



Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Jun 24, 2024 – 05:16 AM EDT

PDB ID : 6AGP
BMRB ID : 36206
Title : Structure of Rac1 in the low-affinity state for Mg²⁺
Authors : Toyama, Y.; Kontani, K.; Katada, T.; Shimada, I.
Deposited on : 2018-08-13

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with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI : v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

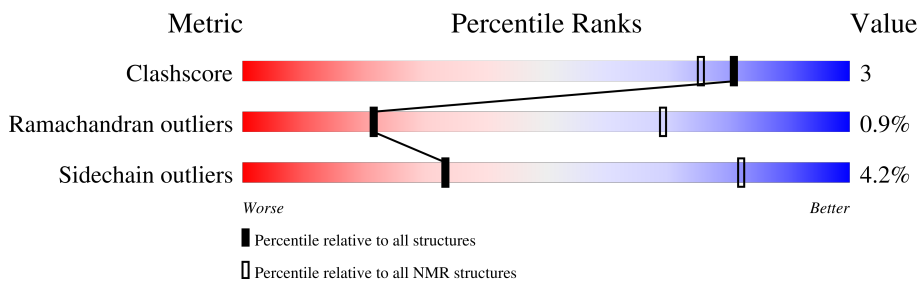
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 25%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	181	

2 Ensemble composition and analysis

This entry contains 20 models. Model 8 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues			
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model
1	A:1-A:24, A:46-A:181 (160)	0.06	8

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 4 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	9, 10, 11, 13, 15, 16, 18, 20
2	2, 4, 6, 8, 12, 14, 17
3	1, 3, 5
4	7, 19

3 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2867 atoms, of which 1437 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

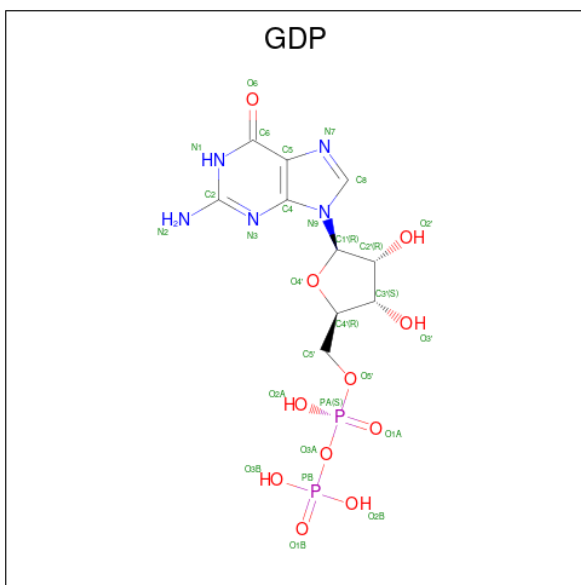
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
			Total	C	H	N	O		S
1	A	181	2825	899	1424	231	258	13	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	31	CYS	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P63000
A	63	CYS	ASP	engineered mutation	UNP P63000
A	74	CYS	GLN	engineered mutation	UNP P63000
A	160	CYS	LEU	engineered mutation	UNP P63000

- Molecule 2 is GUANOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GDP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{11}P_2$).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					
			Total	C	H	N	O	P
2	A	1	41	10	13	5	11	2

- Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

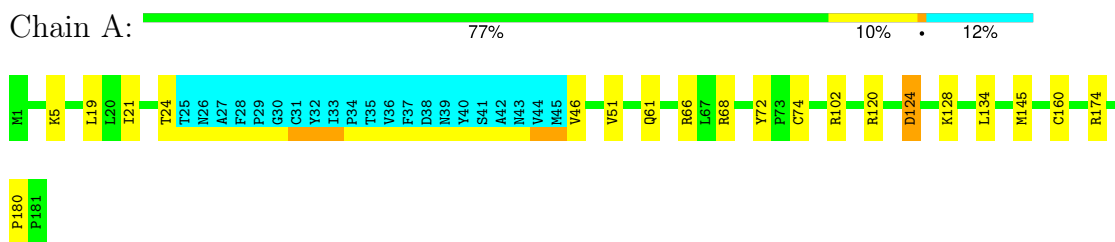
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
			Total	Mg
3	A	1	1	1

4 Residue-property plots

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1

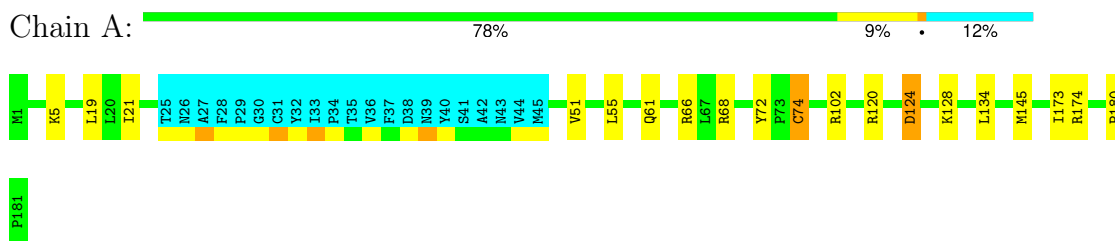


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

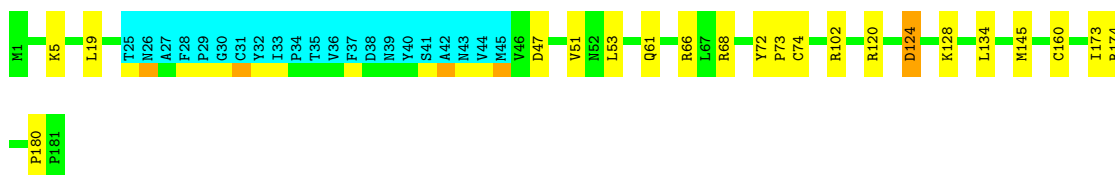
- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1

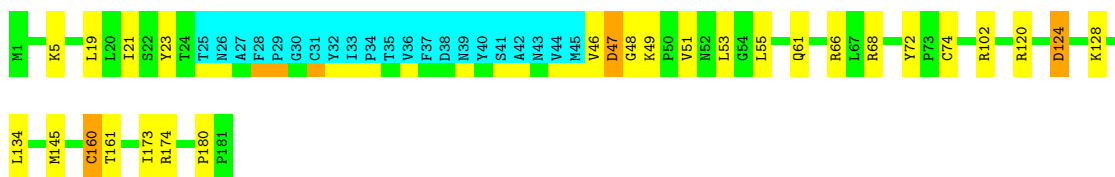




4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1

Chain A: 73% 13% 12%



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1

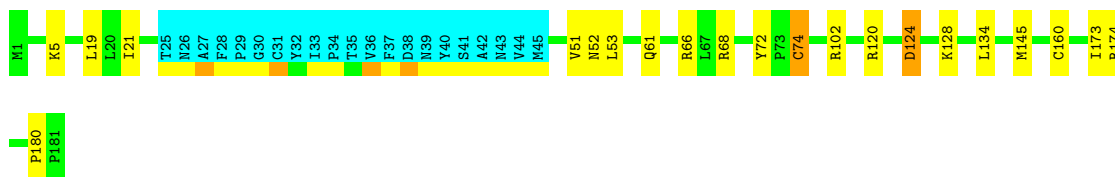
Chain A: 79% 9% 12%



4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1

Chain A: 77% 10% 12%



4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1

Chain A: 76% 11% 12%



4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1

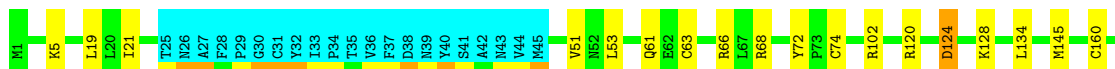
Chain A: 78% 9% 12%



4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8 (medoid)

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1

Chain A: 77% 10% 12%



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1

Chain A: 73% 14% 12%



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1

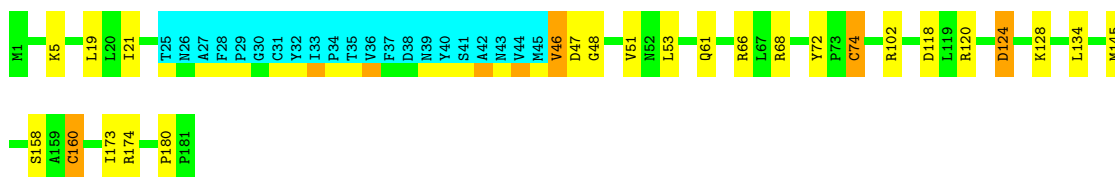
Chain A: 75% 13% 12%



4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1

Chain A: 75% 12% 12%



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1

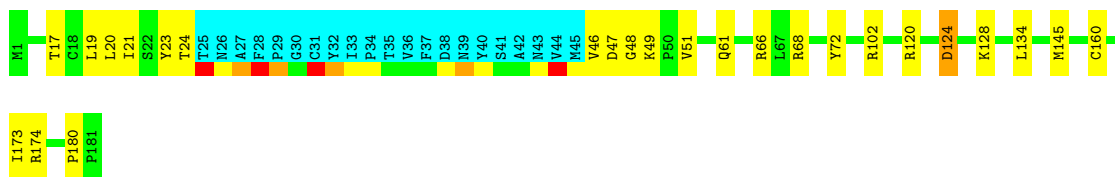
Chain A: 78% 9% 12%



4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1

Chain A: 75% 13% 12%



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1

Chain A: 77% 11% 12%



4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1

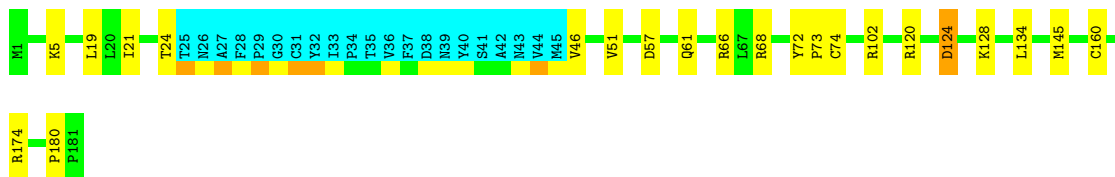
Chain A: 75% 12% 12%



4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1

Chain A: 76% 12% 12%



4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1

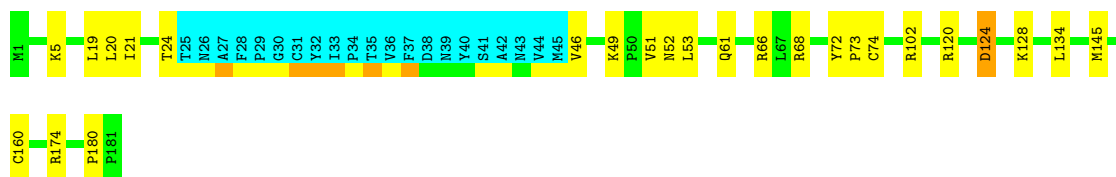
Chain A: 78% 9% 12%



4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1

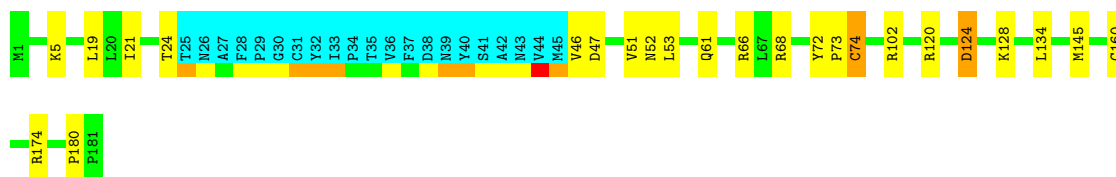
Chain A: 75% 13% 12%



4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1

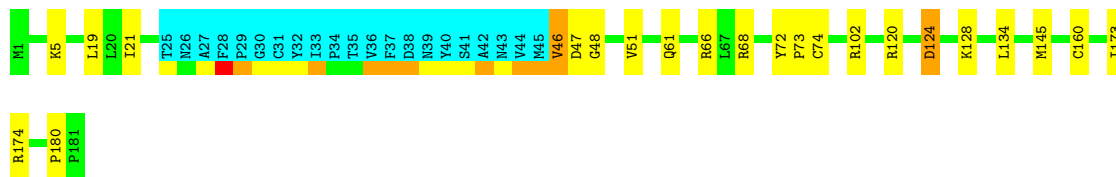
Chain A: 75% 12% 12%



4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20

- Molecule 1: Ras-related C3 botulinum toxin substrate 1

Chain A: 76% 12% 12%



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR NIH	structure calculation	
X-PLOR NIH	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	603
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	603
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	25%

6 Model quality [i](#)

6.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, GDP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.69±0.00	0±0/1266 (0.0± 0.0%)	1.12±0.00	9±0/1720 (0.5± 0.0%)
All	All	0.69	0/25320 (0.0%)	1.12	180/34400 (0.5%)

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	72	TYR	CB-CG-CD1	-8.66	115.80	121.00	1	20
1	A	72	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	8.47	126.08	121.00	1	20
1	A	102	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.21	124.40	120.30	14	20
1	A	68	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.92	124.26	120.30	14	20
1	A	68	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.61	116.99	120.30	1	20
1	A	174	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.19	117.21	120.30	1	20
1	A	120	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.10	123.35	120.30	14	20
1	A	174	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	5.29	122.94	120.30	1	20
1	A	145	MET	CG-SD-CE	-5.10	92.05	100.20	14	20

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1239	1277	1274	7±3
2	A	28	13	12	3±2
All	All	25360	25800	25720	132

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:160:CYS:SG	2:A:201:GDP:C6	0.98	2.57	5	15
1:A:160:CYS:SG	2:A:201:GDP:N1	0.89	2.45	11	15
1:A:24:THR:HG23	1:A:24:THR:O	0.81	1.76	15	1
1:A:46:VAL:O	1:A:48:GLY:N	0.73	2.21	3	5
1:A:20:LEU:O	1:A:24:THR:HG23	0.72	1.83	6	2
1:A:46:VAL:HG12	1:A:47:ASP:H	0.69	1.47	15	1
1:A:46:VAL:CG2	1:A:49:LYS:O	0.68	2.41	9	2
1:A:74:CYS:SG	1:A:74:CYS:O	0.65	2.54	19	1
1:A:24:THR:O	1:A:24:THR:CG2	0.62	2.48	15	1
1:A:21:ILE:O	1:A:24:THR:OG1	0.60	2.20	13	1
1:A:20:LEU:O	1:A:24:THR:HG22	0.59	1.98	15	2
1:A:160:CYS:SG	1:A:161:THR:N	0.58	2.76	15	2
1:A:160:CYS:SG	1:A:161:THR:HG23	0.58	2.39	15	2
1:A:158:SER:OG	1:A:160:CYS:SG	0.57	2.56	11	1
1:A:73:PRO:O	1:A:74:CYS:SG	0.57	2.63	19	1
1:A:160:CYS:SG	2:A:201:GDP:C2	0.55	2.99	5	12
1:A:118:ASP:CG	1:A:160:CYS:SG	0.54	2.86	11	1
1:A:23:TYR:O	1:A:24:THR:C	0.54	2.46	13	1
1:A:5:LYS:HD3	1:A:74:CYS:SG	0.54	2.43	19	1
1:A:21:ILE:O	1:A:24:THR:O	0.52	2.27	19	2
1:A:46:VAL:CG2	1:A:49:LYS:HB2	0.50	2.37	13	3
1:A:46:VAL:HG22	1:A:49:LYS:O	0.50	2.05	9	1
1:A:47:ASP:O	1:A:47:ASP:OD1	0.50	2.30	3	3
1:A:5:LYS:HD3	1:A:74:CYS:O	0.50	2.06	14	12
1:A:160:CYS:SG	2:A:201:GDP:C5	0.47	3.08	5	9
1:A:118:ASP:OD1	1:A:160:CYS:SG	0.46	2.73	11	1
1:A:46:VAL:HG23	1:A:49:LYS:HB2	0.46	1.86	13	1
1:A:73:PRO:O	1:A:74:CYS:HB2	0.45	2.11	9	8
1:A:46:VAL:HG23	1:A:49:LYS:O	0.45	2.10	13	1
1:A:5:LYS:CD	1:A:74:CYS:SG	0.44	3.05	19	1
1:A:46:VAL:HG12	1:A:47:ASP:N	0.43	2.28	3	1
1:A:46:VAL:HB	1:A:49:LYS:HB2	0.42	1.92	3	1
1:A:124:ASP:OD2	1:A:128:LYS:NZ	0.41	2.54	1	20

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
				Worst	Total
1:A:46:VAL:HG22	1:A:47:ASP:N	0.41	2.31	19	1

6.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

6.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	158/181 (87%)	152±1 (96±1%)	4±1 (3±0%)	1±0 (1±0%)	21	69
All	All	3160/3620 (87%)	3048 (96%)	85 (3%)	27 (1%)	21	69

All 4 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	180	PRO	20
1	A	47	ASP	5
1	A	46	VAL	1
1	A	24	THR	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	139/157 (89%)	133±1 (96±1%)	6±1 (4±1%)	33	82
All	All	2780/3140 (89%)	2662 (96%)	118 (4%)	33	82

All 10 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	19	LEU	20
1	A	61	GLN	20
1	A	66	ARG	20
1	A	124	ASP	20
1	A	134	LEU	20
1	A	74	CYS	9
1	A	160	CYS	4
1	A	46	VAL	3
1	A	63	CYS	1
1	A	24	THR	1

6.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 1 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	GDP	A	201	3	25,30,30	3.13±0.00	11±0 (44±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles

that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	Bond angles	
						RMSZ	#Z>2
2	GDP	A	201	3	30,47,47	3.13±0.00	10±0 (33±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GDP	A	201	3	-	0±0,12,32,32	0±0,3,3,3

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	201	GDP	O4'-C1'	7.58	1.50	1.40	1	20
2	A	201	GDP	PA-O3A	7.11	1.67	1.59	1	20
2	A	201	GDP	O6-C6	4.76	1.34	1.23	1	20
2	A	201	GDP	C2-N1	4.52	1.48	1.37	1	20
2	A	201	GDP	C8-N7	4.29	1.41	1.34	1	20
2	A	201	GDP	PB-O2B	4.08	1.39	1.54	1	20
2	A	201	GDP	C5-C6	3.47	1.40	1.47	1	20
2	A	201	GDP	C2-N3	3.00	1.25	1.33	14	20
2	A	201	GDP	O4'-C4'	2.96	1.51	1.45	1	20
2	A	201	GDP	PB-O3B	2.49	1.64	1.54	14	20
2	A	201	GDP	C6-N1	2.30	1.34	1.37	1	20
2	A	201	GDP	C3'-C4'	2.00	1.58	1.53	4	1

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	201	GDP	C8-N7-C5	10.99	121.27	102.55	14	20
2	A	201	GDP	N2-C2-N3	6.14	131.66	119.67	4	20
2	A	201	GDP	C5-C6-N1	5.55	124.67	114.07	1	20
2	A	201	GDP	C4'-O4'-C1'	4.39	113.95	109.92	14	20

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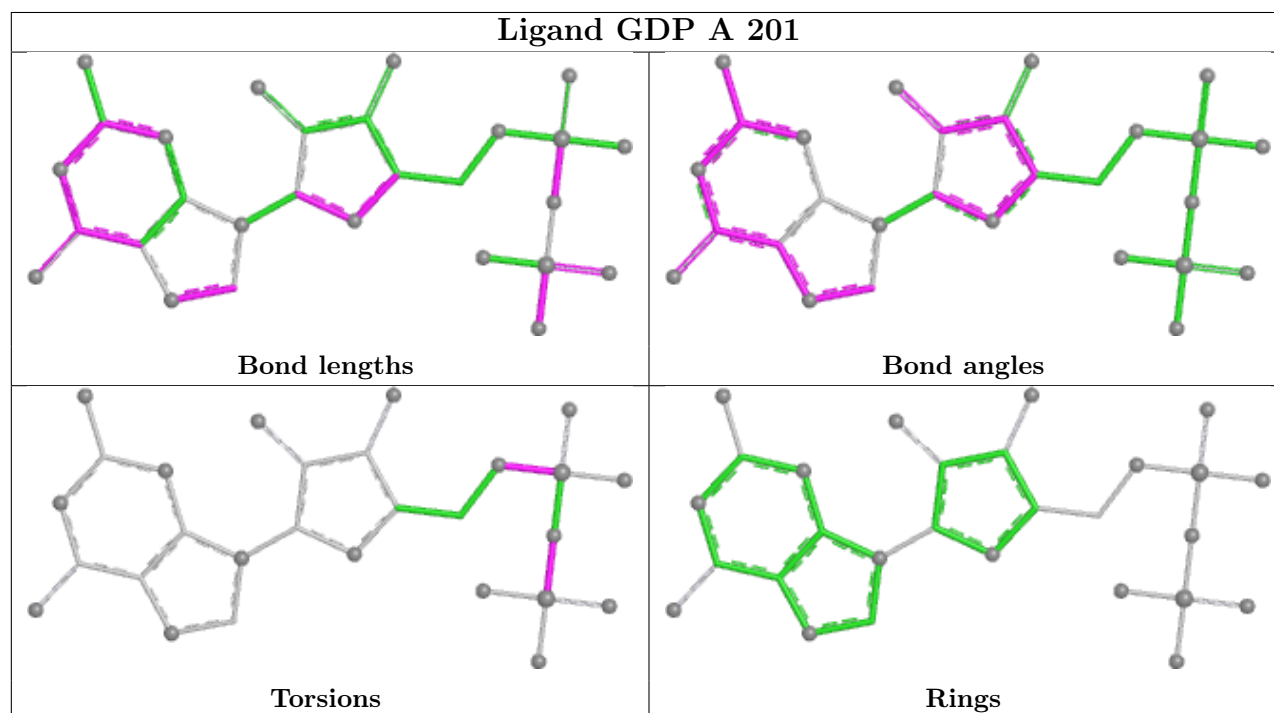
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	A	201	GDP	O6-C6-C5	4.15	116.10	124.32	14	20
2	A	201	GDP	N2-C2-N1	4.08	108.16	116.76	4	20
2	A	201	GDP	C2-N1-C6	3.97	117.84	125.11	1	20
2	A	201	GDP	C2'-C3'-C4'	2.70	107.82	102.61	4	20
2	A	201	GDP	O2'-C2'-C3'	2.53	119.93	111.82	1	20
2	A	201	GDP	O4'-C4'-C3'	2.05	101.08	105.15	4	20

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



6.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation i

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 25% for the well-defined parts and 25% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: starch_output

7.1.1 Bookkeeping i

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	603
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	603
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing i

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	Correction \pm precision, ppm	Suggested action
$^{13}\text{C}_\alpha$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
$^{13}\text{C}_\beta$	13	—	None (insufficient data)
$^{13}\text{C}'$	0	—	None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	139	0.83 ± 0.26	Should be applied

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments i

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 25%, i.e. 548 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2175. 0 out of 31 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	^1H	^{13}C	^{15}N
Backbone	255/786 (32%)	127/318 (40%)	0/320 (0%)	128/148 (86%)
Sidechain	289/1255 (23%)	216/822 (26%)	73/392 (19%)	0/41 (0%)

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	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Aromatic	4/134 (3%)	2/64 (3%)	0/64 (0%)	2/6 (33%)
Overall	548/2175 (25%)	345/1204 (29%)	73/776 (9%)	130/195 (67%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 25%, i.e. 602 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2439. 0 out of 33 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	¹ H	¹³ C	¹⁵ N
Backbone	277/888 (31%)	138/359 (38%)	0/362 (0%)	139/167 (83%)
Sidechain	321/1379 (23%)	240/904 (27%)	81/431 (19%)	0/44 (0%)
Aromatic	4/172 (2%)	2/82 (2%)	0/84 (0%)	2/6 (33%)
Overall	602/2439 (25%)	380/1345 (28%)	81/877 (9%)	141/217 (65%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts [i](#)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots [i](#)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

