HD21	2:A:401:WTP:CAJ	2.48	0.43					
1:A:190:ILE:CG1	1:A:269:GLY:HA2	2.48	0.43					
1:A:192:LEU:HD13	1:A:203:MET:HE3	2.01	0.43					
1:A:324:PHE:CE2	1:A:360:ILE:HG21	2.53	0.43					
1:A:121:ILE:O	1:A:196:VAL:HG22	2.18	0.43					
1:A:137:PHE:CZ	1:A:173:ASP:HB3	2.54	0.43					
1:A:132:LEU:HB3	2:A:401:WTP:CAZ	2.49	0.42					
1:A:188:ASN:O	1:A:189:LEU:HD23	2.20	0.42					
1:A:359:ASP:HB3	1:A:388:ALA:HB1	2.01	0.42					

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:158:LYS:HE3	2:A:401:WTP:CL5	2.57	0.42
1:A:210:LEU:HD13	1:A:262:THR:HA	2.02	0.42
1:A:140:VAL:HG11	2:A:401:WTP:CAE	2.50	0.41
1:A:352:ARG:HG3	1:A:361:TYR:CB	2.50	0.41
1:A:155:VAL:HG21	1:A:204:VAL:HG13	2.02	0.41
1:A:242:TYR:CZ	1:A:246:LYS:HE3	2.56	0.40
1:A:303:LYS:HG2	1:A:340:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.40
1:A:288:GLU:O	1:A:289:HIS:HB2	2.21	0.40

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There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percenti	les
1	А	272/287~(95%)	259~(95%)	12~(4%)	1 (0%)	30 64	1

All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	287	GLN

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mo	bl	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric		Percentiles	
1		А	238/246~(97%)	235~(99%)	3(1%)	65 83	

All (3) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	А	134	ASP
1	А	191	ARG
1	А	283	HIS

Sometimes side chains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such side chains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	B	ond leng	gths	B	ond ang	les
10101	Type	Unam	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	WTP	А	401	-	31,31,31	4.43	18 (58%)	40,42,42	1.94	7 (17%)



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

[	Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
	2	WTP	А	401	-	-	2/13/30/30	0/4/4/4

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
2	А	401	WTP	C6-C5	-10.54	1.29	1.39
2	А	401	WTP	CAP-CAO	8.54	1.52	1.38
2	А	401	WTP	CAZ-CAN	8.27	1.53	1.39
2	А	401	WTP	C4-NAD	7.73	1.46	1.34
2	А	401	WTP	CAY-CAQ	7.33	1.53	1.39
2	А	401	WTP	C5-C4	5.82	1.49	1.41
2	А	401	WTP	C6-N1	5.74	1.46	1.34
2	А	401	WTP	C2-N3	5.26	1.49	1.34
2	А	401	WTP	C4-N3	-5.26	1.25	1.34
2	А	401	WTP	C2-NAM	4.76	1.46	1.36
2	А	401	WTP	CAZ-CAY	-4.41	1.31	1.38
2	А	401	WTP	CAO-CAN	-4.22	1.32	1.39
2	А	401	WTP	C2-N1	-4.20	1.28	1.34
2	А	401	WTP	CAP-CAQ	-3.83	1.32	1.39
2	А	401	WTP	CAQ-NAR	2.50	1.45	1.38
2	А	401	WTP	C5-CL5	2.36	1.79	1.73
2	А	401	WTP	CAN-NAM	2.35	1.45	1.40
2	А	401	WTP	CAE-CAF	2.25	1.54	1.51

All (18) bond length outliers are listed below:

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	А	401	WTP	N1-C2-N3	-8.25	118.45	126.42
2	А	401	WTP	C6-N1-C2	3.31	120.36	115.81
2	А	401	WTP	CAX-NAR-CAS	3.23	118.84	111.57
2	А	401	WTP	NAD-C4-N3	2.93	122.27	118.33
2	А	401	WTP	C5-C6-N1	-2.88	120.57	122.78
2	А	401	WTP	C2-N3-C4	2.25	121.89	116.36
2	А	401	WTP	CAX-CAW-NAU	2.03	114.11	110.86

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:



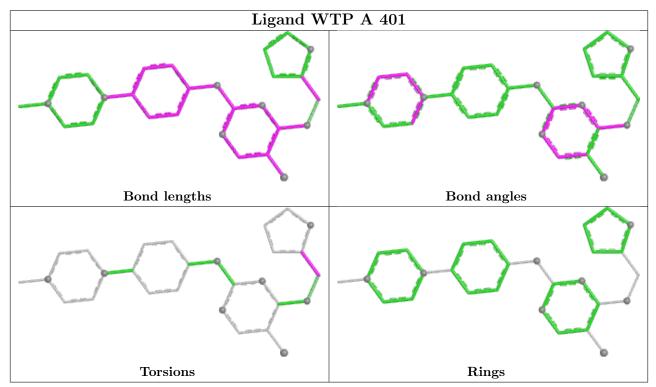
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	А	401	WTP	NAD-CAE-CAF-OAG
2	А	401	WTP	NAD-CAE-CAF-CAJ

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 7 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	А	401	WTP	7	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





### 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle RSRZ \rangle$	#RSRZ>2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	274/287~(95%)	-0.48	2 (0%) 84 73	69, 98, 160, 212	1 (0%)

All (2) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	А	197	LEU	2.8
1	А	284	TYR	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

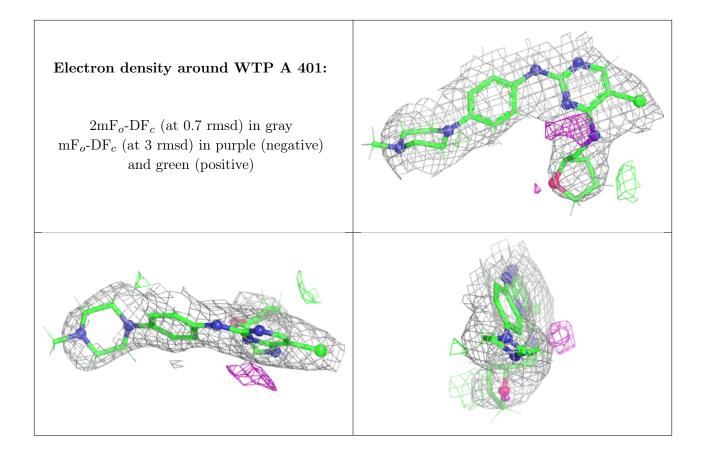
#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathbf{A}^2)$	Q<0.9
2	WTP	А	401	28/28	0.87	0.10	$99,\!131,\!157,\!168$	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





### 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

