

Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Jun 13, 2024 – 08:40 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	1QKY
BMRB ID	:	4427
Title	:	Solution structure of PI7, a non toxic peptide isolated from the scorpion Pand- inus Imperator.
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This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org A user guide is available at https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

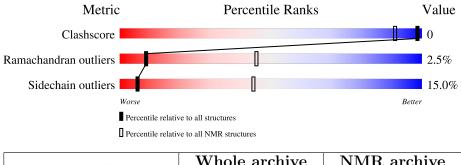
wwPDB-RCI	: :	$4.02b-467$ 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019) v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005) Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker Ideal geometry (proteins) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	Engh & Huber (2001) Parkinson et al. (1996)

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $SOLUTION\ NMR$

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 51%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	${f NMR} ext{ archive} \ (\# ext{Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain		
1	А	38	79%	5%	16%



2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 14 models. Model 10 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core Residue range (total) Backbone RMSD (Å) Medoid model						
1	A:4-A:35 (32)	0.79	10			

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters and 2 single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models
1	3, 4, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14
2	1, 2
Single-model clusters	5; 6



3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 570 atoms, of which 277 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called TOXIN 7 FROM PANDINUS IMPERATOR.

Mol	Chain	Residues		Atoms				Trace	
1	٨	20	Total	С	Η	Ν	Ο	S	0
	А	38	570	177	277	52	56	8	U



4 Residue-property plots (i)

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: TOXIN 7 FROM PANDINUS IMPERATOR

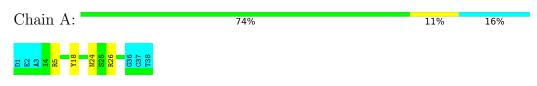


4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: TOXIN 7 FROM PANDINUS IMPERATOR



4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

• Molecule 1: TOXIN 7 FROM PANDINUS IMPERATOR

Chain A: 76% 8% 16%



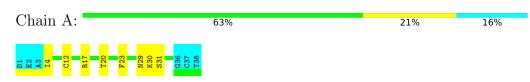
4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: TOXIN 7 FROM PANDINUS IMPERATOR



4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: TOXIN 7 FROM PANDINUS IMPERATOR



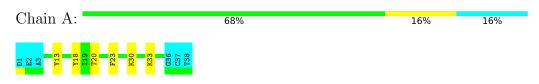
4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: TOXIN 7 FROM PANDINUS IMPERATOR

Chain A:	63%	21%	16%
D1 62 63 43 43 413 713 713 713 719 719	R26 N 29 138 138		

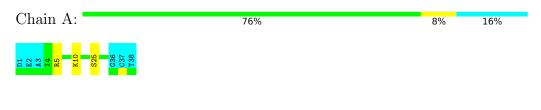
4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: TOXIN 7 FROM PANDINUS IMPERATOR



4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

• Molecule 1: TOXIN 7 FROM PANDINUS IMPERATOR





4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: TOXIN 7 FROM PANDINUS IMPERATOR

Chain A:	76%	8%	16%
D1 E2 A3 A3 A3 C6 C6 C6 C6 C6 C3 C3 T38 C37			

4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

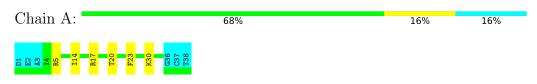
• Molecule 1: TOXIN 7 FROM PANDINUS IMPERATOR

Chain A:	58%	24%	• 16%
D1 E2 A3 D11 C12 Y13	R17 118 825 825 825 825 826 826 826 835 835 138 138		

- 4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10 (medoid)
- Molecule 1: TOXIN 7 FROM PANDINUS IMPERATOR

Chain A:				74%		11%	16%	
D1 E2 A3 A1 Y18 Y18	F23	S31	G36 C37 T38					

- 4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11
- Molecule 1: TOXIN 7 FROM PANDINUS IMPERATOR



4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

• Molecule 1: TOXIN 7 FROM PANDINUS IMPERATOR





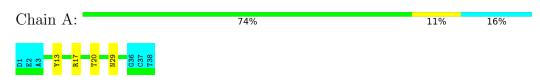
4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: TOXIN 7 FROM PANDINUS IMPERATOR



4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: TOXIN 7 FROM PANDINUS IMPERATOR





5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i)

The models were refined using the following method: *simulated annealing*.

Of the 200 calculated structures, 14 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *LEAST RESTRAINT VIOLATION, STRUCTURE QUALITY ACCORDING TO PROCHECK.*

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
OPAL	refinement	
DYANA	structure solution	
OPAL	structure solution	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	1
Total number of shifts	249
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	249
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	51%



6 Model quality (i)

6.1 Standard geometry (i)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Chair		B	Sond lengths	Bond angles		
	Mol Chain RMS		$\#Z{>}5$	RMSZ	#Z>5	
1	А	$0.65 {\pm} 0.01$	$0{\pm}0/258~(~0.0{\pm}~0.0\%)$	1.06 ± 0.05	$0{\pm}1/346~(~0.1{\pm}~0.2\%)$	
All	All	0.65	0/3612 ($0.0%$)	1.06	4/4844 ($0.1%$)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	А	$0.0{\pm}0.0$	0.2 ± 0.4
All	All	0	3

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Bos	Type	Atoms	Z Observed(°)		$Ideal(^{o})$	Models		
WIOI	Unam	nes	туре	Atoms		Observeu()	iueai()	Worst	Total	
1	А	13	TYR	CB-CG-CD2	-6.41	117.15	121.00	5	2	
1	А	26	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.44	117.58	120.30	5	2	

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	А	5	ARG	Sidechain	1
1	А	17	ARG	Sidechain	1
1	А	13	TYR	Sidechain	1



6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	А	253	246	246	0 ± 0
All	All	3542	3444	3444	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 0.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$Clash(\lambda)$	Distance(Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:33:LYS:HE2	1:A:33:LYS:HA	0.45	1.87	6	1

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	32/38~(84%)	$28 \pm 1 \ (86 \pm 3\%)$	$4\pm1~(12\pm3\%)$	$1\pm1~(2\pm2\%)$		9	45
All	All	448/532 (84%)	385~(86%)	52 (12%)	11 (2%)		9	45

All 6 unique Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	30	LYS	3
1	А	24	ASN	2
1	А	29	ASN	2
1	А	14	ILE	2
1	А	19	ILE	1
1	А	23	PHE	1



6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	n Analysed Rotameric		Outliers	Percentiles		
1	А	30/34~(88%)	26 ± 2 (85 $\pm7\%$)	$4\pm2~(15\pm7\%)$	6	44	
All	All	420/476 (88%)	357~(85%)	63 (15%)	6	44	

All 21 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	А	17	ARG	9
1	А	20	THR	8
1	А	12	CYS	6
1	А	18	TYR	5
1	А	26	ARG	4
1	А	23	PHE	4
1	А	10	LYS	3
1	А	30	LYS	3
1	А	6	CYS	3
1	А	5	ARG	3
1	А	7	THR	2
1	А	31	SER	2
1	А	13	TYR	2
1	А	25	SER	2
1	А	9	THR	1
1	А	4	ILE	1
1	А	29	ASN	1
1	А	11	ASP	1
1	А	28	ILE	1
1	А	16	CYS	1
1	А	34	CYS	1

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 51% for the well-defined parts and 51% for the entire structure.

7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working_cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned_chem_shift_list_1

7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	249
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	249
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

No chemical shift referencing corrections were calculated (not enough data).

7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 51%, i.e. 216 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 426. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	64/160~(40%)	64/65~(98%)	0/64~(0%)	0/31~(0%)
Sidechain	135/229~(59%)	135/147~(92%)	0/68~(0%)	0/14~(0%)
Aromatic	17/37~(46%)	17/17~(100%)	0/20~(0%)	0/0 (%)
Overall	216/426~(51%)	216/229~(94%)	0/152~(0%)	0/45~(0%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 51%, i.e. 243 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 481. 0 out of 0 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.



	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathrm{C}$	$^{15}\mathbf{N}$
Backbone	76/191~(40%)	76/78~(97%)	0/76~(0%)	0/37~(0%)
Sidechain	150/253~(59%)	150/162~(93%)	0/77~(0%)	0/14~(0%)
Aromatic	17/37~(46%)	17/17~(100%)	0/20~(0%)	$0/0 \ (-\%)$
Overall	243/481~(51%)	243/257~(95%)	0/173~(0%)	0/51~(0%)

7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports *random coil index* values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition. If well-defined core and ill-defined regions are not identified then it is shown as gray bars.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

