



# Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Dec 25, 2024 – 10:57 AM EST

PDB ID : 6F98  
BMRB ID : 34217  
Title : Solution structure of the RING domain of the E3 ubiquitin ligase HRD1  
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Deposited on : 2017-12-14

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

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<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)  
wwPDB-RCI : v\_1n\_11\_5\_13\_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)  
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)  
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2  
BMRB Restraints Analysis : v1.2  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.40

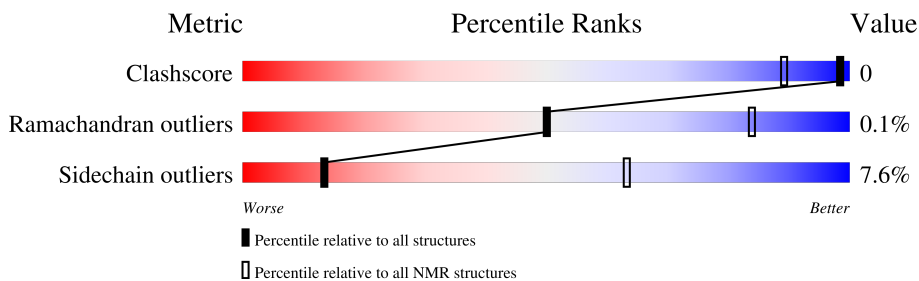
# 1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 90%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	14027
Ramachandran outliers	207382	12486
Sidechain outliers	206894	12463

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ .

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	78	

## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis i

This entry contains 20 models. Model 18 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:345-A:358, A:368-A:404 (51)	0.30	18

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 5 clusters and 3 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 9, 13, 18
2	6, 7, 10, 17
3	16, 20
4	8, 11
5	14, 19
Single-model clusters	5; 12; 15

### 3 Entry composition

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1241 atoms, of which 616 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	78	1239	385	616	116	114	8	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	335	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP A0A250WAY8
A	336	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP A0A250WAY8

- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
			Total	Zn
2	A	2	2	2

## 4 Residue-property plots i

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase

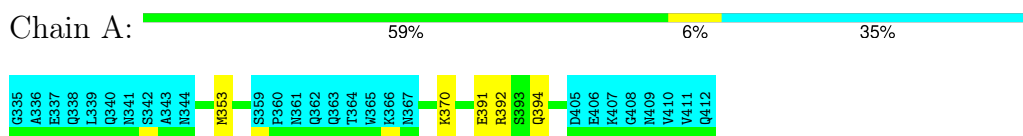


### 4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

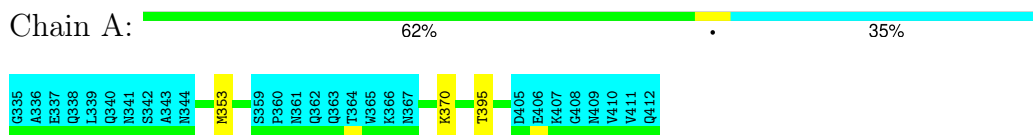
#### 4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase



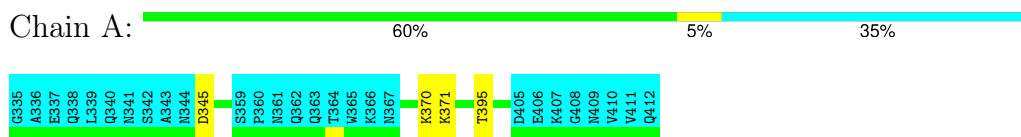
#### 4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase



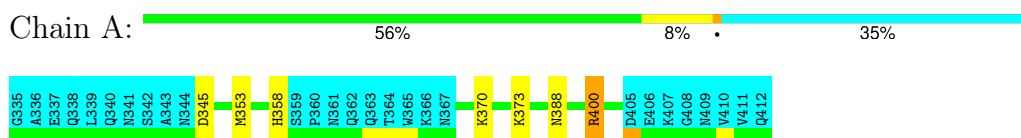
### 4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase



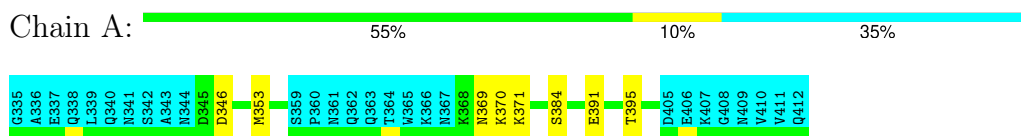
### 4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase



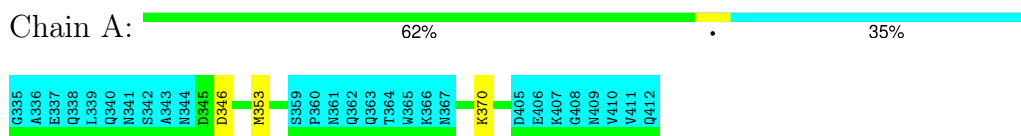
### 4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase



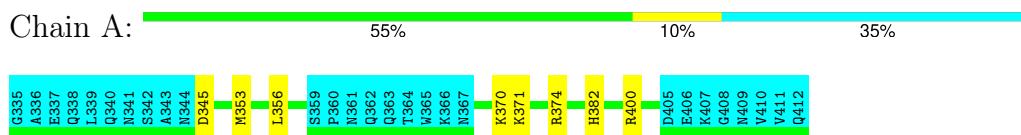
### 4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase



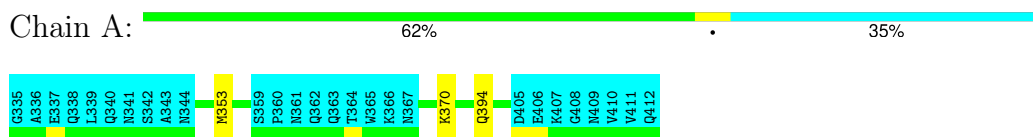
### 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase



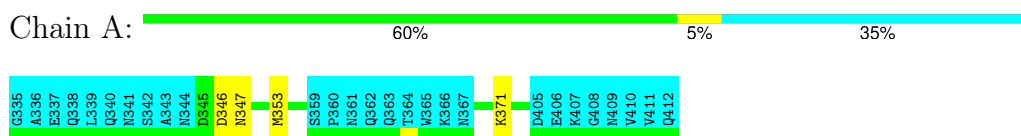
### 4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase



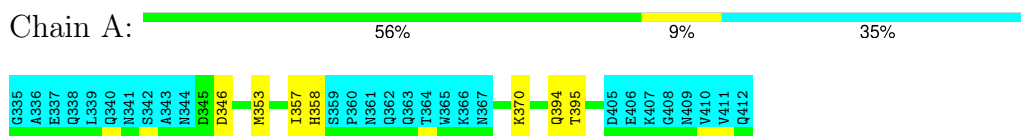
### 4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase



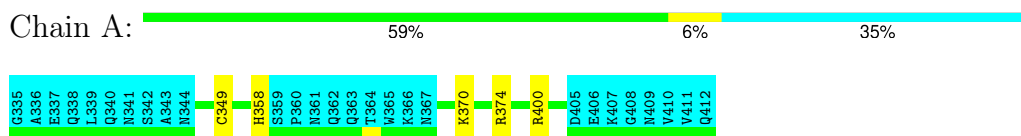
### 4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase



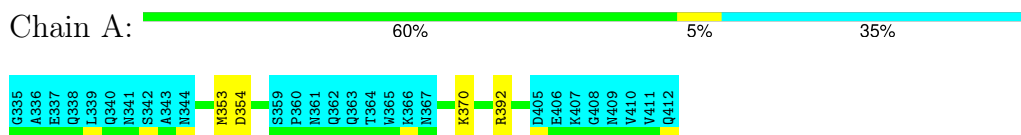
### 4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase



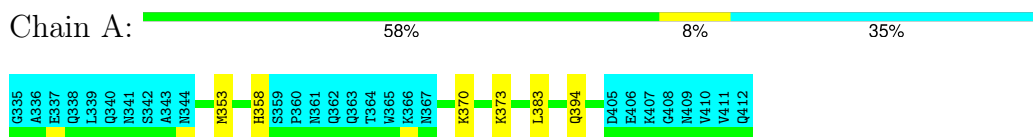
### 4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase



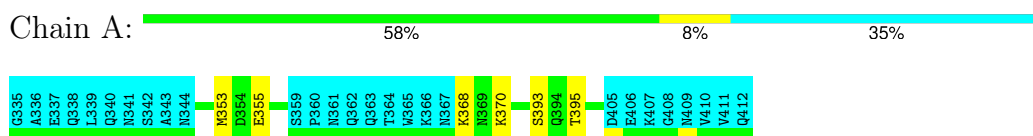
#### 4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase



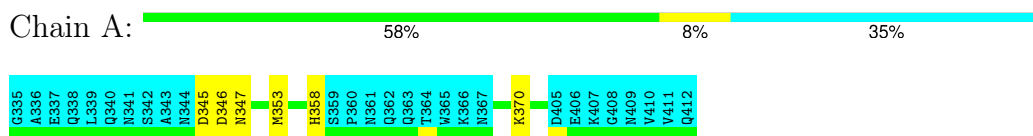
#### 4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase



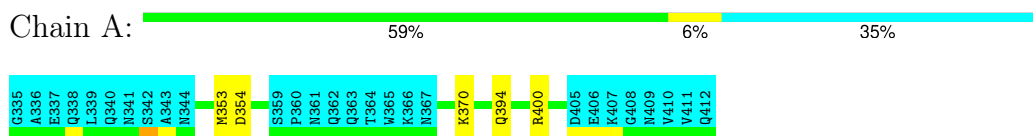
#### 4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase



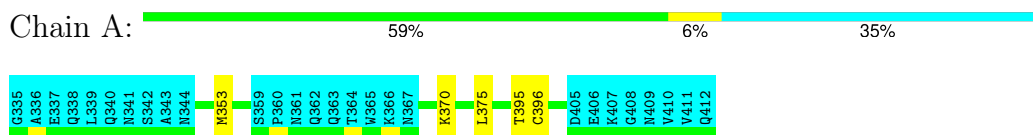
#### 4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase



#### 4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

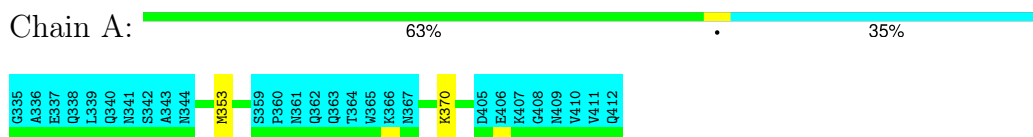
- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase





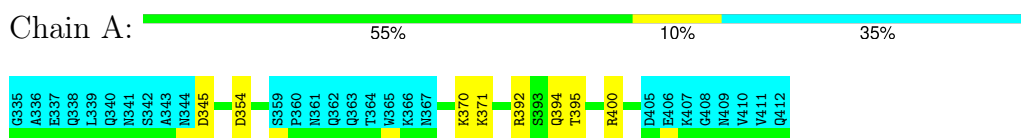
#### 4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase



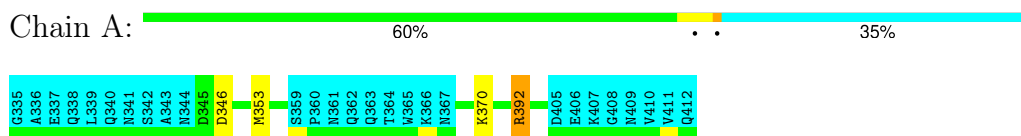
#### 4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase



#### 4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase



## 5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *torsion angle dynamics*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *target function*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure calculation	3.9
OPAL	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	914
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	914
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	90%

## 6 Model quality i

### 6.1 Standard geometry i

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section:  
ZN

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.50±0.01	0±0/424 ( 0.0± 0.0%)	1.02±0.03	0±1/572 ( 0.1± 0.1%)
All	All	0.50	0/8480 ( 0.0%)	1.02	8/11440 ( 0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	0.7±0.7
All	All	0	14

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	400	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.06	117.27	120.30	4	3
1	A	374	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.87	117.36	120.30	7	1
1	A	392	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.65	117.48	120.30	20	2
1	A	392	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.59	123.09	120.30	1	1
1	A	400	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.38	122.99	120.30	19	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	346	ASP	Sidechain	4

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	354	ASP	Sidechain	3
1	A	391	GLU	Sidechain	2
1	A	400	ARG	Sidechain	2
1	A	392	ARG	Sidechain	2
1	A	374	ARG	Sidechain	1

## 6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	414	425	425	0±0
All	All	8320	8500	8500	3

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:373:LYS:HE3	1:A:383:LEU:HD23	0.43	1.90	13	1
1:A:356:LEU:HD13	1:A:382:HIS:CD2	0.41	2.51	7	1
1:A:375:LEU:HD13	1:A:396:CYS:SG	0.40	2.56	17	1

## 6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	51/78 (65%)	45±1 (89±2%)	6±1 (11±2%)	0±0 (0±0%)	50	84
All	All	1020/1560 (65%)	903 (89%)	116 (11%)	1 (0%)	50	84

All 1 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	357	ILE	1

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	50/73 (68%)	46±1 (92±3%)	4±1 (8±3%)	13 63
All	All	1000/1460 (68%)	924 (92%)	76 (8%)	13 63

All 17 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	370	LYS	19
1	A	353	MET	17
1	A	395	THR	7
1	A	394	GLN	6
1	A	345	ASP	5
1	A	371	LYS	5
1	A	358	HIS	5
1	A	346	ASP	2
1	A	347	ASN	2
1	A	373	LYS	1
1	A	388	ASN	1
1	A	369	ASN	1
1	A	384	SER	1
1	A	349	CYS	1
1	A	355	GLU	1
1	A	368	LYS	1
1	A	393	SER	1

### 6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

## 6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 7 Chemical shift validation [i](#)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 90% for the well-defined parts and 85% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working\_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: *minimized.str*

#### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping [i](#)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	914
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	914
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

#### 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing [i](#)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction $\pm$ precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	76	$-0.27 \pm 0.11$	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	73	$-0.02 \pm 0.14$	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	73	$0.06 \pm 0.13$	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{15}\text{N}$	66	$-0.13 \pm 0.68$	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

#### 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments [i](#)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 90%, i.e. 661 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 737. 0 out of 7 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^1\text{H}$	$^{13}\text{C}$	$^{15}\text{N}$
Backbone	244/248 (98%)	97/99 (98%)	101/102 (99%)	46/47 (98%)
Sidechain	380/443 (86%)	259/288 (90%)	121/137 (88%)	0/18 (0%)

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	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Aromatic	37/46 (80%)	17/23 (74%)	14/16 (88%)	6/7 (86%)
Overall	661/737 (90%)	373/410 (91%)	236/255 (93%)	52/72 (72%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 85%, i.e. 914 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1078. 0 out of 10 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	<sup>1</sup> H	<sup>13</sup> C	<sup>15</sup> N
Backbone	359/383 (94%)	144/154 (94%)	149/156 (96%)	66/73 (90%)
Sidechain	506/637 (79%)	346/409 (85%)	160/198 (81%)	0/30 (0%)
Aromatic	49/58 (84%)	23/29 (79%)	19/21 (90%)	7/8 (88%)
Overall	914/1078 (85%)	513/592 (87%)	328/375 (87%)	73/111 (66%)

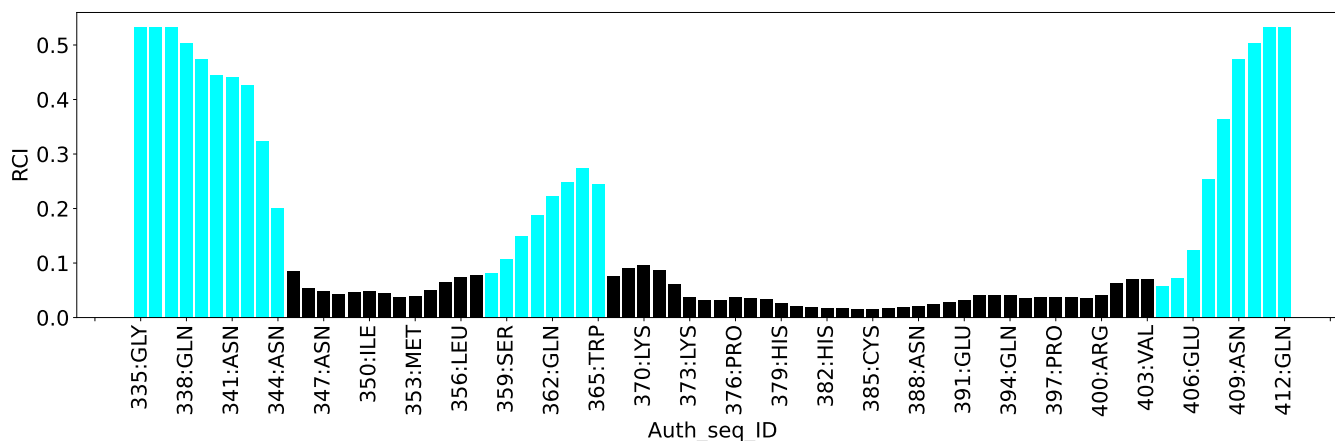
#### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

#### 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





## 8 NMR restraints analysis

### 8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	1288
Intra-residue ( $ i-j =0$ )	302
Sequential ( $ i-j =1$ )	352
Medium range ( $ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$ )	220
Long range ( $ i-j \geq 5$ )	414
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	245
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	19.2
Number of long range restraints per residue <sup>1</sup>	5.2

<sup>1</sup>Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

### 8.2 Residual restraint violations

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

#### 8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	0.6	0.12
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	None	None
>0.5 (Large)	None	None

### 8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model [i](#)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Bins (°)	Average number of violations per model	Max (°)
1.0-10.0 (Small)	0.7	8.23
10.0-20.0 (Medium)	0.3	16.92
>20.0 (Large)	0.1	44.21

## 9 Distance violation analysis [i](#)

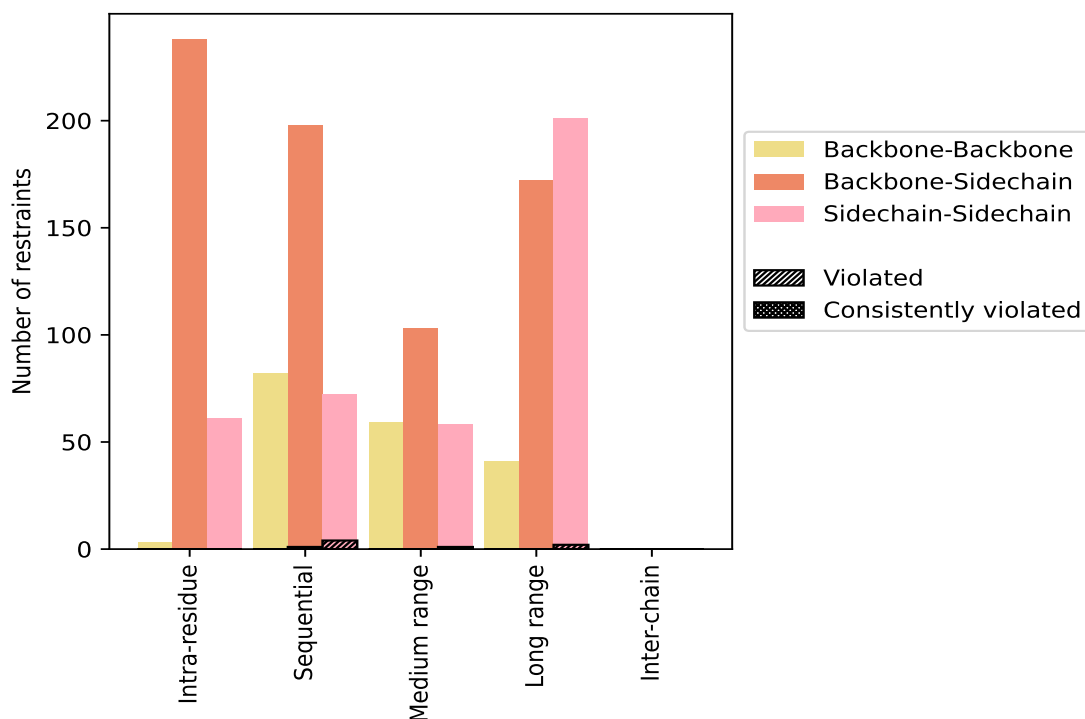
### 9.1 Summary of distance violations [i](#)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Restrains type	Count	% <sup>1</sup>	Violated <sup>3</sup>			Consistently Violated <sup>4</sup>		
			Count	% <sup>2</sup>	% <sup>1</sup>	Count	% <sup>2</sup>	% <sup>1</sup>
<b>Intra-residue (<math> i-j =0</math>)</b>	<b>302</b>	<b>23.4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Backbone-Backbone	3	0.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	238	18.5	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	61	4.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
<b>Sequential (<math> i-j =1</math>)</b>	<b>352</b>	<b>27.3</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>1.4</b>	<b>0.4</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Backbone-Backbone	82	6.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	198	15.4	1	0.5	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	72	5.6	4	5.6	0.3	0	0.0	0.0
<b>Medium range (<math> i-j &gt;1</math> &amp; <math> i-j &lt;5</math>)</b>	<b>220</b>	<b>17.1</b>	<b>1</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.1</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Backbone-Backbone	59	4.6	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	103	8.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	58	4.5	1	1.7	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
<b>Long range (<math> i-j \geq 5</math>)</b>	<b>414</b>	<b>32.1</b>	<b>2</b>	<b>0.5</b>	<b>0.2</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Backbone-Backbone	41	3.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	172	13.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	201	15.6	2	1.0	0.2	0	0.0	0.0
<b>Inter-chain</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
<b>Hydrogen bond</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
<b>Disulfide bond</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
<b>Total</b>	<b>1288</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0.6</b>	<b>0</b>	<b>0.0</b>	<b>0.0</b>
Backbone-Backbone	185	14.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	711	55.2	1	0.1	0.1	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	392	30.4	7	1.8	0.5	0	0.0	0.0

<sup>1</sup> percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, <sup>2</sup> percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, <sup>3</sup> violated in at least one model, <sup>4</sup> violated in all the models

### 9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations [i](#)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

## 9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model [i](#)

The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD <sup>6</sup> (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR <sup>1</sup>	SQ <sup>2</sup>	MR <sup>3</sup>	LR <sup>4</sup>	IC <sup>5</sup>	Total				
1	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.11	0.11	0.0	0.11
2	0	2	0	0	0	2	0.12	0.12	0.0	0.12
3	0	2	0	0	0	2	0.11	0.11	0.0	0.11
4	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
5	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
6	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
7	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
9	0	2	0	1	0	3	0.11	0.12	0.0	0.11
10	0	2	0	0	0	2	0.11	0.11	0.0	0.11

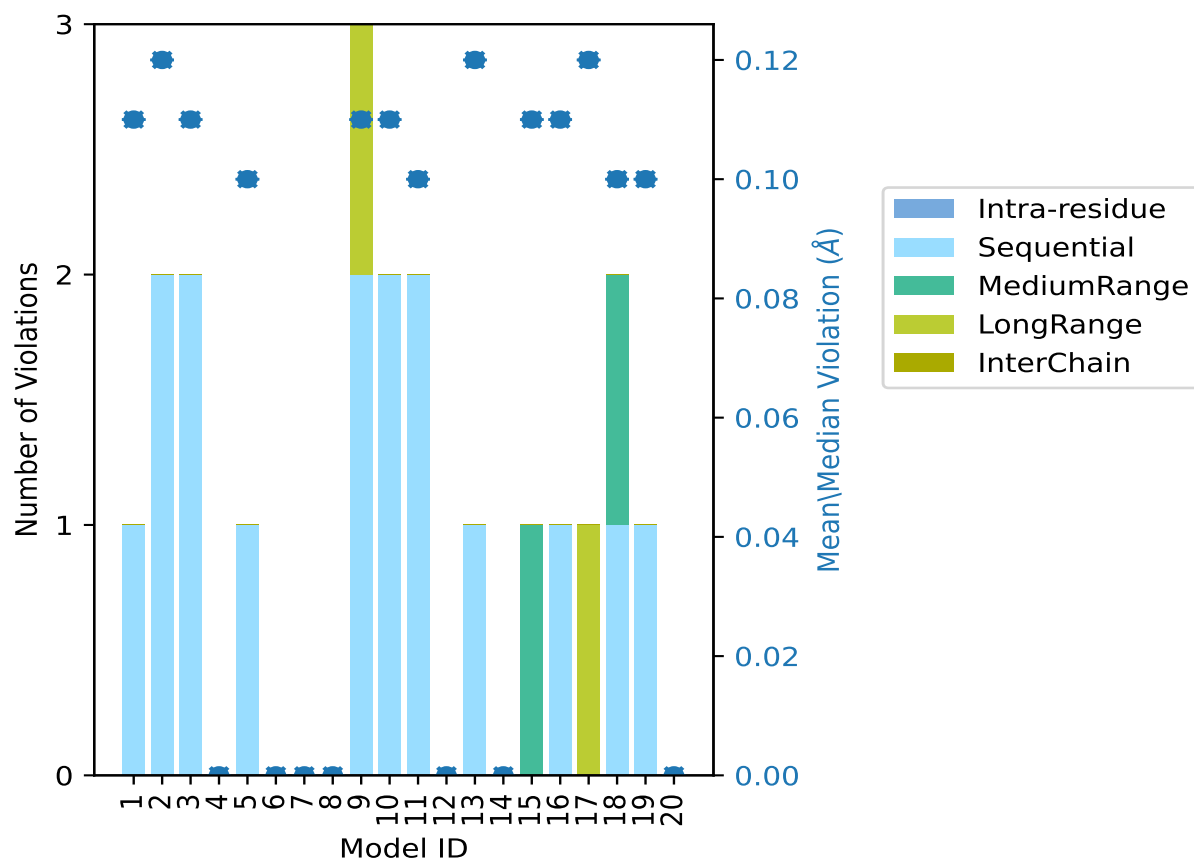
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Model ID	Number of violations						Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD <sup>6</sup> (Å)	Median (Å)
	IR <sup>1</sup>	SQ <sup>2</sup>	MR <sup>3</sup>	LR <sup>4</sup>	IC <sup>5</sup>	Total				
11	0	2	0	0	0	2	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
13	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.12	0.12	0.0	0.12
14	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
15	0	0	1	0	0	1	0.11	0.11	0.0	0.11
16	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.11	0.11	0.0	0.11
17	0	0	0	1	0	1	0.12	0.12	0.0	0.12
18	0	1	1	0	0	2	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
19	0	1	0	0	0	1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.1
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

<sup>1</sup>Intra-residue restraints, <sup>2</sup>Sequential restraints, <sup>3</sup>Medium range restraints, <sup>4</sup>Long range restraints, <sup>5</sup>Inter-chain restraints, <sup>6</sup>Standard deviation

### 9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model [\(i\)](#)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

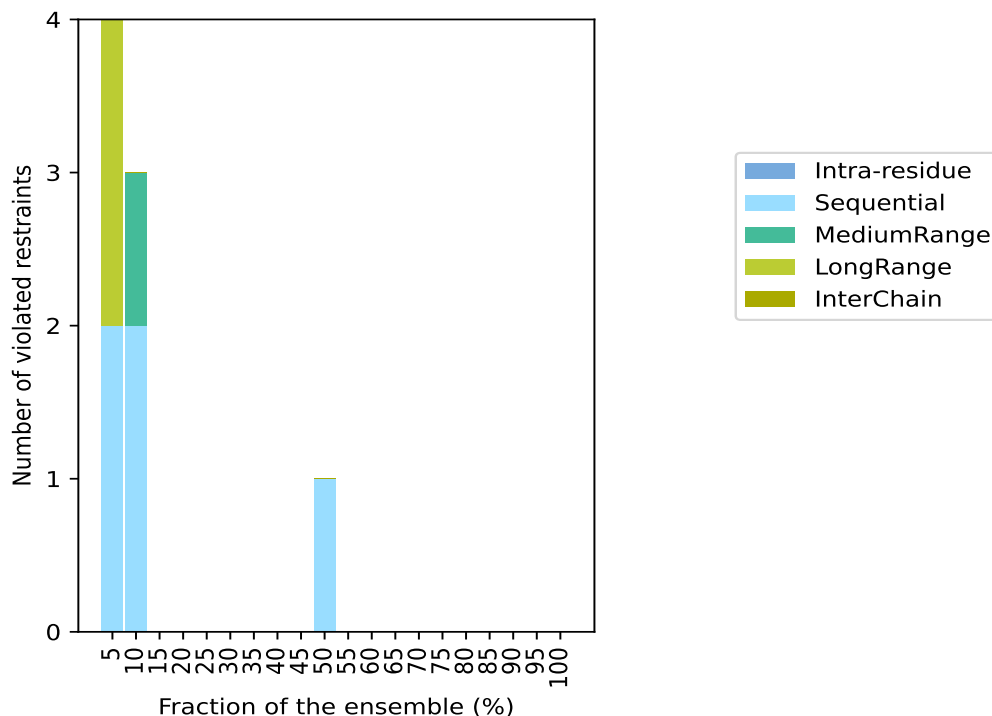
### 9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 1280(IR:302, SQ:347, MR:219, LR:412, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

Number of violated restraints						Fraction of the ensemble	
IR <sup>1</sup>	SQ <sup>2</sup>	MR <sup>3</sup>	LR <sup>4</sup>	IC <sup>5</sup>	Total	Count <sup>6</sup>	%
0	2	0	2	0	4	1	5.0
0	2	1	0	0	3	2	10.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	3	15.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	4	20.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	5	25.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	6	30.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	45.0
0	1	0	0	0	1	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	20	100.0

<sup>1</sup>Intra-residue restraints, <sup>2</sup>Sequential restraints, <sup>3</sup>Medium range restraints, <sup>4</sup>Long range restraints, <sup>5</sup>Inter-chain restraints, <sup>6</sup> Number of models with violations

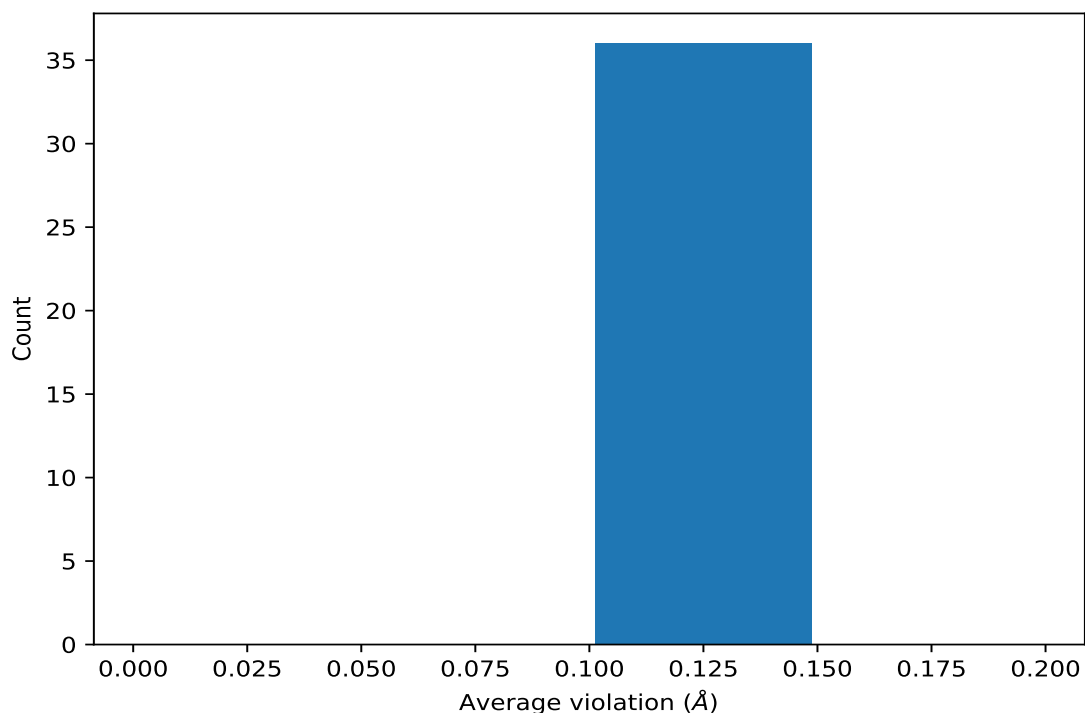
### 9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)



## 9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

### 9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



#### 9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models <sup>1</sup>	Mean (Å)	SD <sup>1</sup> (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	10	0.11	0.01	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	10	0.11	0.01	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	10	0.11	0.01	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	10	0.11	0.01	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	10	0.11	0.01	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	10	0.11	0.01	0.11
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG11	2	0.11	0.01	0.11
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG12	2	0.11	0.01	0.11
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG13	2	0.11	0.01	0.11
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG21	2	0.11	0.01	0.11
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG22	2	0.11	0.01	0.11
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG23	2	0.11	0.01	0.11
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG11	2	0.11	0.01	0.11
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG12	2	0.11	0.01	0.11
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG13	2	0.11	0.01	0.11
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG21	2	0.11	0.01	0.11

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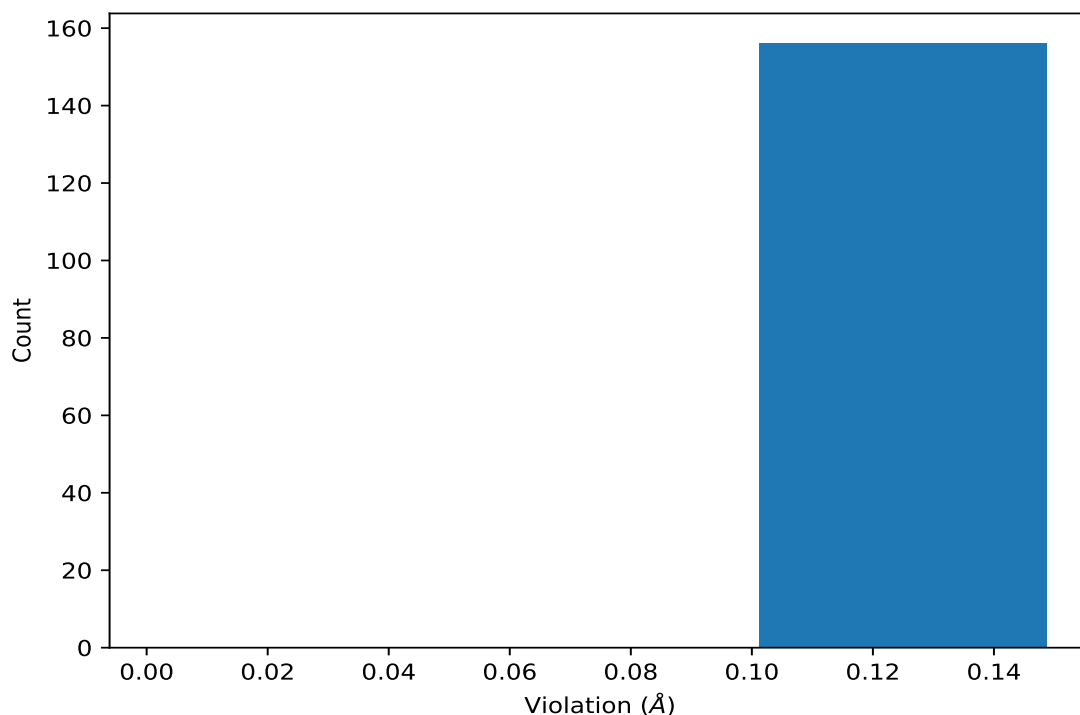
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Models <sup>1</sup>	Mean (Å)	SD <sup>1</sup> (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG22	2	0.11	0.01	0.11
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG23	2	0.11	0.01	0.11
(1,155)	1:394:A:GLN:HB2	1:395:A:THR:HG21	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,155)	1:394:A:GLN:HB2	1:395:A:THR:HG22	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,155)	1:394:A:GLN:HB2	1:395:A:THR:HG23	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,155)	1:394:A:GLN:HB3	1:395:A:THR:HG21	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,155)	1:394:A:GLN:HB3	1:395:A:THR:HG22	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,155)	1:394:A:GLN:HB3	1:395:A:THR:HG23	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD11	1:387:A:LYS:HE2	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD11	1:387:A:LYS:HE3	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD12	1:387:A:LYS:HE2	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD12	1:387:A:LYS:HE3	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD13	1:387:A:LYS:HE2	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD13	1:387:A:LYS:HE3	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD21	1:387:A:LYS:HE2	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD21	1:387:A:LYS:HE3	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD22	1:387:A:LYS:HE2	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD22	1:387:A:LYS:HE3	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD23	1:387:A:LYS:HE2	2	0.11	0.0	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD23	1:387:A:LYS:HE3	2	0.11	0.0	0.11

<sup>1</sup>Number of violated models, <sup>2</sup>Standard deviation

## 9.5 All violated distance restraints [i](#)

### 9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



### 9.5.2 Table : All distance violations [i](#)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,1276)	1:405:A:ASP:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG11	17	0.12
(1,1276)	1:405:A:ASP:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG12	17	0.12
(1,1276)	1:405:A:ASP:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG13	17	0.12
(1,1276)	1:405:A:ASP:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG21	17	0.12
(1,1276)	1:405:A:ASP:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG22	17	0.12
(1,1276)	1:405:A:ASP:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG23	17	0.12
(1,1276)	1:405:A:ASP:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG11	17	0.12
(1,1276)	1:405:A:ASP:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG12	17	0.12
(1,1276)	1:405:A:ASP:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG13	17	0.12
(1,1276)	1:405:A:ASP:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG21	17	0.12
(1,1276)	1:405:A:ASP:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG22	17	0.12
(1,1276)	1:405:A:ASP:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG23	17	0.12
(1,1235)	1:383:A:LEU:HD11	1:384:A:SER:HB2	2	0.12
(1,1235)	1:383:A:LEU:HD11	1:384:A:SER:HB3	2	0.12
(1,1235)	1:383:A:LEU:HD12	1:384:A:SER:HB2	2	0.12
(1,1235)	1:383:A:LEU:HD12	1:384:A:SER:HB3	2	0.12

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,1235)	1:383:A:LEU:HD13	1:384:A:SER:HB2	2	0.12
(1,1235)	1:383:A:LEU:HD13	1:384:A:SER:HB3	2	0.12
(1,1235)	1:383:A:LEU:HD21	1:384:A:SER:HB2	2	0.12
(1,1235)	1:383:A:LEU:HD21	1:384:A:SER:HB3	2	0.12
(1,1235)	1:383:A:LEU:HD22	1:384:A:SER:HB2	2	0.12
(1,1235)	1:383:A:LEU:HD22	1:384:A:SER:HB3	2	0.12
(1,1235)	1:383:A:LEU:HD23	1:384:A:SER:HB2	2	0.12
(1,1235)	1:383:A:LEU:HD23	1:384:A:SER:HB3	2	0.12
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	13	0.12
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	13	0.12
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	13	0.12
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	13	0.12
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	13	0.12
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	13	0.12
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG11	9	0.12
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG12	9	0.12
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG13	9	0.12
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG21	9	0.12
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG22	9	0.12
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG23	9	0.12
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG11	9	0.12
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG12	9	0.12
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG13	9	0.12
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG21	9	0.12
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG22	9	0.12
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG23	9	0.12
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD11	1:387:A:LYS:HE2	15	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD11	1:387:A:LYS:HE3	15	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD12	1:387:A:LYS:HE2	15	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD12	1:387:A:LYS:HE3	15	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD13	1:387:A:LYS:HE2	15	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD13	1:387:A:LYS:HE3	15	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD21	1:387:A:LYS:HE2	15	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD21	1:387:A:LYS:HE3	15	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD22	1:387:A:LYS:HE2	15	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD22	1:387:A:LYS:HE3	15	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD23	1:387:A:LYS:HE2	15	0.11
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD23	1:387:A:LYS:HE3	15	0.11
(1,155)	1:394:A:GLN:HB2	1:395:A:THR:HG21	10	0.11
(1,155)	1:394:A:GLN:HB2	1:395:A:THR:HG22	10	0.11
(1,155)	1:394:A:GLN:HB2	1:395:A:THR:HG23	10	0.11
(1,155)	1:394:A:GLN:HB3	1:395:A:THR:HG21	10	0.11

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,155)	1:394:A:GLN:HB3	1:395:A:THR:HG22	10	0.11
(1,155)	1:394:A:GLN:HB3	1:395:A:THR:HG23	10	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	1	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	1	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	1	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	1	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	1	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	1	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	2	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	2	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	2	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	2	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	2	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	2	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	3	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	3	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	3	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	3	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	3	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	3	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	9	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	9	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	9	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	9	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	9	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	9	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	16	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	16	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	16	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	16	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	16	0.11
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	16	0.11
(1,45)	1:376:A:PRO:HD2	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	9	0.11
(1,45)	1:376:A:PRO:HD2	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	9	0.11
(1,45)	1:376:A:PRO:HD2	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	9	0.11
(1,45)	1:376:A:PRO:HD3	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	9	0.11
(1,45)	1:376:A:PRO:HD3	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	9	0.11
(1,45)	1:376:A:PRO:HD3	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	9	0.11
(1,1264)	1:400:A:ARG:HA	1:401:A:LEU:HD11	11	0.1
(1,1264)	1:400:A:ARG:HA	1:401:A:LEU:HD12	11	0.1
(1,1264)	1:400:A:ARG:HA	1:401:A:LEU:HD13	11	0.1
(1,1264)	1:400:A:ARG:HA	1:401:A:LEU:HD21	11	0.1

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,1264)	1:400:A:ARG:HA	1:401:A:LEU:HD22	11	0.1
(1,1264)	1:400:A:ARG:HA	1:401:A:LEU:HD23	11	0.1
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD11	1:387:A:LYS:HE2	18	0.1
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD11	1:387:A:LYS:HE3	18	0.1
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD12	1:387:A:LYS:HE2	18	0.1
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD12	1:387:A:LYS:HE3	18	0.1
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD13	1:387:A:LYS:HE2	18	0.1
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD13	1:387:A:LYS:HE3	18	0.1
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD21	1:387:A:LYS:HE2	18	0.1
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD21	1:387:A:LYS:HE3	18	0.1
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD22	1:387:A:LYS:HE2	18	0.1
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD22	1:387:A:LYS:HE3	18	0.1
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD23	1:387:A:LYS:HE2	18	0.1
(1,1238)	1:383:A:LEU:HD23	1:387:A:LYS:HE3	18	0.1
(1,155)	1:394:A:GLN:HB2	1:395:A:THR:HG21	3	0.1
(1,155)	1:394:A:GLN:HB2	1:395:A:THR:HG22	3	0.1
(1,155)	1:394:A:GLN:HB2	1:395:A:THR:HG23	3	0.1
(1,155)	1:394:A:GLN:HB3	1:395:A:THR:HG21	3	0.1
(1,155)	1:394:A:GLN:HB3	1:395:A:THR:HG22	3	0.1
(1,155)	1:394:A:GLN:HB3	1:395:A:THR:HG23	3	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	10	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	10	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	10	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	10	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	10	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	10	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	11	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	11	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	11	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	11	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	11	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	11	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	18	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	18	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	18	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	18	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	18	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	18	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	19	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG21	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	19	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	19	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG22	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	19	0.1

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD1	19	0.1
(1,51)	1:403:A:VAL:HG23	1:404:A:PHE:HD2	19	0.1
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG11	5	0.1
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG12	5	0.1
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG13	5	0.1
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG21	5	0.1
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG22	5	0.1
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB2	1:410:A:VAL:HG23	5	0.1
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG11	5	0.1
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG12	5	0.1
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG13	5	0.1
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG21	5	0.1
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG22	5	0.1
(1,12)	1:409:A:ASN:HB3	1:410:A:VAL:HG23	5	0.1

## 10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis [i](#)

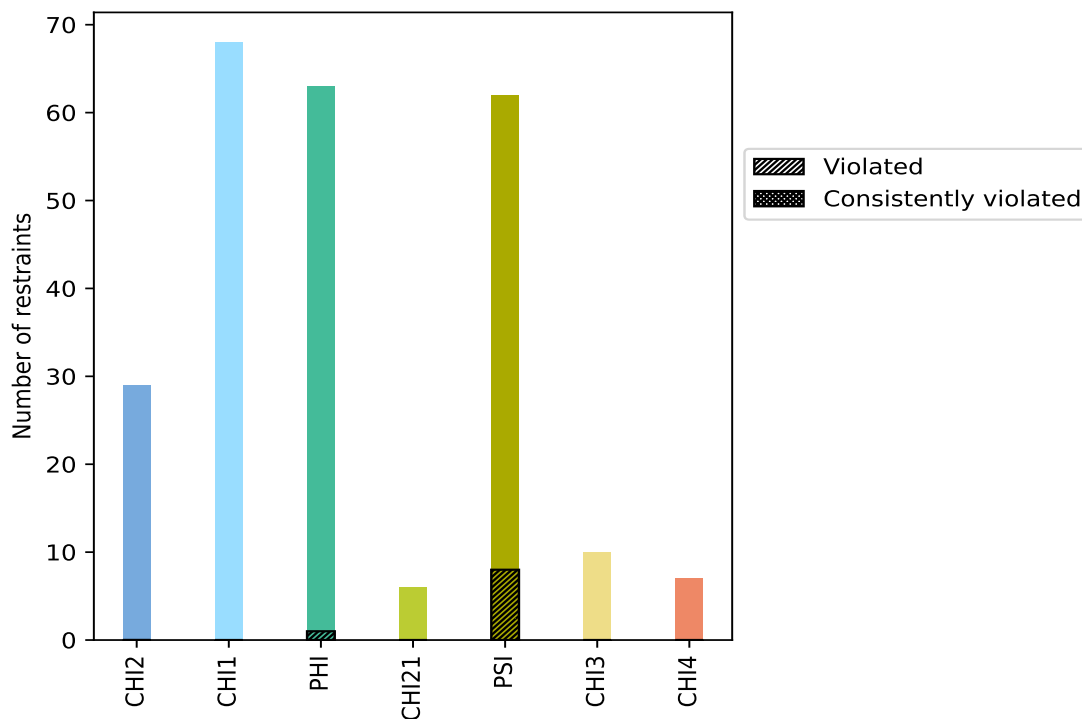
### 10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations [i](#)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Angle type	Count	% <sup>1</sup>	Violated <sup>3</sup>			Consistently Violated <sup>4</sup>		
			Count	% <sup>2</sup>	% <sup>1</sup>	Count	% <sup>2</sup>	% <sup>1</sup>
CHI2	29	11.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHI1	68	27.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PHI	63	25.7	1	1.6	0.4	0	0.0	0.0
CHI21	6	2.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
PSI	62	25.3	8	12.9	3.3	0	0.0	0.0
CHI3	10	4.1	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
CHI4	7	2.9	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	245	100.0	9	3.7	3.7	0	0.0	0.0

<sup>1</sup> percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, <sup>2</sup> percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, <sup>3</sup> violated in at least one model, <sup>4</sup> violated in all the models

#### 10.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations [i](#)



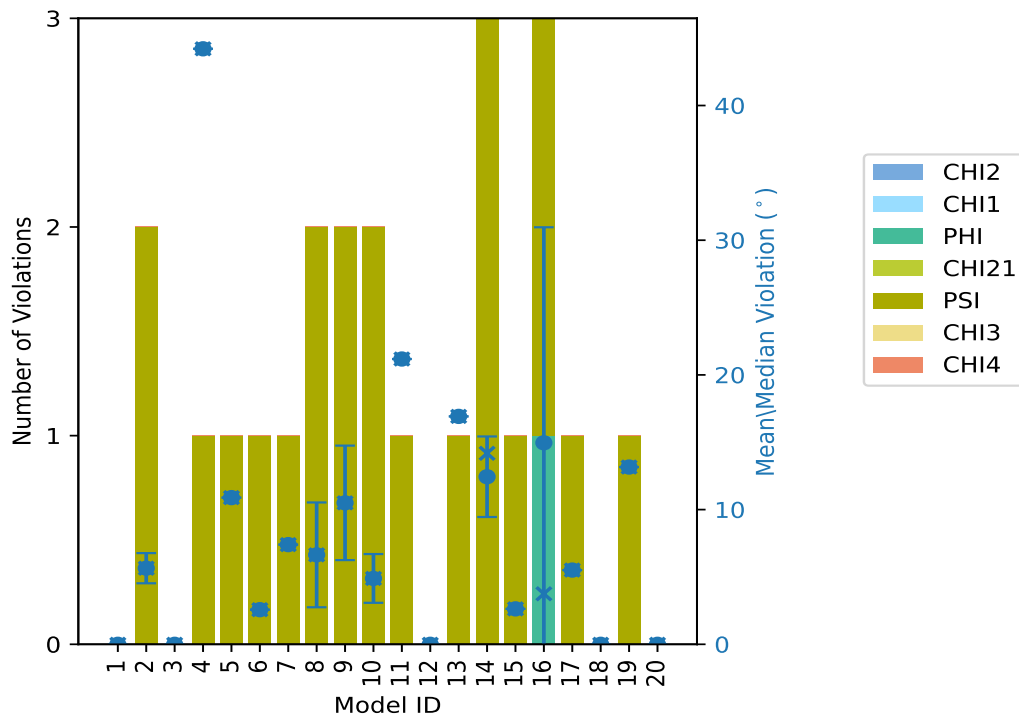
Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories

## 10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model [i](#)

The following table provides the dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 1° are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Number of violations							Total	Mean (°)	Max (°)	SD (°)	Median (°)
	CHI2	CHI1	PHI	CHI21	PSI	CHI3	CHI4					
1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
2	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	5.65	6.77	1.12	5.65
3	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
4	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	44.21	44.21	0.0	44.21
5	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	10.89	10.89	0.0	10.89
6	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2.57	2.57	0.0	2.57
7	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	7.4	7.4	0.0	7.4
8	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	6.64	10.53	3.89	6.64
9	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	10.5	14.75	4.25	10.5
10	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	4.89	6.7	1.81	4.89
11	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	21.18	21.18	0.0	21.18
12	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
13	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	16.92	16.92	0.0	16.92
14	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	3	12.44	14.9	2.99	14.18
15	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	2.63	2.63	0.0	2.63
16	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	3	14.96	37.58	16.0	3.75
17	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	5.51	5.51	0.0	5.51
18	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
19	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	13.16	13.16	0.0	13.16
20	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0

### 10.2.1 Bar graph : Dihedral violation statistics for each model [i](#)



The mean(dot),median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right



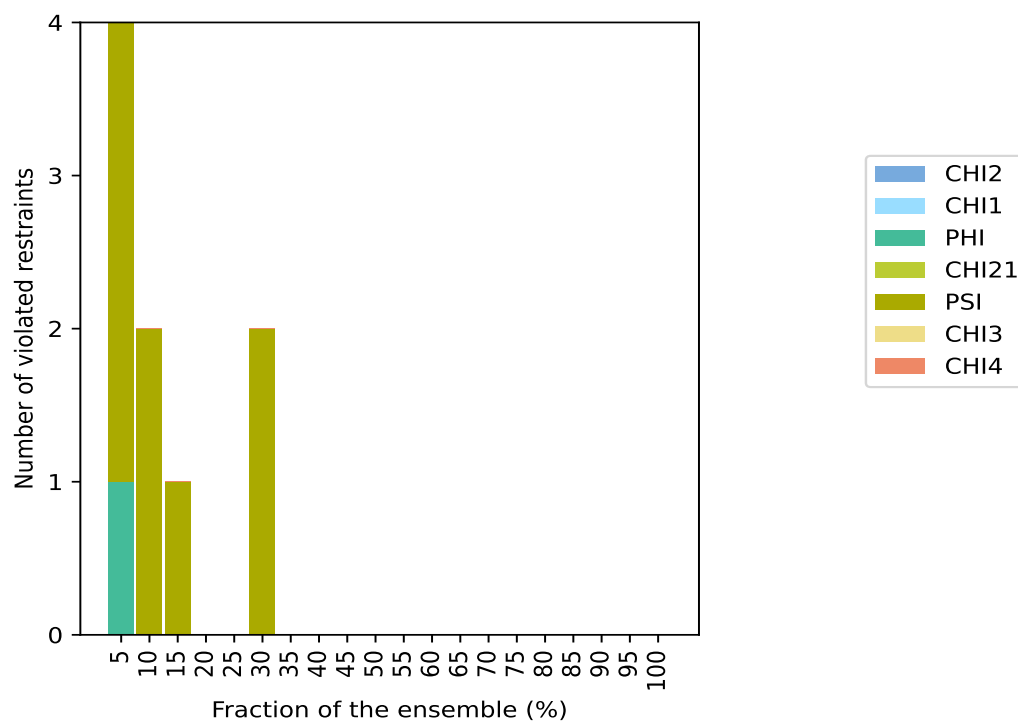
### 10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in very few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of ensemble.

Number of violated restraints								Fraction of the ensemble	
CHI2	CHI1	PHI	CHI21	PSI	CHI3	CHI4	Total	Count <sup>1</sup>	%
0	0	1	0	3	0	0	4	1	5.0
0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	2	10.0
0	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	3	15.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	4	20.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	5	25.0
0	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	6	30.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	7	35.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	8	40.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	9	45.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	10	50.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	11	55.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	12	60.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	13	65.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	14	70.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	15	75.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	16	80.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	17	85.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	18	90.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	19	95.0
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	20	100.0

<sup>1</sup> Number of models with violations

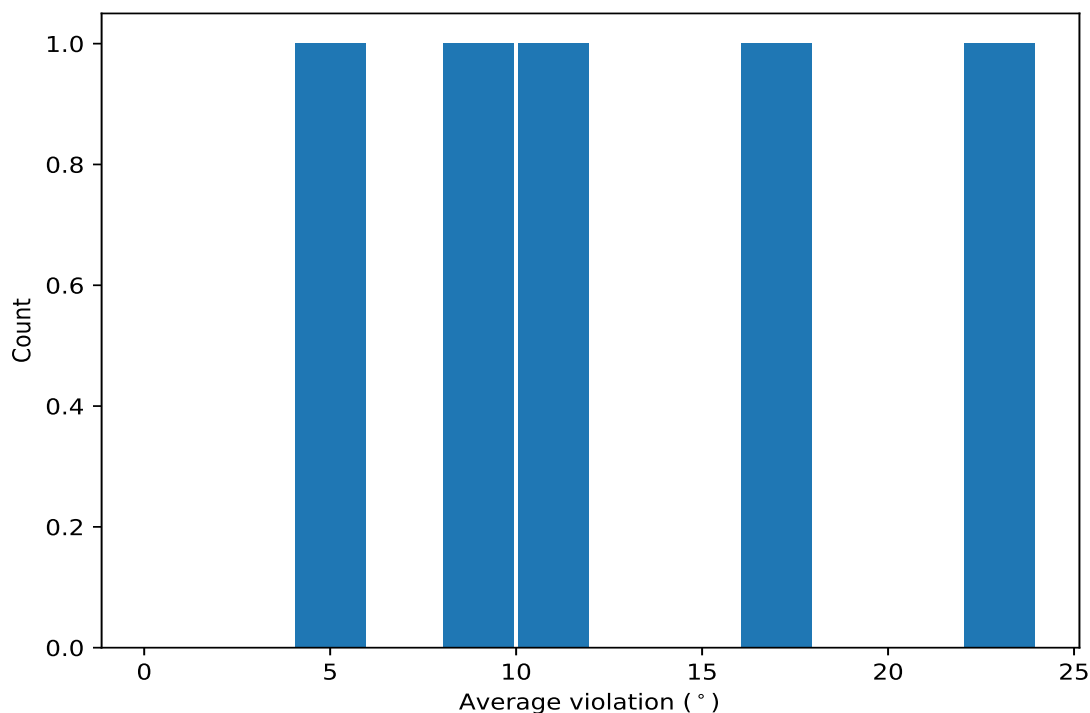
### 10.3.1 Bar graph : Dihedral-angle Violation statistics for the ensemble [i](#)



## 10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble [i](#)

### 10.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean dihedral-angle violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



#### 10.4.2 Table: Most violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Models <sup>1</sup>	Mean	SD <sup>2</sup>	Median
(1,54)	1:364:A:THR:N	1:364:A:THR:CA	1:364:A:THR:C	1:365:A:TRP:N	6	17.18	13.46	13.73
(1,110)	1:403:A:VAL:N	1:403:A:VAL:CA	1:403:A:VAL:C	1:404:A:PHE:N	6	5.87	4.36	3.8
(1,48)	1:361:A:ASN:N	1:361:A:ASN:CA	1:361:A:ASN:C	1:362:A:GLN:N	3	8.73	3.14	6.77
(1,16)	1:343:A:ALA:N	1:343:A:ALA:CA	1:343:A:ALA:C	1:344:A:ASN:N	2	22.9	14.68	22.9
(1,2)	1:336:A:ALA:N	1:336:A:ALA:CA	1:336:A:ALA:C	1:337:A:GLU:N	2	10.13	4.62	10.13

<sup>1</sup> Number of violated models, <sup>2</sup>Standard deviation, All angle values are in degree (°)

## 10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints [i](#)

### 10.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of violations [i](#)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



*Continued from previous page...*

<b>Key</b>	<b>Atom-1</b>	<b>Atom-2</b>	<b>Atom-3</b>	<b>Atom-4</b>	<b>Model ID</b>	<b>Violation (°)</b>
(1,122)	1:410:A:VAL:N	1:410:A:VAL:CA	1:410:A:VAL:C	1:411:A:VAL:N	15	2.63
(1,110)	1:403:A:VAL:N	1:403:A:VAL:CA	1:403:A:VAL:C	1:404:A:PHE:N	6	2.57