

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Jun 12, 2024 – 11:01 PM EDT

:	3VVI
:	Crystal structure of the coiled-coil domain of the transient receptor potential
	channel from Gibberella zeae (TRPGz)
:	Ihara, M.; Yamashita, A.
	2012-07-25
:	1.25  Å(reported)
	: : :

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

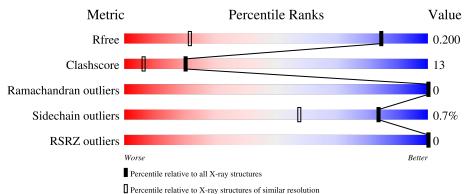
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as 543 be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.20.1
$\mathrm{EDS}$	:	2.36.2
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

# 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $X\text{-}RAY \, DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.25 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{Whole archive} \\ (\#\textbf{Entries}) \end{array}$	${f Similar\ resolution}\ (\#{ m Entries,\ resolution\ range}({ m \AA}))$
$R_{free}$	130704	1023 (1.28-1.24)
Clashscore	141614	1060 (1.28-1.24)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	1029 (1.28-1.24)
Sidechain outliers	138945	1028 (1.28-1.24)
RSRZ outliers	127900	1004 (1.28-1.24)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	21	90%	10%
1	В	21	71%	29%
1	С	21	76%	24%
1	D	21	67%	33%
1	Е	21	81%	19%

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	F	21	76%	24%			
1	G	21	71%	29%			
1	Н	21	90%	10%			



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1792 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

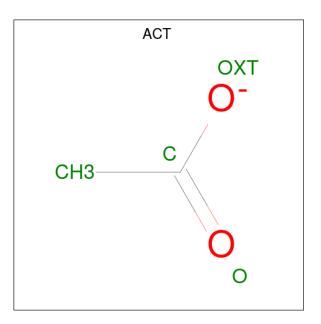
In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atc	ms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	1 1	01	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	4	0
	А	21	192	120	35	35	2	0		
1	В	21	Total	С	Ν	Ο	S	0	4	0
	D	21	192	121	32	36	3	0	4	0
1	С	21	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	3	0
	U	21	184	115	32	35	2	0	3	0
1	D	21	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	6	0
	D	21	198	125	33	37	3	0	0	0
1	Е	21	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	3	0
	Ľ	21	188	116	37	33	2	0		
1	F	21	Total	С	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	0	4	0
	Г	21	191	119	32	36	4	0	4	U
1	G	21	Total	С	Ν	Ο	$\mathbf{S}$	0	5	0
	I G	21	194	121	34	36	3		0	0
1	Н	21	Total	С	Ν	0	S	0	4	0
	11	21	192	122	33	34	3		4	0

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Non selective cation channel homologous to TRP channel.

• Molecule 2 is ACETATE ION (three-letter code: ACT) (formula:  $C_2H_3O_2$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	С	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0
2	F	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0
2	Н	1	$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{Total} & \text{C} & \text{O} \\ 4 & 2 & 2 \end{array}$	0	0

• Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	А	34	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{Total} & \text{O} \\ 34 & 34 \end{array}$	0	0
3	В	33	Total         O           33         33	0	0
3	С	36	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{Total} & \text{O} \\ 36 & 36 \end{array}$	0	0
3	D	30	Total O 30 30	0	0
3	Ε	24	Total O 24 24	0	0
3	F	34	$\begin{array}{cc} \text{Total} & \text{O} \\ 34 & 34 \end{array}$	0	0
3	G	29	Total O 29 29	0	0
3	Н	29	TotalO2929	0	0



# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Non selective cation channel homologous to TRP channel

Chain A:	90%	10%
V1 q17 K20 T21		
• Molecule 1:	Non selective cation channel homologous to	TRP channel
Chain B:	71%	29%
V1 L4 M8 E10 M14 M14		
• Molecule 1:	Non selective cation channel homologous to	TRP channel
Chain C:	76%	24%
V1 M8 E9 E10 S16 S16 T21		
• Molecule 1:	Non selective cation channel homologous to	TRP channel
Chain D:	67%	33%
V1 R2 K3 E10 E10 K12 S13 M14		
• Molecule 1:	Non selective cation channel homologous to	TRP channel
Chain E:	81%	19%
V1 R2 R5 E9 E9 E15 T21		
• Molecule 1:	Non selective cation channel homologous to	TRP channel
Chain F:	76%	24%
	W O R I D W I D F	



• Molecule 1: Non selective cation channel homologous to TRP channel

Chain G:	71%	29%
V1 R2 R5 R5 R12 S16 S16 S16 S16		

• Molecule 1: Non selective cation channel homologous to TRP channel

Chain H:	90%	10%
K2 K3 E7 121		



# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43	Depositor
Cell constants	35.29Å $35.29$ Å $120.24$ Å	Deperitor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	24.95 - 1.25	Depositor
Resolution (A)	24.95 - 1.25	EDS
% Data completeness	99.7 (24.95-1.25)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.4 (24.95-1.25)	EDS
R <sub>merge</sub>	0.07	Depositor
R <sub>sym</sub>	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.41 (at 1.25 Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.6.0117	Depositor
D D.	0.146 , $0.200$	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.145 , $0.200$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2015 reflections $(4.97%)$	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor $(Å^2)$	9.8	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.904	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35 , $54.0$	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$<  L  > = 0.57, < L^2 > = 0.42$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.288 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.98	EDS
Total number of atoms	1792	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms $(Å^2)$	19.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 43.41 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 1.7708e-04. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ACT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mal	Mol Chain		nd lengths	Bond angles	
	Unam	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	А	0.83	0/206	1.03	0/267
1	В	0.75	0/203	0.81	0/263
1	С	0.82	0/192	1.04	0/249
1	D	0.78	0/215	1.13	2/279~(0.7%)
1	Е	1.03	1/196~(0.5%)	0.97	0/254
1	F	0.87	0/199	0.74	0/258
1	G	0.76	0/208	0.93	0/270
1	Н	1.01	0/203	0.97	0/262
All	All	0.86	1/1622~(0.1%)	0.96	2/2102~(0.1%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	Е	9	GLU	CD-OE1	-5.07	1.20	1.25

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	D	2	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	8.07	124.34	120.30
1	D	18	LEU	CB-CG-CD2	-5.29	102.02	111.00

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

#### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within



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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	А	192	0	230	3	0
1	В	192	0	223	10	0
1	С	184	0	213	7	0
1	D	198	0	235	4	0
1	Е	188	0	220	6	0
1	F	191	0	217	13	0
1	G	194	0	227	11	0
1	Н	192	0	230	5	0
2	С	4	0	3	0	0
2	F	4	0	3	0	0
2	Н	4	0	3	0	0
3	А	34	0	0	2	0
3	В	33	0	0	2	0
3	С	36	0	0	3	0
3	D	30	0	0	0	0
3	Е	24	0	0	4	0
3	F	34	0	0	2	0
3	G	29	0	0	0	0
3	Н	29	0	0	3	0
All	All	1792	0	1804	42	0

the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 13.

All (42) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:F:10[B]:GLU:HG2	1:G:12:LYS:CD	1.82	1.08
1:F:10[B]:GLU:HG2	1:G:12:LYS:HD2	1.35	1.07
1:H:3[B]:LYS:HG2	3:H:204:HOH:O	1.53	1.07
1:B:14:MET:HE3	3:C:206:HOH:O	1.57	1.03
1:F:10[B]:GLU:HG2	1:G:12:LYS:HD3	1.58	0.85
1:F:10[B]:GLU:CG	1:G:12:LYS:HD2	2.07	0.84
1:F:10[B]:GLU:HG3	3:F:231:HOH:O	1.76	0.84
1:F:8[B]:MET:HG2	1:G:8:MET:SD	2.26	0.75
1:B:18:LEU:HD12	1:C:15:LEU:HD22	1.72	0.71
1:B:14:MET:HE1	1:C:16:SER:HA	1.72	0.70
1:E:2[B]:ARG:NH2	3:E:111:HOH:O	2.26	0.68
1:D:10[A]:GLU:HG2	1:D:14:MET:HE3	1.75	0.67
1:F:4:LEU:O	1:F:8[B]:MET:HG3	1.98	0.64

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		Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance $(\text{\AA})$	overlap (Å)	
1:B:14:MET:CE	1:C:16:SER:HA	2.28	0.63	
1:H:3[B]:LYS:CD	3:H:216:HOH:O	2.47	0.62	
1:E:5[A]:ARG:NE	3:E:110:HOH:O	2.35	0.58	
1:E:5[A]:ARG:CZ	3:E:110:HOH:O	2.54	0.55	
1:F:14[B]:MET:HE3	1:F:14[B]:MET:HA	1.89	0.55	
1:B:17:GLN:NE2	3:B:130:HOH:O	2.42	0.53	
1:D:10[A]:GLU:HG2	1:D:14:MET:CE	2.38	0.53	
1:B:8[A]:MET:HG2	1:C:8:MET:SD	2.49	0.53	
1:H:3[B]:LYS:HD2	3:H:216:HOH:O	2.08	0.53	
1:F:8[B]:MET:HG2	1:G:8:MET:CE	2.39	0.52	
1:G:2:ARG:HG2	1:G:5[A]:ARG:NH2	2.25	0.51	
1:F:17:GLN:NE2	3:F:232:HOH:O	2.36	0.50	
1:G:2:ARG:HG2	1:G:5[A]:ARG:HH22	1.78	0.49	
1:B:10[A]:GLU:OE1	3:B:133:HOH:O	2.20	0.48	
1:C:10[B]:GLU:HG3	3:C:236:HOH:O	2.12	0.48	
3:A:121:HOH:O	1:D:3[A]:LYS:HD3	2.12	0.48	
1:B:14:MET:CE	3:C:206:HOH:O	2.35	0.47	
1:C:10[A]:GLU:CD	1:D:12:LYS:NZ	2.68	0.46	
1:F:14[A]:MET:HG3	1:G:15:LEU:HB3	1.98	0.45	
1:E:5[A]:ARG:NH2	3:E:110:HOH:O	2.49	0.45	
1:B:18:LEU:HD23	1:B:18:LEU:HA	1.74	0.43	
1:E:15:LEU:HB2	1:H:7[B]:GLU:HG3	2.00	0.42	
1:E:15:LEU:CB	1:H:7[B]:GLU:HG3	2.49	0.42	
1:F:14[A]:MET:HE3	1:G:16[A]:SER:HB2	2.01	0.42	
1:A:17:GLN:HA	1:A:20[B]:LYS:HE3	2.02	0.42	
1:B:4:LEU:HD22	1:C:1:VAL:HB	2.01	0.42	
1:F:8[B]:MET:HG2	1:G:8:MET:HE1	2.00	0.42	
1:A:20[B]:LYS:HE3	1:A:20[B]:LYS:HB2	1.76	0.40	
1:A:20[A]:LYS:HG3	3:A:113:HOH:O	2.22	0.40	

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There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	24/21~(114%)	24 (100%)	0	0	100 100
1	В	23/21~(110%)	23~(100%)	0	0	100 100
1	$\mathbf{C}$	22/21~(105%)	22 (100%)	0	0	100 100
1	D	25/21~(119%)	25~(100%)	0	0	100 100
1	Ε	22/21~(105%)	22 (100%)	0	0	100 100
1	F	23/21~(110%)	23~(100%)	0	0	100 100
1	G	24/21~(114%)	24 (100%)	0	0	100 100
1	Н	23/21~(110%)	23 (100%)	0	0	100 100
All	All	186/168 (111%)	186 (100%)	0	0	100 100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	24/19~(126%)	24 (100%)	0	100 100
1	В	23/19~(121%)	23~(100%)	0	100 100
1	С	22/19~(116%)	22~(100%)	0	100 100
1	D	25/19~(132%)	23~(92%)	2(8%)	12 0
1	Ε	22/19~(116%)	22~(100%)	0	100 100
1	F	23/19~(121%)	23~(100%)	0	100 100
1	G	24/19~(126%)	24 (100%)	0	100 100
1	Н	23/19~(121%)	23 (100%)	0	100 100
All	All	186/152~(122%)	184~(99%)	2(1%)	84 39

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	D	13[A]	SER
1	D	13[B]	SER



Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	Ε	17	GLN
1	G	17	GLN

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	B	ond leng	gths	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z >2
2	ACT	Н	101	-	3,3,3	1.15	0	3,3,3	0.71	0
2	ACT	F	101	-	3,3,3	0.85	0	3,3,3	0.75	0
2	ACT	С	101	-	$3,\!3,\!3$	1.10	0	3, 3, 3	0.22	0

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.



There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

### 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



# 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ> 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	$\langle RSRZ \rangle$	+ #RSRZ>2		Z>2	$OWAB(A^2)$	Q<0.9
1	А	21/21~(100%)	-0.38	0	100	100	10, 14, 24, 26	0
1	В	21/21~(100%)	-0.39	0	100	100	10, 15, 27, 32	0
1	С	21/21~(100%)	-0.44	0	100	100	11, 16, 23, 26	0
1	D	21/21~(100%)	-0.45	0	100	100	11, 15, 19, 20	0
1	Ε	21/21~(100%)	-0.46	0	100	100	10, 13, 24, 35	0
1	F	21/21~(100%)	-0.26	0	100	100	11, 16, 26, 32	0
1	G	21/21~(100%)	-0.26	0	100	100	11, 16, 26, 33	0
1	Н	21/21~(100%)	-0.33	0	100	100	12, 17, 21, 21	0
All	All	168/168~(100%)	-0.37	0	100	100	10, 16, 26, 35	0

There are no RSRZ outliers to report.

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-factors}(\mathrm{\AA}^2)$	Q < 0.9
2	ACT	F	101	4/4	0.60	0.18	$22,\!25,\!25,\!25$	0
2	ACT	С	101	4/4	0.84	0.14	25,27,28,28	0
2	ACT	Н	101	4/4	0.92	0.07	19,20,21,22	0

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

