

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Jun 26, 2024 – 07:22 AM EDT

PDB ID : 7APF

Title : Crystal structure of JAK3 in complex with FM601 (compound 10a)

Authors: Chaikuad, A.; Forster, M.; Gehringer, M.; Laufer, S.; Knapp, S.; Structural

Genomics Consortium (SGC)

Deposited on : 2020-10-16

Resolution : 1.95 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.orgA user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.37.1

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

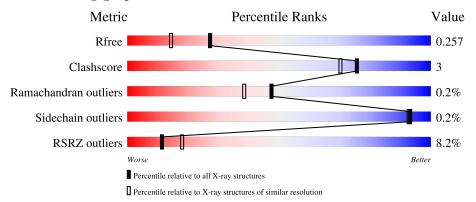
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.95 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	2580 (1.96-1.96)
Clashscore	141614	2705 (1.96-1.96)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2678 (1.96-1.96)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2678 (1.96-1.96)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2539 (1.96-1.96)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	A	294	92%	6% ••			
1	В	294	90%	6% • •			



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5072 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Tyrosine-protein kinase JAK3.

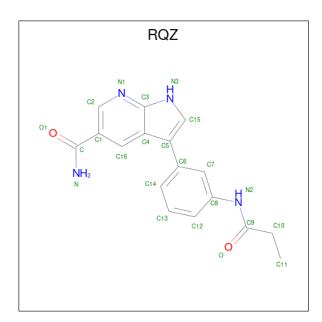
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	290	Total 2335	C 1483	N 415	O 422	S 15	0	3	0
1	В	285	Total 2293	C 1460	N 403	O 415	S 15	0	3	0

There are 10 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	810	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P52333
A	811	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P52333
A	949	ALA	ASP	conflict	UNP P52333
A	1040	SER	CYS	conflict	UNP P52333
A	1048	SER	CYS	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP P52333
В	810	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P52333
В	811	MET	-	expression tag	UNP P52333
В	949	ALA	ASP	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP P52333
В	1040	SER	CYS	conflict	UNP P52333
В	1048	SER	CYS	conflict	UNP P52333

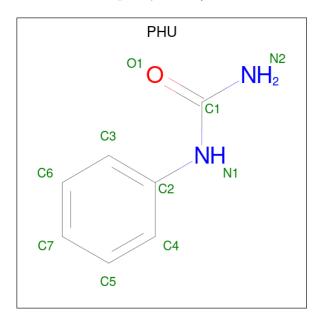
• Molecule 2 is 3-[3-(propanoylamino)phenyl]-1 {H}-pyrrolo[2,3-b]pyridine-5-carboxa mide (three-letter code: RQZ) (formula:  $C_{17}H_{16}N_4O_2$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
2	Λ	1	Total	С	N	О	0	1	
2	Λ	1	46	34	8	4	0	1	
9	D	1	Total	С	N	О	0	1	
2	Б	1	46	34	8	4	U	1	

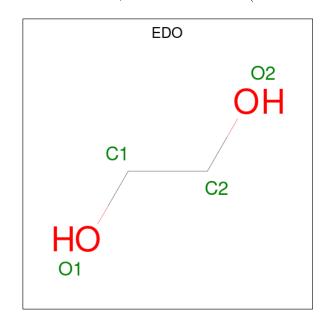
 $\bullet$  Molecule 3 is 1-phenylurea (three-letter code: PHU) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_7H_8N_2O}).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total 10			O 1	0	0
3	В	1	Total 10	C 7	N 2	O 1	0	0



 $\bullet$  Molecule 4 is 1,2-ETHANEDIOL (three-letter code: EDO) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_2H_6O_2}).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
4	В	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
4	В	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0
4	В	1	Total C O 4 2 2	0	0

• Molecule 5 is water.

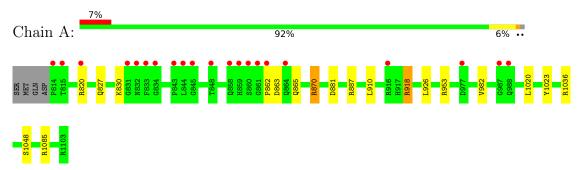
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	169	Total O 169 169	0	0
5	В	131	Total O 131 131	0	0



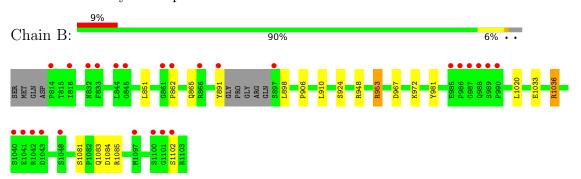
## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein kinase JAK3



• Molecule 1: Tyrosine-protein kinase JAK3





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	63.67Å 62.50Å 67.87Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 101.32° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	45.56 - 1.95	Depositor
Resolution (A)	45.56 - 1.95	EDS
% Data completeness	97.3 (45.56-1.95)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	97.3 (45.56-1.95)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.11	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.35 (at 1.95Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0222	Depositor
D D.	0.203 , 0.255	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.212 , $0.257$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1868 reflections $(5.02\%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	26.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.082	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35, 43.8	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	5072	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	33.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 71.67 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 2.5204e-06. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: EDO, RQZ, PHU

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.71	0/2398	0.70	0/3240	
1	В	0.67	0/2354	0.69	0/3181	
All	All	0.69	0/4752	0.70	0/6421	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	7
1	В	0	3
All	All	0	10

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (10) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	1036	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	1085	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	820	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	870	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	887[A]	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	887[B]	ARG	Sidechain
1	A	918	ARG	Sidechain
1	В	1036	ARG	Sidechain
1	В	1085	ARG	Sidechain



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	В	953	ARG	Sidechain

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	$\mathbf{H}(\mathbf{added})$	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2335	0	2319	12	0
1	В	2293	0	2270	14	0
2	A	46	0	0	3	0
2	В	46	0	0	1	0
3	A	10	0	8	0	0
3	В	10	0	8	0	0
4	A	20	0	30	0	0
4	В	12	0	18	0	0
5	A	169	0	0	8	0
5	В	131	0	0	4	0
All	All	5072	0	4653	29	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (29) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:1201[B]:RQZ:O	5:B:1301:HOH:O	2.02	0.77
2:A:1201[B]:RQZ:O	5:A:1301:HOH:O	2.06	0.72
1:A:870:ARG:HD2	5:A:1400:HOH:O	1.91	0.69
2:A:1201[A]:RQZ:O	5:A:1302:HOH:O	2.12	0.66
1:B:1083[B]:GLN:NE2	1:B:1083[B]:GLN:HA	2.11	0.65
1:A:1048:SER:OG	5:A:1303:HOH:O	2.14	0.64
1:B:891:TYR:CE1	1:B:898:LEU:HD13	2.40	0.57
1:B:948:ARG:HD3	5:B:1302:HOH:O	2.08	0.54
1:A:918:ARG:NH2	5:A:1316:HOH:O	2.43	0.51
1:B:1083[B]:GLN:HA	1:B:1083[B]:GLN:HE21	1.76	0.50
1:B:953:ARG:NH1	5:B:1312:HOH:O	2.46	0.48
1:B:891:TYR:HE1	1:B:898:LEU:HD13	1.77	0.48



Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
		distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
1:B:910:LEU:HD21	1:B:1020:LEU:HD21	1.95	0.48
1:B:906:PRO:HD2	5:B:1315:HOH:O	2.15	0.47
1:A:827:GLN:NE2	1:A:830:LYS:HB2	2.30	0.46
1:B:1081:SER:OG	1:B:1084:ASP:OD2	2.34	0.46
1:A:862:PRO:HA	1:A:865:GLN:OE1	2.16	0.45
1:A:910:LEU:HD21	1:A:1020:LEU:HD21	1.99	0.45
1:A:982:VAL:HB	1:B:851:LEU:CD1	2.46	0.45
1:B:972:LYS:HG3	1:B:981:TYR:CZ	2.52	0.44
1:A:918:ARG:HD2	5:A:1316:HOH:O	2.18	0.43
1:A:953:ARG:NH1	5:A:1327:HOH:O	2.51	0.42
1:A:918:ARG:HG3	1:A:1023:TYR:CG	2.54	0.42
1:B:924:SER:OG	1:B:1102:SER:HB3	2.19	0.41
2:A:1201[A]:RQZ:O	2:A:1201[A]:RQZ:C12	2.68	0.41
1:B:862:PRO:HA	1:B:865:GLN:OE1	2.21	0.41
1:B:1033:GLU:CD	1:B:1036:ARG:HH11	2.24	0.41
1:A:881:ASP:HA	5:A:1331:HOH:O	2.21	0.40
1:A:926:LEU:HD11	1:A:1023:TYR:CZ	2.57	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	291/294~(99%)	284 (98%)	7 (2%)	0	100	100
1	В	$284/294 \ (97\%)$	280 (99%)	3 (1%)	1 (0%)	34	22
All	All	575/588~(98%)	564 (98%)	10 (2%)	1 (0%)	47	38

#### All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	967	ASP



#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	254/256 (99%)	253 (100%)	1 (0%)	91 90
1	В	249/256 (97%)	249 (100%)	0	100 100
All	All	503/512 (98%)	502 (100%)	1 (0%)	93 93

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	
1	A	863	ASP	

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

14 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond



length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Вс	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
IVIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	EDO	В	1203	-	3,3,3	0.40	0	2,2,2	0.32	0
2	RQZ	В	1201[A]	1	24,25,25	0.82	0	27,35,35	0.61	0
2	RQZ	В	1201[B]	1	24,25,25	0.79	0	27,35,35	0.66	0
4	EDO	A	1205	-	3,3,3	0.28	0	2,2,2	0.34	0
4	EDO	A	1203	-	3,3,3	0.61	0	2,2,2	0.19	0
4	EDO	В	1204	-	3,3,3	0.54	0	2,2,2	0.16	0
3	PHU	A	1202	-	10,10,10	0.43	0	12,12,12	0.30	0
4	EDO	A	1206	-	3,3,3	0.53	0	2,2,2	0.11	0
2	RQZ	A	1201[A]	1	24,25,25	0.83	1 (4%)	27,35,35	0.72	0
3	PHU	В	1202	-	10,10,10	0.33	0	12,12,12	0.41	0
4	EDO	В	1205	-	3,3,3	0.32	0	2,2,2	0.56	0
2	RQZ	A	1201[B]	1	24,25,25	0.81	1 (4%)	27,35,35	0.76	0
4	EDO	A	1204	-	3,3,3	0.42	0	2,2,2	0.31	0
4	EDO	A	1207	-	3,3,3	0.36	0	2,2,2	0.43	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
4	EDO	В	1203	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
2	RQZ	В	1201[A]	1	-	0/14/14/14	0/3/3/3
2	RQZ	В	1201[B]	1	-	2/14/14/14	0/3/3/3
4	EDO	A	1205	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
4	EDO	A	1203	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
4	EDO	В	1204	ı	-	1/1/1/1	-
3	PHU	A	1202	-	-	0/4/4/4	0/1/1/1
4	EDO	A	1206	ı	-	0/1/1/1	-
2	RQZ	A	1201[A]	1	-	2/14/14/14	0/3/3/3
3	PHU	В	1202	-	-	2/4/4/4	0/1/1/1
4	EDO	В	1205	-	-	0/1/1/1	-
2	RQZ	A	1201[B]	1	-	2/14/14/14	0/3/3/3
4	EDO	A	1204	-	-	1/1/1/1	-
4	EDO	A	1207	-	-	0/1/1/1	-

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(\text{\AA})$
2	A	1201[A]	RQZ	C3-N1	-2.50	1.33	1.37
2	A	1201[B]	RQZ	C3-N1	-2.38	1.33	1.37

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (12) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	A	1201[A]	RQZ	C11-C10-C9-N2
4	A	1204	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2
2	A	1201[A]	RQZ	C11-C10-C9-O
2	A	1201[B]	RQZ	C4-C5-C6-C14
2	В	1201[B]	RQZ	C4-C5-C6-C14
4	A	1203	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2
3	В	1202	PHU	C4-C2-N1-C1
4	В	1204	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2
3	В	1202	PHU	C3-C2-N1-C1
4	A	1205	EDO	O1-C1-C2-O2
2	A	1201[B]	RQZ	C4-C5-C6-C7
2	В	1201[B]	RQZ	C4-C5-C6-C7

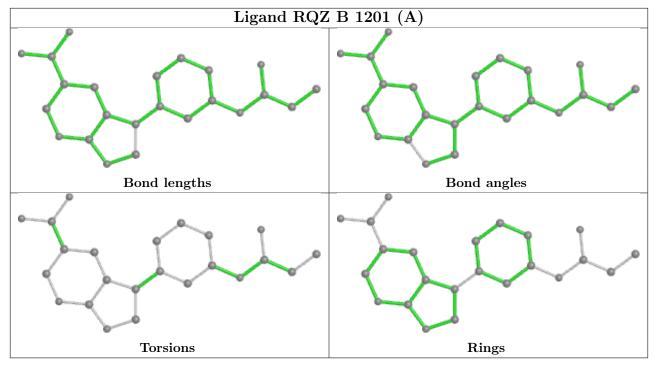
There are no ring outliers.

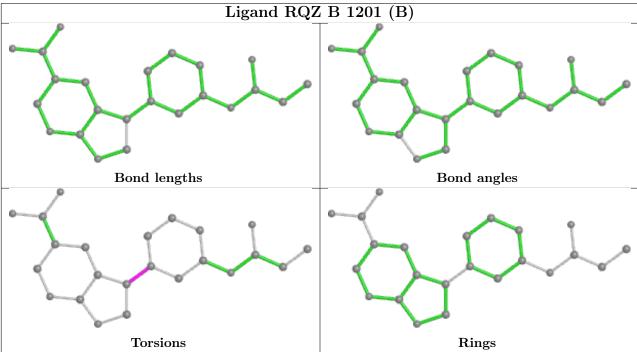
3 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	1201[B]	RQZ	1	0
2	A	1201[A]	RQZ	2	0
2	A	1201[B]	RQZ	1	0

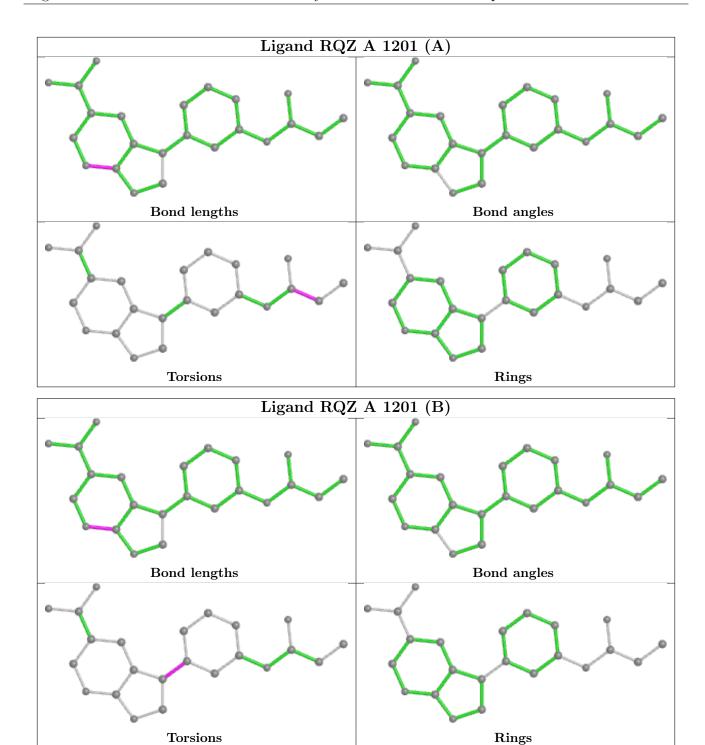
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.











## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9
1	A	290/294 (98%)	0.44	21 (7%) 15 23	15, 27, 58, 97	0
1	В	285/294~(96%)	0.58	26 (9%) 9 15	17, 32, 66, 98	0
All	All	575/588 (97%)	0.51	47 (8%) 11 18	15, 29, 64, 98	0

All (47) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	В	985	GLU	7.8
1	В	987	GLY	7.6
1	A	833	PHE	7.3
1	В	833	PHE	6.0
1	A	859	HIS	5.8
1	A	814	PRO	5.5
1	A	832	ASN	5.5
1	В	1102	SER	5.1
1	В	832	ASN	4.7
1	В	891	TYR	4.6
1	В	814	PRO	4.5
1	В	862	PRO	4.2
1	A	834	GLY	4.1
1	A	860	SER	4.0
1	A	916	ARG	3.8
1	A	831	GLY	3.7
1	В	1041	GLU	3.4
1	A	858	GLN	3.4
1	A	862	PRO	3.3
1	В	988	GLN	3.1
1	В	1101	GLY	3.1
1	A	820	ARG	3.0
1	В	845	GLY	2.9
1	В	1043	ASP	2.8



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	848	THR	2.8
1	A	987	GLY	2.8
1	A	864	GLN	2.7
1	В	1040	SER	2.7
1	В	816	ILE	2.7
1	A	845	GLY	2.7
1	В	1048	SER	2.6
1	В	989	SER	2.6
1	A	815	THR	2.6
1	В	1042	ARG	2.5
1	В	1097	MET	2.5
1	A	861	GLY	2.4
1	В	866	ARG	2.4
1	В	990	PRO	2.4
1	A	844	LEU	2.3
1	В	986	PRO	2.2
1	В	1100	SER	2.2
1	В	861	GLY	2.2
1	A	977	ASP	2.1
1	В	897	SER	2.1
1	A	843	PRO	2.1
1	В	844	LEU	2.0
1	A	988	GLN	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

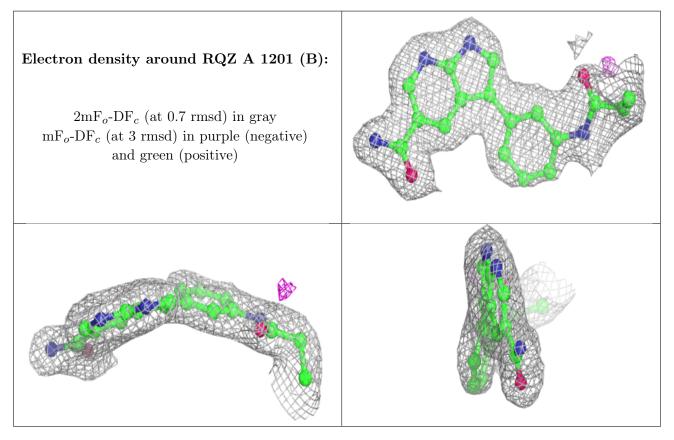
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$B$ -factors $(A^2)$	Q<0.9
Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
4	EDO	В	1205	4/4	0.82	0.24	55,55,56,60	0
4	EDO	A	1204	4/4	0.85	0.18	50,51,51,54	0
4	EDO	A	1205	4/4	0.86	0.18	33,33,36,38	0
3	PHU	В	1202	10/10	0.86	0.14	26,28,29,30	0
4	EDO	A	1206	4/4	0.88	0.11	32,33,33,36	0
4	EDO	A	1207	4/4	0.89	0.13	45,46,49,50	0
4	EDO	В	1204	4/4	0.92	0.20	28,28,29,30	0
2	RQZ	A	1201[B]	23/23	0.94	0.12	20,21,24,25	23
2	RQZ	A	1201[A]	23/23	0.94	0.12	23,25,28,28	23
2	RQZ	В	1201[B]	23/23	0.95	0.11	15,16,18,20	23
3	PHU	A	1202	10/10	0.95	0.11	17,19,20,21	0
2	RQZ	В	1201[A]	23/23	0.95	0.11	14,16,17,17	23
4	EDO	A	1203	4/4	0.97	0.08	25,26,26,27	0
4	EDO	В	1203	4/4	0.97	0.11	27,28,29,29	0

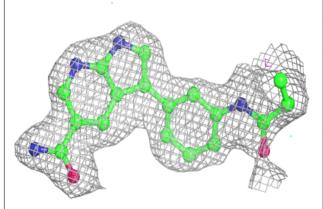
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

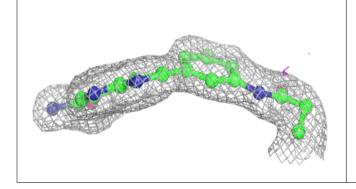


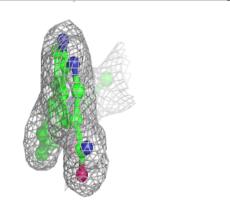


# Electron density around RQZ A 1201 (A):

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

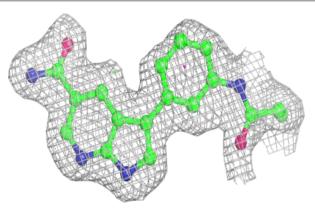


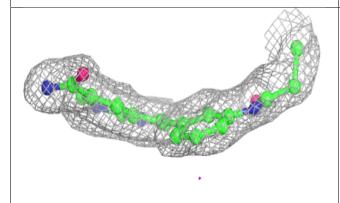


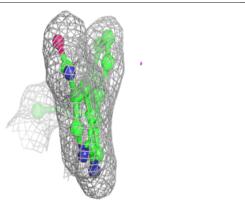


#### Electron density around RQZ B 1201 (B):

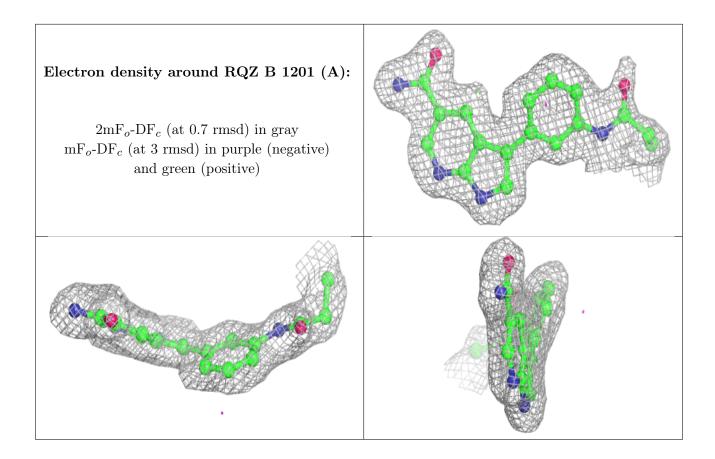
 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)











## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

