Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 22, 2024 – 10:27 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	6NX4
BMRB ID	:	30569
Title	:	Structure of the C-terminal Helical Repeat Domain of Eukaryotic Elongation Factor 2 Kinase (eEF-2K)
Authors	:	Piserchio, A.; Will, N.; Giles, D.H.; Hajredini, F.; Dalby, K.N.; Ghose, R.
Deposited on	:	2019-02-08

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

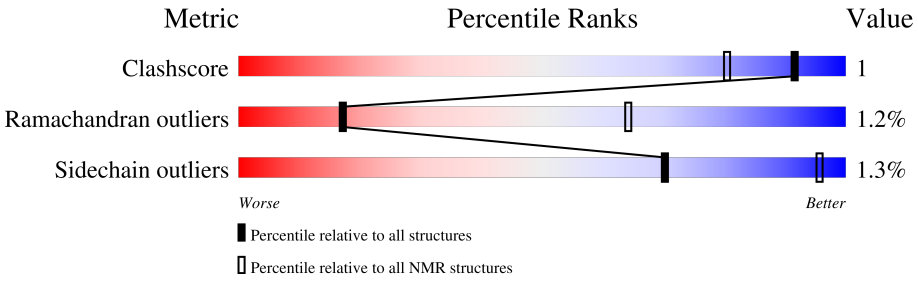
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 92%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	167	66% · 33%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	**Residue range (total)**	**Backbone RMSD (Å)**	**Medoid model**
1	A:597-A:647, A:663-A:723 (112)	0.70	1

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20
2	5, 10, 13

3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2559 atoms, of which 1240 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	167	2559	818	1240	220	268	13	0

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	559	SER	-	expression tag	UNP O00418
A	560	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP O00418
A	561	MET	-	expression tag	UNP O00418

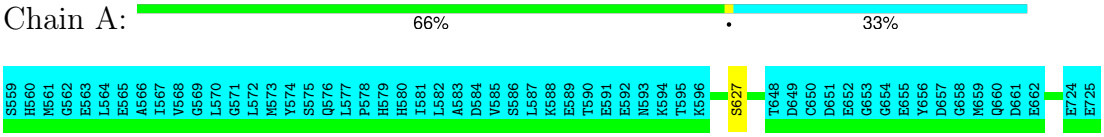
4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase

Chain A:



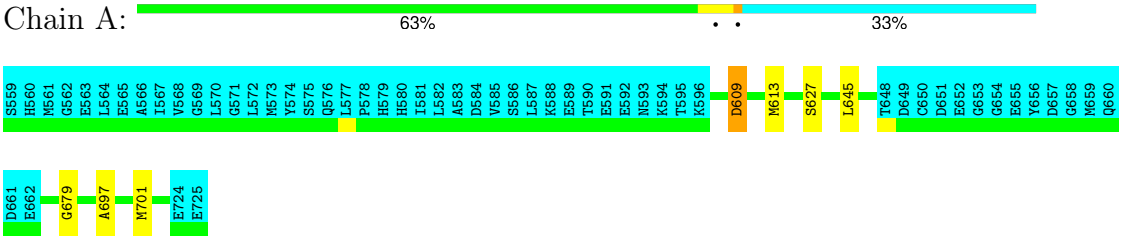
4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1 (medoid)

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase

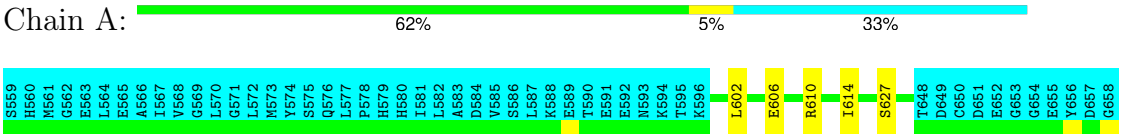
Chain A:



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase

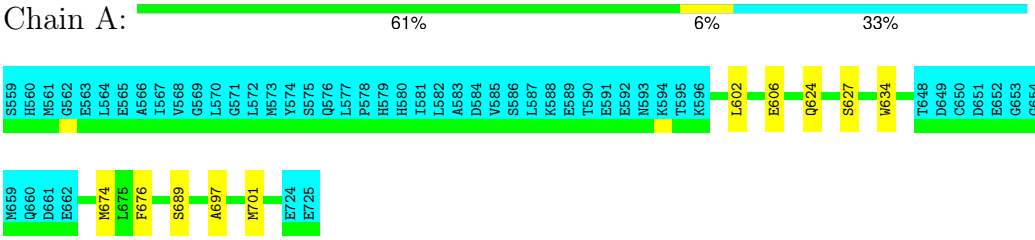
Chain A:



4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase

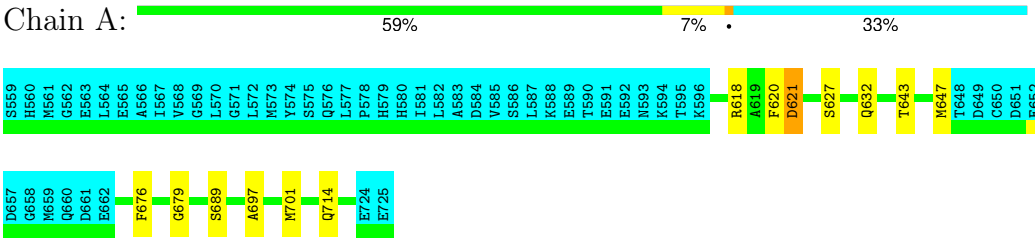
Chain A:



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase

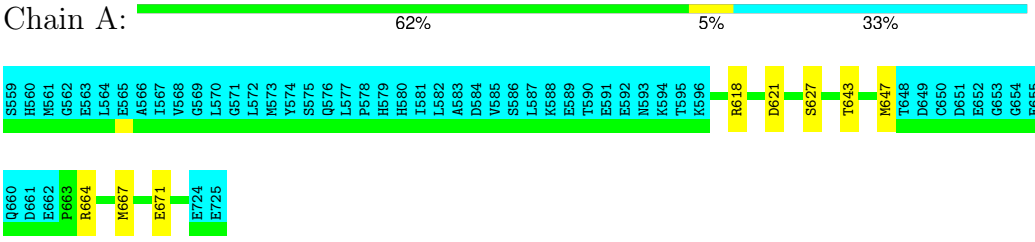
Chain A:



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase

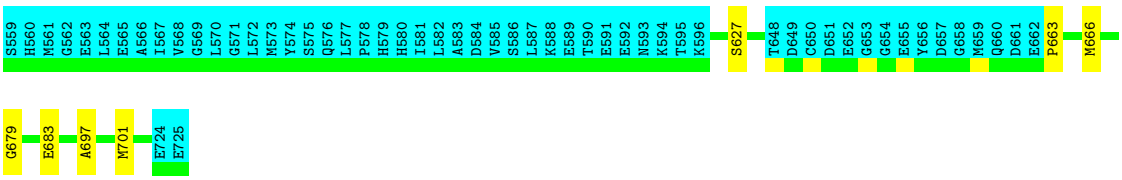
Chain A:



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase

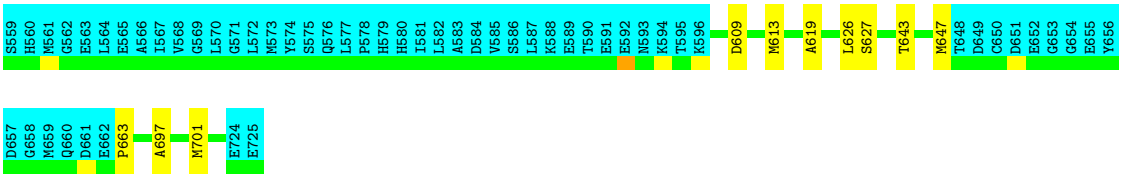
Chain A:



4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase

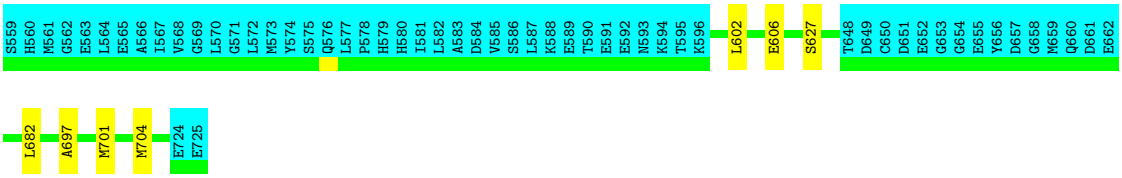
Chain A: 



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase

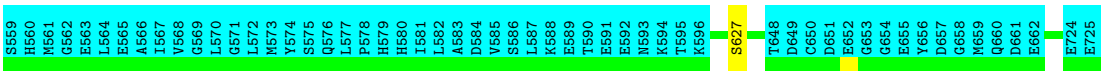
Chain A: 



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase

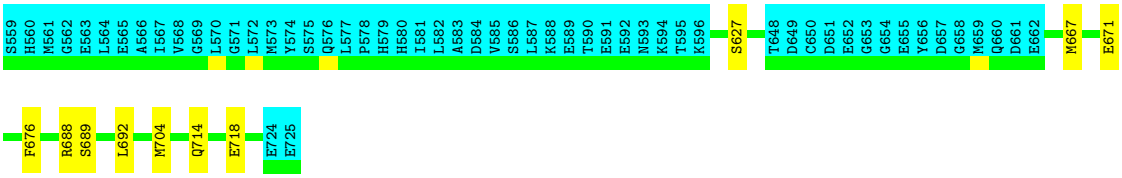
Chain A: 



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase

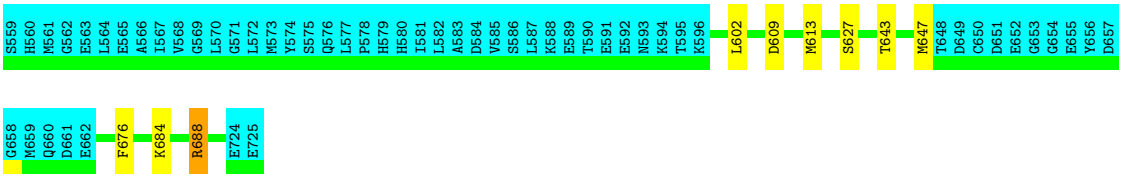
Chain A: 



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase

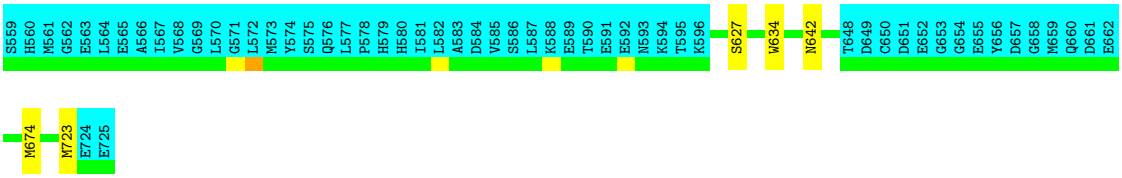
Chain A:



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase

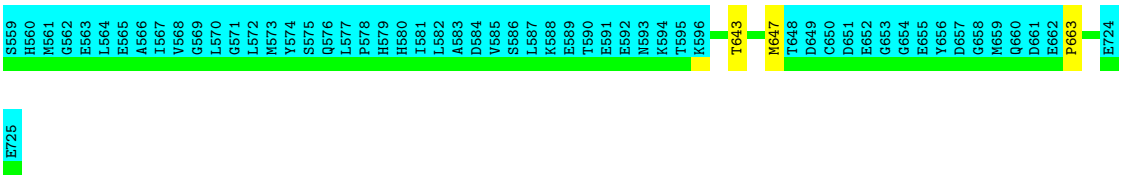
Chain A:



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

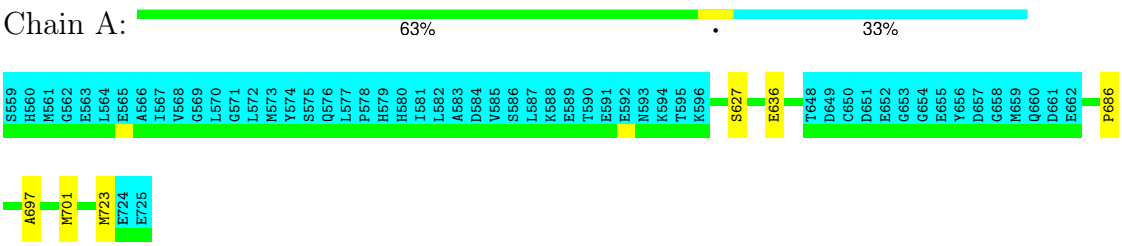
• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase

Chain A:



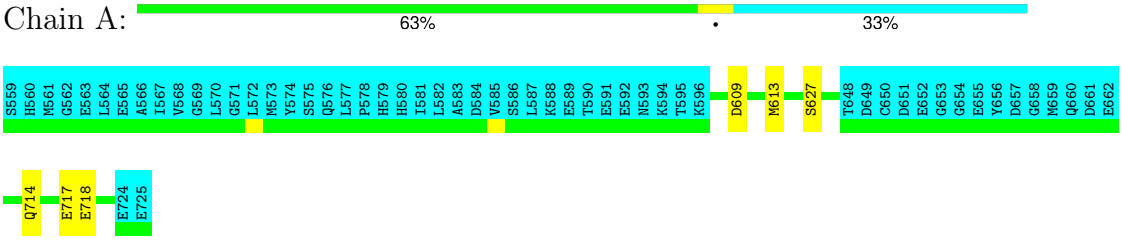
4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase



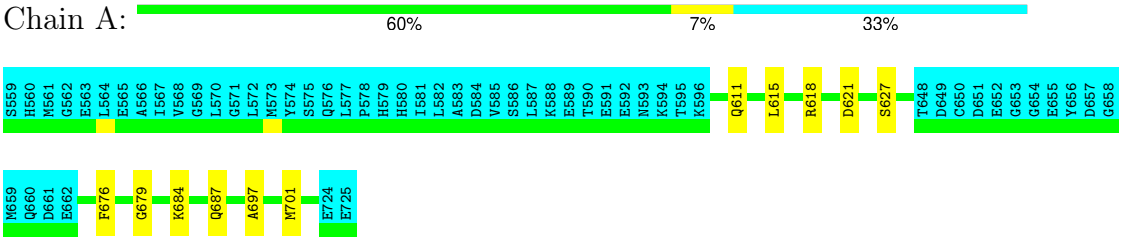
4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase



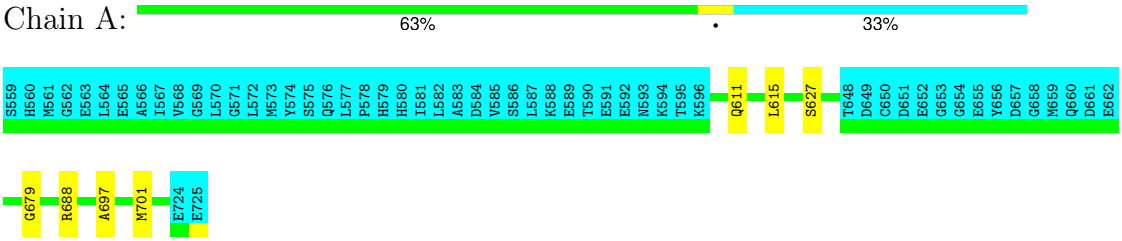
4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

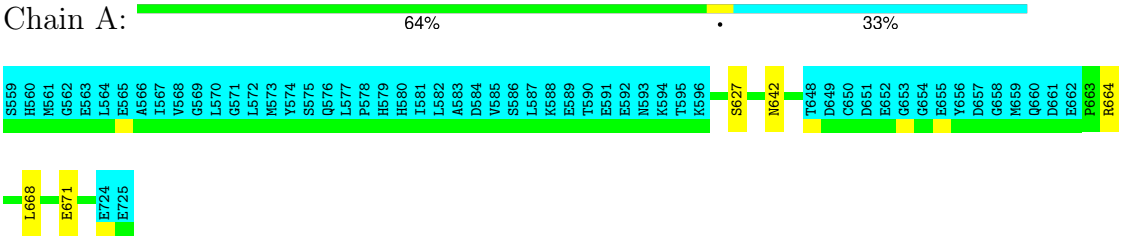
• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase

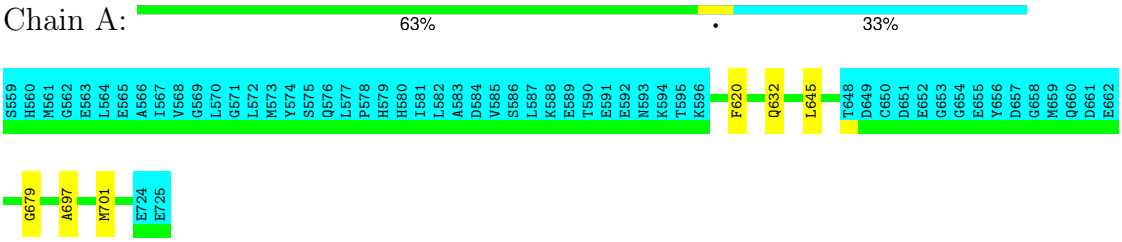
Chain A:



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase

Chain A:



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

• Molecule 1: Eukaryotic elongation factor 2 kinase

Chain A:

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *molecular dynamics*.

Of the 1000 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
ARIA	structure calculation	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	2019
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2019
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	92%

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	893	846	845	3±1
All	All	17860	16920	16900	51

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:634:TRP:HB3	1:A:674:MET:SD	0.58	2.38	3	2
1:A:663:PRO:O	1:A:666:MET:HG2	0.57	2.00	6	1
1:A:618:ARG:HA	1:A:621:ASP:OD2	0.55	2.00	5	2
1:A:643:THR:O	1:A:647:MET:HG2	0.54	2.01	4	5
1:A:676:PHE:O	1:A:684:LYS:HE3	0.54	2.02	11	2
1:A:602:LEU:O	1:A:606:GLU:HG3	0.51	2.05	8	3
1:A:618:ARG:HA	1:A:621:ASP:OD1	0.49	2.07	4	1
1:A:676:PHE:HB2	1:A:689:SER:OG	0.49	2.08	10	3
1:A:688:ARG:HA	1:A:688:ARG:NE	0.48	2.23	11	1
1:A:714:GLN:O	1:A:718:GLU:HG2	0.48	2.09	15	1
1:A:609:ASP:O	1:A:613:MET:HG3	0.47	2.08	11	4
1:A:667:MET:O	1:A:671:GLU:HG2	0.47	2.10	10	1
1:A:611:GLN:O	1:A:615:LEU:HG	0.46	2.09	20	3
1:A:697:ALA:O	1:A:701:MET:HG3	0.46	2.09	7	10

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:610:ARG:O	1:A:614:ILE:HG13	0.46	2.11	2	1
1:A:663:PRO:O	1:A:667:MET:HG2	0.46	2.11	20	1
1:A:686:PRO:HB2	1:A:723:MET:SD	0.46	2.51	14	1
1:A:664:ARG:O	1:A:667:MET:HG2	0.44	2.11	5	1
1:A:711:GLN:O	1:A:715:LYS:HG2	0.43	2.14	20	1
1:A:688:ARG:O	1:A:692:LEU:HG	0.42	2.14	10	1
1:A:619:ALA:O	1:A:626:LEU:HB2	0.42	2.15	7	1
1:A:620:PHE:O	1:A:632:GLN:HB2	0.42	2.15	19	2
1:A:714:GLN:O	1:A:718:GLU:HG3	0.41	2.14	10	1
1:A:602:LEU:O	1:A:602:LEU:HD13	0.41	2.15	11	1
1:A:664:ARG:O	1:A:668:LEU:HD13	0.41	2.15	18	1

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	112/167 (67%)	105±3 (93±2%)	6±3 (5±2%)	1±0 (1±0%)	17	64
All	All	2240/3340 (67%)	2094 (93%)	119 (5%)	27 (1%)	17	64

All 5 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	627	SER	18
1	A	679	GLY	6
1	A	624	GLN	1
1	A	723	MET	1
1	A	663	PRO	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation

was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	86/133 (65%)	85±1 (99±1%)	1±1 (1±1%)	70 96
All	All	1720/2660 (65%)	1698 (99%)	22 (1%)	70 96

All 14 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	688	ARG	4
1	A	671	GLU	3
1	A	682	LEU	2
1	A	704	MET	2
1	A	642	ASN	2
1	A	609	ASP	1
1	A	621	ASP	1
1	A	714	GLN	1
1	A	683	GLU	1
1	A	636	GLU	1
1	A	717	GLU	1
1	A	687	GLN	1
1	A	632	GLN	1
1	A	707	ARG	1

6.3.3 RNA

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 92% for the well-defined parts and 92% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *CS_inp_amb_v2.tab*

7.1.1 Bookkeeping

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	2019
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	2019
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	3

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction ± precision, *ppm*	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	166	-0.62 ± 0.08	Should be checked
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	152	0.28 ± 0.07	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	164	-0.40 ± 0.10	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
^{15}N	160	-0.17 ± 0.24	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 92%, i.e. 1392 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1509. 0 out of 13 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	561/562 (100%)	229/229 (100%)	223/224 (100%)	109/109 (100%)
Sidechain	713/810 (88%)	486/525 (93%)	210/249 (84%)	17/36 (47%)

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	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Aromatic	118/137 (86%)	59/65 (91%)	56/67 (84%)	3/5 (60%)
Overall	1392/1509 (92%)	774/819 (95%)	489/540 (91%)	129/150 (86%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 92%, i.e. 2019 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2202. 0 out of 21 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^{1}H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	828/841 (98%)	338/344 (98%)	330/334 (99%)	160/163 (98%)
Sidechain	1057/1182 (89%)	719/764 (94%)	318/376 (85%)	20/42 (48%)
Aromatic	134/179 (75%)	67/85 (79%)	64/83 (77%)	3/11 (27%)
Overall	2019/2202 (92%)	1124/1193 (94%)	712/793 (90%)	183/216 (85%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

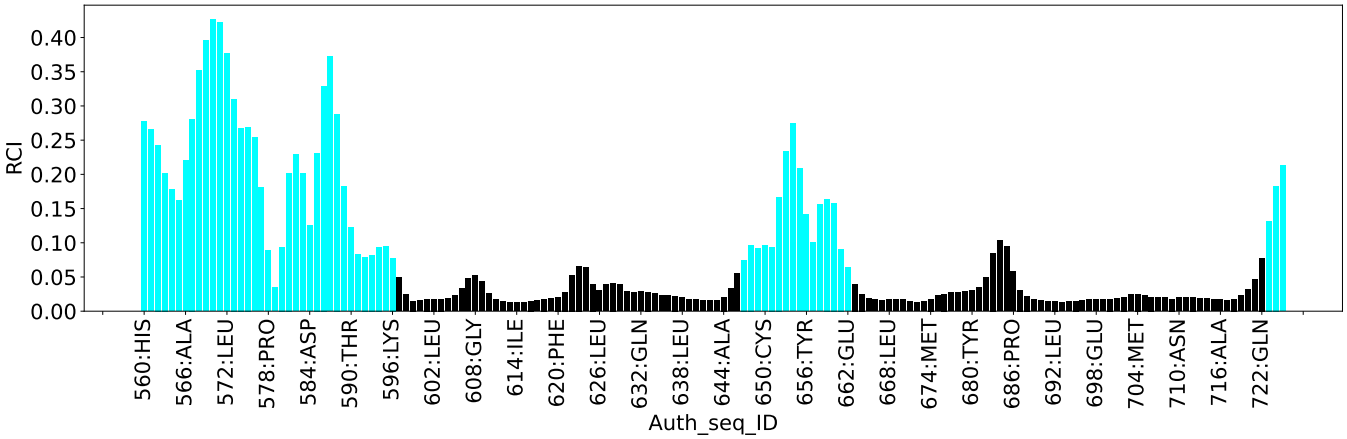
The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, *ppm*	Expected range, *ppm*	Z-score
1	A	715	LYS	HB2	0.12	0.58 – 2.97	-6.9
1	A	674	MET	HG3	0.42	0.54 – 4.26	-5.3
1	A	627	SER	H	5.39	5.45 – 11.10	-5.1

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:


RCI
0.40
0.35
0.30
0.25
0.20
0.15
0.10
0.05
0.00
560:HIS
566:ALA
572:LEU
578:PRO
584:ASP
590:THR
596:LYS
602:LEU
608:GLY
614:ILE
620:PHE
626:LEU
632:GLN
638:LEU
644:ALA
650:CYS
656:TYR
662:GLU
668:LEU
674:MET
680:TYR
686:PRO
692:LEU
698:GLU
704:MET
710:ASN
716:ALA
722:GLN
Auth_seq_ID