

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 15, 2024 – 02:55 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	2KBC
Title	:	Solution structure of human insulin-like peptide 5 (INSL5)
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Deposited on	:	2008-11-25

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org* A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

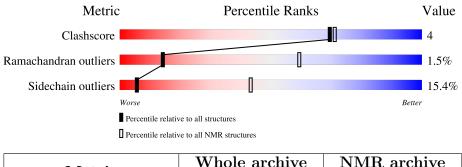
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as 543 be (2022)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.37.1

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	$egin{array}{c} { m Whole \ archive}\ (\#{ m Entries}) \end{array}$	${f NMR} { m archive} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain						
1	В	25	80%	• 1	6%				
2	А	22	55%	36%	9%				



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 6 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues							
Well-defined core	Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model						
1	B:4-B:24, A:2-A:21 (41)	0.55	6				

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 3 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	5, 6, 12, 13, 14, 15, 17, 18, 19, 20
2	1, 2, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 16
3	3, 4



3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 688 atoms, of which 341 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called INSL5_B-chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace		
1	D	25	Total	С	Η	Ν	0	S	1
	D	25	404	127	205	36	34	2	1

• Molecule 2 is a protein called INSL5_A-chain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				Trace		
0	٨	22	Total	С	Н	Ν	0	S	1
	A		284	86	136	23	34	5	1



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: INSL5_B-chain

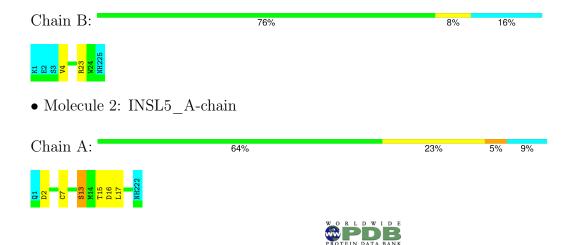
Chain B:	80%		• 16%
KI E2 89 NR 225 NR 225			
• Molecule 2: INSL5_	A-chain		
Chain A:	55%	36%	9%
01 02 02 04 04 04 04 04 04 04 01 01 016 016 016 016 016 016 016 0122			

4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: INSL5_B-chain



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

• Molecule 1: INSL5_B-chain

Chain B:	76%	8%	16%
KI E2 83 83 83 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82 82			
• Molecule 2: INSL5	_A-chain		
Chain A:	73%	14%	5% 9%
4.2.3 Score per nMolecule 1: INSL5	esidue for model 3 _B-chain		
Chain B:	60%	24%	16%



• Molecule 2: INSL5_A-chain



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: INSL5_B-chain

 Chain B:
 72%
 12%
 16%

 Image: State State





4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

•	Molecule	1:	INSL5	B-chain

Chain B: 68%		16%	16%
K1 852 13 822 822 822 822 822 822			
• Molecule 2: INSL5_A-chain			
Chain A: 50%	23%	18%	9%
02 15 16 16 15 15 115 115 115 115 115 115			
4.2.6 Score per residue for mo	odel 6 (medoid)		
• Molecule 1: INSL5_B-chain			
Chain B: 80)%	•	16%
K1 53 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8 8			
• Molecule 2: INSL5_A-chain			
Chain A: 68%		23%	9%
01 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02 02			
4.2.7 Score per residue for mo	odel 7		
• Molecule 1: INSL5_B-chain			
Chain B: 68%		16%	16%
R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R			
• Molecule 2: INSL5_A-chain			



Chain A:	59%	27%	5%	9%
91 13 13 13 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	NH 222			

4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: INSL5_B-chain

Chain B:	76%	8%	16	%
K1 83 83 11 82 822 822 822				
• Molecule 2: 1	INSL5_A-chain			
Chain A:	68%	18%	5%	9%
01 11 11 11 11 11 11	NH222			

4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: INSL5_B-chain

Chain B:	60%	24%	16%
K1 E2 S3 V4 R5 R11	V15		
• Molecule	2: INSL5_A-chain		
Chain A:	59%	32%	9%
01 13 13 19 10	M14 L17 NH222		

4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: INSL5_B-chain



• Molecule 2: INSL5_A-chain Chain A: 45% 41% 5% 9% 4.2.11Score per residue for model 11 • Molecule 1: INSL5 B-chain Chain B: 60% 24% 16% • Molecule 2: INSL5 A-chain Chain A: 59% 27% 5% 9% 4.2.12Score per residue for model 12 • Molecule 1: INSL5_B-chain Chain B: 76% 8% 16% • Molecule 2: INSL5_A-chain Chain A: 50% 36% 5% 9% 4.2.13Score per residue for model 13 • Molecule 1: INSL5_B-chain

Chain B: 68% 16% 16%





01 02 19 115 115 117 117 117 117 117 117

• Molecule 2: INSL5_A-chain

NF

Chain A:	59%	18%	14%	9%

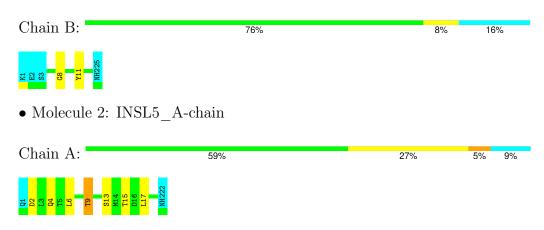
4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: INSL5_B-chain

Chain B:	72%	12%	16%
K1 E2 S3 C8 C8 R23 NH225			
• Molecule 2: INSL5	ó_A-chain		
Chain A:	68%	23%	9%

4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15

• Molecule 1: INSL5_B-chain



4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: INSL5_B-chain



Chain A:

45%

Chain E	: 72%	12%	16%
K1 83 68	N15 118 118 118 118		
• Molec	ule 2: INSL5_A-chain		
Chain A	: 41% 45%		5% 9%
<mark>문 2 2 5</mark> 8 2	CG 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 11 1		
4.2.17	Score per residue for model 17		
• Molec	ule 1: INSL5_B-chain		
Chain E	: 72%	12%	16%
K1 E2 K5 R5 R5	G8 112 25 112 25 112 112 25 112 25 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 1		
• Molec	ule 2: INSL5_A-chain		
Chain A	: 68%	23%	9%
d1 D2 C7 C12	T15 D16 MH222		
4.2.18	Score per residue for model 18		
• Molec	ule 1: INSL5_B-chain		
Chain E	: 64%	20%	16%
K1 E2 V4 G8	E9 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 112 11		
• Molec	ule 2: INSL5_A-chain		

45%

D W I D E DATA BANK 9%

4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19

• Molecule 1: INSL5_B-chain

Chain B:	72%	12%	16%
R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R R			
• Molecule 2: INSL5_A-cha	in		
Chain A:	9%	27%	5% 9%
92 12 13 13 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14 14			
4.2.20 Score per residu	e for model 20		

 \bullet Molecule 1: INSL5_B-chain

Chain B:	80%		• 16%
K1 E2 S3 S3 S3 NH225			
• Molecule 2: INSL5_A-c	hain		
Chain A:	59%	32%	9%
01 12 13 13 14 14 14 15 115 115 115 115 115 115 115			



5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 50 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *structures with the lowest energy*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CYANA	structure solution	2.0
CNS	refinement	1.2

No chemical shift data was provided.



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PCA, NH2

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	В	174	179	179	1±1
2	А	139	128	128	2 ± 1
All	All	6260	6140	6140	46

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Mod	dels
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:B:18:ILE:HD12	2:A:17:LEU:HD11	0.62	1.70	11	3
2:A:13:SER:O	2:A:17:LEU:HG	0.56	2.01	18	9
1:B:18:ILE:HD12	2:A:17:LEU:HD22	0.55	1.79	16	1
2:A:6:LEU:HA	2:A:9:THR:OG1	0.55	2.02	15	6
1:B:11:TYR:CD1	2:A:4:GLN:HG3	0.53	2.38	18	1
2:A:14:MET:O	2:A:17:LEU:HG	0.51	2.04	9	1
1:B:5:ARG:NH2	2:A:10:ASP:HA	0.50	2.21	9	3
1:B:9:LEU:O	1:B:13:ARG:HG3	0.48	2.08	13	3
1:B:5:ARG:HA	2:A:7:CYS:O	0.48	2.09	17	5
1:B:6:LEU:O	2:A:7:CYS:HB3	0.47	2.09	19	3
1:B:20:ALA:O	1:B:23:ARG:HG2	0.47	2.09	3	1

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:B:11:TYR:CE2	2:A:4:GLN:HG2	0.46	2.45	2	2
2:A:7:CYS:O	2:A:11:GLY:HA2	0.45	2.11	18	1
1:B:11:TYR:O	1:B:15:VAL:HG23	0.44	2.13	9	2
1:B:15:VAL:HA	2:A:17:LEU:HD21	0.42	1.91	16	1
2:A:4:GLN:O	2:A:7:CYS:HB2	0.42	2.14	16	1
2:A:16:ASP:N	2:A:16:ASP:OD1	0.41	2.53	13	1
1:B:11:TYR:CD2	2:A:4:GLN:HG2	0.41	2.50	15	1
1:B:6:LEU:HB3	1:B:11:TYR:N	0.41	2.31	11	1

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6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	В	21/25~(84%)	20 ± 0 (95 $\pm1\%$)	$0\pm1~(2\pm3\%)$	$1\pm0~(3\pm2\%)$	7 41
2	А	20/22~(91%)	$19\pm1 (95\pm3\%)$	$1\pm1 (5\pm3\%)$	0±0 (0±0%)	100 100
All	All	820/940~(87%)	777~(95%)	31 (4%)	12 (1%)	14 59

All 1 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	В	8	GLY	12

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Rotameric		Outliers	Percentiles
1	В	19/22~(86%)	$18\pm1~(95\pm4\%)$	$1 \pm 1 (5 \pm 4\%)$	26 75
2	А	18/18 (100%)	$13\pm2~(74\pm10\%)$	$5\pm2~(26\pm10\%)$	2 23

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
All	All	740/800~(92%)	626~(85%)	114 (15%)	6 43

All 17 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
2	А	2	ASP	20
2	А	15	THR	15
2	А	13	SER	13
2	А	16	ASP	11
2	А	9	THR	11
1	В	4	VAL	7
2	А	4	GLN	7
1	В	23	ARG	6
2	А	7	CYS	4
1	В	22	SER	4
2	А	3	LEU	4
2	А	12	CYS	4
2	А	17	LEU	3
1	В	13	ARG	2
2	А	10	ASP	1
2	А	20	LEU	1
1	В	10	GLU	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.



Mol	Turne	Chain	Dec	Tiple		Bond leng	gths
	туре	Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	PCA	А	1	2	7,8,9	$0.45 {\pm} 0.01$	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mal	Type	Chain	Dog	Tiple		Bond ang	gles
IVIOI		Chain	nes		Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	PCA	А	1	2	9,10,12	$0.85 {\pm} 0.01$	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	PCA	А	1	2	-	$0\pm0,0,11,13$	$0\pm 0,1,1,1$

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.



6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided

