

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

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PDB ID	:	2LXQ
BMRB ID	:	18690
Title	:	Monomeric PilE G-Quadruplex DNA from Neisseria Gonorrhoeae
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This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

Overall quality at a glance (i) 1

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 39%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metrie	с	Percent	tile Ranks	Value
Clashscore				4
	Worse	2		Better
	Perc	centile relative to all structures		
	Perc	centile relative to all NMR structures		
Mater		Whole archive	NMR archive	
Metric		(#Entries)	(# Entries)	

	(11)		
Clashscore	158937	12864	
			_
The table be	ow summarises th	e geometric issues obs	served across the polymeric chains and their
		0	w and green segments indicate the fraction
-			types of geometric quality criteria. A cyar

licate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	А	22	86%	14%



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 12 models. This entry does not contain polypeptide chains, therefore identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible. All residues are included in the validation scores.



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 716 atoms, of which 250 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called DNA (5'-D(*TP*AP*GP*GP*GP*GP*GP*GP*GP*GP*TP* TP*GP*GP*GP*GP*GP*GP*AP*AP*T)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues			Aton	ıs			Trace
1	٨	22	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	Р	0
1	A	22	716	220	250	92	133	21	0



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

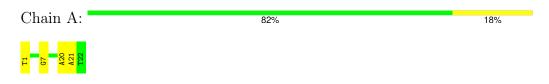
These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

Chain A:	86%	14%
11 A20 122 122		

4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

Chain A:	77%	23%
11 A2 A20 A21 122		



4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

Chain A: 82% 18%

4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

Chain A:	82%	18%
11 67 420 122 122		

4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

Chain A:	82%	18%
T1 A2 G3 A20 A21 T22		

4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

Chain A:	82%	18%
T1 G7 A20 T22		

4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

• Molecule 1: DNA (5'-D(*TP*AP*GP*GP*GP*GP*GP*GP*GP*GP*TP*TP*GP*GP*GP*GP*GP*GP*GP*GP*GP*AP*T)-3')



23%

Chain A:

T1 A2 G3 A20 A21 T22

4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

Chain A:	82%	18%
T1 G7 A20 T22		

77%

4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

Chain A:	86%	14%
T1 A2 G3 T22		

4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

Chain A:	82%	18%
T1 G7 A20 A21 T22		

4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

Chain A: 77% 23%



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: torsion angle dynamics, molecular dynamics, matrix relaxation.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 12 were deposited, based on the following criterion: structures with the least restraint violations.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
X-PLOR	refinement	3.851

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	188
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	188
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	39%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	466	250	250	3 ± 0
All	All	5592	3000	3000	31

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

Atom-1	Atom 2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)		Worst	Total
1:A:1:DT:H5'	1:A:7:DG:C8	0.66	2.26	3	6
1:A:20:DA:O3'	1:A:21:DA:H4'	0.57	2.00	12	11
1:A:1:DT:H5'	1:A:7:DG:N7	0.53	2.19	8	3
1:A:1:DT:H5'	1:A:3:DG:N2	0.46	2.26	12	6
1:A:1:DT:H5"	1:A:2:DA:H5'	0.42	1.89	7	5

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.



6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

There are no protein molecules in this entry.

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 39% for the well-defined parts and 39% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: H1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	188
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	188
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 39%, i.e. 170 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 441. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	15 N
Sugar	133/264~(50%)	133/154~(86%)	0/110~(0%)	0/0 (%)
Base	37/177~(21%)	37/111~(33%)	0/31~(0%)	0/35~(0%)
Overall	170/441~(39%)	170/265~(64%)	0/141~(0%)	0/35~(0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 39%, i.e. 170 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 441. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.



	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	15 N
Sugar	133/264~(50%)	133/154~(86%)	0/110~(0%)	0/0 (%)
Base	37/177~(21%)	37/111~(33%)	0/31~(0%)	0/35~(0%)
Overall	170/441~(39%)	170/265~(64%)	0/141~(0%)	0/35~(0%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

No random coil index (RCI) plot could be generated from the current chemical shift list. RCI is only applicable to proteins

