

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Jun 26, 2024 – 09:47 AM EDT

PDB ID : 6TVA

Title: Crystal structure of the haemagglutinin from a transmissible H10N7 seal in-

fluenza virus isolated in Netherland in complex with avian receptor analogue,

3'-SLN

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Deposited on : 2020-01-09

Resolution : 1.74 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 2.37.1

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Refmac : 5.8.0158

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

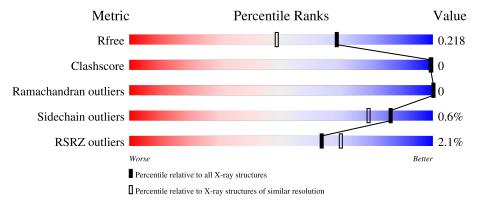
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.74 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Whole archive} \\ (\#\text{Entries}) \end{array}$	$egin{aligned}  ext{Similar resolution} \ (\# ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}(\mathring{ ext{A}})) \end{aligned}$		
$R_{free}$	130704	3764 (1.76-1.72)		
Clashscore	141614	3923 (1.76-1.72)		
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3878 (1.76-1.72)		
Sidechain outliers	138945	3878 (1.76-1.72)		
RSRZ outliers	127900	3705 (1.76-1.72)		

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	320	99%
1	С	320	99%
1	Е	320	99%
2	В	172	99%



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Mol	Chain		Quality of chain						
0	D	179	2%						
2	ע	172	99%						
2	F	170	2%						
	Г	172	99%						
9	G	3							
3	G	3	33% 67%						
9	TT	9							
3	Н	3	100%						
0	т	0							
3	J	3	33% 67%						
	т	_							
4	1	5	100%						

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
5	NAG	В	201	-	-	-	X
5	NAG	Ε	401	-	-	-	X



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 12834 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Haemagglutinin HA1.

Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	1 Λ	320	Total	С	N	Ο	S	0	0	0
1	A	320	2425	1509	438	462	62 16	0	U	
1	1 C	320	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1			2429	1510	441	462	16			
1	1 E	320	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	12		2444	1519	443	466	16	0	0	

There are 15 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-1	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0A7HR51
A	0	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0A7HR51
A	96	LYS	GLU	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP A0A0A7HR51
A	205	SER	ASN	conflict	UNP A0A0A7HR51
A	237	ILE	THR	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP A0A0A7HR51
С	-1	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0A7HR51
С	0	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0A7HR51
С	96	LYS	GLU	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP A0A0A7HR51
С	205	SER	ASN	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP A0A0A7HR51
С	237	ILE	THR	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP A0A0A7HR51
Е	-1	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0A7HR51
Е	0	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP A0A0A7HR51
Е	96	LYS	GLU	conflict	UNP A0A0A7HR51
Е	205	SER	ASN	conflict	UNP A0A0A7HR51
Е	237	ILE	THR	conflict	UNP A0A0A7HR51

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Haemagglutinin HA2.

Mo	l Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	172	Total 1367	C 847	N 242	O 270	S 8	0	0	0



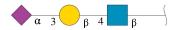
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Mol	Chain	Residues		At	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	9 D	172	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
Z .	D	172	1363	844	240	271	8			
9	E	179	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
2	Г	172	1355	838	239	270	8	U	0	

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	e Modelled Actual Comme		Comment	Reference
В	158	ASN	ASP	$\operatorname{conflict}$	UNP A0A0A7HR51
D	158	ASN	ASP	conflict	UNP A0A0A7HR51
F	158	ASN	ASP	conflict	UNP A0A0A7HR51

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called N-acetyl-alpha-neuraminic acid-(2-3)-beta-D-galacto pyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	G	3	Total C N O 46 25 2 19	0	0	0
3	Н	3	Total C N O 46 25 2 19	0	0	0
3	J	3	Total C N O 46 25 2 19	0	0	0

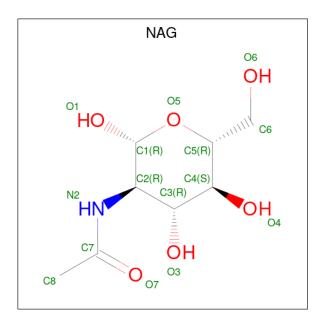
• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	I	5	Total 61	C 34	N 2	O 25	0	0	0

• Molecule 5 is 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose (three-letter code: NAG) (formula:  $C_8H_{15}NO_6$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
5	В	1	Total C N O	0	0
	В	1	14 8 1 5	O O	
5	D	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
5	Е	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0
5	F	1	Total C N O 14 8 1 5	0	0

#### • Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	209	Total O 209 209	0	0
6	В	138	Total O 138 138	0	0
6	С	237	Total O 237 237	0	0
6	D	161	Total O 161 161	0	0
6	Е	295	Total O 295 295	0	0
6	F	142	Total O 142 142	0	0



## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Haemagglutinin HA1 Chain A: • Molecule 1: Haemagglutinin HA1 Chain C: • Molecule 1: Haemagglutinin HA1 Chain E: 99% • Molecule 2: Haemagglutinin HA2 Chain B: • Molecule 2: Haemagglutinin HA2 Chain D: 99%

• Molecule 2: Haemagglutinin HA2



Chain F: 2%	
Chain F: 99%	
N60 N80 N80 N80 N80 N80 N80 N80 N80 N80 N8	
$\bullet$ Molecule 3: N-acetyl-alpha-neuraminic acid-(2-3)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-2-acedeoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose	tamido-2-
Chain G: 33% 67%	
NAGI GAIZ STA3	
$\bullet$ Molecule 3: N-acetyl-alpha-neuraminic acid-(2-3)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-2-ace deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose	tamido-2-
Chain H: 100%	
NAG1 GAL2 SIA3	
$\bullet$ Molecule 3: N-acetyl-alpha-neuraminic acid-(2-3)-beta-D-galactopyranose-(1-4)-2-ace deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose	tamido-2-
Chain J: 33% 67%	
NAGO STANDARD CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR OF TH	
$ \bullet \   \text{Molecule 4: alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]} \\ beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-ace$	
Chain I:	
MAG1 MAG2 BRASS MAN5 MAN5	



## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants	64.58Å 214.96Å 77.31Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 98.94° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	53.74 - 1.74	Depositor
Resolution (A)	53.74 - 1.74	EDS
% Data completeness	99.8 (53.74-1.74)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.9 (53.74-1.74)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.64 (at 1.74Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.8.0158	Depositor
D D.	0.201 , 0.215	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.203 , 0.218	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	10645 reflections $(5.03%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	26.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.481	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35, 50.4	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L > = 0.48, < L^2> = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	12834	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	32.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.32% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

### 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NAG, GAL, MAN, BMA, SIA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mol Chain		lengths	Bond angles	
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.33	0/2475	0.56	0/3355
1	С	0.33	0/2479	0.56	0/3360
1	Е	0.32	0/2494	0.56	0/3377
2	В	0.35	0/1392	0.55	0/1879
2	D	0.34	0/1388	0.54	0/1875
2	F	0.35	0/1380	0.54	0/1863
All	All	0.33	0/11608	0.56	0/15709

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2425	0	2384	0	0
1	С	2429	0	2390	0	0
1	Е	2444	0	2417	0	0
2	В	1367	0	1267	1	0
2	D	1363	0	1253	1	0
2	F	1355	0	1240	1	0
3	G	46	0	40	0	0



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COHABABACA		DIEUIUU	DUIUE
0 0 1000100000			

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	Н	46	0	40	0	0
3	J	46	0	40	0	0
4	I	61	0	52	0	0
5	A	14	0	13	0	0
5	В	14	0	13	0	0
5	D	14	0	13	0	0
5	${ m E}$	14	0	13	0	0
5	F	14	0	13	0	0
6	A	209	0	0	0	0
6	В	138	0	0	0	0
6	С	237	0	0	0	0
6	D	161	0	0	0	0
6	Ε	295	0	0	0	0
6	F	142	0	0	0	0
All	All	12834	0	11188	2	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All (2) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:95:GLN:HE21	2:B:95:GLN:HA	1.82	0.44
2:D:94:TYR:OH	2:F:99:LEU:HD22	2.18	0.44

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	318/320 (99%)	314 (99%)	4 (1%)	0	100 100



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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	$\mathbf{C}$	318/320~(99%)	313 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
1	E	318/320 (99%)	312 (98%)	6 (2%)	0	100	100
2	В	170/172 (99%)	164 (96%)	6 (4%)	0	100	100
2	D	170/172 (99%)	165 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
2	F	170/172 (99%)	165 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	1464/1476 (99%)	1433 (98%)	31 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	266/271 (98%)	264 (99%)	2 (1%)	81 72
1	С	267/271 (98%)	264 (99%)	3 (1%)	73 59
1	E	271/271 (100%)	269 (99%)	2 (1%)	84 75
2	В	140/146 (96%)	140 (100%)	0	100 100
2	D	139/146 (95%)	139 (100%)	0	100 100
2	F	137/146 (94%)	137 (100%)	0	100 100
All	All	1220/1251 (98%)	1213 (99%)	7 (1%)	86 79

All (7) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	8	HIS
1	A	128	LYS
1	С	8	HIS
1	С	40	ARG
1	С	128	LYS
1	Е	8	HIS
1	Е	128	LYS



Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	95	GLN
2	D	76	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

14 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Trino	Chain	Dag	Link	Bo	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	gles
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
3	NAG	G	1	3	15,15,15	0.39	0	21,21,21	0.85	1 (4%)
3	GAL	G	2	3	11,11,12	0.29	0	15,15,17	0.49	0
3	SIA	G	3	3	20,20,21	0.55	0	24,28,31	1.27	3 (12%)
3	NAG	Н	1	3	15,15,15	0.46	0	21,21,21	0.96	2 (9%)
3	GAL	Н	2	3	11,11,12	0.37	0	15,15,17	0.79	1 (6%)
3	SIA	Н	3	3	20,20,21	0.61	0	24,28,31	1.25	2 (8%)
4	NAG	I	1	4,2	14,14,15	0.32	0	17,19,21	0.84	0
4	NAG	I	2	4	14,14,15	0.25	0	17,19,21	0.61	0
4	BMA	I	3	4	11,11,12	0.28	0	15,15,17	0.65	0
4	MAN	I	4	4	11,11,12	0.28	0	15,15,17	0.63	0
4	MAN	I	5	4	11,11,12	0.34	0	15,15,17	0.67	0
3	NAG	J	1	3	15,15,15	0.42	0	21,21,21	1.18	2 (9%)
3	GAL	J	2	3	11,11,12	0.24	0	15,15,17	0.55	0
3	SIA	J	3	3	20,20,21	0.58	0	24,28,31	1.21	3 (12%)



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	G	1	3	-	0/6/26/26	0/1/1/1
3	GAL	G	2	3	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	SIA	G	3	3	-	1/18/34/38	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	Н	1	3	-	0/6/26/26	0/1/1/1
3	GAL	Н	2	3	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	SIA	Н	3	3	-	0/18/34/38	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	I	1	4,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	I	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	I	3	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	I	4	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	I	5	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	J	1	3	-	0/6/26/26	0/1/1/1
3	GAL	J	2	3	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	SIA	J	3	3	-	0/18/34/38	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (14) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
3	Н	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2	-3.33	106.87	110.73
3	G	3	SIA	C6-O6-C2	3.03	117.81	111.34
3	Н	3	SIA	C6-O6-C2	2.98	117.72	111.34
3	J	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2	-2.90	107.36	110.73
3	J	3	SIA	C6-O6-C2	2.73	117.19	111.34
3	G	1	NAG	C1-C2-N2	-2.42	107.92	110.73
3	J	1	NAG	C3-C4-C5	2.41	114.55	110.24
3	J	3	SIA	C4-C5-N5	-2.34	105.75	110.38
3	J	3	SIA	O1B-C1-C2	2.27	119.50	113.03
3	G	3	SIA	O1B-C1-C2	2.25	119.46	113.03
3	Н	3	SIA	O1B-C1-C2	2.23	119.41	113.03
3	G	3	SIA	O6-C2-C1	2.13	111.87	107.70
3	Н	1	NAG	C3-C2-N2	-2.08	106.68	110.62
3	Н	2	GAL	C1-C2-C3	2.04	112.18	109.67

There are no chirality outliers.

All (5) torsion outliers are listed below:

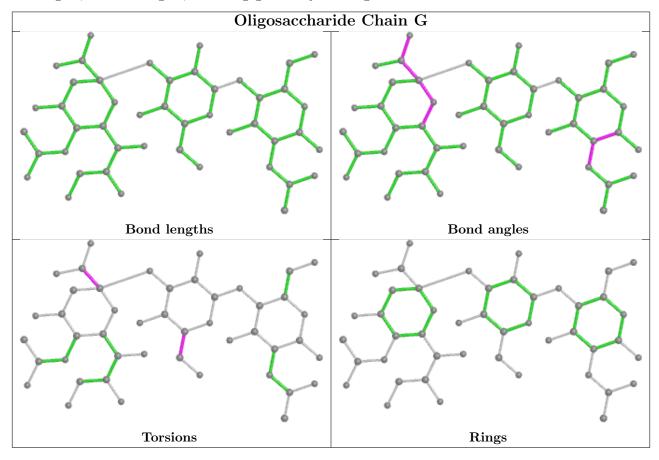


Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	J	2	GAL	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	Н	2	GAL	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	G	2	GAL	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	Н	2	GAL	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	G	3	SIA	O1B-C1-C2-O6

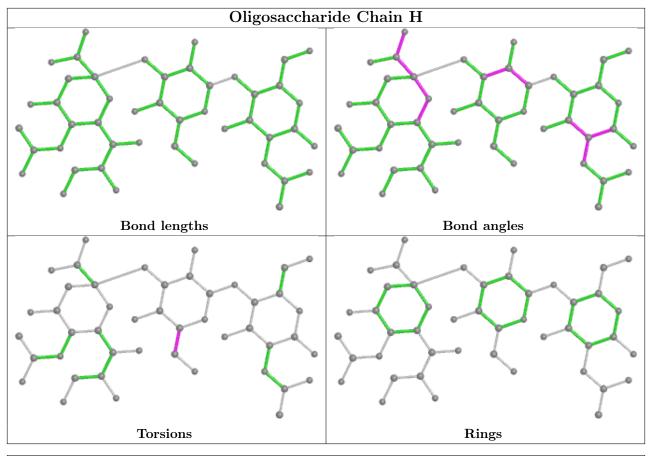
There are no ring outliers.

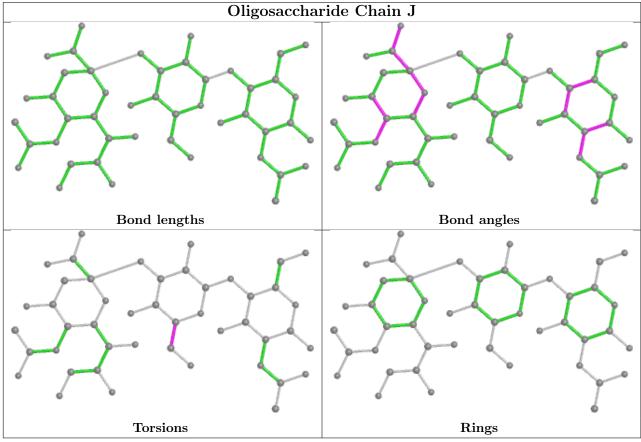
No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.

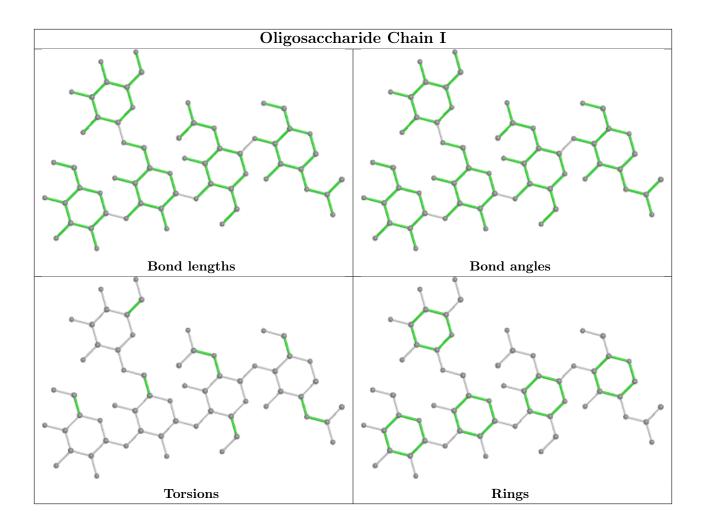












### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

5 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	ol Type Chain Res Link		Link	Во	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
Mol   Type   Chain	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	
5	NAG	В	201	2	14,14,15	0.34	0	17,19,21	0.81	0
5	NAG	A	401	1	14,14,15	0.30	0	17,19,21	0.76	0
5	NAG	F	201	2	14,14,15	0.34	0	17,19,21	0.75	0
5	NAG	D	201	2	14,14,15	0.39	0	17,19,21	0.80	0
5	NAG	Е	401	1	14,14,15	0.51	0	17,19,21	1.04	1 (5%)



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	NAG	В	201	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	A	401	1	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	F	201	2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
5	NAG	D	201	2	-	0/6/23/26	/ / /
5	NAG	E	401	1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
5	Е	401	NAG	C4-C3-C2	2.50	114.68	111.02

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

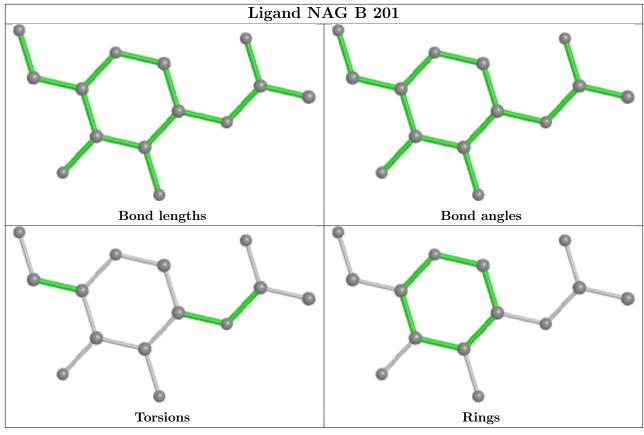
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	401	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

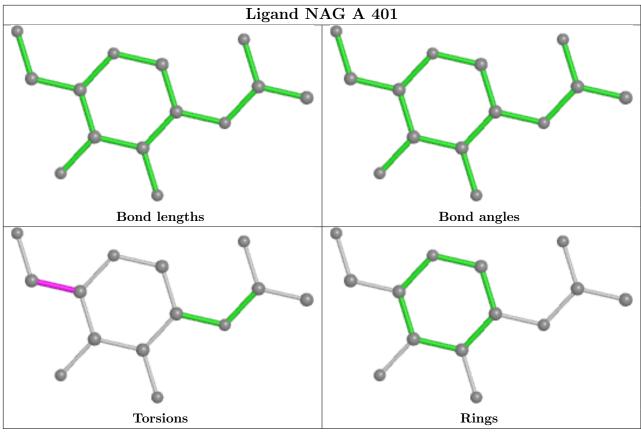
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

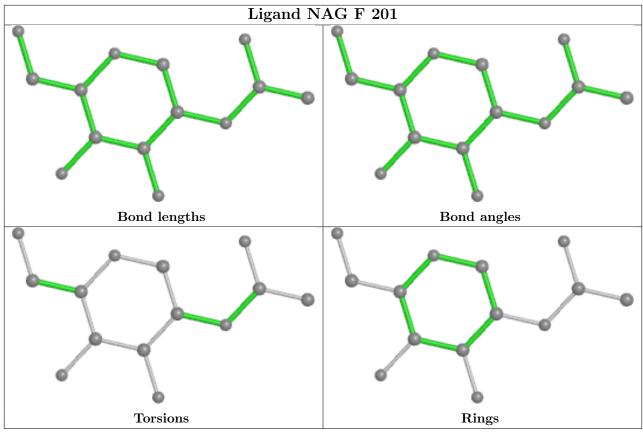
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

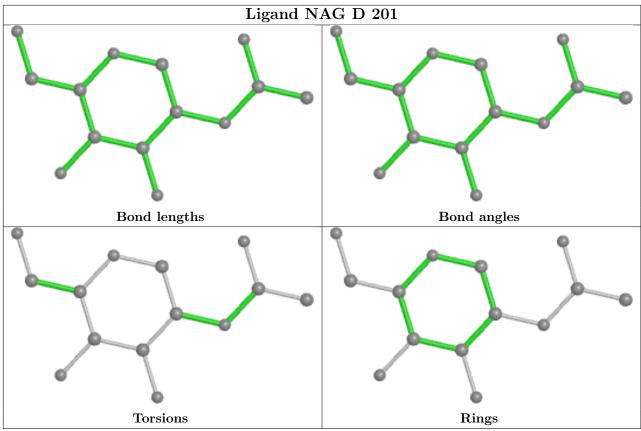




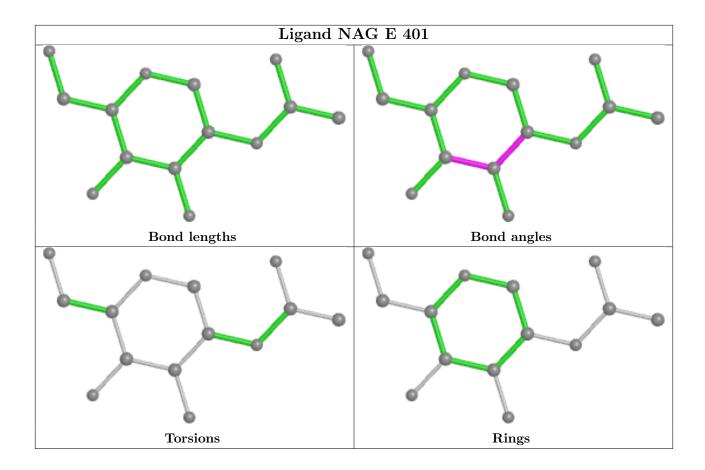












## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\# \mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	$320/320\ (100\%)$	0.13	5 (1%) 72 78	22, 32, 47, 58	0
1	С	320/320 (100%)	0.16	11 (3%) 45 51	21, 30, 45, 55	0
1	E	320/320 (100%)	0.06	2 (0%) 89 92	15, 28, 40, 47	0
2	В	172/172 (100%)	0.30	6 (3%) 44 49	20, 30, 52, 75	0
2	D	172/172 (100%)	0.26	4 (2%) 60 66	19, 27, 46, 71	0
2	F	172/172 (100%)	0.27	3 (1%) 70 76	20, 31, 44, 66	0
All	All	1476/1476 (100%)	0.17	31 (2%) 63 70	15, 30, 45, 75	0

All (31) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	С	270	CYS	6.3
2	В	70	PHE	4.1
1	A	282	ASN	3.6
1	С	269	SER	3.6
1	С	38	LEU	3.5
1	С	39	ASN	3.5
1	A	270	CYS	3.5
2	В	73	ILE	3.5
2	В	75	HIS	3.5
1	Е	270	CYS	3.0
1	A	-1	ASP	3.0
1	С	282	ASN	2.9
1	С	40	ARG	2.8
1	С	12	ASN	2.7
2	D	73	ILE	2.6
1	С	11	ALA	2.5
1	С	41	LEU	2.5
2	В	94	TYR	2.5
2	В	168	LEU	2.4



Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	D	70	PHE	2.4
1	С	36	THR	2.4
2	В	71	SER	2.3
2	F	94	TYR	2.3
2	D	75	HIS	2.3
1	A	38	LEU	2.3
1	С	284	ARG	2.2
2	F	60	ASN	2.2
1	Е	12	ASN	2.2
2	D	137	CYS	2.1
1	A	298	CYS	2.1
2	F	88	ILE	2.1

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

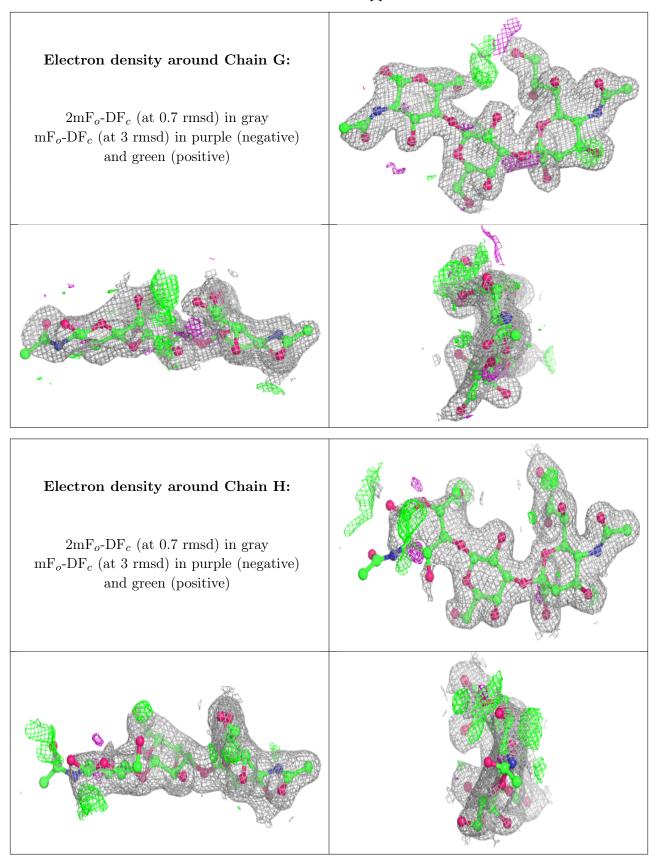
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\operatorname{B-factors}({ ext{\AA}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	NAG	Н	1	15/15	0.70	0.35	59,79,91,91	0
3	NAG	J	1	15/15	0.85	0.20	45,53,69,71	0
4	MAN	I	4	11/12	0.88	0.19	35,35,39,39	0
4	NAG	I	2	14/15	0.89	0.17	33,34,38,40	0
3	NAG	G	1	15/15	0.89	0.17	43,49,54,56	0
3	GAL	G	2	11/12	0.90	0.13	37,39,43,45	0
4	BMA	I	3	11/12	0.91	0.15	35,35,36,37	0
3	GAL	J	2	11/12	0.91	0.15	34,40,44,44	0
3	SIA	Н	3	20/21	0.92	0.08	26,27,31,31	0
3	SIA	G	3	20/21	0.93	0.09	30,31,35,35	0
4	MAN	I	5	11/12	0.93	0.18	34,36,37,39	0
3	GAL	Н	2	11/12	0.94	0.10	33,43,49,52	0
4	NAG	I	1	14/15	0.94	0.07	30,32,34,36	0
3	SIA	J	3	20/21	0.97	0.06	27,28,31,31	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosac-



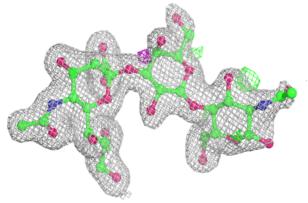
charide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

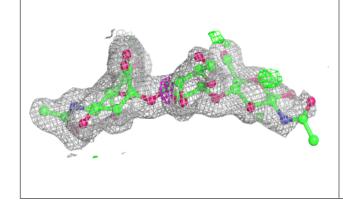


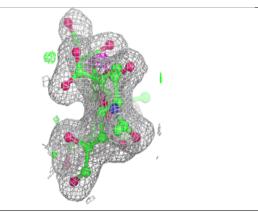


### Electron density around Chain J:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

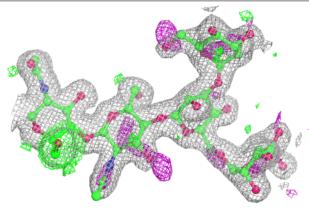


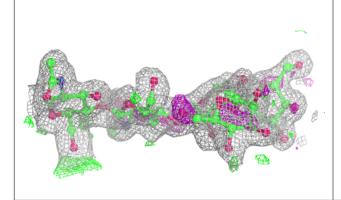


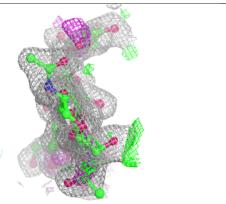


#### Electron density around Chain I:

 $2 \mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  $\mathrm{mF}_o\text{-}\mathrm{DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)







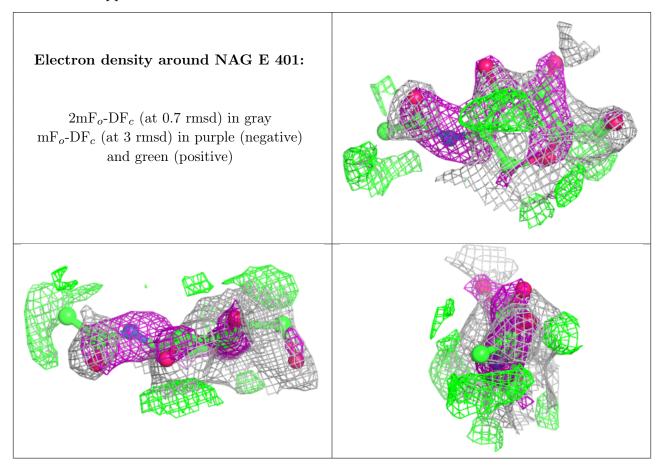


### 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	NAG	Ε	401	14/15	0.62	0.42	41,45,51,53	0
5	NAG	В	201	14/15	0.63	0.45	63,74,77,78	0
5	NAG	D	201	14/15	0.65	0.26	53,60,66,66	0
5	NAG	A	401	14/15	0.67	0.39	42,45,50,51	0
5	NAG	F	201	14/15	0.69	0.30	61,70,73,74	0

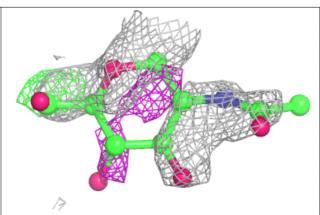
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

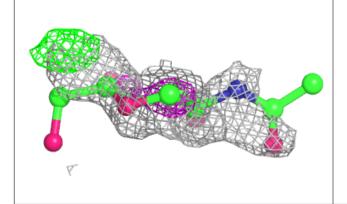


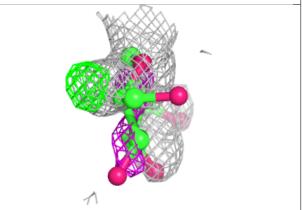


#### Electron density around NAG B 201:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

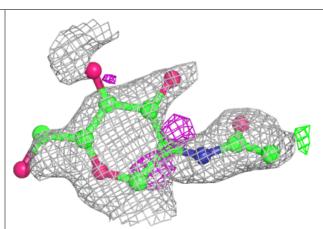


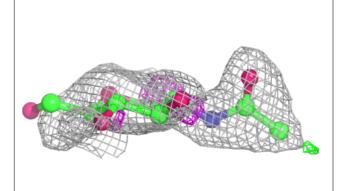


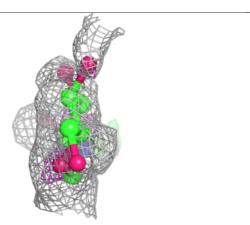


#### Electron density around NAG D 201:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)



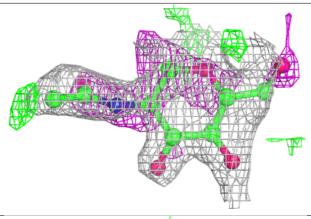


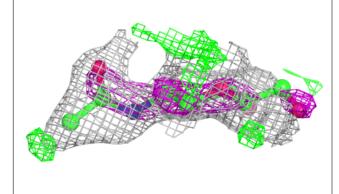


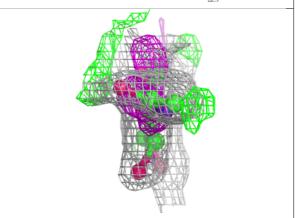


### Electron density around NAG A 401:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

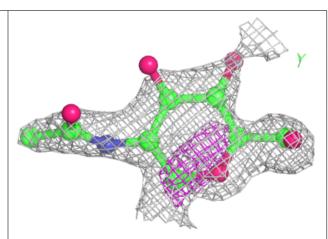


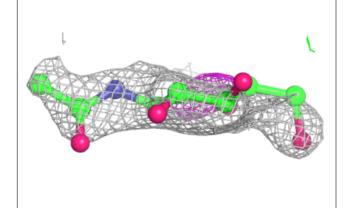


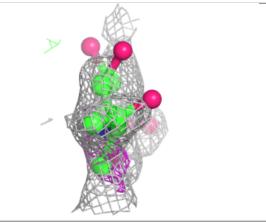


#### Electron density around NAG F 201:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

