

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Dec 25, 2024 – 12:10 AM EST

PDB ID	:	2MZL
BMRB ID	:	25491
Title	:	The Solution Structure of the Magnesium-bound Conantokin-G Mutant
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Deposited on	:	2015-02-14

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

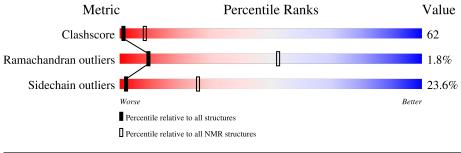
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
BMRB Restraints Analysis	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.40

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 83%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive} \ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f NMR} \ {f archive} \ (\#{f Entries})$
Clashscore	210492	14027
Ramachandran outliers	207382	12486
Sidechain outliers	206894	12463

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	А	19	26%	42%	32%



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 10 models.

Cyrange was unable to find well-defined residues.

Error message: Only domains with < 8 residues could be identified.

NmrClust was unable to cluster the ensemble.

Error message: Wrapper check: not enough residues in core to run NmrClust



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 303 atoms, of which 137 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Conantokin-R1-B.

Mol	Chain	Residues		A	toms			Trace
1	Λ	10	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	1
	A	19	303	93	137	27	46	1

There are 8 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	6	GLN	ALA	conflict	UNP P0DKZ0
А	8	ASN	LYS	conflict	UNP P0DKZ0
А	9	GLN	ALA	conflict	UNP P0DKZ0
А	12	LEU	PHE	conflict	UNP P0DKZ0
А	13	ILE	ALA	conflict	UNP P0DKZ0
А	16	LYS	LEU	conflict	UNP P0DKZ0
А	17	SER	ALA	conflict	UNP P0DKZ0
А	19	NH2	-	expression tag	UNP P0DKZ0

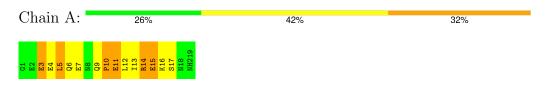


4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Conantokin-R1-B

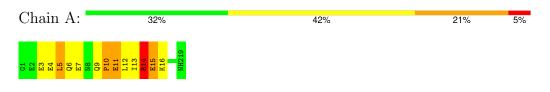


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

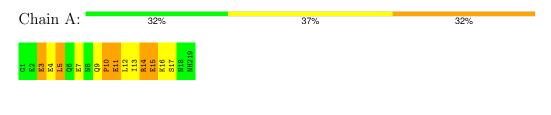
4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: Conantokin-R1-B



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

• Molecule 1: Conantokin-R1-B





4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: Conantokin-R1-B

Chain A:	26%	32%	42%
G1 E2 E3 E4 L5 E7 E7 Mo	Mo P10 E11 E11 E12 E13 R14 K16 K16 S17 N12 N12		

4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: Conantokin-R1-B



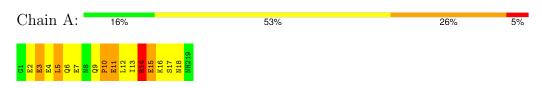
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: Conantokin-R1-B

Chain A:	26%	37%	32% 5%
G1 E3 E4 E3 E4 E3 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5 C5	L12 R14 R14 R14 E15 S17 N12 N1219 N1219		

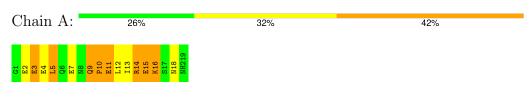
4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: Conantokin-R1-B



4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

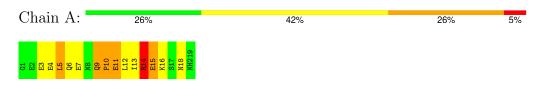
• Molecule 1: Conantokin-R1-B





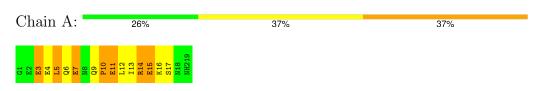
4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: Conantokin-R1-B



4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: Conantokin-R1-B



4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: Conantokin-R1-B

Chain A:	26%	47%	21%	5%
G1 E2 E3 E3 E3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3 C3	N8 P10 E11 L12 L13 L13 E15 E15 K16 K16 K16 N18 N18			



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the least restraint violations*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR NIH	structure solution	
TALOS	structure solution	
X-PLOR NIH	refinement	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	208
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	208
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	83%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NH2, HYP, CGU

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	А	$0.0{\pm}0.0$	$0.9{\pm}0.3$
All	All	0	9

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	А	14	ARG	Sidechain	9

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	166	137	130	18 ± 2
All	All	1660	1370	1300	184

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 62.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.



	2MZL	
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Atom-1	Atom-2	$Clash(\lambda)$	Distance(Å)	Mod	dels
Atom-1	Atom-2	$\operatorname{Clash}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:10:HYP:O	1:A:11:CGU:CB	0.70	2.39	8	10
1:A:5:LEU:O	1:A:5:LEU:HD12	0.68	1.88	7	3
1:A:5:LEU:HD12	1:A:5:LEU:C	0.65	2.12	4	3
1:A:3:CGU:OE21	1:A:7:CGU:CD2	0.63	2.46	3	1
1:A:5:LEU:C	1:A:5:LEU:HD12	0.61	2.15	8	7
1:A:11:CGU:O	1:A:15:CGU:N	0.60	2.35	7	10
1:A:5:LEU:HD12	1:A:5:LEU:O	0.59	1.97	8	7
1:A:9:GLN:O	1:A:10:HYP:C	0.58	2.51	4	10
1:A:11:CGU:OE21	1:A:15:CGU:OE11	0.57	2.22	3	2
1:A:3:CGU:O	1:A:3:CGU:OE22	0.57	2.23	9	1
1:A:14:ARG:C	1:A:16:LYS:N	0.57	2.55	6	10
1:A:11:CGU:OE12	1:A:12:LEU:N	0.57	2.37	10	1
1:A:6:GLN:O	1:A:9:GLN:NE2	0.56	2.39	4	1
1:A:14:ARG:O	1:A:15:CGU:C	0.55	2.52	7	9
1:A:3:CGU:C	1:A:3:CGU:OE21	0.55	2.54	2	1
1:A:3:CGU:OE21	1:A:3:CGU:O	0.55	2.23	2	1
1:A:14:ARG:O	1:A:16:LYS:N	0.55	2.39	7	9
1:A:9:GLN:HE21	1:A:12:LEU:HD12	0.53	1.64	4	1
1:A:9:GLN:O	1:A:11:CGU:N	0.52	2.43	8	10
1:A:13:ILE:CG2	1:A:14:ARG:N	0.51	2.73	8	10
1:A:11:CGU:OE22	1:A:15:CGU:OE11	0.51	2.28	10	1
1:A:9:GLN:O	1:A:12:LEU:N	0.50	2.44	9	10
1:A:14:ARG:C	1:A:16:LYS:H	0.50	2.08	8	10
1:A:5:LEU:C	1:A:5:LEU:CD1	0.50	2.77	7	7
1:A:9:GLN:HB2	1:A:12:LEU:HD12	0.49	1.83	8	3
1:A:2:GLU:O	1:A:3:CGU:C	0.48	2.61	6	2
1:A:18:ASN:O	1:A:18:ASN:CG	0.47	2.52	6	1
1:A:11:CGU:OE22	1:A:11:CGU:OE11	0.46	2.29	5	1
1:A:14:ARG:NH1	1:A:14:ARG:CG	0.46	2.78	5	1
1:A:10:HYP:O	1:A:11:CGU:HB2	0.45	2.11	4	10
1:A:11:CGU:C	1:A:11:CGU:OE11	0.45	2.64	4	1
1:A:10:HYP:O	1:A:11:CGU:HB3	0.45	2.12	5	8
1:A:11:CGU:OE11	1:A:11:CGU:OE21	0.43	2.31	2	1
1:A:15:CGU:O	1:A:16:LYS:C	0.43	2.56	2	7
1:A:15:CGU:OE11	1:A:15:CGU:OE22	0.43	2.34	1	1
1:A:7:CGU:O	1:A:16:LYS:NZ	0.43	2.50	9	1
1:A:11:CGU:C	1:A:11:CGU:CD1	0.42	2.97	8	1
1:A:5:LEU:HG	1:A:6:GLN:N	0.42	2.30	8	4
1:A:11:CGU:OE21	1:A:15:CGU:OE12	0.42	2.38	5	1
	1.A.15.0G0.0E12				
1:A:11:CGU:OE12	1:A:11:CGU:C	0.41	2.68	10	1
1:A:11:CGU:OE12 1:A:3:CGU:O		0.41 0.41	2.68 2.53	$\frac{10}{5}$	1



Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Moo	dels
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:3:CGU:O	1:A:4:CGU:C	0.41	2.67	3	1
1:A:3:CGU:OE22	1:A:7:CGU:OE22	0.40	2.40	9	1
1:A:17:SER:O	1:A:18:ASN:CB	0.40	2.68	3	1

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6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Pe	erc	entiles
1	A	11/19~(58%)	$10\pm1 (93\pm7\%)$	$1\pm1~(5\pm6\%)$	0±0 (2±4%)		9	52
All	All	110/190~(58%)	102 (93%)	6(5%)	2(2%)		9	52

All 1 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	18	ASN	2

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Pe	erc	entiles
1	А	11/11~(100%)	8±1 (76±7%)	$3\pm1~(24\pm7\%)$		2	26
All	All	110/110 (100%)	84 (76%)	26 (24%)		2	26

All 7 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	5	LEU	10
1	А	14	ARG	5



	5	1	1 5	
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	17	SER	5
1	А	9	GLN	3
1	А	6	GLN	1
1	А	16	LYS	1
1	А	2	GLU	1

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6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

6 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Turne	Chain	Res	Link		Bond lengths		
	Type	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	$\#Z{>}2$	
1	CGU	А	11	1	9,11,12	$1.34{\pm}0.01$	2±0 (22±0%)	
1	HYP	А	10	1	7,8,9	$0.88 {\pm} 0.01$	0±0 (0±0%)	
1	CGU	А	4	1	9,11,12	$1.34{\pm}0.01$	2 ± 0 (22 $\pm0\%$)	
1	CGU	А	7	1	9,11,12	$1.33 {\pm} 0.01$	2±0 (22±0%)	
1	CGU	А	15	1	9,11,12	$1.35 {\pm} 0.01$	2±0 (22±0%)	
1	CGU	А	3	1	9,11,12	$1.34{\pm}0.01$	2±0 (22±0%)	

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Turne	Chain	Dec	Tiple	Bond angles			
	туре	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2	
1	CGU	А	11	1	10, 14, 16	$0.93 {\pm} 0.02$	0±0 (0±0%)	
					W_O R L D	WIDE		

Mol	Trune	Chain	Dec	Link	Bond angles			
IVIOI	Type	Chain	Res	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2	
1	HYP	А	10	1	5,10,12	$1.80{\pm}0.03$	2 ± 0 (40±0%)	
1	CGU	А	4	1	10,14,16	$0.91 {\pm} 0.01$	0±0 (0±0%)	
1	CGU	А	7	1	10,14,16	$0.92{\pm}0.01$	0±0 (0±0%)	
1	CGU	А	15	1	10,14,16	$0.92{\pm}0.01$	0±0 (0±0%)	
1	CGU	А	3	1	10,14,16	$0.91{\pm}0.01$	0±0 (0±0%)	

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
1	CGU	А	7	1	-	$0\pm0,13,14,16$	-
1	CGU	А	15	1	-	$0\pm0,13,14,16$	-
1	HYP	А	10	1	-	$0\pm 0,0,11,13$	$0\pm 0,1,1,1$
1	CGU	А	4	1	-	$0\pm 0, 13, 14, 16$	-
1	CGU	А	3	1	-	$0\pm0,13,14,16$	-
1	CGU	А	11	1	-	$0\pm0,13,14,16$	-

All unique bond outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Tuno	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)	Moo	dels
MOI	Ullalli	nes	Type	Atoms	Diserveu(A)		Iueal(A)	Worst	Total
1	А	7	CGU	OE12-CD1	2.63	1.22	1.30	7	10
1	А	15	CGU	OE12-CD1	2.62	1.22	1.30	8	10
1	А	3	CGU	OE12-CD1	2.61	1.22	1.30	3	10
1	А	4	CGU	OE12-CD1	2.61	1.22	1.30	9	10
1	А	11	CGU	OE12-CD1	2.60	1.22	1.30	1	10
1	А	11	CGU	OE22-CD2	2.60	1.22	1.30	6	10
1	А	4	CGU	OE22-CD2	2.60	1.22	1.30	6	10
1	А	7	CGU	OE22-CD2	2.59	1.22	1.30	3	10
1	А	3	CGU	OE22-CD2	2.59	1.22	1.30	3	10
1	А	15	CGU	OE22-CD2	2.59	1.22	1.30	4	10

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Chain Res Type		vpe Atoms Z		Observed(°)	$Ideal(^{o})$	Models	
	Unam	nes	туре	Atoms		Observed(*)	Ideal(*)	Worst	Total
1	А	10	HYP	CB-CG-CD	2.74	106.21	103.16	5	10
1	А	10	HYP	CG-CB-CA	2.55	106.70	103.75	9	10



There are no chirality outliers. There are no torsion outliers. There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 83% for the well-defined parts and 83% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	208
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	208
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 83%, i.e. 146 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 175. 0 out of 2 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	55/61~(90%)	24/25~(96%)	23/24~(96%)	8/12~(67%)
Sidechain	91/114~(80%)	61/72~(85%)	27/34~(79%)	3/8~(38%)
Overall	146/175~(83%)	85/97~(88%)	50/58~(86%)	11/20~(55%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 83%, i.e. 146 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 175. 0 out of 2 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.



	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	55/61~(90%)	24/25~(96%)	23/24 (96%)	8/12~(67%)
Sidechain	91/114 (80%)	61/72~(85%)	27/34 (79%)	3/8~(38%)
Overall	146/175~(83%)	85/97~(88%)	50/58~(86%)	11/20~(55%)

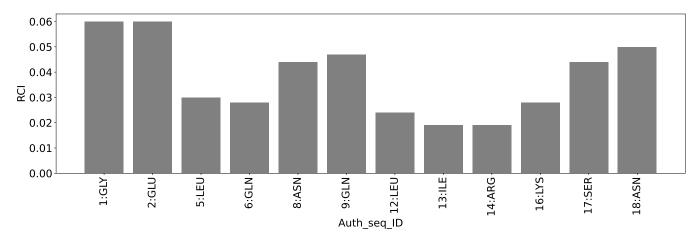
7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





8 NMR restraints analysis (i)

8.1 Conformationally restricting restraints (i)

The following table provides the summary of experimentally observed NMR restraints in different categories. Restraints are classified into different categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved.

Description	Value
Total distance restraints	220
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	138
Sequential (i-j =1)	44
Medium range ($ i-j >1$ and $ i-j <5$)	34
Long range $(i-j \ge 5)$	4
Inter-chain	0
Hydrogen bond restraints	0
Disulfide bond restraints	0
Total dihedral-angle restraints	28
Number of unmapped restraints	0
Number of restraints per residue	13.1
Number of long range restraints per residue ¹	0.2

¹Long range hydrogen bonds and disulfide bonds are counted as long range restraints while calculating the number of long range restraints per residue

8.2 Residual restraint violations (i)

This section provides the overview of the restraint violations analysis. The violations are binned as small, medium and large violations based on its absolute value. Average number of violations per model is calculated by dividing the total number of violations in each bin by the size of the ensemble.

8.2.1 Average number of distance violations per model (i)

Distance violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the calculation.

Bins (Å)	Average number of violations per model	Max (Å)
0.1-0.2 (Small)	3.6	0.2
0.2-0.5 (Medium)	1.1	0.5
>0.5 (Large)	4.8	5.94



8.2.2 Average number of dihedral-angle violations per model (i)

Dihedral-angle violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

Bins $(^{\circ})$	Average number of violations per model	Max ($^{\circ}$)
1.0-10.0 (Small)	0.1	1.02
10.0-20.0 (Medium)	None	None
>20.0 (Large)	1.0	23.22



9 Distance violation analysis (i)

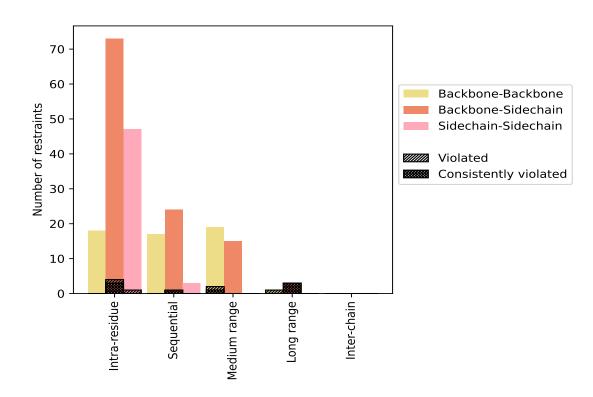
9.1 Summary of distance violations (i)

The following table shows the summary of distance violations in different restraint categories based on the sequence separation of the atoms involved. Each category is further sub-divided into three sub-categories based on the atoms involved. Violations less than 0.1 Å are not included in the statistics.

Bestroints type	Count	$\%^1$	Vi	$olated^3$		Consis	tently	Violated ⁴
Restraints type	Count	70	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$
Intra-residue (i-j =0)	138	62.7	5	3.6	2.3	3	2.2	1.4
Backbone-Backbone	18	8.2	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	73	33.2	4	5.5	1.8	3	4.1	1.4
Sidechain-Sidechain	47	21.4	1	2.1	0.5	0	0.0	0.0
Sequential $(i-j =1)$	44	20.0	1	2.3	0.5	1	2.3	0.5
Backbone-Backbone	17	7.7	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	24	10.9	1	4.2	0.5	1	4.2	0.5
Sidechain-Sidechain	3	1.4	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Medium range ($ i-j > 1 \& i-j < 5$)	34	15.5	2	5.9	0.9	1	2.9	0.5
Backbone-Backbone	19	8.6	2	10.5	0.9	1	5.3	0.5
Backbone-Sidechain	15	6.8	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Long range $(i-j \ge 5)$	4	1.8	4	100.0	1.8	3	75.0	1.4
Backbone-Backbone	1	0.5	1	100.0	0.5	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	3	1.4	3	100.0	1.4	3	100.0	1.4
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Inter-chain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Backbone	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Backbone-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Sidechain-Sidechain	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Hydrogen bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Disulfide bond	0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0	0	0.0	0.0
Total	220	100.0	12	5.5	5.5	8	3.6	3.6
Backbone-Backbone	55	25.0	3	5.5	1.4	1	1.8	0.5
Backbone-Sidechain	115	52.3	8	7.0	3.6	7	6.1	3.2
Sidechain-Sidechain	50	22.7	1	2.0	0.5	0	0.0	0.0

 1 percentage calculated with respect to the total number of distance restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to the number of restraints in a particular restraint category, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models





9.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of distance restraints and violations (i)

Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories. The hydrogen bonds and disulfied bonds are counted in their appropriate category on the x-axis

9.2 Distance violation statistics for each model (i)

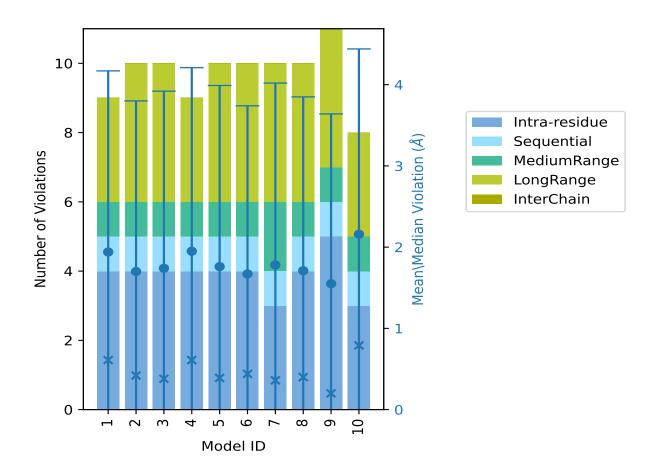
The following table provides the distance violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 0.1 Å

are not included in the statistics.

Model ID		Nun	nber o	f viola	ations	5	Mean (Å)	Max (Å)	SD^{6} (Å)	Median (Å)
Model ID	IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total	Mean (A)	Max (A)	$SD^{*}(A)$	Median (A)
1	4	1	1	3	0	9	1.94	5.53	2.23	0.61
2	4	1	1	4	0	10	1.7	5.43	2.1	0.42
3	4	1	1	4	0	10	1.74	5.65	2.18	0.38
4	4	1	1	3	0	9	1.95	5.71	2.26	0.61
5	4	1	1	4	0	10	1.76	5.94	2.23	0.39
6	4	1	1	4	0	10	1.67	5.31	2.07	0.44
7	3	1	2	4	0	10	1.78	5.67	2.24	0.36
8	4	1	1	4	0	10	1.71	5.53	2.14	0.4
9	5	1	1	4	0	11	1.55	5.62	2.09	0.2
10	3	1	1	3	0	8	2.16	5.63	2.28	0.79



 1 Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Standard deviation



9.2.1 Bar graph : Distance Violation statistics for each model (i)

The mean(dot), median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right

9.3 Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of the ensemble. In total, 208(IR:133, SQ:43, MR:32, LR:0, IC:0) restraints are not violated in the ensemble.

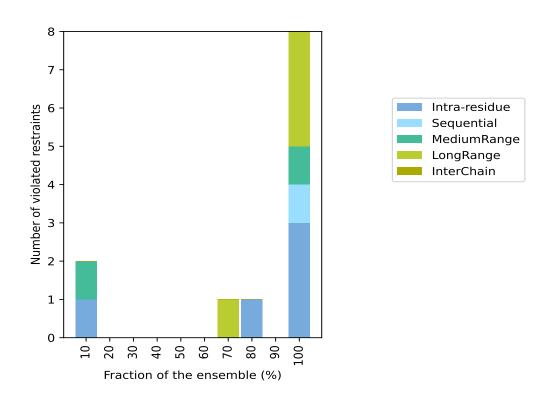
Nu	Number of violated restraints								
IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total	Count^6	%		
1	0	1	0	0	2	1	10.0		
0	0	0	0	0	0	2	20.0		
0	0	0	0	0	0	3	30.0		



	Number of violated restraints Fraction of the ensemble										
						Fraction of the ensemble					
IR^1	SQ^2	MR^3	LR ⁴	IC ⁵	Total	Count^6	%				
0	0	0	0	0	0	4	40.0				
0	0	0	0	0	0	5	50.0				
0	0	0	0	0	0	6	60.0				
0	0	0	1	0	1	7	70.0				
1	0	0	0	0	1	8	80.0				
0	0	0	0	0	0	9	90.0				
3	1	1	3	0	8	10	100.0				

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 1 Intra-residue restraints, 2 Sequential restraints, 3 Medium range restraints, 4 Long range restraints, 5 Inter-chain restraints, 6 Number of models with violations



9.3.1 Bar graph : Distance violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

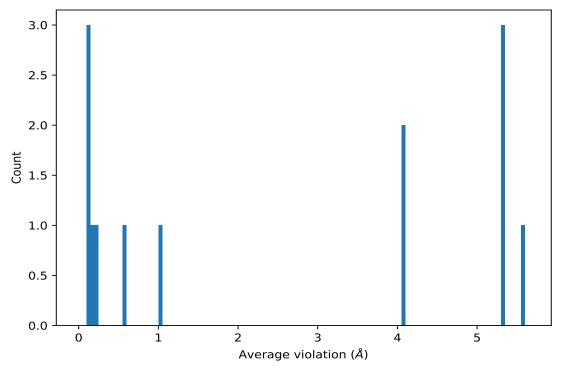
9.4 Most violated distance restraints in the ensemble (i)

9.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models



in the ensemble



9.4.2 Table: Most violated distance restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	\mathbf{Models}^1	Mean (Å)	SD^1 (Å)	Median (Å)
(1,209)	1:12:A:LEU:HG	1:17:A:SER:HA	10	5.57	0.23	5.62
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD11	1:17:A:SER:HA	10	5.31	0.11	5.31
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD12	1:17:A:SER:HA	10	5.31	0.11	5.31
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD13	1:17:A:SER:HA	10	5.31	0.11	5.31
(1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB2	1:17:A:SER:HA	10	4.05	0.1	4.04
(1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB3	1:17:A:SER:HA	10	4.05	0.1	4.04
(1,181)	1:15:A:CGU:HB2	1:14:A:ARG:H	10	1.01	0.05	1.02
(1,15)	1:4:A:CGU:HB2	1:4:A:CGU:H	10	0.57	0.05	0.57
(1,59)	1:11:A:CGU:HB3	1:11:A:CGU:H	10	0.23	0.02	0.24
(1,154)	1:9:A:GLN:HA	1:12:A:LEU:H	10	0.18	0.02	0.19
(1,97)	1:15:A:CGU:HG	1:15:A:CGU:H	10	0.15	0.01	0.15
(1,176)	1:13:A:ILE:HG13	1:13:A:ILE:H	8	0.12	0.01	0.12
(1,57)	1:11:A:CGU:HA	1:16:A:LYS:H	7	0.13	0.01	0.13

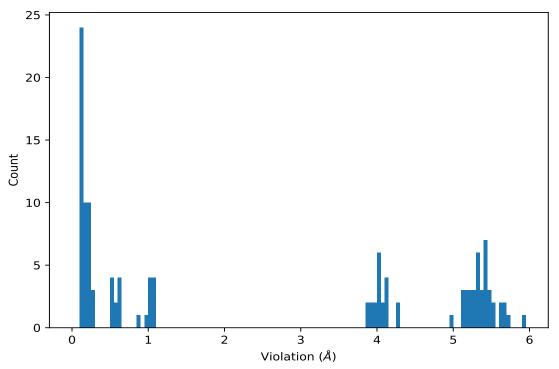
¹Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation



9.5 All violated distance restraints (i)

9.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of distance violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.



9.5.2 Table : All distance violations (i)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint. Rows with same key represent combinatorial or ambiguous restraints and are counted as a single restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,209)	1:12:A:LEU:HG	1:17:A:SER:HA	5	5.94
(1,209)	1:12:A:LEU:HG	1:17:A:SER:HA	4	5.71
(1,209)	1:12:A:LEU:HG	1:17:A:SER:HA	7	5.67
(1,209)	1:12:A:LEU:HG	1:17:A:SER:HA	3	5.65
(1,209)	1:12:A:LEU:HG	1:17:A:SER:HA	10	5.63
(1,209)	1:12:A:LEU:HG	1:17:A:SER:HA	9	5.62
(1,209)	1:12:A:LEU:HG	1:17:A:SER:HA	1	5.53
(1,209)	1:12:A:LEU:HG	1:17:A:SER:HA	8	5.53
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD11	1:17:A:SER:HA	7	5.49
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD12	1:17:A:SER:HA	7	5.49



	ed from previous page		Madal ID	Violetier (Å)	
Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD13	1:17:A:SER:HA	7	5.49	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD11	1:17:A:SER:HA	1	5.44	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD12	1:17:A:SER:HA	1	5.44	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD13	1:17:A:SER:HA	1	5.44	
(1,209)	1:12:A:LEU:HG	1:17:A:SER:HA	2	5.43	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD11	1:17:A:SER:HA	10	5.42	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD12	1:17:A:SER:HA	10	5.42	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD13	1:17:A:SER:HA	10	5.42	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD11	1:17:A:SER:HA	4	5.37	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD12	1:17:A:SER:HA	4	5.37	
(1, 170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD13	1:17:A:SER:HA	4	5.37	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD11	1:17:A:SER:HA	5	5.31	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD12	1:17:A:SER:HA	5	5.31	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD13	1:17:A:SER:HA	5	5.31	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD11	1:17:A:SER:HA	6	5.31	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD12	1:17:A:SER:HA	6	5.31	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD13	1:17:A:SER:HA	6	5.31	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD11	1:17:A:SER:HA	3	5.25	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD12	1:17:A:SER:HA	3	5.25	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD13	1:17:A:SER:HA	3	5.25	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD11	1:17:A:SER:HA	8	5.22	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD12	1:17:A:SER:HA	8	5.22	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD13	1:17:A:SER:HA	8	5.22	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD11	1:17:A:SER:HA	2	5.17	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD12	1:17:A:SER:HA	2	5.17	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD13	1:17:A:SER:HA	2	5.17	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD11	1:17:A:SER:HA	9	5.13	
(1,170)	1:12:A:LEU:HD12	1:17:A:SER:HA	9	5.13	
(1,170)		1:17:A:SER:HA	9	5.13	
(1,209)	1:12:A:LEU:HG	1:17:A:SER:HA	6	4.99	
(1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB2	1:17:A:SER:HA	7	4.27	
(1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB3	1:17:A:SER:HA	7	4.27	
(1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB2	1:17:A:SER:HA	3	4.11	
(1,109) (1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB3	1:17:A:SER:HA	3	4.11	
(1,169) (1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB2	1:17:A:SER:HA	4	4.11	
(1,109) (1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB3	1:17:A:SER:HA	4	4.11	
(1,109) (1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB2	1:17:A:SER:HA	1	4.1	
(1,109) (1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB3	1:17:A:SER:HA	1	4.1	
(1,109) (1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB2	1:17:A:SER:HA	6	4.04	
(1,109) (1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB3	1:17:A:SER:HA	6	4.04	
(1,109) (1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB2	1:17:A:SER:HA	10	4.04	
(1,109) (1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB2 1:12:A:LEU:HB3	1:17:A:SER:HA	10	4.04	
(1,109)	1.12.A.LEU.IID3	1.17.A.9EN.IIA		4.04	

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2		Violation (Å)				
(1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB2	1:17:A:SER:HA	5	4.0				
(1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB3	1:17:A:SER:HA	5	4.0				
(1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB2	1:17:A:SER:HA	8	3.99				
(1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB3	1:17:A:SER:HA	8	3.99				
(1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB2	1:17:A:SER:HA	9	3.92				
(1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB3	1:17:A:SER:HA	9	3.92				
(1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB2	1:17:A:SER:HA	2	3.9				
(1,169)	1:12:A:LEU:HB3	1:17:A:SER:HA	2	3.9				
(1,181)	1:15:A:CGU:HB2	1:14:A:ARG:H	3	1.06				
(1,181)	1:15:A:CGU:HB2	1:14:A:ARG:H	1	1.05				
(1,181)	1:15:A:CGU:HB2	1:14:A:ARG:H	7	1.05				
(1,181)	1:15:A:CGU:HB2	1:14:A:ARG:H	10	1.05				
(1,181)	1:15:A:CGU:HB2	1:14:A:ARG:H	5	1.03				
(1,181)	1:15:A:CGU:HB2	1:14:A:ARG:H	2	1.01				
(1,181)	1:15:A:CGU:HB2	1:14:A:ARG:H	4	1.01				
(1,181)	1:15:A:CGU:HB2	1:14:A:ARG:H	9	1.0				
(1,181)	1:15:A:CGU:HB2	1:14:A:ARG:H	8	0.96				
(1,181)	1:15:A:CGU:HB2	1:14:A:ARG:H	6	0.88				
(1,15)	1:4:A:CGU:HB2	1:4:A:CGU:H	2	0.62				
(1,15)	1:4:A:CGU:HB2	1:4:A:CGU:H	6	0.62				
(1,15)	1:4:A:CGU:HB2	1:4:A:CGU:H	1	0.61				
(1,15)	1:4:A:CGU:HB2	1:4:A:CGU:H	4	0.61				
(1,15)	1:4:A:CGU:HB2	1:4:A:CGU:H	5	0.58				
(1,15)	1:4:A:CGU:HB2	1:4:A:CGU:H	8	0.57				
(1,15)	1:4:A:CGU:HB2	1:4:A:CGU:H	3	0.54				
(1,15)	1:4:A:CGU:HB2	1:4:A:CGU:H	10	0.53				
(1,15)	1:4:A:CGU:HB2	1:4:A:CGU:H	7	0.5				
(1,15)	1:4:A:CGU:HB2	1:4:A:CGU:H	9	0.5				
(1,59)	1:11:A:CGU:HB3	1:11:A:CGU:H	1	0.27				
(1,59)	1:11:A:CGU:HB3	1:11:A:CGU:H	4	0.25				
(1,59)	1:11:A:CGU:HB3	1:11:A:CGU:H	6	0.25				
(1,59)	1:11:A:CGU:HB3	1:11:A:CGU:H	8	0.24				
(1,59)	1:11:A:CGU:HB3	1:11:A:CGU:H	10	0.24				
(1,59)	1:11:A:CGU:HB3	1:11:A:CGU:H	7	0.23				
(1,59)	1:11:A:CGU:HB3	1:11:A:CGU:H	2	0.22				
(1,154)	1:9:A:GLN:HA	1:12:A:LEU:H	1	0.21				
(1,59)	1:11:A:CGU:HB3	1:11:A:CGU:H	3	0.21				
(1,154)	1:9:A:GLN:HA	1:12:A:LEU:H	7	0.2				
(1,154)	1:9:A:GLN:HA	1:12:A:LEU:H	10	0.2				
(1,59)	1:11:A:CGU:HB3	1:11:A:CGU:H	5	0.2				
(1,59)	1:11:A:CGU:HB3	1:11:A:CGU:H	9	0.2				
(1,154)	1:9:A:GLN:HA	1:12:A:LEU:H	2	0.19				
(=,= = =)			<u> </u>					

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Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Model ID	Violation (Å)
(1,154)	1:9:A:GLN:HA	1:12:A:LEU:H	3	0.19
(1,154)	1:9:A:GLN:HA	1:12:A:LEU:H	8	0.19
(1,154)	1:9:A:GLN:HA	1:12:A:LEU:H	6	0.18
(1,154)	1:9:A:GLN:HA	1:12:A:LEU:H	4	0.17
(1,154)	1:9:A:GLN:HA	1:12:A:LEU:H	5	0.17
(1,97)	1:15:A:CGU:HG	1:15:A:CGU:H	4	0.17
(1,97)	1:15:A:CGU:HG	1:15:A:CGU:H	3	0.16
(1,97)	1:15:A:CGU:HG	1:15:A:CGU:H	8	0.16
(1,97)	1:15:A:CGU:HG	1:15:A:CGU:H	9	0.16
(1,97)	1:15:A:CGU:HG	1:15:A:CGU:H	2	0.15
(1,97)	1:15:A:CGU:HG	1:15:A:CGU:H	5	0.15
(1,97)	1:15:A:CGU:HG	1:15:A:CGU:H	6	0.15
(1,97)	1:15:A:CGU:HG	1:15:A:CGU:H	10	0.15
(1,57)	1:11:A:CGU:HA	1:16:A:LYS:H	9	0.15
(1,154)	1:9:A:GLN:HA	1:12:A:LEU:H	9	0.14
(1,97)	1:15:A:CGU:HG	1:15:A:CGU:H	7	0.14
(1,57)	1:11:A:CGU:HA	1:16:A:LYS:H	2	0.14
(1,57)	1:11:A:CGU:HA	1:16:A:LYS:H	7	0.14
(1,176)	1:13:A:ILE:HG13	1:13:A:ILE:H	2	0.13
(1,176)	1:13:A:ILE:HG13	1:13:A:ILE:H	5	0.13
(1,176)	1:13:A:ILE:HG13	1:13:A:ILE:H	6	0.13
(1,97)	1:15:A:CGU:HG	1:15:A:CGU:H	1	0.13
(1,57)	1:11:A:CGU:HA	1:16:A:LYS:H	5	0.13
(1,57)	1:11:A:CGU:HA	1:16:A:LYS:H	8	0.13
(1,176)	1:13:A:ILE:HG13	1:13:A:ILE:H	8	0.12
(1,176)	1:13:A:ILE:HG13	1:13:A:ILE:H	9	0.12
(1,57)	1:11:A:CGU:HA	1:16:A:LYS:H	6	0.12
(1,176)	1:13:A:ILE:HG13	1:13:A:ILE:H	1	0.11
(1,176)	1:13:A:ILE:HG13	1:13:A:ILE:H	4	0.11
(1,88)	1:14:A:ARG:H	1:16:A:LYS:H	7	0.11
(1,57)	1:11:A:CGU:HA	1:16:A:LYS:H	3	0.11
(1,176)	1:13:A:ILE:HG13	1:13:A:ILE:H	3	0.1
(1,42)	1:10:A:HYP:HB2	1:10:A:HYP:HD22	9	0.1

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10 Dihedral-angle violation analysis (i)

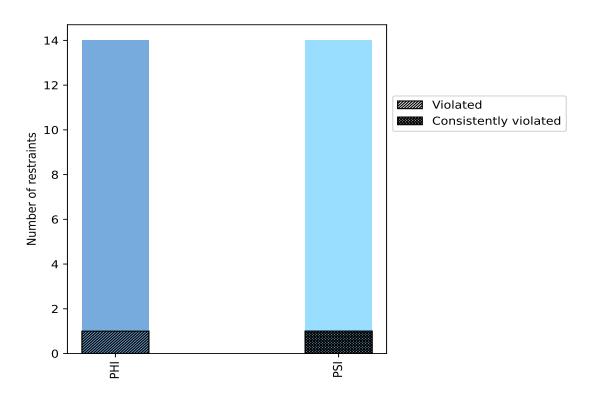
10.1 Summary of dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following table provides the summary of dihedral-angle violations in different dihedral-angle types. Violations less than 1° are not included in the calculation.

	Count $\%^1$		Vio				Consistently Violated ⁴		
Angle type	Count	70-	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	Count	$\%^2$	$\%^1$	
PHI	14	50.0	1	7.1	3.6	0	0.0	0.0	
PSI	14	50.0	1	7.1	3.6	1	7.1	3.6	
Total	28	100.0	2	7.1	7.1	1	3.6	3.6	

 1 percentage calculated with respect to total number of dihedral-angle restraints, 2 percentage calculated with respect to number of restraints in a particular dihedral-angle type, 3 violated in at least one model, 4 violated in all the models

10.1.1 Bar chart : Distribution of dihedral-angles and violations (i)



Violated and consistently violated restraints are shown using different hatch patterns in their respective categories

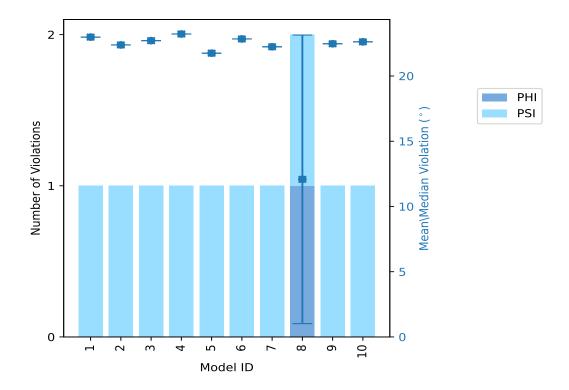


10.2 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model (i)

The following table provides the dihedral-angle violation statistics for each model in the ensemble. Violations less than 1° are not included in the statistics.

Model ID	Num	nber c	of violations	Mean (°)	Max (°)	SD (°)	Median (°)	
model ID	PHI	PSI	Total	Mean ()	Max ()	SD ()	Wiedian ()	
1	0	1	1	22.98	22.98	0.0	22.98	
2	0	1	1	22.38	22.38	0.0	22.38	
3	0	1	1	22.71	22.71	0.0	22.71	
4	0	1	1	23.22	23.22	0.0	23.22	
5	0	1	1	21.75	21.75	0.0	21.75	
6	0	1	1	22.84	22.84	0.0	22.84	
7	0	1	1	22.24	22.24	0.0	22.24	
8	1	1	2	12.08	23.14	11.06	12.08	
9	0	1	1	22.47	22.47	0.0	22.47	
10	0	1	1	22.62	22.62	0.0	22.62	

10.2.1 Bar graph : Dihedral violation statistics for each model (i)



The mean(dot), median(x) and the standard deviation are shown in blue with respect to the y axis on the right



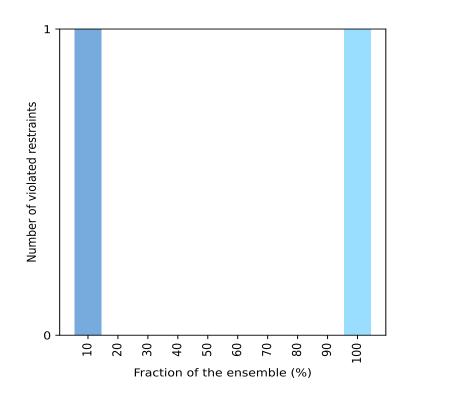
10.3 Dihedral-angle violation statistics for the ensemble (i)

Violation analysis may find that some restraints are violated in very few models and some are violated in most of models. The following table provides this information as number of violated restraints for a given fraction of ensemble.

Num	iber o	f violated restraints				
PHI	PSI	Total	Count^1	%		
1	0	1	1	10.0		
0	0	0	2	20.0		
0	0	0	3	30.0		
0	0	0	4	40.0		
0	0	0	5	50.0		
0	0	0	6	60.0		
0	0	0	7	70.0		
0	0	0	8	80.0		
0	0	0	9	90.0		
0	1	1	10	100.0		

¹ Number of models with violations





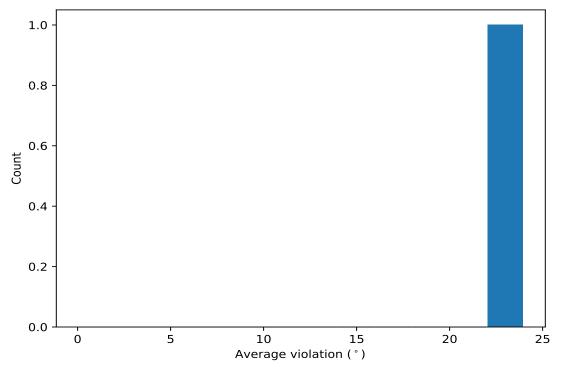




10.4 Most violated dihedral-angle restraints in the ensemble (i)

10.4.1 Histogram : Distribution of mean dihedral-angle violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the average value of the violation. The average is calculated for each restraint that is violated in more than one model over all the violated models in the ensemble



10.4.2 Table: Most violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

The following table provides the mean and the standard deviation of the violation for each restraint sorted by number of violated models and the mean value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	\mathbf{Models}^1	Mean	\mathbf{SD}^2	Median
(1,16)	1:10:A:HYP:N	1:10:A:HYP:CA	1:10:A:HYP:C	1:11:A:CGU:N	10	22.64	0.42	22.66

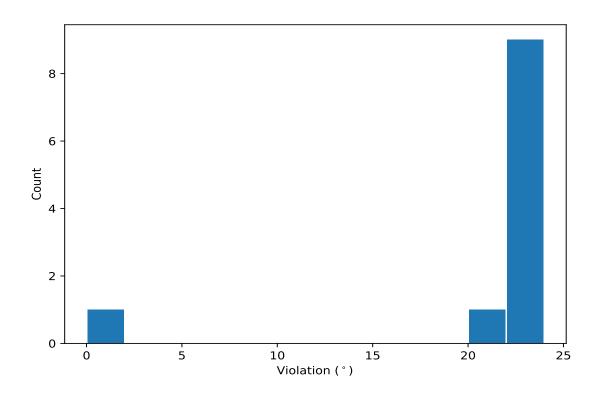
¹ Number of violated models, ²Standard deviation, All angle values are in degree ($^{\circ}$)

10.5 All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

10.5.1 Histogram : Distribution of violations (i)

The following histogram shows the distribution of the absolute value of the violation for all violated restraints in the ensemble.





10.5.2 Table: All violated dihedral-angle restraints (i)

The following table lists the absolute value of the violation for each restraint in the ensemble sorted by its value. The Key (restraint list ID, restraint ID) is the unique identifier for a given restraint.

Key	Atom-1	Atom-2	Atom-3	Atom-4	Model ID	Violation ($^{\circ}$)
(1,16)	1:10:A:HYP:N	1:10:A:HYP:CA	1:10:A:HYP:C	1:11:A:CGU:N	4	23.22
(1,16)	1:10:A:HYP:N	1:10:A:HYP:CA	1:10:A:HYP:C	1:11:A:CGU:N	8	23.14
(1,16)	1:10:A:HYP:N	1:10:A:HYP:CA	1:10:A:HYP:C	1:11:A:CGU:N	1	22.98
(1,16)	1:10:A:HYP:N	1:10:A:HYP:CA	1:10:A:HYP:C	1:11:A:CGU:N	6	22.84
(1,16)	1:10:A:HYP:N	1:10:A:HYP:CA	1:10:A:HYP:C	1:11:A:CGU:N	3	22.71
(1,16)	1:10:A:HYP:N	1:10:A:HYP:CA	1:10:A:HYP:C	1:11:A:CGU:N	10	22.62
(1,16)	1:10:A:HYP:N	1:10:A:HYP:CA	1:10:A:HYP:C	1:11:A:CGU:N	9	22.47
(1,16)	1:10:A:HYP:N	1:10:A:HYP:CA	1:10:A:HYP:C	1:11:A:CGU:N	2	22.38
(1,16)	1:10:A:HYP:N	1:10:A:HYP:CA	1:10:A:HYP:C	1:11:A:CGU:N	7	22.24
(1,16)	1:10:A:HYP:N	1:10:A:HYP:CA	1:10:A:HYP:C	1:11:A:CGU:N	5	21.75
(1,25)	1:15:A:CGU:C	1:16:A:LYS:N	1:16:A:LYS:CA	1:16:A:LYS:C	8	1.02

