



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Jun 26, 2024 – 10:09 AM EDT

PDB ID : 6WB6  
Title : 2.05 Å resolution structure of transferrin 1 from *Manduca sexta*  
Authors : Lovell, S.; Kashipathy, M.M.; Battaile, K.P.; Weber, J.J.; Gorman, M.J.  
Deposited on : 2020-03-26  
Resolution : 2.05 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.37.1  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

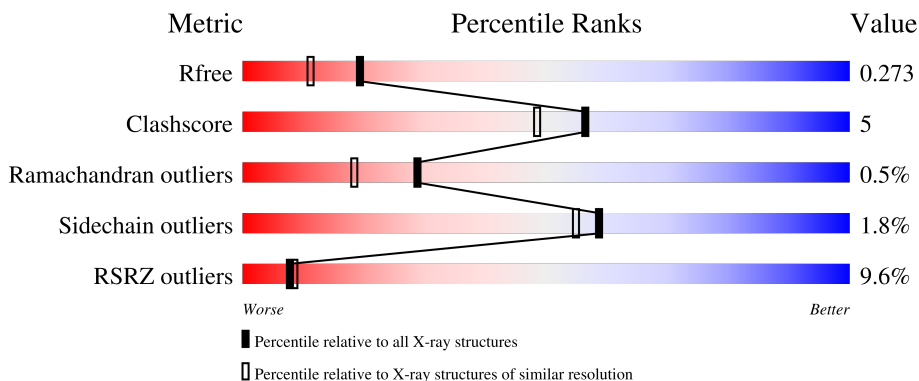
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.05 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	1692 (2.04-2.04)
Clashscore	141614	1773 (2.04-2.04)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1752 (2.04-2.04)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1752 (2.04-2.04)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1672 (2.04-2.04)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	663	
1	B	663	
2	C	2	
2	D	2	

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10434 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Transferrin.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	653	5017	3176	865	941	35	0	1	0
1	B	653	4908	3099	840	935	34	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O			
2	C	2	28	16	2	10	0	0	0
2	D	2	28	16	2	10	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is FE (III) ION (three-letter code: FE) (formula: Fe) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

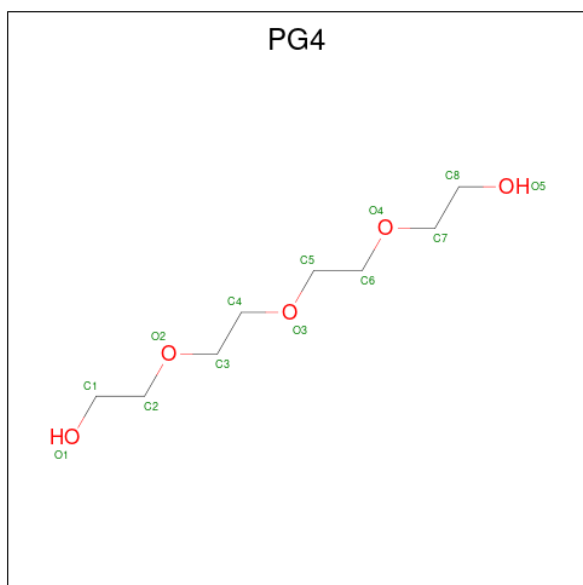
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	Fe	0	0
			1	1		
3	B	1	Total	Fe	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 4 is CARBONATE ION (three-letter code: CO3) (formula: CO<sub>3</sub>) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 4 1 3	0	0
4	A	1	Total C O 4 1 3	0	0
4	B	1	Total C O 4 1 3	0	0
4	B	1	Total C O 4 1 3	0	0

- Molecule 5 is TETRAETHYLENE GLYCOL (three-letter code: PG4) (formula: C<sub>8</sub>H<sub>18</sub>O<sub>5</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			13	8	5		

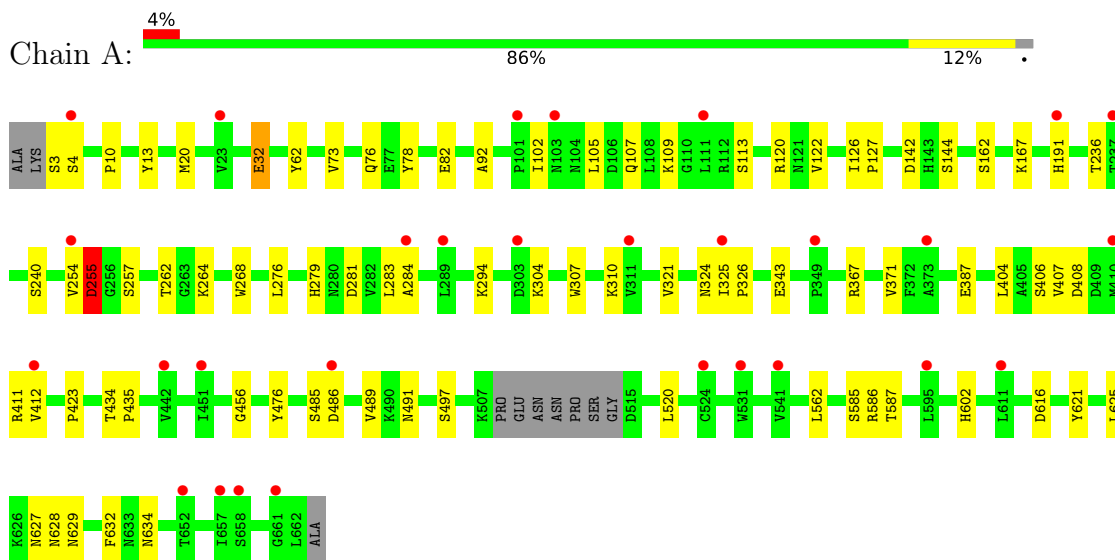
- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	295	Total	O	0	0
			295	295		
6	B	127	Total	O	0	0
			127	127		

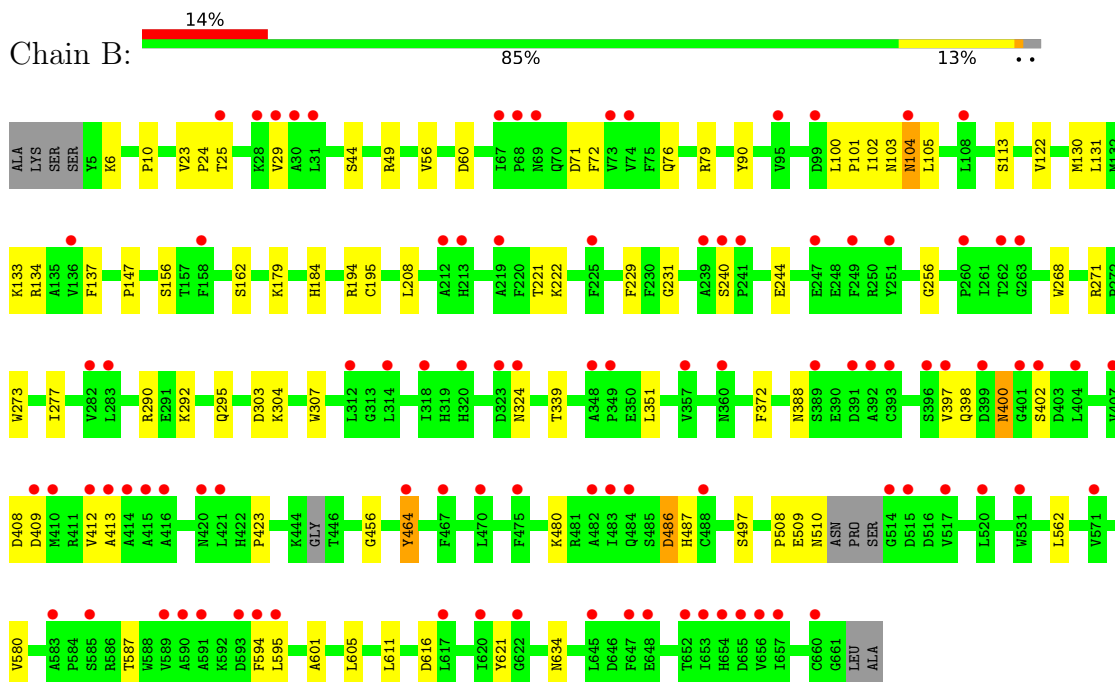
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Transferrin



- Molecule 1: Transferrin




- Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C:  100%

MAG1  
MAG2

- Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D:  100%

MAG1  
MAG2

## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	64.49Å 139.06Å 146.70Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	40.00 – 2.05 46.13 – 2.05	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.9 (40.00-2.05) 99.9 (46.13-2.05)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.16	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.10 (at 2.05Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	PHENIX dev_3755	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.209 , 0.272 0.214 , 0.273	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	4065 reflections (4.87%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	26.9	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.388	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.33 , 49.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.42$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.25$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.92	EDS
Total number of atoms	10434	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	33.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.90% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FE, CO3, PG4, NAG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.51	0/5136	0.63	0/6972
1	B	0.40	0/5023	0.55	0/6844
All	All	0.46	0/10159	0.59	0/13816

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	5017	0	4845	50	0
1	B	4908	0	4575	49	0
2	C	28	0	25	0	0
2	D	28	0	25	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
3	B	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	8	0	0	1	0
4	B	8	0	0	1	0
5	B	13	0	18	0	0
6	A	295	0	0	7	0
6	B	127	0	0	4	0
All	All	10434	0	9488	97	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 5.

All (97) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:90:TYR:CG	1:B:222:LYS:HD2	2.25	0.72
1:A:434:THR:HG22	1:A:435:PRO:O	1.97	0.65
1:A:109:LYS:NZ	6:A:817:HOH:O	2.36	0.59
1:B:290:ARG:NH2	1:B:324:ASN:O	2.36	0.58
1:A:78:TYR:OH	1:A:276:LEU:HD21	2.07	0.54
1:A:602:HIS:HE1	6:A:1011:HOH:O	1.90	0.53
1:B:90:TYR:CD2	1:B:222:LYS:HD2	2.43	0.53
1:A:489:VAL:O	1:A:520:LEU:HD11	2.08	0.52
1:B:303:ASP:CB	6:B:911:HOH:O	2.58	0.52
1:B:76:GLN:NE2	1:B:290:ARG:HG2	2.24	0.51
1:B:221:THR:OG1	1:B:222:LYS:N	2.40	0.51
1:A:407:VAL:HG13	1:A:412:VAL:HG22	1.91	0.51
1:B:100:LEU:O	1:B:102:ILE:N	2.44	0.50
1:A:283:LEU:O	1:A:284:ALA:HB3	2.11	0.50
1:A:294:LYS:HG2	1:A:321:VAL:HB	1.93	0.50
1:A:628:ASN:OD1	1:A:634:ASN:ND2	2.45	0.50
1:B:621:TYR:O	1:B:634:ASN:HA	2.12	0.50
1:B:130:MET:O	1:B:133:LYS:HG2	2.13	0.49
1:B:76:GLN:HE22	1:B:290:ARG:HG2	1.77	0.49
1:A:255:ASP:HB3	1:A:257:SER:H	1.77	0.49
1:A:408:ASP:HB2	1:A:411:ARG:NH2	2.27	0.49
1:A:423:PRO:HB3	1:A:587:THR:HG21	1.93	0.49
1:B:104:ASN:OD1	1:B:105:LEU:N	2.46	0.49
1:B:601:ALA:O	1:B:605:LEU:HG	2.12	0.48
1:B:90:TYR:CZ	1:B:271:ARG:HD3	2.48	0.48
1:B:194:ARG:NH1	6:B:811:HOH:O	2.40	0.48
1:B:412:VAL:HG23	1:B:413:ALA:H	1.78	0.48
1:B:29:VAL:O	1:B:292:LYS:NZ	2.39	0.48
1:A:10:PRO:HG2	1:A:616:ASP:HB2	1.95	0.48
1:A:3:SER:O	1:A:3:SER:OG	2.26	0.48
1:A:62:TYR:OH	1:A:343:GLU:OE2	2.26	0.47
1:B:79:ARG:HA	1:B:273:TRP:CE3	2.49	0.47
1:A:113:SER:O	1:A:162:SER:HA	2.15	0.47
1:B:113:SER:O	1:B:162:SER:HA	2.15	0.47
1:A:387:GLU:OE2	6:A:801:HOH:O	2.21	0.46
1:A:585:SER:HB3	6:A:925:HOH:O	2.15	0.46
1:A:191:HIS:CE1	1:B:24:PRO:HB2	2.50	0.46

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:126:ILE:HB	1:A:127:PRO:HD3	1.98	0.46
1:B:486:ASP:O	1:B:487:HIS:C	2.55	0.46
1:A:456:GLY:HA2	1:A:497:SER:OG	2.16	0.45
1:A:279:HIS:CE1	1:A:281:ASP:HB2	2.50	0.45
1:A:13:TYR:HE2	1:A:616:ASP:HB3	1.81	0.45
1:A:324:ASN:OD1	1:A:324:ASN:N	2.50	0.45
1:B:412:VAL:HG23	1:B:413:ALA:N	2.32	0.45
1:A:629:ASN:HA	1:A:632:PHE:O	2.17	0.44
1:B:208:LEU:HD13	1:B:229:PHE:HB2	2.00	0.44
1:B:90:TYR:CB	1:B:222:LYS:HD2	2.47	0.44
1:B:339:THR:HG21	6:B:863:HOH:O	2.17	0.44
1:A:73:VAL:HG11	1:A:283:LEU:CD1	2.48	0.44
1:A:367:ARG:O	1:A:371:VAL:HG23	2.18	0.44
1:A:585:SER:O	1:A:586:ARG:C	2.55	0.44
1:A:625:LEU:O	1:A:627:ASN:ND2	2.48	0.44
1:B:304:LYS:CB	6:B:925:HOH:O	2.66	0.44
1:A:142:ASP:OD1	1:A:144:SER:OG	2.34	0.44
1:A:13:TYR:CE1	1:A:310:LYS:HG2	2.53	0.43
1:A:120:ARG:HB3	4:A:703:CO3:C	2.48	0.43
1:B:456:GLY:HA2	1:B:497:SER:OG	2.19	0.43
1:A:486:ASP:O	1:A:491:ASN:ND2	2.51	0.43
1:A:489:VAL:HG22	1:A:520:LEU:CD1	2.49	0.43
1:B:147:PRO:HD3	1:B:351:LEU:HD23	2.00	0.43
1:B:10:PRO:HG2	1:B:616:ASP:HB2	2.01	0.43
1:A:191:HIS:CD2	1:B:24:PRO:CB	3.02	0.43
1:A:404:LEU:N	1:A:404:LEU:HD23	2.34	0.43
1:B:56:VAL:HB	1:B:60:ASP:HB2	2.01	0.43
1:B:131:LEU:HB3	1:B:137:PHE:CD1	2.53	0.43
1:B:562:LEU:HD12	1:B:580:VAL:HG22	2.01	0.43
1:B:122:VAL:HG22	4:B:702:CO3:C	2.48	0.42
1:A:4:SER:HB2	1:A:32:GLU:CG	2.48	0.42
1:B:231:GLY:HA3	1:B:240:SER:O	2.19	0.42
1:A:406:SER:HA	1:A:587:THR:O	2.18	0.42
1:B:90:TYR:CE1	1:B:122:VAL:HG13	2.54	0.42
1:B:25:THR:HB	1:B:295:GLN:OE1	2.20	0.42
1:B:72:PHE:HB3	1:B:277:ILE:HD11	2.01	0.42
1:A:102:ILE:HG13	1:A:107:GLN:HB2	2.02	0.41
1:B:398:GLN:C	1:B:400:ASN:H	2.24	0.41
1:A:20:MET:HB2	1:A:307:TRP:CG	2.55	0.41
1:A:616:ASP:OD1	1:A:616:ASP:N	2.53	0.41
1:A:92:ALA:HB2	1:A:122:VAL:HG12	2.02	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:621:TYR:O	1:A:634:ASN:HA	2.20	0.41
1:B:156:SER:HB2	1:B:184:HIS:NE2	2.36	0.41
1:B:103:ASN:O	1:B:256:GLY:HA3	2.21	0.41
1:A:82:GLU:HA	1:A:236:THR:OG1	2.20	0.41
1:B:23:VAL:HG21	1:B:307:TRP:CZ2	2.56	0.41
1:B:105:LEU:HB2	1:B:134:ARG:CZ	2.51	0.41
1:B:372:PHE:CE2	1:B:611:LEU:HD21	2.56	0.41
1:B:49:ARG:NH2	1:B:71:ASP:OD2	2.47	0.41
1:B:179:LYS:NZ	1:B:195:CYS:O	2.48	0.40
1:B:409:ASP:O	1:B:412:VAL:HG22	2.21	0.40
1:A:325:ILE:O	1:A:326:PRO:C	2.57	0.40
1:A:476:TYR:CZ	1:A:562:LEU:HB3	2.56	0.40
1:B:423:PRO:HB3	1:B:587:THR:HG21	2.04	0.40
1:B:464:TYR:CD1	1:B:464:TYR:C	2.94	0.40
1:A:262:THR:OG1	6:A:802:HOH:O	2.22	0.40
1:A:105:LEU:HD11	1:A:254:VAL:HA	2.04	0.40
1:A:167:LYS:NZ	6:A:850:HOH:O	2.54	0.40
1:A:586:ARG:N	6:A:846:HOH:O	2.54	0.40
1:B:397:VAL:HA	1:B:402:SER:O	2.22	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	650/663 (98%)	621 (96%)	27 (4%)	2 (0%)	41	31
1	B	647/663 (98%)	609 (94%)	33 (5%)	5 (1%)	19	10
All	All	1297/1326 (98%)	1230 (95%)	60 (5%)	7 (0%)	29	18

All (7) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	400	ASN
1	B	509	GLU
1	A	255	ASP
1	B	594	PHE
1	B	508	PRO
1	B	101	PRO
1	A	304	LYS

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	539/569 (95%)	532 (99%)	7 (1%)	69 67
1	B	509/569 (90%)	497 (98%)	12 (2%)	49 42
All	All	1048/1138 (92%)	1029 (98%)	19 (2%)	59 55

All (19) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	32	GLU
1	A	76	GLN
1	A	240	SER
1	A	255	ASP
1	A	264	LYS
1	A	268	TRP
1	A	485	SER
1	B	6	LYS
1	B	44	SER
1	B	104	ASN
1	B	244	GLU
1	B	268	TRP
1	B	388	ASN
1	B	408	ASP
1	B	464	TYR
1	B	480	LYS
1	B	486	ASP

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	510	ASN
1	B	595	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (3) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	602	HIS
1	B	97	HIS
1	B	471	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

4 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
2	NAG	C	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.44	0	17,19,21	1.29	1 (5%)
2	NAG	C	2	2	14,14,15	0.63	0	17,19,21	1.31	2 (11%)
2	NAG	D	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.30	0	17,19,21	1.09	2 (11%)
2	NAG	D	2	2	14,14,15	0.45	0	17,19,21	1.10	1 (5%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the

Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	C	1	2,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	C	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	1	2,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	2	2	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	D	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.92	116.14	112.19
2	C	2	NAG	C4-C3-C2	2.59	114.82	111.02
2	D	1	NAG	O4-C4-C3	-2.48	104.62	110.35
2	C	1	NAG	O4-C4-C5	-2.46	103.19	109.30
2	C	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6	2.27	110.77	107.20
2	D	2	NAG	O4-C4-C3	-2.17	105.34	110.35

There are no chirality outliers.

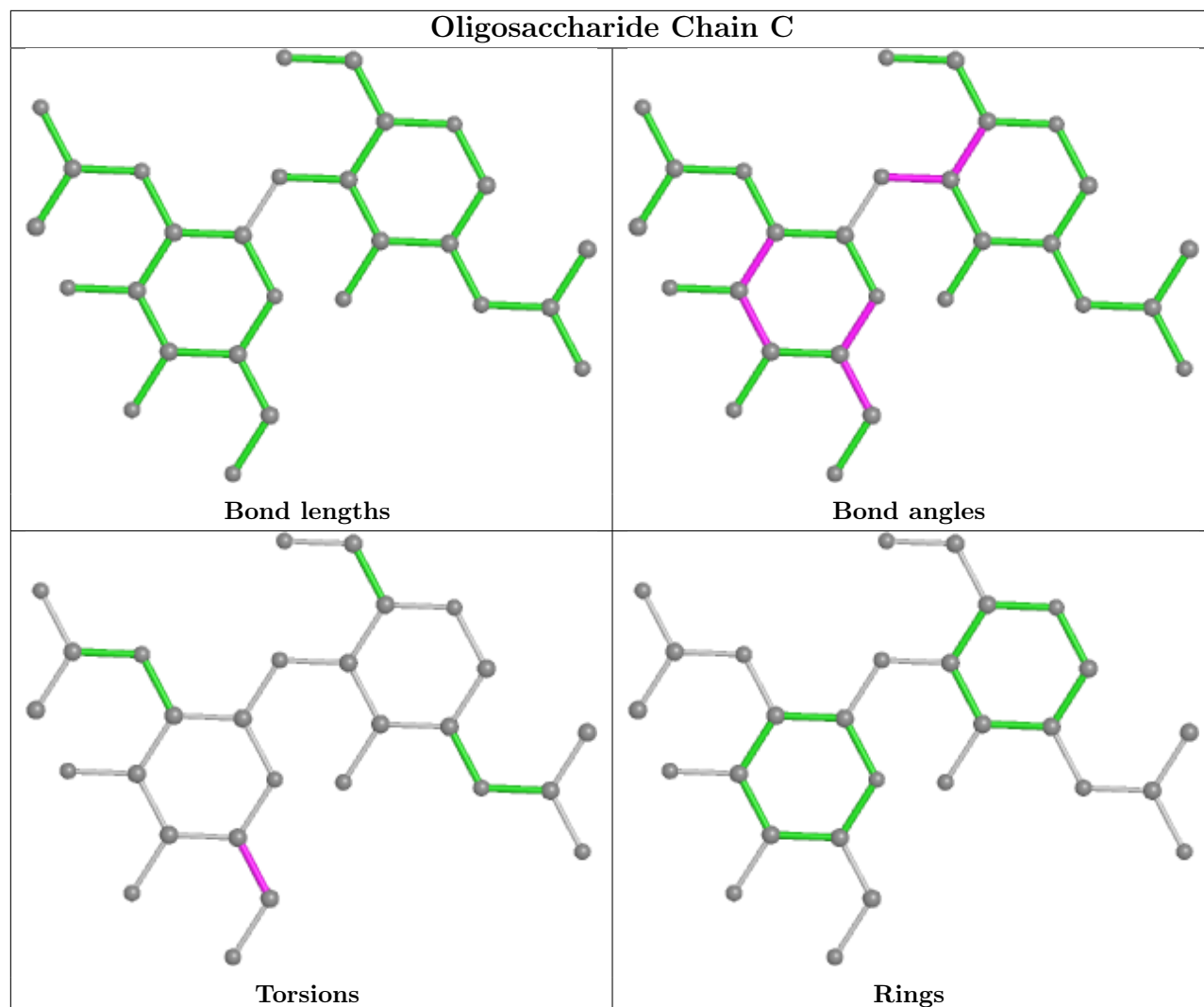
All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	C	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
2	C	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	D	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

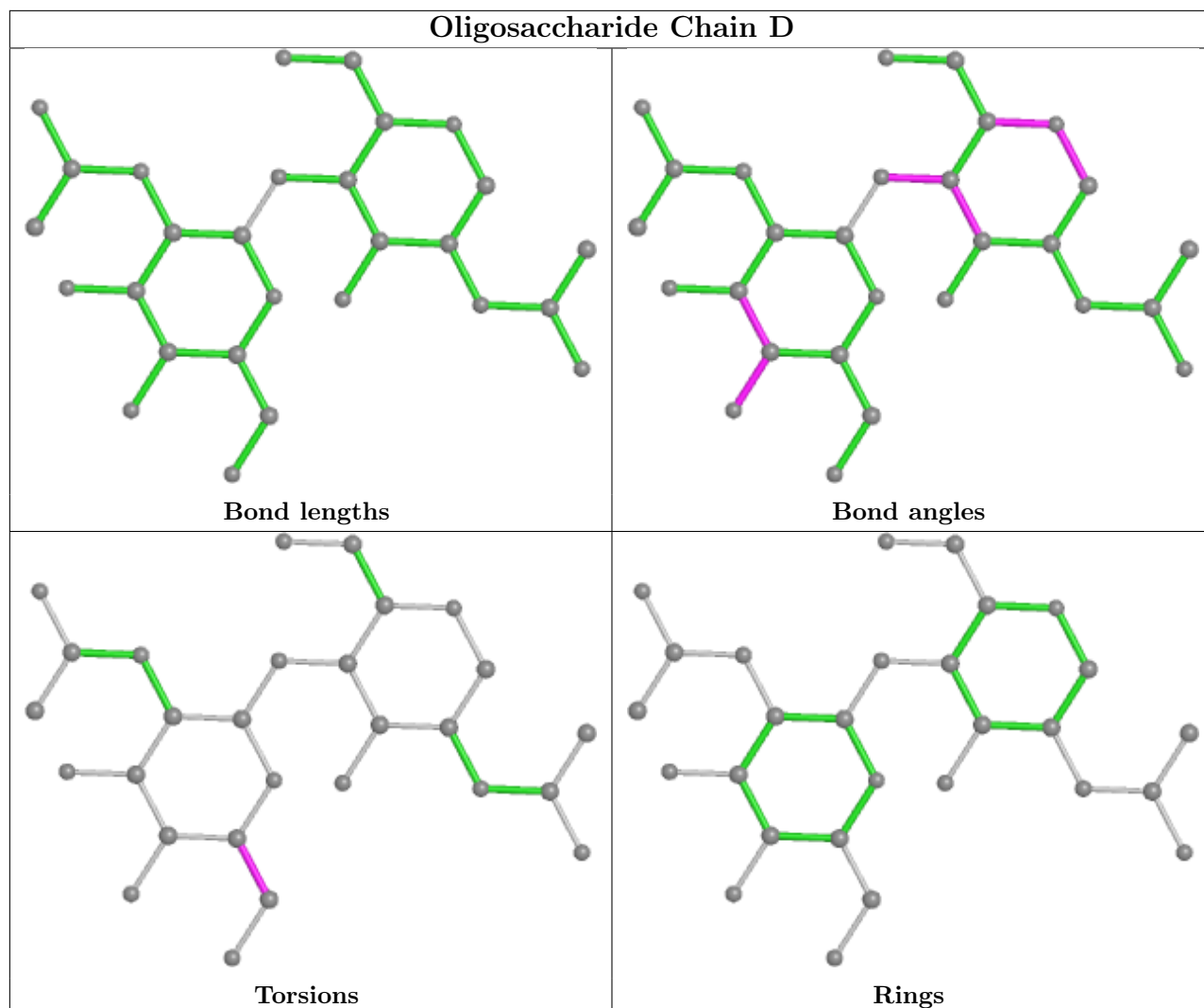
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.







## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 7 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 5 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
4	CO3	A	702	3	2,3,3	0.21	0	2,3,3	1.30	0
4	CO3	B	703	3	2,3,3	1.19	0	2,3,3	0.61	0
5	PG4	B	706	-	12,12,12	0.15	0	11,11,11	0.15	0
4	CO3	A	703	3	2,3,3	0.51	0	2,3,3	1.49	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	CO3	B	702	3	2,3,3	1.63	0	2,3,3	0.22	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	PG4	B	706	-	-	2/10/10/10	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

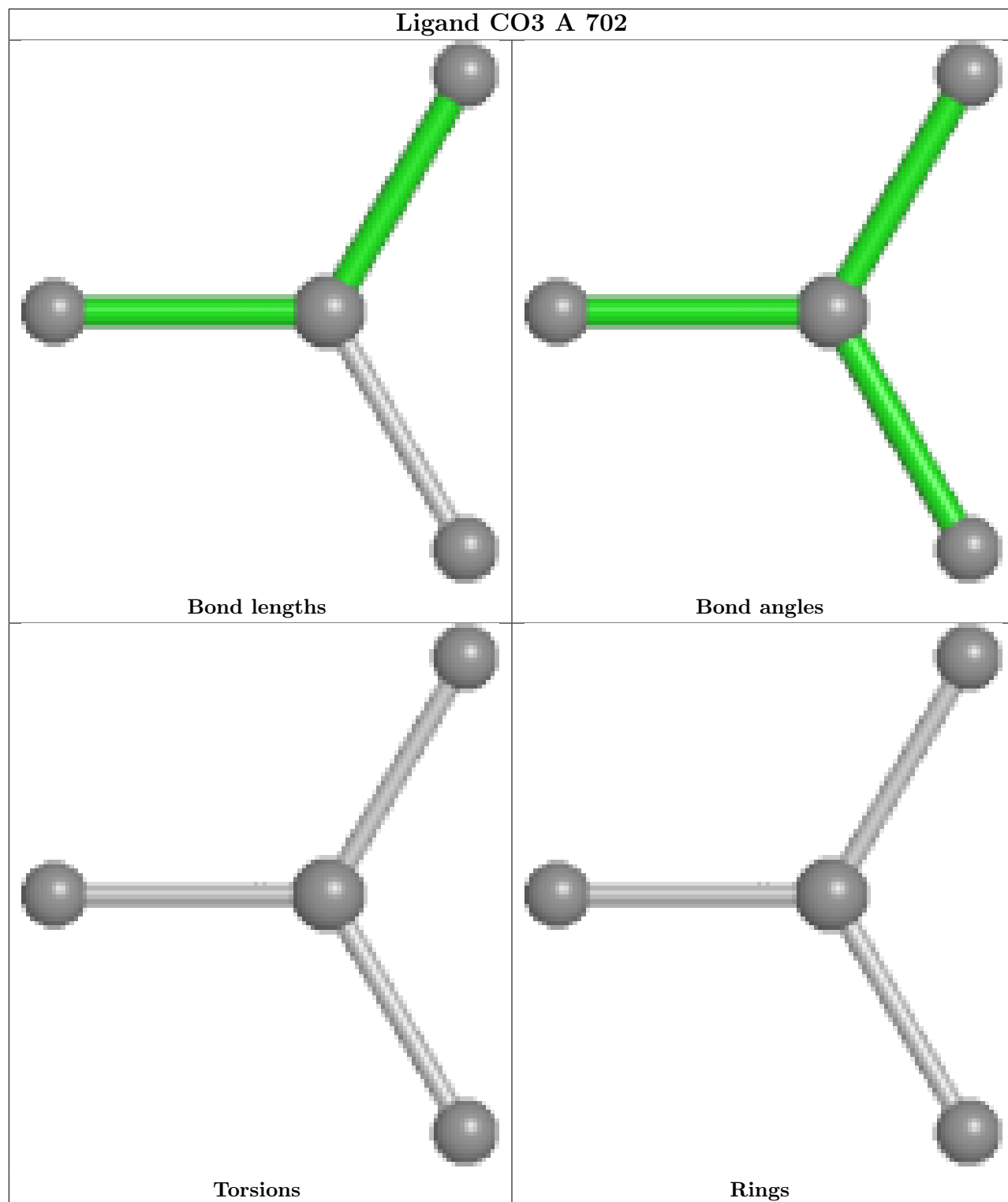
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	B	706	PG4	C5-C6-O4-C7
5	B	706	PG4	C4-C3-O2-C2

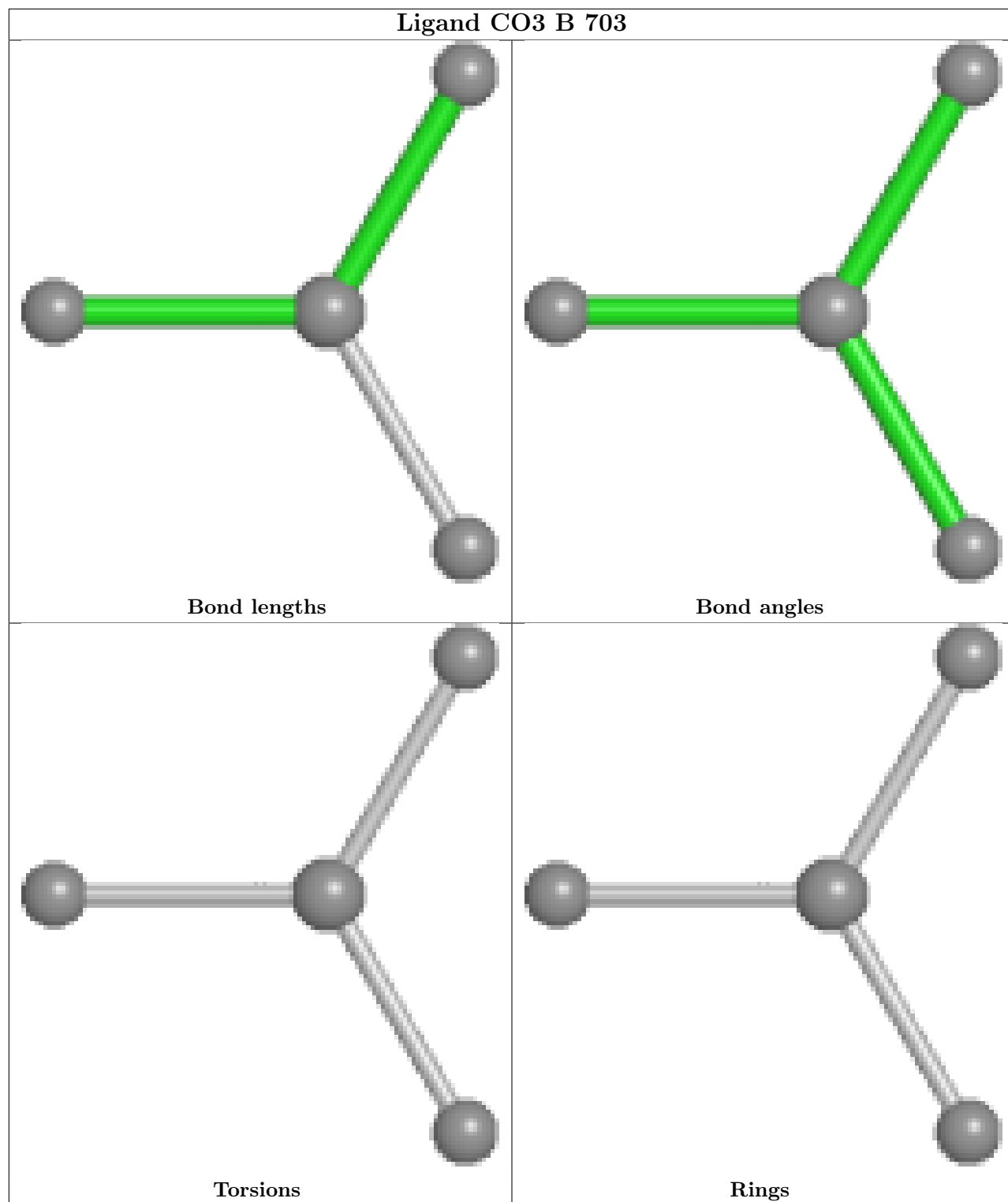
There are no ring outliers.

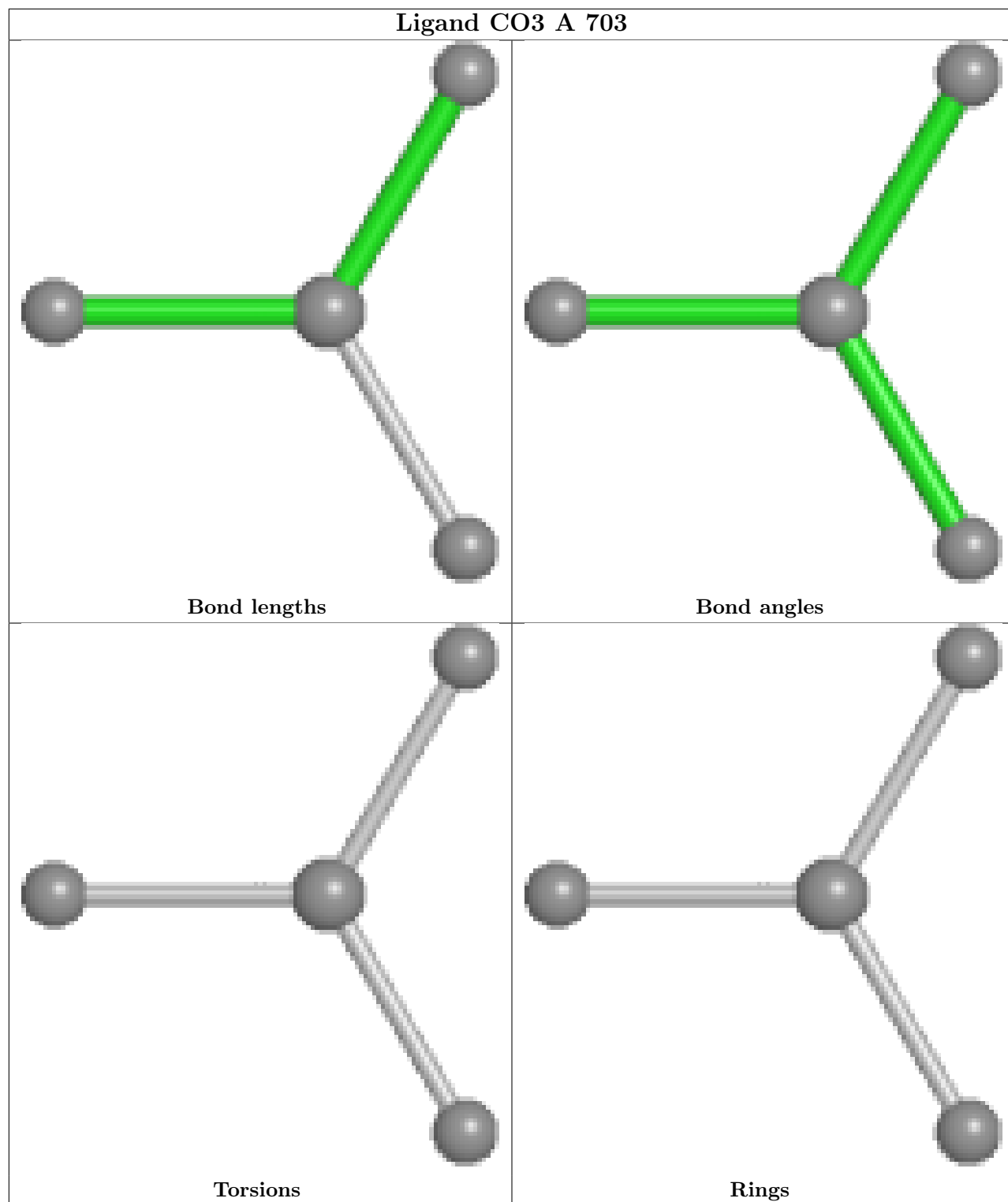
2 monomers are involved in 2 short contacts:

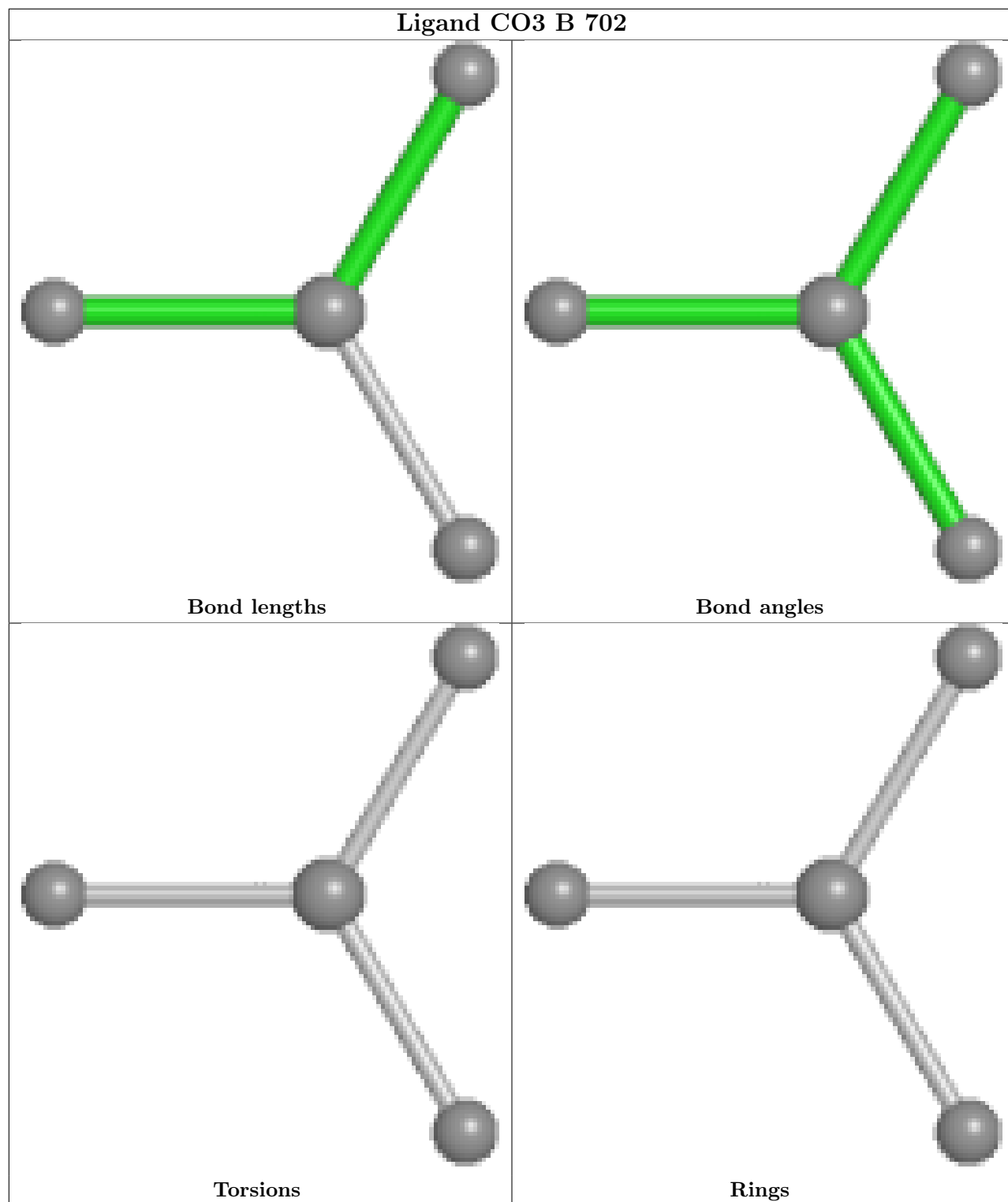
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	703	CO3	1	0
4	B	702	CO3	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.









## 5.7 Other polymers [\(i\)](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	653/663 (98%)	0.73	29 (4%) 34 37	14, 27, 43, 59	0
1	B	653/663 (98%)	1.14	96 (14%) 2 2	23, 38, 56, 70	0
All	All	1306/1326 (98%)	0.93	125 (9%) 8 8	14, 33, 53, 70	0

All (125) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	416	ALA	7.3
1	B	590	ALA	7.3
1	B	414	ALA	6.3
1	B	593	ASP	5.8
1	B	647	PHE	5.3
1	B	488	CYS	4.9
1	B	409	ASP	4.8
1	B	240	SER	4.8
1	B	410	MET	4.7
1	B	30	ALA	4.6
1	B	415	ALA	4.6
1	A	303	ASP	4.5
1	B	25	THR	4.4
1	B	464	TYR	4.1
1	B	262	THR	4.1
1	B	413	ALA	4.0
1	B	283	LEU	3.9
1	B	323	ASP	3.9
1	B	655	ASP	3.9
1	B	654	HIS	3.8
1	B	391	ASP	3.8
1	B	515	ASP	3.7
1	B	67	ILE	3.5
1	A	325	ILE	3.5

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<b>Mol</b>	<b>Chain</b>	<b>Res</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>RSRZ</b>
1	B	241	PRO	3.4
1	B	282	VAL	3.4
1	B	108	LEU	3.4
1	B	95	VAL	3.4
1	B	482	ALA	3.3
1	A	524	CYS	3.3
1	B	68	PRO	3.3
1	B	595	LEU	3.3
1	B	660	CYS	3.2
1	B	420	ASN	3.2
1	B	484	GLN	3.2
1	B	318	ILE	3.0
1	B	514	GLY	3.0
1	B	397	VAL	3.0
1	B	421	LEU	2.9
1	B	99	ASP	2.9
1	B	656	VAL	2.9
1	B	645	LEU	2.9
1	B	589	VAL	2.9
1	B	517	VAL	2.9
1	B	29	VAL	2.9
1	B	239	ALA	2.8
1	A	486	ASP	2.8
1	A	101	PRO	2.8
1	B	585	SER	2.8
1	B	349	PRO	2.8
1	B	392	ALA	2.8
1	B	402	SER	2.8
1	B	249	PHE	2.8
1	A	661	GLY	2.7
1	B	360	ASN	2.7
1	A	611	LEU	2.7
1	B	225	PHE	2.7
1	B	314	LEU	2.7
1	B	407	VAL	2.6
1	B	212	ALA	2.6
1	B	73	VAL	2.6
1	B	412	VAL	2.6
1	B	591	ALA	2.6
1	A	191	HIS	2.5
1	B	263	GLY	2.5
1	B	247	GLU	2.5

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<b>Mol</b>	<b>Chain</b>	<b>Res</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>RSRZ</b>
1	B	312	LEU	2.5
1	B	324	ASN	2.5
1	B	399	ASP	2.5
1	A	658	SER	2.5
1	B	393	CYS	2.5
1	B	470	LEU	2.4
1	B	357	VAL	2.4
1	A	531	TRP	2.4
1	B	104	ASN	2.4
1	A	410	MET	2.4
1	B	467	PHE	2.4
1	A	541	VAL	2.4
1	B	219	ALA	2.4
1	B	653	ILE	2.4
1	B	69	ASN	2.3
1	B	28	LYS	2.3
1	B	475	PHE	2.3
1	B	251	TYR	2.3
1	B	594	PHE	2.3
1	B	571	VAL	2.3
1	B	136	VAL	2.3
1	B	389	SER	2.3
1	B	520	LEU	2.3
1	B	657	ILE	2.3
1	A	23	VAL	2.2
1	B	617	LEU	2.2
1	B	158	PHE	2.2
1	B	648	GLU	2.2
1	A	284	ALA	2.2
1	A	657	ILE	2.2
1	A	111	LEU	2.2
1	A	103	ASN	2.2
1	B	396	SER	2.2
1	A	311	VAL	2.2
1	B	320	HIS	2.2
1	B	348	ALA	2.2
1	B	583	ALA	2.2
1	B	483	ILE	2.1
1	A	289	LEU	2.1
1	A	412	VAL	2.1
1	A	451	ILE	2.1
1	B	213	HIS	2.1

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	254	VAL	2.1
1	B	260	PRO	2.1
1	B	31	LEU	2.1
1	B	401	GLY	2.1
1	A	595	LEU	2.0
1	B	404	LEU	2.0
1	B	652	THR	2.0
1	B	531	TRP	2.0
1	A	349	PRO	2.0
1	A	237	THR	2.0
1	B	74	VAL	2.0
1	B	622	GLY	2.0
1	A	4	SER	2.0
1	A	373	ALA	2.0
1	A	652	THR	2.0
1	B	620	ILE	2.0
1	A	442	VAL	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

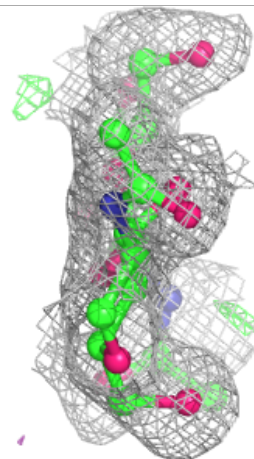
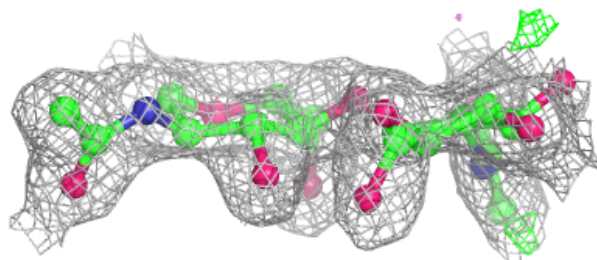
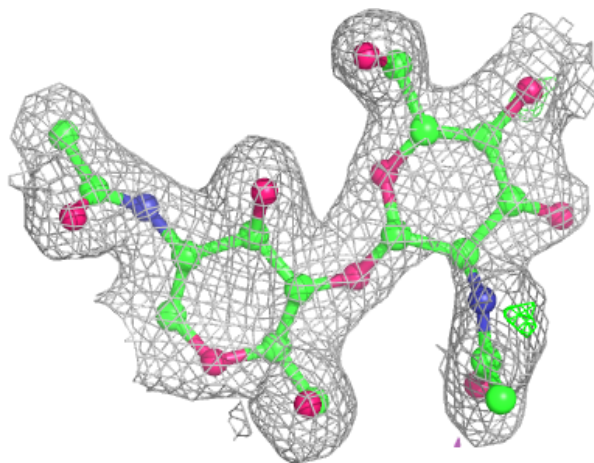
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

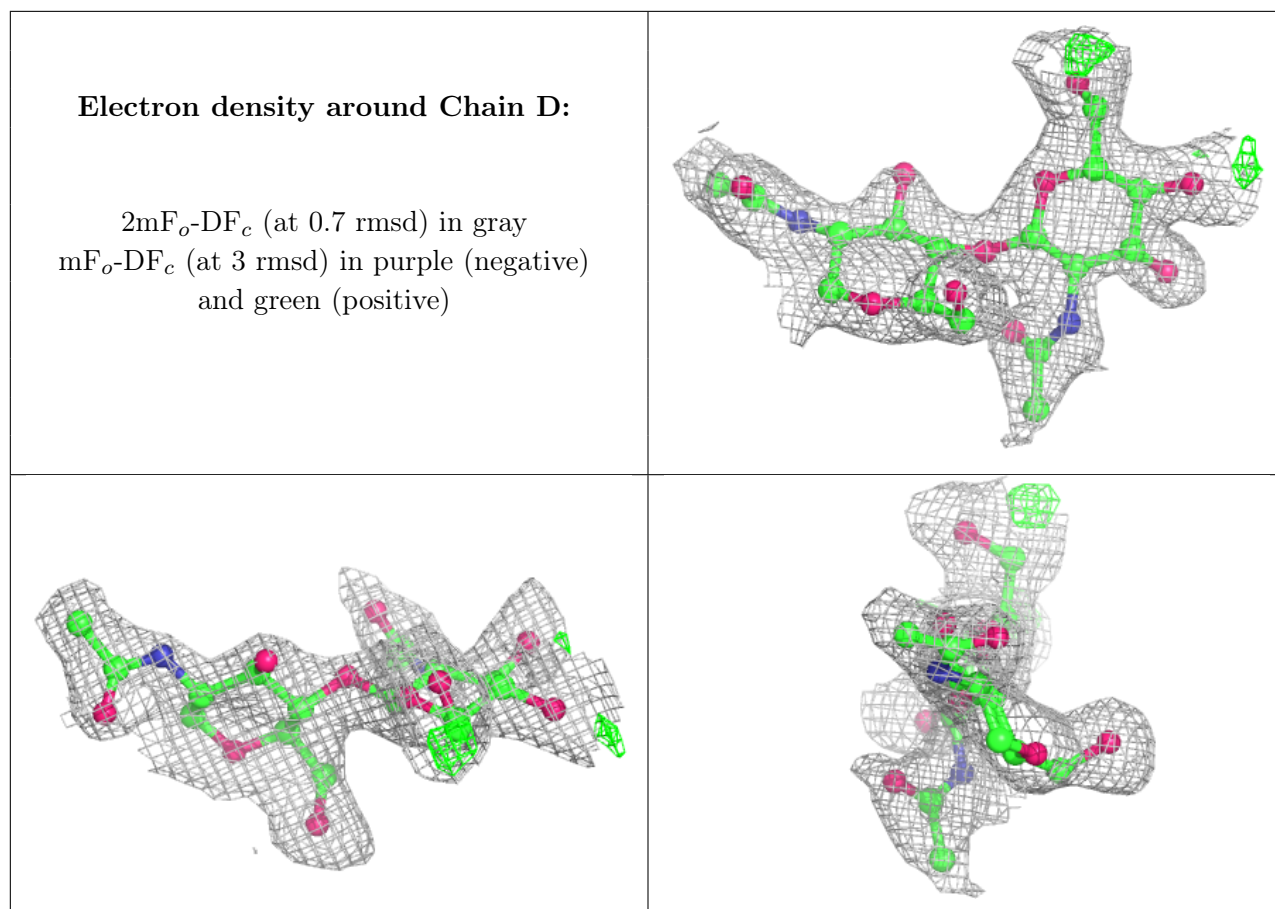
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
2	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.71	0.19	33,46,52,57	0
2	NAG	C	2	14/15	0.75	0.26	38,45,52,57	0
2	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.85	0.22	34,38,50,50	0
2	NAG	C	1	14/15	0.88	0.18	24,31,36,36	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

**Electron density around Chain C:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)





## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

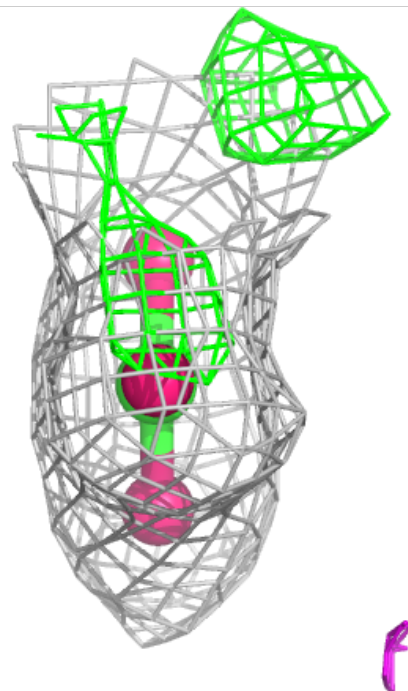
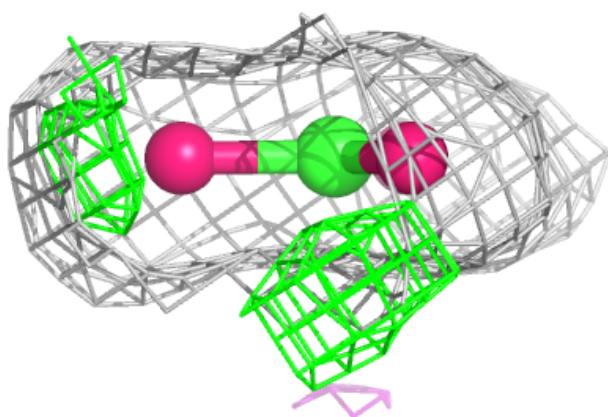
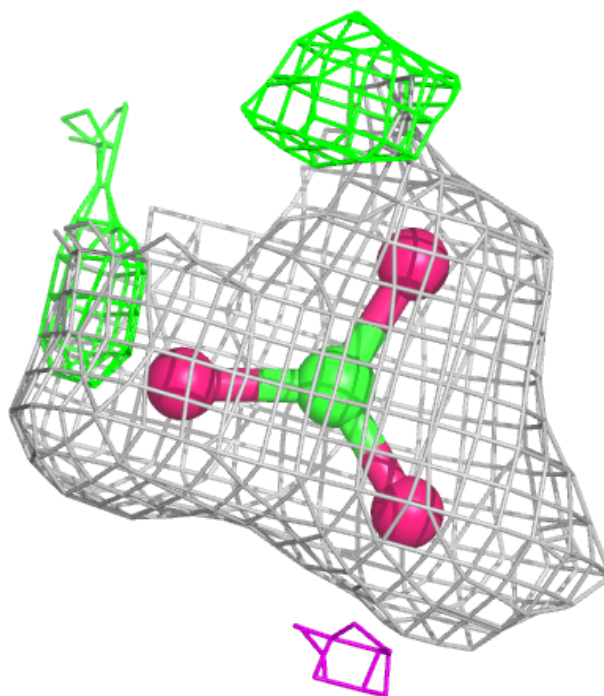
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
4	CO3	B	703	4/4	0.86	0.17	24,26,27,30	0
5	PG4	B	706	13/13	0.87	0.18	35,43,46,52	0
4	CO3	A	702	4/4	0.89	0.18	13,14,26,30	0
4	CO3	A	703	4/4	0.94	0.16	17,17,17,18	0
4	CO3	B	702	4/4	0.96	0.16	20,21,25,29	0
3	FE	B	701	1/1	0.99	0.10	23,23,23,23	0
3	FE	A	701	1/1	0.99	0.10	13,13,13,13	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

**Electron density around CO3 B 703:**

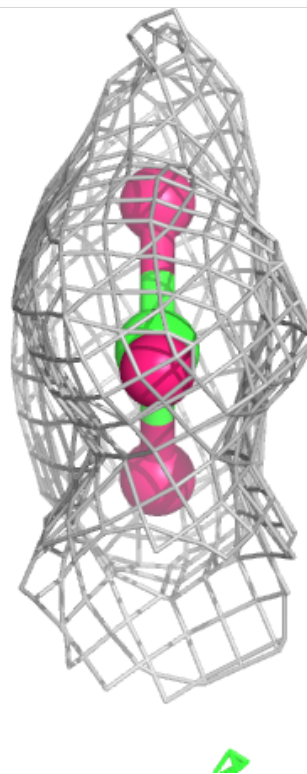
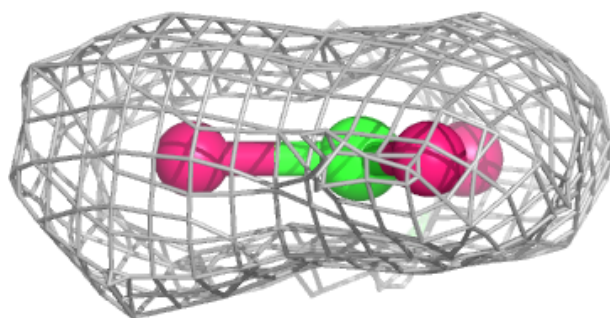
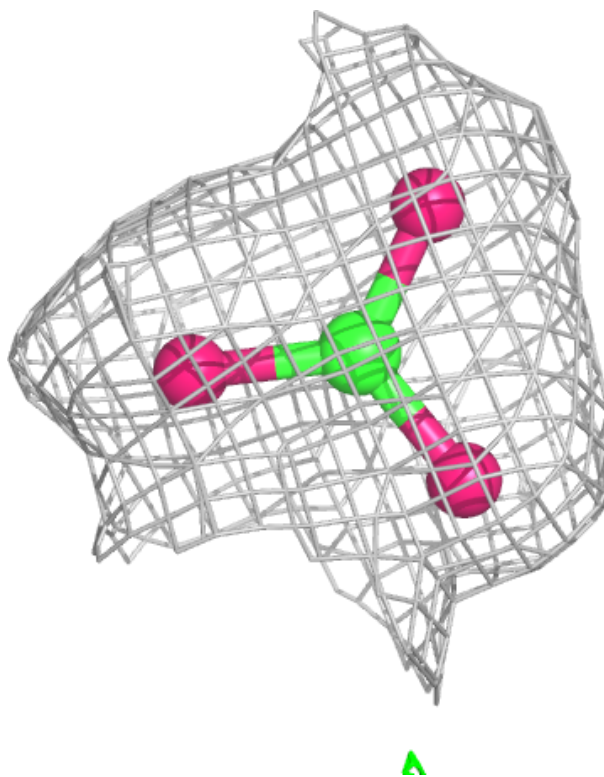
$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)





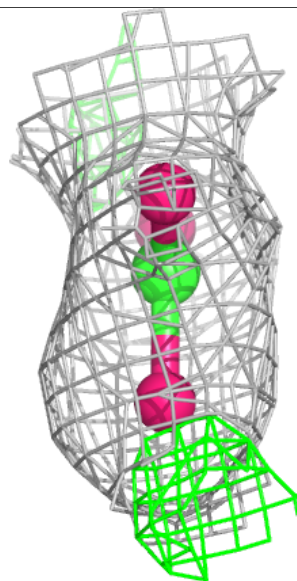
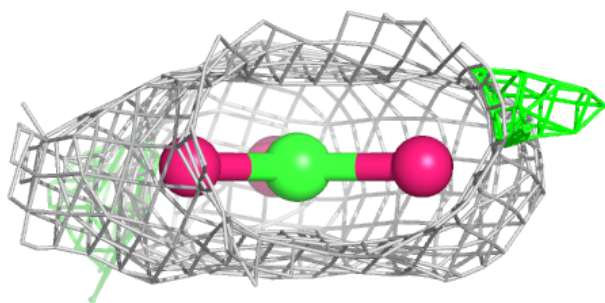
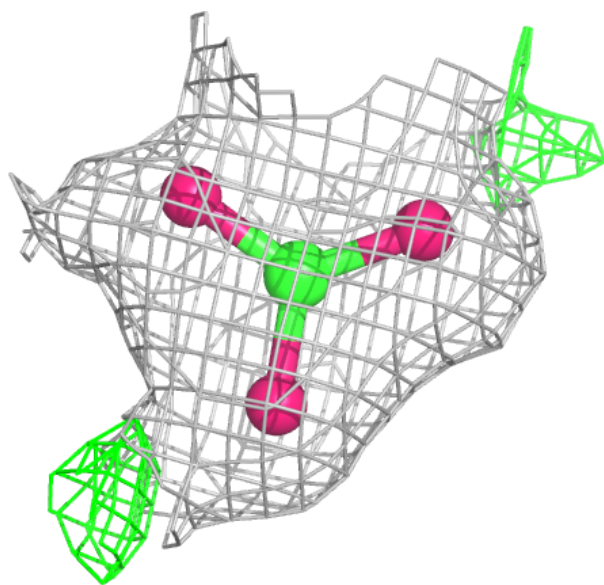
**Electron density around CO3 A 702:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



**Electron density around CO3 A 703:**

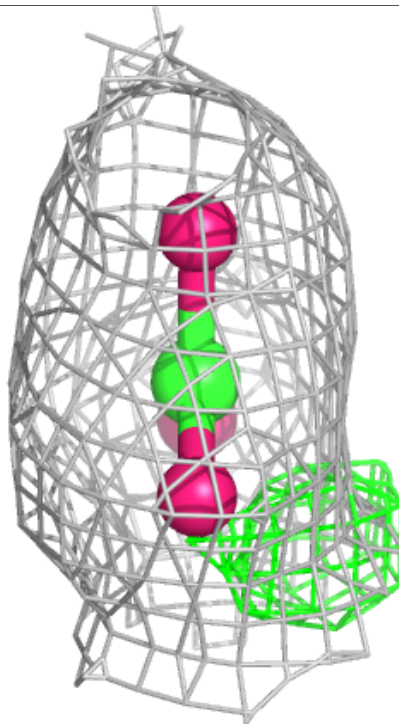
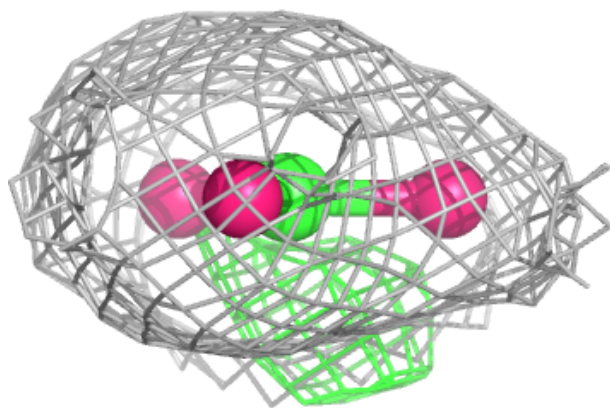
$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)





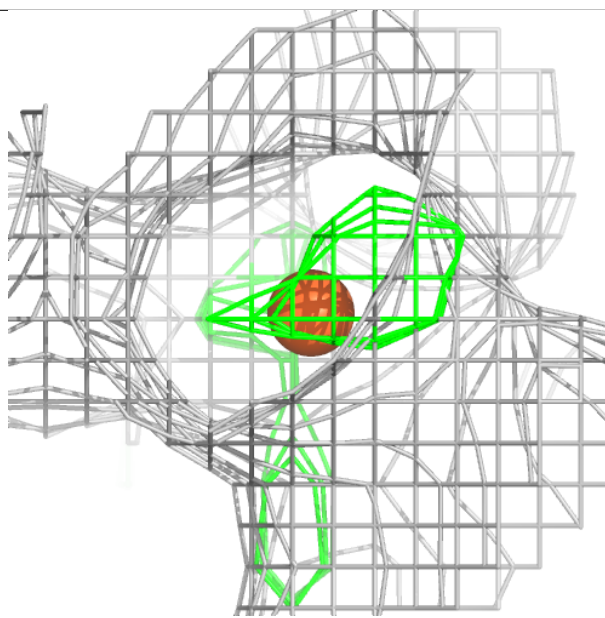
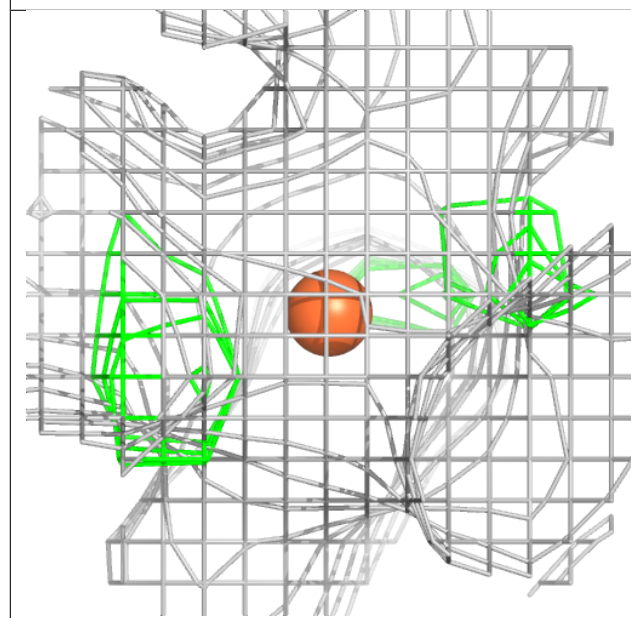
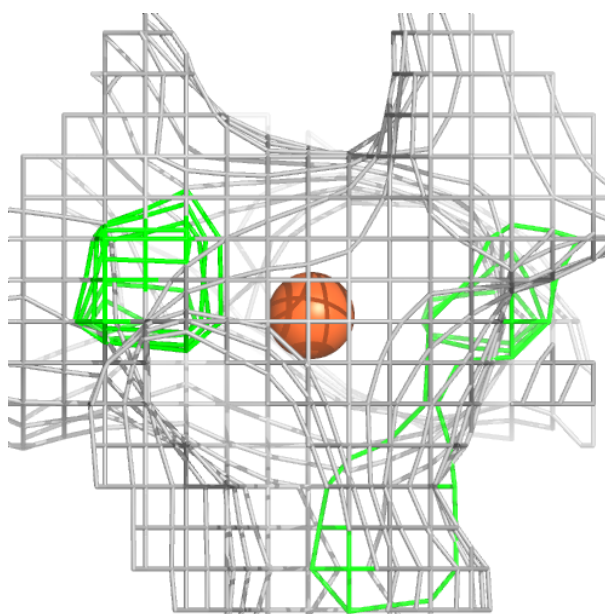
**Electron density around CO3 B 702:**

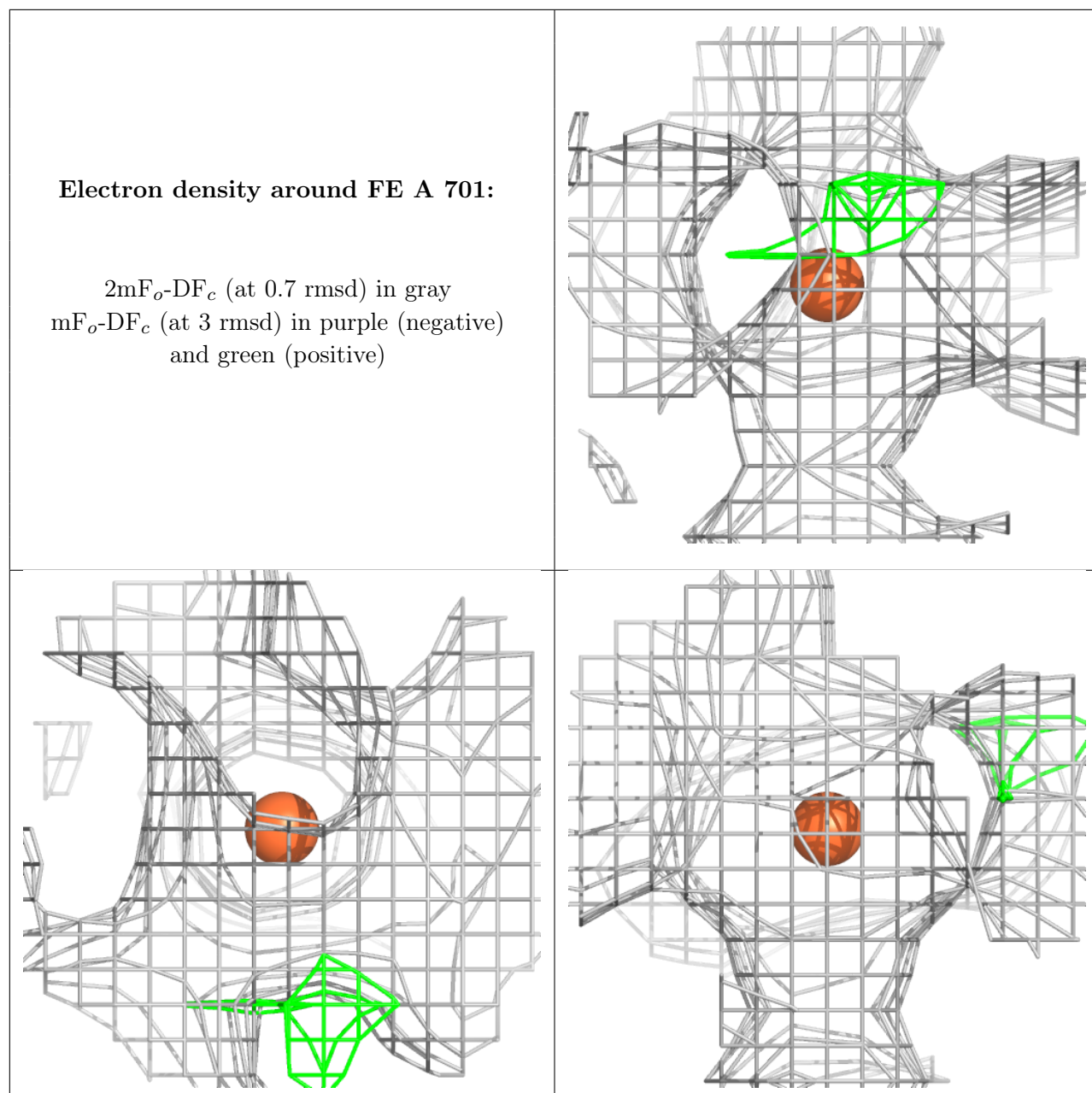
$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



**Electron density around FE B 701:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)





## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.