

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

Oct 28, 2024 – 12:22 pm GMT

PDB ID : 5A8Y

Title: Crystal Structure of human neutrophil elastase in complex with a dihydropy-

rimidone inhibitor

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Deposited on : 2015-07-17

Resolution : 1.90 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

 $Mol Probity \quad : \quad 4.02b\text{--}467$

Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13

EDS : 3.0

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

CCP4 : 9.0.003 (Gargrove)

 $Density-Fitness \quad : \quad 1.0.11$

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

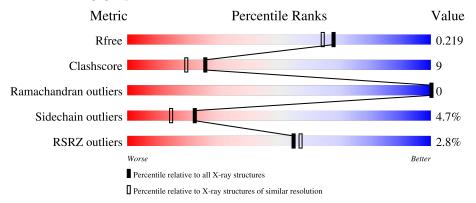


1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.90 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}({\rm \AA})) \end{array}$
R_{free}	164625	7293 (1.90-1.90)
Clashscore	180529	8090 (1.90-1.90)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	8022 (1.90-1.90)
Sidechain outliers	177891	8022 (1.90-1.90)
RSRZ outliers	164620	7292 (1.90-1.90)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	218	83%		12%	•••		
2	В	3	33%	67%				
3	С	2	50%	50%				



2 Entry composition (i)

There are 7 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1945 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called NEUTROPHIL ELASTASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
1	A	216	Total 1617	C 1016	N 310	O 280	S 11	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[al pha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	В	3	Total 38	C 22	N 2	O 14	0	0	0

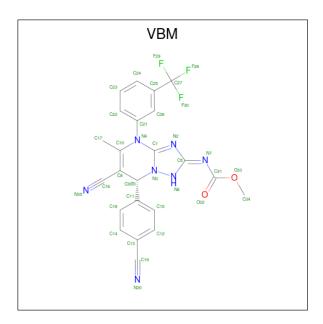
• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-bet a-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	С	2	Total 24	C 14	N 1	O 9	0	0	0

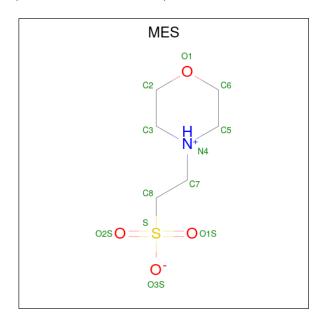
• Molecule 4 is METHYL $\{(7R)$ -6-CYANO-7-(4-CYANOPHENYL)-5-METHYL-4-[3-(TRIFLUOROMETHYL)PHENYL]-4,7-DIHYDRO[1,2,4]TRIAZOLO[1,5-A]PYRIMIDIN-2-YL $\{(1,2,4]$ CARBAMATE (three-letter code: VBM) (formula: (1,2,4]RIAF $\{(1,2,4]$ RIAF $\{(1,3,4]$ RIAF $\{(1$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
1	Δ	1	Total	С	F	N	О	0	0
T	11	1	35	23	3	7	2		U

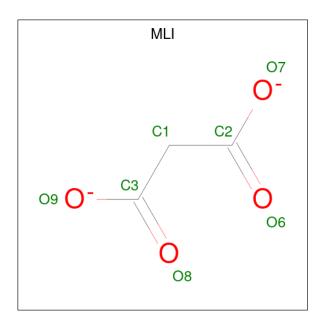
 \bullet Molecule 5 is 2-(N-MORPHOLINO)-ETHANE SULFONIC ACID (three-letter code: MES) (formula: $\rm C_6H_{13}NO_4S).$



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf		
5	A	1	Total 12	C 6	N 1	O 4	S 1	0	0

 \bullet Molecule 6 is MALONATE ION (three-letter code: MLI) (formula: $\mathrm{C_3H_2O_4}).$





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	1	Total 7	C 3	O 4	0	0

• Molecule 7 is water.

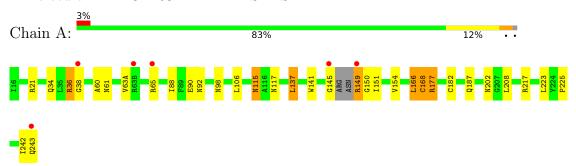
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	A	212	Total O 212 212	0	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: NEUTROPHIL ELASTASE



 \bullet Molecule 2: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain B: 33% 67%

• Molecule 3: alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C: 50% 50%



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 63	Depositor
Cell constants	73.03Å 73.03Å 69.84Å	Donositon
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	36.51 - 1.90	Depositor
Resolution (A)	36.51 - 1.90	EDS
% Data completeness	100.0 (36.51-1.90)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	$100.0 \ (36.51 - 1.90)$	EDS
R_{merge}	0.07	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	4.31 (at 1.89Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0019	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.161 , 0.221	Depositor
it, it _{free}	0.161 , 0.219	DCC
R_{free} test set	856 reflections (5.11%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	15.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.066	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.37, 43.3	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$< L >=0.50, < L^2>=0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.064 for h,-h-k,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	1945	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	18.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.24% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: VBM, MES, FUC, NAG, MLI

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bond angles		
MOI	Cham	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	1.02	4/1645~(0.2%)	0.93	5/2232 (0.2%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintenain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	2

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(A)
1	A	168	CYS	C-N	11.97	1.61	1.34
1	A	202	ASN	C-N	11.03	1.52	1.33
1	A	166	LEU	C-N	10.51	1.58	1.34
1	A	90	GLU	C-N	6.40	1.48	1.34

All (5) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	168	CYS	O-C-N	-11.51	104.29	122.70
1	A	177	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-10.12	115.24	120.30
1	A	177	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	7.73	124.17	120.30
1	A	166	LEU	O-C-N	-5.62	113.71	122.70
1	A	137	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.12	127.09	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) planarity outliers are listed below:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	166	LEU	Mainchain
1	A	168	CYS	Mainchain

5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1617	0	1629	27	0
2	В	38	0	35	3	0
3	С	24	0	22	1	0
4	A	35	0	0	0	0
5	A	12	0	13	0	0
6	A	7	0	2	0	0
7	A	212	0	0	8	2
All	All	1945	0	1701	31	2

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (31) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:36:ARG:C	1:A:38:GLY:HA3	1.79	1.02
2:B:1:NAG:HO4	2:B:2:NAG:C1	1.77	0.92
1:A:36:ARG:HH11	1:A:36:ARG:CG	1.83	0.92
1:A:36:ARG:HH11	1:A:36:ARG:HG3	1.38	0.86
1:A:36:ARG:HG3	1:A:36:ARG:NH1	2.04	0.71
1:A:177:ARG:CD	7:A:2160:HOH:O	2.39	0.70
2:B:1:NAG:C4	2:B:2:NAG:C1	2.72	0.67
1:A:60:ALA:O	1:A:61:ASN:HB2	1.95	0.66
1:A:141:TRP:O	1:A:151:ILE:HG13	1.96	0.66
1:A:177:ARG:HD2	7:A:2160:HOH:O	1.95	0.65
1:A:243:GLN:HA	7:A:2203:HOH:O	1.99	0.63
1:A:182:CYS:HB3	1:A:225:PRO:HB2	1.81	0.61
1:A:187:GLN:NE2	7:A:2167:HOH:O	2.35	0.60
1:A:34:GLN:HB2	1:A:65:ARG:HG3	1.88	0.55
1:A:242:ILE:O	1:A:243:GLN:HB2	2.06	0.54

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${f distance}({ m \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:98:ASN:O	1:A:177:ARG:NH2	2.37	0.54
1:A:177:ARG:HD3	7:A:2160:HOH:O	2.06	0.52
1:A:36:ARG:HH11	1:A:36:ARG:HG2	1.70	0.51
1:A:60:ALA:O	1:A:61:ASN:CB	2.56	0.49
1:A:36:ARG:CG	1:A:36:ARG:NH1	2.53	0.47
2:B:1:NAG:O4	2:B:2:NAG:C2	2.58	0.47
1:A:38:GLY:N	1:A:65:ARG:NE	2.63	0.46
1:A:115:ASN:C	1:A:115:ASN:HD22	2.18	0.46
1:A:149:ARG:HH11	1:A:150:GLY:H	1.63	0.46
1:A:36:ARG:NH1	7:A:2031:HOH:O	2.48	0.45
1:A:145:GLY:HA3	7:A:2144:HOH:O	2.16	0.45
1:A:217:ARG:NH2	1:A:225:PRO:HG2	2.33	0.43
7:A:2097:HOH:O	3:C:1:NAG:H83	2.18	0.43
1:A:115:ASN:ND2	1:A:117:ASN:H	2.18	0.41
1:A:21:ARG:HG2	1:A:154:VAL:HG11	2.01	0.41
1:A:88:ILE:HG22	1:A:106:LEU:HD22	2.02	0.41

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance (Å)} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Clash} \\ \text{overlap } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$
7:A:2003:HOH:O	7:A:2193:HOH:O[4_565]	2.01	0.19
7:A:2145:HOH:O	7:A:2192:HOH:O[4_565]	2.17	0.03

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	210/218 (96%)	203 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.



5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	A	170/172 (99%)	162 (95%)	8 (5%)	22 14		

All (8) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	36	ARG
1	A	63(A)	VAL
1	A	92	ASN
1	A	115	ASN
1	A	137	LEU
1	A	149	ARG
1	A	208	LEU
1	A	223	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (6) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	71	HIS
1	A	92	ASN
1	A	115	ASN
1	A	119	GLN
1	A	132	ASN
1	A	135	GLN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.



5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

5 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal Trees		Chain	Res	Link Bond lengths			Bond angles			
MIOI	Mol Type Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
2	NAG	В	1	1,2	14,14,15	0.68	0	17,19,21	1.40	3 (17%)
2	NAG	В	2	2	14,14,15	0.81	0	17,19,21	1.52	2 (11%)
2	FUC	В	3	2	10,10,11	0.88	0	14,14,16	1.17	1 (7%)
3	NAG	С	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.59	0	17,19,21	0.98	0
3	FUC	С	2	3	10,10,11	0.62	0	14,14,16	0.89	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	В	1	1,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	В	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	FUC	В	3	2	-	-	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	С	1	1,3	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	FUC	С	2	3	-	-	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	В	2	NAG	C1-O5-C5	-3.50	107.46	112.19
2	В	1	NAG	O4-C4-C5	-2.94	101.99	109.30
2	В	1	NAG	C6-C5-C4	-2.54	107.05	113.00
2	В	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6	2.38	110.93	107.20
2	В	2	NAG	O5-C1-C2	-2.36	107.56	111.29
2	В	3	FUC	O4-C4-C5	-2.07	105.08	109.67

There are no chirality outliers.



All (6) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	В	2	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	В	2	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	С	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	С	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
3	С	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	С	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6

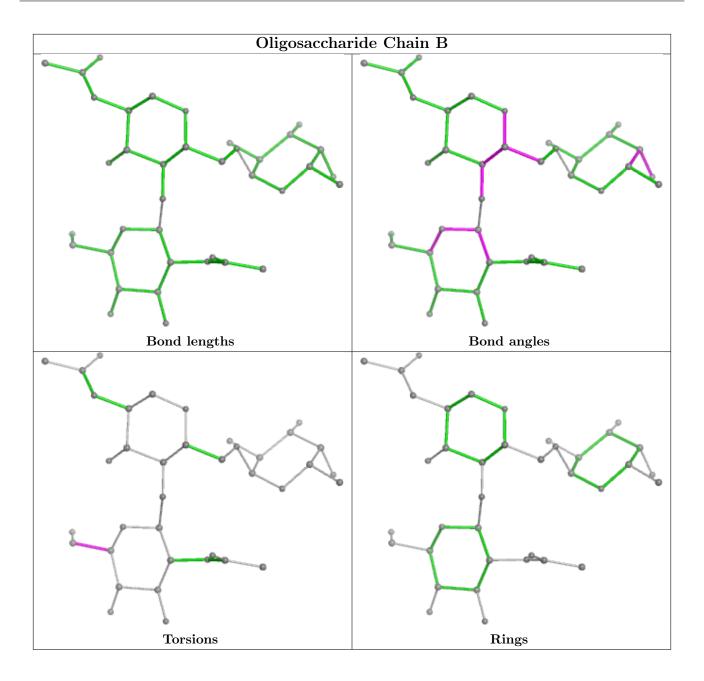
There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

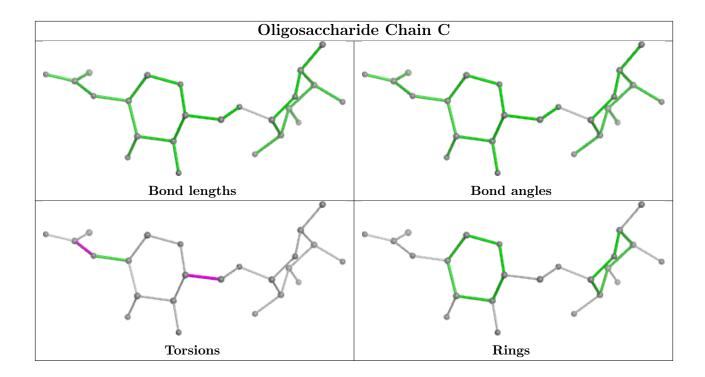
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	В	2	NAG	3	0
2	В	1	NAG	3	0
3	С	1	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.









5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
WIOI					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	
5	MES	A	1244	-	12,12,12	1.37	1 (8%)	14,16,16	1.92	4 (28%)	
4	VBM	A	1001	-	35,38,38	2.86	4 (11%)	47,56,56	2.26	9 (19%)	
6	MLI	A	1245	-	6,6,6	2.02	2 (33%)	7,7,7	1.15	0	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	MES	A	1244	-	-	0/6/14/14	0/1/1/1
4	VBM	A	1001	_	-	2/20/44/44	0/4/4/4

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Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	MLI	A	1245	-	-	0/4/4/4	-

All (7) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\operatorname{Observed}(\mathring{\mathbf{A}})$	Ideal(Å)
4	A	1001	VBM	N6-N3	-15.46	1.25	1.42
5	A	1244	MES	C8-S	3.96	1.83	1.77
6	A	1245	MLI	C1-C3	3.28	1.56	1.51
4	A	1001	VBM	C11-C9	3.03	1.56	1.52
4	A	1001	VBM	C17-C10	2.52	1.53	1.49
6	A	1245	MLI	C1-C2	2.48	1.54	1.51
4	A	1001	VBM	C5-N7	2.27	1.34	1.29

All (13) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
4	A	1001	VBM	C22-C21-N4	8.07	129.31	119.64
4	A	1001	VBM	C26-C21-N4	-4.84	113.13	119.12
4	A	1001	VBM	C16-C8-C10	4.62	123.41	119.76
4	A	1001	VBM	C8-C9-N3	4.57	112.16	106.58
5	A	1244	MES	O2S-S-C8	4.33	112.14	106.92
4	A	1001	VBM	O33-C31-N7	4.25	114.31	108.77
4	A	1001	VBM	C1-N2-C5	4.21	105.67	99.98
4	A	1001	VBM	C21-N4-C10	4.07	123.63	119.23
4	A	1001	VBM	C17-C10-C8	-2.93	120.55	124.95
5	A	1244	MES	O3S-S-C8	2.72	110.17	105.77
4	A	1001	VBM	F29-C27-C25	-2.66	107.09	112.93
5	A	1244	MES	C7-N4-C3	-2.47	104.92	111.23
5	A	1244	MES	O3S-S-O2S	-2.10	106.15	111.27

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
4	A	1001	VBM	N7-C31-O33-C34
4	A	1001	VBM	O32-C31-O33-C34

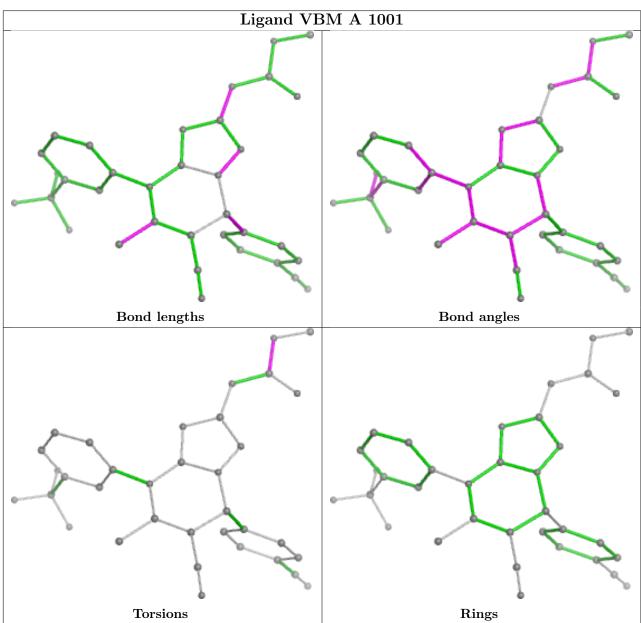
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths,



bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.





5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

The following chains have linkage breaks:

Mol	Chain	Number of breaks
1	A	2

All chain breaks are listed below:

Model	Chain	Residue-1	Atom-1	Residue-2	Atom-2	Distance (Å)
1	A	36:ARG	С	38:GLY	N	3.53
1	A	168:CYS	С	177:ARG	N	1.61



6 Fit of model and data (i)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle { m RSRZ} \rangle$	# RSRZ > 2		$\mathbf{OWAB}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	216/218 (99%)	-0.41	6 (2%) 55	57	7, 14, 30, 40	1 (0%)

All (6) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ	
1	A	63(B)	ARG	5.6	
1	A	38	GLY	4.1	
1	A	243	GLN	2.6	
1	A	145	GLY	2.4	
1	A	65	ARG	2.1	
1	A	149	ARG	2.0	

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

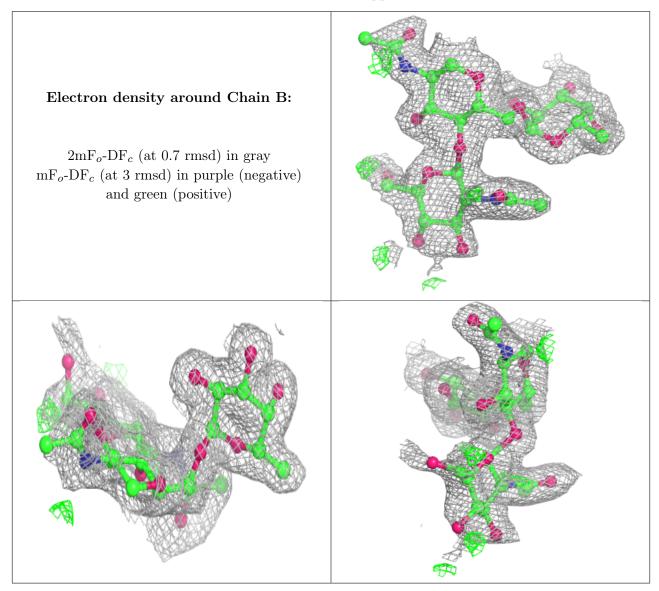
6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

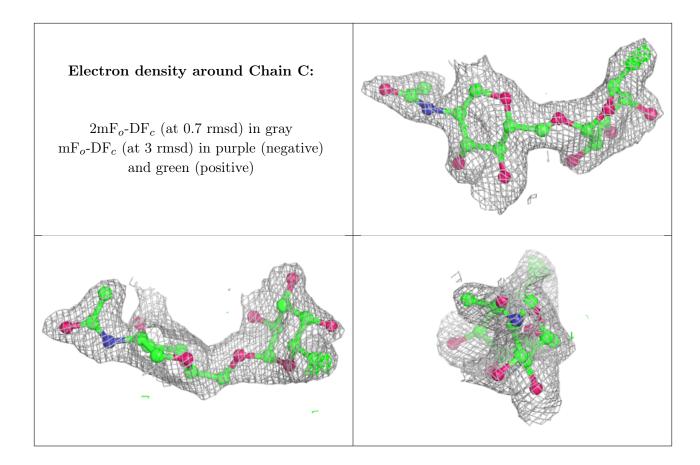
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
3	FUC	С	2	10/11	0.73	0.12	43,48,50,50	0
2	NAG	В	2	14/15	0.79	0.14	36,42,49,52	0
3	NAG	С	1	14/15	0.85	0.10	33,39,42,43	0
2	NAG	В	1	14/15	0.96	0.07	15,19,27,29	0
2	FUC	В	3	10/11	0.98	0.04	13,16,18,20	0



The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.







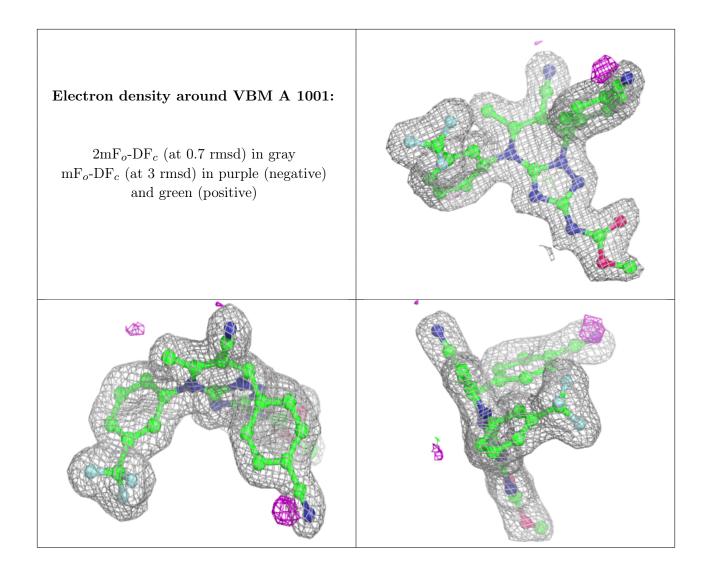
6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95^{th} percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	${f B-factors(\AA^2)}$	Q<0.9
6	MLI	A	1245	7/7	0.80	0.14	38,39,43,43	0
4	VBM	A	1001	35/35	0.96	0.06	10,14,21,25	0
5	MES	A	1244	12/12	0.98	0.06	18,24,25,26	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.





6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

