

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 17, 2024 – 06:58 AM EDT

PDB ID : 50EO BMRB ID : 34161

Title: Solution structure of the complex of TRPV5(655-725) with a Calmodulin

E32Q/E68Q double mutant

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Deposited on : 2017-07-09

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

wwPDB-RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

wwPDB-ShiftChecker : v1.2

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

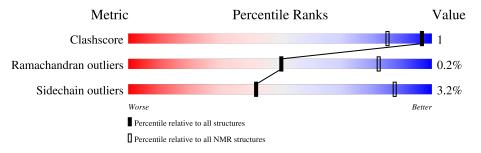
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 77%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	NMR archive
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	A	150	85%	•	13%
2	С	73	16% • 82%		



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 1 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models).

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues					
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model		
1	A:7-A:73 (67)	1.24	7		
2	A:84-A:146, C:698-C:710 (76)	0.98	1		

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 6 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	1, 3, 5, 6
2	10, 13, 16, 18
3	8, 11, 14
4	2, 7, 20
5	9, 19
6	4, 12
Single-model clusters	15; 17



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3347 atoms, of which 1623 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Calmodulin-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			Trace			
1	Λ	150	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0
1	A	150	2294	722	1114	192	256	10	U

There are 3 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
Α	-1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P0DP23
A	31	GLN	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P0DP23
A	67	GLN	GLU	engineered mutation	UNP P0DP23

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Transient receptor potential cation channel subfamily V member 5.

	Mol	Chain	Residues		A	toms			Trace
Γ	9	С	72	Total	С	Н	N	О	0
	Z	C	13	1051	320	509	101	121	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
С	653	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQA5
С	654	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP Q9NQA5

• Molecule 3 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	
3	A	2	Total Ca	
9			2 2	

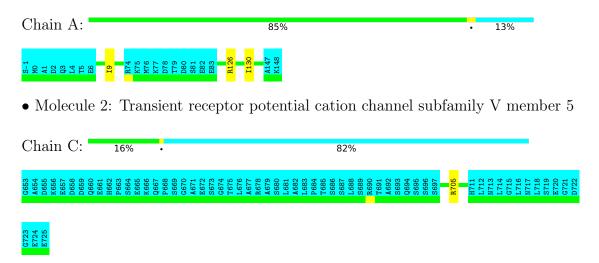


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1

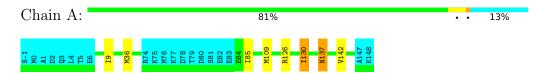


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1 (medoid)

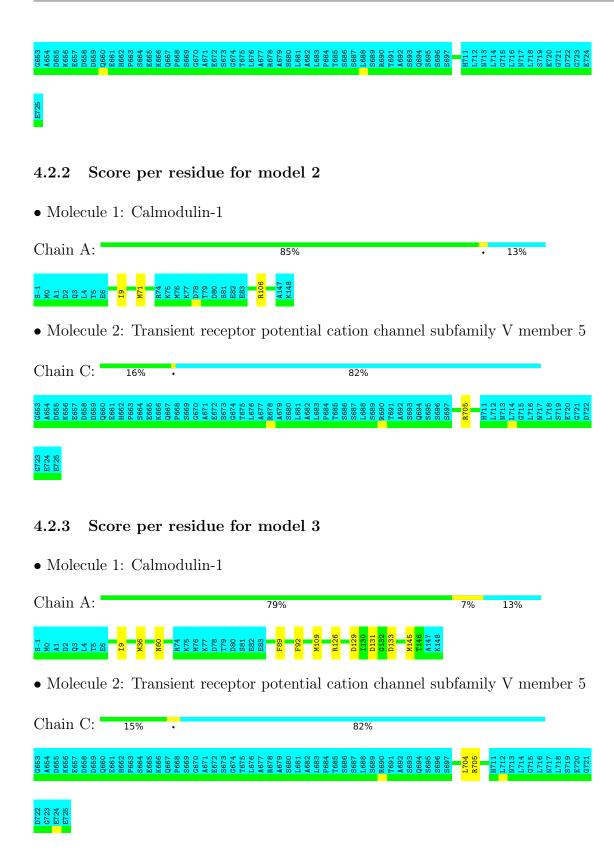
• Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1



• Molecule 2: Transient receptor potential cation channel subfamily V member 5

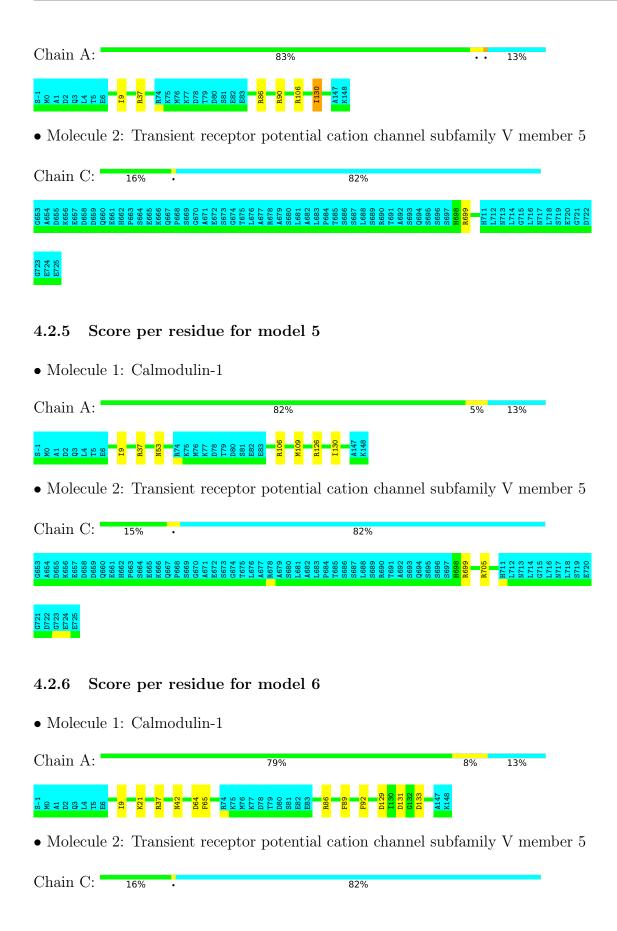
Chain C: 18% 82%



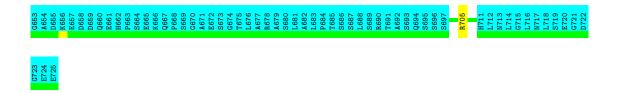


4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4









4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

• Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1



• Molecule 2: Transient receptor potential cation channel subfamily V member 5

Chain C: 16% 85%

Chair C: 16% 85%

See 1 16% 85%

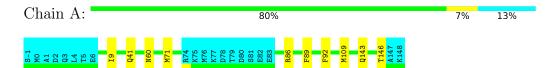
Chair C: 16%

Chair C

G723 E724 E725

4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1



• Molecule 2: Transient receptor potential cation channel subfamily V member 5

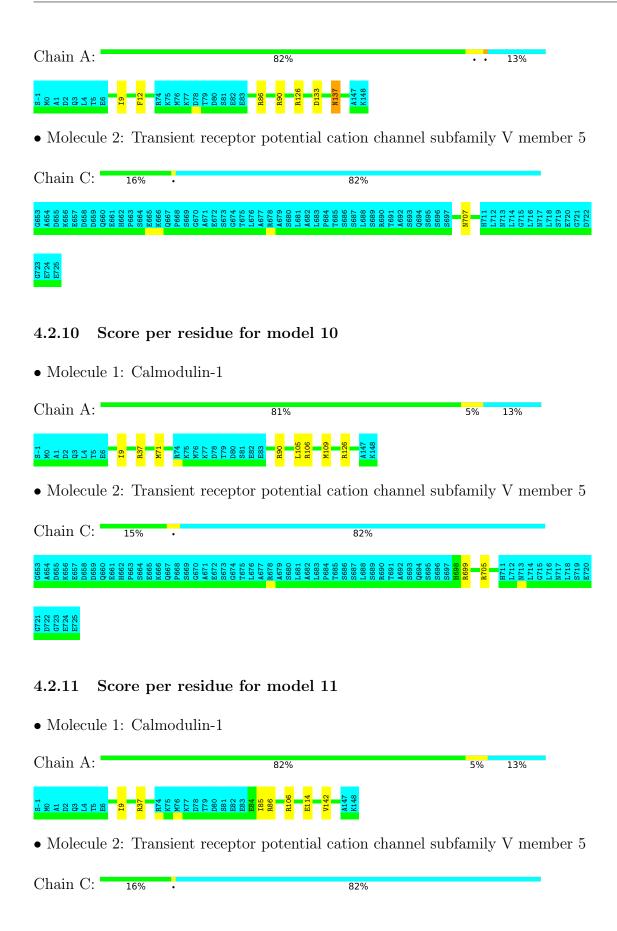




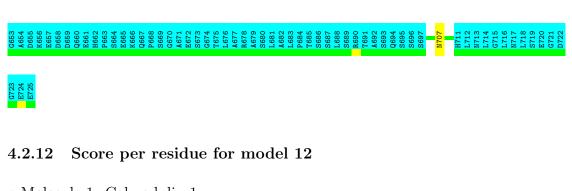
E720 G721 D722 G723 E724

4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9









• Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1

Chain A: 83% . 13%

• Molecule 2: Transient receptor potential cation channel subfamily V member 5

Chain C: 15% . 82%

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G721 D722 G723 E724 E725

4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1

Chain A: 81% 5% · 13%

 \bullet Molecule 2: Transient receptor potential cation channel subfamily V member 5

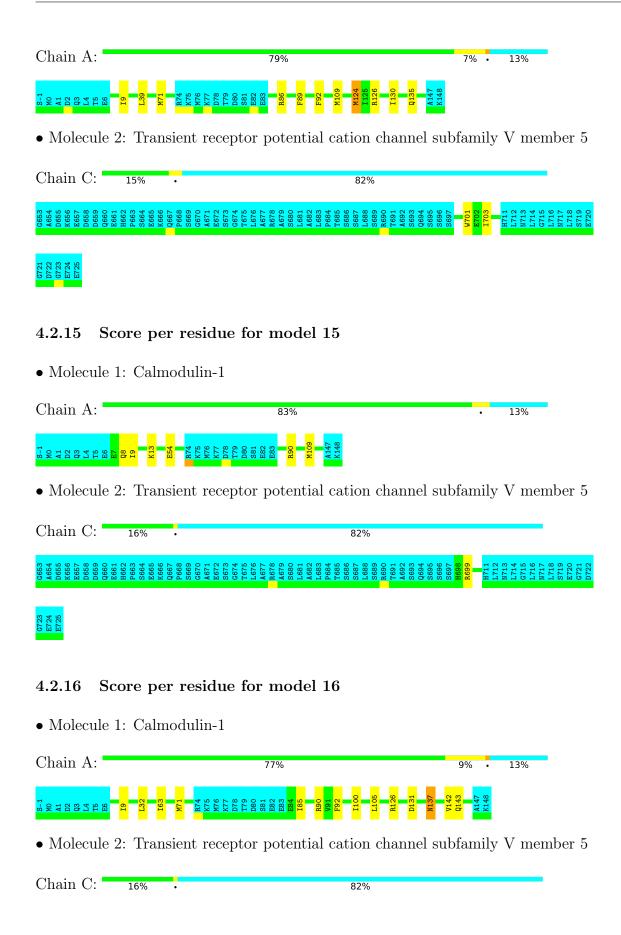
Chain C: 16% . 82%

| Company | Comp

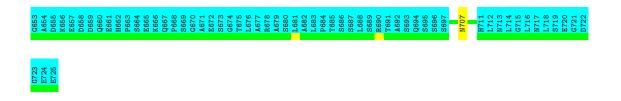
G723 E724 E725

4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14









4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

• Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1

Chain A: 83% . 13%

• Molecule 2: Transient receptor potential cation channel subfamily V member 5

Chain C: 15% · 82%

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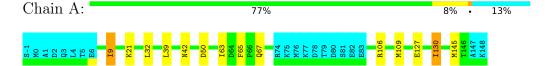
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G721 D722 G723 E724 E725

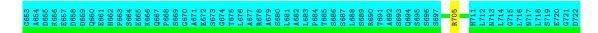
4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: Calmodulin-1



• Molecule 2: Transient receptor potential cation channel subfamily V member 5

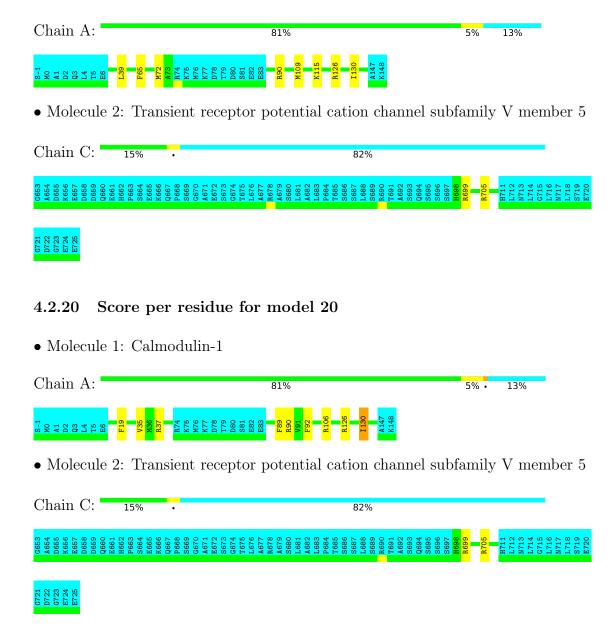
Chain C: 16% . 82%



G723 E724 E725

4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19







Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: simulated annealing, molecular dynamics.

Of the 120 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the lowest energy.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure calculation	3.97
YASARA	refinement	15.6

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	1766
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1766
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	77%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles		
Mol Chai	Chain	RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	A	0.82 ± 0.02	$0\pm0/1034~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	0.89 ± 0.03	$3\pm 2/1392$ ($0.2\pm~0.1\%$)	
2	С	0.85 ± 0.07	$0\pm0/114~(~0.0\pm~0.0\%)$	1.12 ± 0.09	$1\pm1/154~(~0.7\pm~0.6\%)$	
All	All	0.83	0/22960~(~0.0%)	0.91	82/30920 (0.3%)	

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

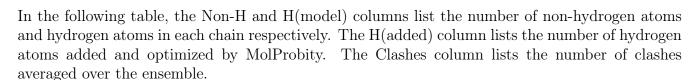
Mol	Chain	Res	Trino	Atoma	\mathbf{z}	Observed(0)	Ideal(0)	Mod	dels
MIOI	Chain	nes	Type	Atoms		$igcup_{oldsymbol{\mathrm{Observed}}(^o)}$	$\operatorname{Ideal}(^{o})$	Worst	Total
1	A	126	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.67	124.64	120.30	20	11
2	С	705	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.02	124.31	120.30	5	12
1	A	86	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.90	124.25	120.30	8	8
2	С	699	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.76	124.18	120.30	19	9
1	A	90	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.70	124.15	120.30	15	8
1	A	106	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.50	124.05	120.30	20	10
1	A	37	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.40	124.00	120.30	20	8
1	A	129	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-7.26	111.77	118.30	3	1
2	С	705	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.70	116.95	120.30	3	1
1	A	129	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.25	123.93	118.30	6	2
1	A	131	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.20	123.88	118.30	7	2
1	A	37	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.96	117.32	120.30	10	1
1	A	131	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-5.76	113.12	118.30	16	1
1	A	126	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.62	117.49	120.30	5	1
1	A	86	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.61	117.50	120.30	6	1
1	A	65	PHE	C-N-CD	5.48	139.90	128.40	19	1
1	A	90	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.37	117.62	120.30	16	1
1	A	50	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.31	123.08	118.30	18	1
1	A	106	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.27	117.67	120.30	20	1
1	A	133	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	5.24	123.02	118.30	9	1
2	С	699	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.24	117.68	120.30	20	1



There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1021	959	959	2±1
2	С	111	109	109	0±0
All	All	22680	21360	21360	32

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 1.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:131:ASP:OD2	1:A:133:ASP:OD2	0.73	2.07	6	1
1:A:129:ASP:OD1	1:A:131:ASP:OD2	0.62	2.17	13	1
1:A:85:ILE:HG21	1:A:142:VAL:HG22	0.56	1.78	16	3
1:A:19:PHE:CD1	1:A:35:VAL:HG22	0.54	2.38	20	1
1:A:92:PHE:CE2	1:A:100:ILE:HG23	0.51	2.40	16	1
1:A:131:ASP:OD2	1:A:133:ASP:OD1	0.49	2.30	3	1
1:A:92:PHE:CD1	2:C:704:LEU:HD11	0.48	2.43	8	1
1:A:89:PHE:HA	1:A:92:PHE:CE2	0.47	2.45	20	4
1:A:92:PHE:CZ	1:A:100:ILE:HG23	0.46	2.46	16	1
1:A:89:PHE:HA	1:A:92:PHE:CE1	0.46	2.46	3	3
1:A:137:ASN:C	1:A:137:ASN:HD22	0.46	2.13	16	5
1:A:130:ILE:H	1:A:130:ILE:HD13	0.45	1.72	20	4
1:A:143:GLN:HA	1:A:146:THR:HG22	0.43	1.90	8	1
1:A:124:MET:SD	2:C:701:TRP:CD1	0.43	3.12	14	1
1:A:9:ILE:HD12	1:A:12:PHE:CZ	0.42	2.48	7	1
1:A:9:ILE:HA	1:A:12:PHE:CE1	0.42	2.50	9	1
1:A:32:LEU:HD22	1:A:63:ILE:HD13	0.41	1.91	16	1
1:A:32:LEU:HD12	1:A:63:ILE:HD11	0.40	1.93	18	1



6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	130/150 (87%)	128±1 (99±1%)	1±1 (1±1%)	0±1 (0±1%)	50	82
2	С	13/73 (18%)	13±0 (100±2%)	0±0 (0±2%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	2860/4460 (64%)	2825 (99%)	29 (1%)	6 (0%)	50	82

All 4 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	42	ASN	2
1	A	65	PHE	2
1	A	64	ASP	1
1	A	130	ILE	1

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Perce	ntiles
1	A	110/128 (86%)	106±2 (97±2%)	4±2 (3±2%)	42	88
2	С	11/59 (19%)	11±0 (97±4%)	0±0 (3±4%)	42	88
All	All	2420/3740 (65%)	2342 (97%)	78 (3%)	42	88

All 29 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	9	ILE	16
1	A	109	MET	9
1	A	130	ILE	6

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	137	ASN	5
1	A	71	MET	5
1	A	39	LEU	4
1	A	36	MET	3
2	С	707	ASN	3
2	С	705	ARG	2
1	A	60	ASN	2
1	A	145	MET	2
1	A	21	LYS	2
1	A	105	LEU	2
1	A	13	LYS	2
2	С	704	LEU	1
1	A	53	ASN	1
1	A	41	GLN	1
1	A	114	GLU	1
1	A	111	ASN	1
1	A	124	MET	1
1	A	135	GLN	1
2	С	703	ILE	1
1	A	8	GLN	1
1	A	54	GLU	1
1	A	143	GLN	1
1	A	67	GLN	1
1	A	127	GLU	1
1	A	72	MET	1
1	A	115	LYS	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 77% for the well-defined parts and 62% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: nef_chemical_shift_list_ShiftList_1-final.prot

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	1766
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1766
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	1

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction} \pm {\rm precision}, ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}\mathrm{C}_{\alpha}$	153	-1.22 ± 0.08	Should be checked
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	152	-0.73 ± 0.03	Should be checked
¹³ C′	0		None (insufficient data)
^{15}N	170	0.21 ± 0.30	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 77%, i.e. 1473 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1908. 0 out of 17 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	544/724 (75%)	$281/297 \ (95\%)$	126/286 (44%)	137/141 (97%)
Sidechain	864/1060 (82%)	597/680 (88%)	257/339 (76%)	10/41 (24%)

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	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Aromatic	65/124 (52%)	44/62 (71%)	20/59 (34%)	1/3 (33%)
Overall	1473/1908 (77%)	922/1039 (89%)	403/684 (59%)	148/185 (80%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 62%, i.e. 1766 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 2867. 0 out of 26 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	667/1124 (59%)	344/460 (75%)	153/446 (34%)	170/218 (78%)
Sidechain	1034/1605 (64%)	715/1028 (70%)	309/516 (60%)	10/61 (16%)
Aromatic	65/138 (47%)	44/70 (63%)	20/63~(32%)	1/5~(20%)
Overall	1766/2867 (62%)	1103/1558 (71%)	482/1025 (47%)	181/284 (64%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

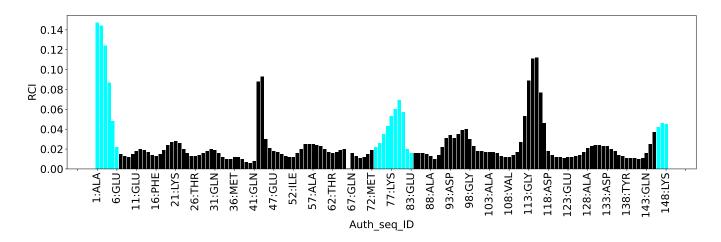
List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	39	LEU	HA	1.96	2.04 - 6.55	-5.2

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





Random coil index (RCI) for chain C:

