

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Oct 22, 2024 – 01:46 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	2N8T
BMRB ID	:	25865
Title	:	Solution Structure of the rNedd4 WW2 Domain-Cx43CT Peptide Complex by
		NMR
Authors	:	Spagnol, G.; Kieken, F.; Sorgen, P.L.
Deposited on	:	2015-10-27

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

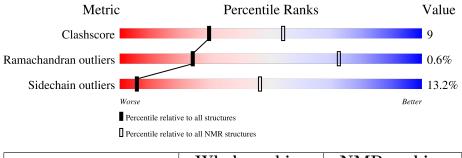
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as 543 be (2022)
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.39

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 84%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f NMR} { m archive} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	210492	14027
Ramachandran outliers	207382	12486
Sidechain outliers	206894	12463

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain				
1	А	39	64%	15%	21%		
2	В	14	100%				



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 10 models. Model 7 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core	Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model					
1	A:5-A:35 (31)	0.87	7			

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models			
1	1, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 10			
2	2, 8			



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 811 atoms, of which 389 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase NEDD4.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace		
1	٨	20	Total	С	Н	Ν	0	S	0
1	А	39	593	189	281	55	67	1	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Residue Modelled		Comment	Reference	
А	1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP Q62940	
А	2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP Q62940	

• Molecule 2 is a protein called Cx43CT Peptide.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace			
0	D	1.4	Total	С	Н	Ν	0	Р	S	0
	D	14	218	68	108	15	24	2	1	0



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase NEDD4

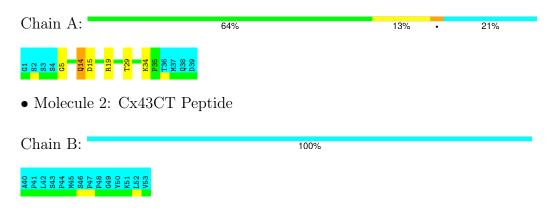
Chain A:	64%	15%	21%
61 82 83 83 84 83 83 722 721 729 733 733 733 733 733 733 733 733 733 73			
• Molecule 2: Cx43CT Pepti	ide		
Chain B:	100%		
A40 P41 L42 S43 S444 M45 P47 P47 P47 P48 C49 C49 V50 V53 V53			

4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase NEDD4





4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

• Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase NEDD4

Chain A:	56%	18%	5%	21%	
61 82 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85	721 731 731 735 736 736 736 736 736 736 736 736 736 736				
• Molecule 2: Cx	43CT Peptide				
Chain B:	1	00%			
A40 P41 L42 L42 S43 P44 M45 P47 P47 P48 P48 P48 P48 P48 P48	763 7				

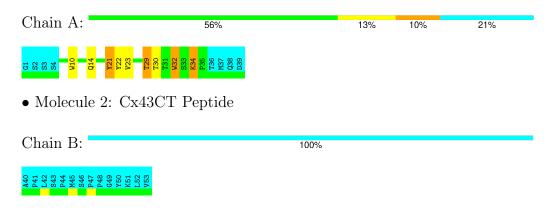
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase NEDD4

Chain A:	56%	21%	•	21%
61 82 83 83 84 84 814 915 915 722	827 833 833 834 834 834 833 833 833 833 833			
• Molecule 2: C:	x43CT Peptide			
Chain B:	100%			
50 50 50 51 51 51 51 51 51 51 51	2 2 2			

4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase NEDD4





4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase NEDD4

Chain A:	51%		26%	•	21%
61 82 83 83 83 83 83 812 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 115 1	T29 W32 833 833 736 M37 038 039				
• Molecule 2: Cx43C7	T Peptide				
Chain B:		100%			
A40 P41 L42 L42 P44 M45 P47 P47 P47 P48 P48 V50 V51 L52 V53					

4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

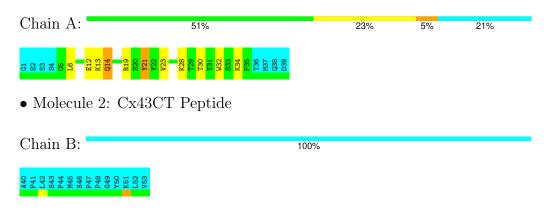
• Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase NEDD4

Chain A:	44%	36%	21%
61 82 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85 85	Y21 Y22 Y23 Y23 Y23 Y23 Y23 Y23 Y23 Y23 Y23	2 2	
• Molecule 2:	Cx43CT Peptide		
Chain B:		100%	
00084666676000	23 25 11		

4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7 (medoid)

• Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase NEDD4

04407





4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase NEDD4

Chain A:	67%		5%	8%	21%
61 83 84 83 84 84 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83					
• Molecule 2: Cx43CT Pepti	de				
Chain B:		100%			
A40 P41 L42 S43 S43 S44 M45 S46 P44 P48 P44 C49 C49 C40 C40 V53 V53					

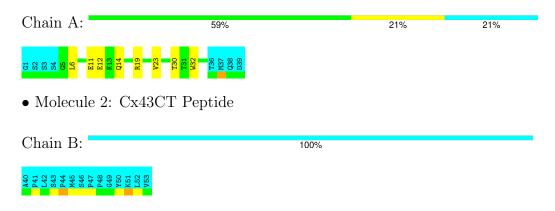
4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase NEDD4

Chain A:	62%	13%	s 5%	21%
61 82 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 83 82 723 827	T 29 T 29 T 34 T 36 T 36 T 38 T 38 T 38 T 38 T 38			
• Molecule 2: Cx43	CT Peptide			
Chain B:		100%		
521 521 521 521 521 521 521 521 521 521				

4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: E3 ubiquitin-protein ligase NEDD4





5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *DGSA-distance geometry simulated annealing.*

Of the 20 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
ARIA	refinement	1.1
ARIA	geometry optimization	1.1
ARIA	structure solution	1.1

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	420
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	420
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	84%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SEP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Chain Bond lengths		Bond angles		
	Unam	RMSZ	$\#Z{>}5$	RMSZ	#Z > 5	
1	А	$0.41 {\pm} 0.18$	$0{\pm}1/267$ ($0.1{\pm}$ $0.2\%)$	$0.45 {\pm} 0.05$	$0{\pm}0/364~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	
All	All	0.44	2/2670~(~0.1%)	0.45	0/3640~(~0.0%)	

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Mod	
	Chan	1005	Lybe	11001115				Worst	Total
1	A	21	TYR	CE2-CZ	-9.96	1.25	1.38	4	1
1	А	21	TYR	CE1-CZ	9.90	1.51	1.38	4	1

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	257	235	234	4 ± 2
2	В	0	0	0	0±0
All	All	2570	2350	2340	44

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.



		0	0	Mod	lels
Atom-1	Atom-2	$\operatorname{Clash}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Distance(Å)	Worst	Total
1:A:34:LYS:H	1:A:34:LYS:HE2	0.72	1.44	5	1
1:A:13:LYS:HD2	1:A:14:GLN:H	0.70	1.44	8	1
1:A:34:LYS:HE2	1:A:34:LYS:N	0.70	2.00	5	1
1:A:34:LYS:HB3	1:A:35:PRO:HD2	0.69	1.64	6	1
1:A:34:LYS:HE3	1:A:35:PRO:HD2	0.66	1.68	3	1
1:A:13:LYS:HG3	1:A:21:TYR:HE1	0.66	1.51	7	1
1:A:21:TYR:HB2	1:A:31:THR:O	0.62	1.94	2	2
1:A:11:GLU:HB3	1:A:23:VAL:HG13	0.57	1.77	9	4
1:A:13:LYS:HG3	1:A:21:TYR:CE1	0.51	2.37	7	1
1:A:23:VAL:HB	1:A:30:THR:HG23	0.50	1.82	7	1
1:A:34:LYS:HA	1:A:34:LYS:HE3	0.50	1.83	7	2
1:A:34:LYS:HE2	1:A:34:LYS:HA	0.50	1.84	1	1
1:A:23:VAL:HA	1:A:30:THR:HA	0.49	1.85	4	1
1:A:32:TRP:HE3	1:A:33:SER:O	0.49	1.91	8	1
1:A:11:GLU:HB2	1:A:25:HIS:NE2	0.48	2.23	5	1
1:A:10:TRP:CE3	1:A:22:TYR:HB2	0.47	2.44	4	1
1:A:34:LYS:HG2	1:A:34:LYS:O	0.46	2.10	5	1
1:A:34:LYS:HE2	1:A:35:PRO:HD2	0.46	1.87	6	1
1:A:14:GLN:HA	1:A:19:ARG:O	0.46	2.11	7	3
1:A:10:TRP:HE3	1:A:22:TYR:HB2	0.45	1.71	4	1
1:A:6:LEU:HD23	1:A:12:GLU:HG3	0.44	1.89	10	1
1:A:5:GLY:O	1:A:34:LYS:HE3	0.43	2.13	2	1
1:A:21:TYR:CD1	1:A:30:THR:HG23	0.43	2.48	6	1
1:A:34:LYS:HA	1:A:34:LYS:CE	0.43	2.43	1	1
1:A:33:SER:O	1:A:35:PRO:HD3	0.43	2.14	3	1
1:A:15:ASP:OD1	1:A:19:ARG:HG2	0.43	2.13	1	1
1:A:22:TYR:HD2	1:A:34:LYS:H	0.43	1.57	6	1
1:A:11:GLU:O	1:A:22:TYR:HA	0.42	2.14	3	1
1:A:34:LYS:O	1:A:34:LYS:HE3	0.41	2.16	5	1
1:A:21:TYR:CD1	1:A:21:TYR:C	0.41	2.94	2	1
1:A:34:LYS:HE2	1:A:34:LYS:O	0.41	2.16	9	1
1:A:27:SER:HB2	1:A:29:THR:OG1	0.41	2.15	9	1
1:A:13:LYS:HE3	1:A:21:TYR:OH	0.40	2.15	7	1
1:A:24:ASP:OD2	1:A:26:ASN:HB2	0.40	2.15	5	1
1:A:34:LYS:H	1:A:34:LYS:CE	0.40	2.24	5	1
1:A:7:PRO:HB2	1:A:10:TRP:CD1	0.40	2.51	2	1
1:A:34:LYS:CB	1:A:35:PRO:HD2	0.40	2.41	6	1

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	31/39~(79%)	28 ± 2 (91 $\pm5\%$)	$2\pm2~(8\pm5\%)$	0±0 (1±1%)	24 72
2	В	0	-	-	-	-
All	All	310/530~(58%)	283~(91%)	25~(8%)	2~(1%)	24 72

All 1 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	5	GLY	2

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	А	28/35~(80%)	24 ± 2 (87 $\pm6\%$)	$4\pm2~(13\pm6\%)$	6 46
2	В	0	-	-	-
All	All	280/450~(62%)	243~(87%)	37~(13%)	6 46

All 11 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	14	GLN	10
1	А	32	TRP	7
1	А	29	THR	4
1	А	34	LYS	4
1	А	21	TYR	3
1	А	13	LYS	2
1	А	6	LEU	2
1	А	19	ARG	2

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6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

2 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Turne	Chain	Dec	Tiple		Bond leng	gths
	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	SEP	В	46	2	8,9,10	$0.99{\pm}0.02$	0±0 (0±0%)
2	SEP	В	43	2	8,9,10	1.00 ± 0.03	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mal	Turne	Chain	Dec	Tink		Bond an	gles
10101	туре	Unam	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	SEP	В	46	2	7,12,14	$0.97{\pm}0.19$	$0\pm0~(2\pm5\%)$
2	SEP	В	43	2	7,12,14	$0.96{\pm}0.14$	$0\pm0~(2\pm5\%)$

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.



Mol Chain Res Type Models (Total) 15ASP 1 А 1 1 12GLU А 1 1 А 28LYS 1

N	Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
	2	SEP	В	46	2	-	$0\pm 0,\!6,\!8,\!10$	-
	2	SEP	В	43	2	-	$0\pm 0,\!6,\!8,\!10$	-

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mal	Chain	Dec	Turne	Atoma	7	Observed(0)	$Ideal(^{o})$	Moo	lels
	Unam	nes	туре	Atoms		$Observed(^{o})$	Ideal()	Worst	Total
2	В	46	SEP	OG-CB-CA	2.76	110.83	108.14	3	2
2	В	43	SEP	OG-CB-CA	2.41	110.49	108.14	6	2

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 84% for the well-defined parts and 64% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	420
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	420
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	3

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction}\pm{\rm precision},ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}C_{\alpha}$	35	0.25 ± 0.16	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	32	0.18 ± 0.24	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
$^{13}C'$	0		None (insufficient data)
¹⁵ N	31	-1.06 ± 0.61	None needed (imprecise)

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 84%, i.e. 345 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 412. 0 out of 2 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	15 N
Backbone	119/152~(78%)	61/62~(98%)	31/62~(50%)	27/28~(96%)
Sidechain	182/210~(87%)	122/132~(92%)	58/67~(87%)	2/11 (18%)

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Continueu	from precious page							
	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	15 N				
Aromatic	44/50~(88%)	22/24~(92%)	20/22~(91%)	2/4~(50%)				
Overall	345/412~(84%)	205/218~(94%)	109/151~(72%)	31/43~(72%)				

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The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 64%, i.e. 420 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 656. 0 out of 5 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	15 N
Backbone	138/246~(56%)	72/100~(72%)	35/102~(34%)	$31/44 \ (70\%)$
Sidechain	234/351~(67%)	168/226~(74%)	64/112~(57%)	2/13~(15%)
Aromatic	48/59~(81%)	26/28~(93%)	20/27~(74%)	2/4 (50%)
Overall	420/656~(64%)	266/354~(75%)	$119/241 \ (49\%)$	35/61~(57%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

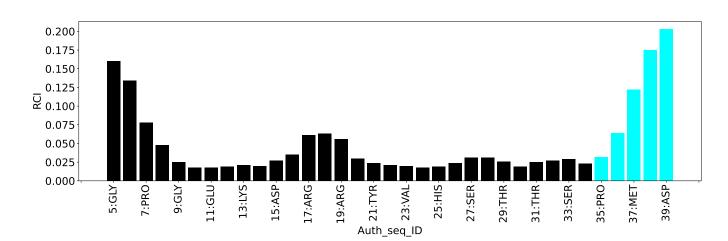
List Id	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	А	24	ASP	HB3	0.03	1.32 - 4.00	-9.8
1	А	13	LYS	HB3	0.08	0.46 - 3.04	-6.5
1	А	35	PRO	HG3	0.04	0.33 - 3.48	-5.9

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (1)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





Random coil index (RCI) for chain B:

