Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report ⓘ

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PDB ID	:	1OVF
Title	:	NMR Structure of ActD/5'-CCGTTTTGTGG-3' Complex
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Deposited on	:	2003-03-26

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.37.1

1   Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
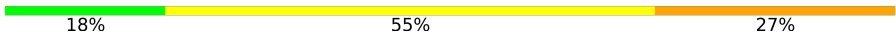*SOLUTION NMR*

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metric	Percentile Ranks	Value
Clashscore		0
Ramachandran outliers		0
Sidechain outliers		0

Worse   *Better*

▊ Percentile relative to all structures

▯ Percentile relative to all NMR structures

Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	11	18% 55% 27%
2	B	11	64% 36%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis ⓘ

This entry contains 10 models.

Cyrange was unable to find well-defined residues.

Error message: The number of core atoms (3) was below the domain threshold value (8).

NmrClust was unable to cluster the ensemble.

Error message: Wrapper check: not enough residues in core to run NmrClust

3 Entry composition ⓘ

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 527 atoms, of which 214 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a DNA chain called (5'-D(*CP*CP*GP*TP*TP*TP*TP*GP*TP*GP*G)-3').

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	P	
1	A	11	351	108	128	36	69	10	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called ACTINOMYCIN D.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	
2	B	11	176	62	86	12	16	0

4 Residue-property plots ⓘ

4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.
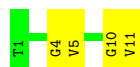
• Molecule 1: (5'-D(*CP*CP*GP*TP*TP*TP*TP*GP*TP*GP*G)-3')
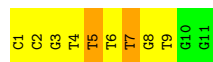
Chain A:

• Molecule 2: ACTINOMYCIN D

Chain B:

4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

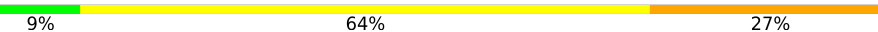• Molecule 1: (5'-D(*CP*CP*GP*TP*TP*TP*TP*GP*TP*GP*G)-3')

Chain A:

• Molecule 2: ACTINOMYCIN D

Chain B:

4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2

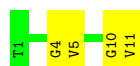• Molecule 1: (5'-D(*CP*CP*GP*TP*TP*TP*TP*GP*TP*GP*G)-3')

Chain A:

| 9% | 64% | 27% |

C1 C2 G3 T4 T5 T6 T7 G8 T9 G10 G11

• Molecule 2: ACTINOMYCIN D

Chain B:

| 64% | 36% |

T1 G4 V5 G10 V11

4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: (5'-D(*CP*CP*GP*TP*TP*TP*TP*GP*TP*GP*G)-3')

Chain A:

| 27% | 45% | 27% |

C1 C2 G3 T4 T5 T6 T7 G8 T9 G10 G11

• Molecule 2: ACTINOMYCIN D

Chain B:

| 64% | 36% |

T1 G4 V5 G10 V11

4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: (5'-D(*CP*CP*GP*TP*TP*TP*TP*GP*TP*GP*G)-3')

Chain A:

| 18% | 64% | 18% |

C1 C2 G3 T4 T5 T6 T7 G8 T9 G10 G11

• Molecule 2: ACTINOMYCIN D

Chain B:

| 64% | 36% |

T1 G4 V5 G10 V11

4.2.5   Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: (5'-D(*CP*CP*GP*TP*TP*TP*TP*GP*TP*GP*G)-3')

Chain A:

• Molecule 2: ACTINOMYCIN D

Chain B:

4.2.6   Score per residue for model 6

• Molecule 1: (5'-D(*CP*CP*GP*TP*TP*TP*TP*GP*TP*GP*G)-3')

Chain A:

• Molecule 2: ACTINOMYCIN D

Chain B:

4.2.7   Score per residue for model 7

• Molecule 1: (5'-D(*CP*CP*GP*TP*TP*TP*TP*GP*TP*GP*G)-3')
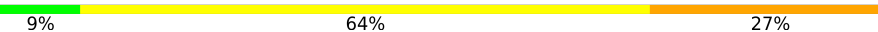
Chain A:

• Molecule 2: ACTINOMYCIN D

Chain B:

4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

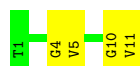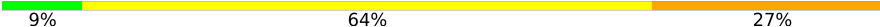• Molecule 1: (5'-D(*CP*CP*GP*TP*TP*TP*TP*GP*TP*GP*G)-3')
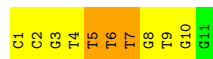
Chain A:

• Molecule 2: ACTINOMYCIN D
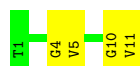
Chain B:

4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: (5'-D(*CP*CP*GP*TP*TP*TP*TP*GP*TP*GP*G)-3')
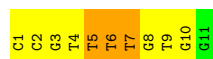
Chain A:

• Molecule 2: ACTINOMYCIN D

Chain B:

4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: (5'-D(*CP*CP*GP*TP*TP*TP*TP*GP*TP*GP*G)-3')
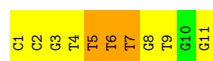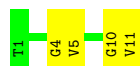
Chain A:

• Molecule 2: ACTINOMYCIN D

Chain B:

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview ⓘ

The models were refined using the following method: *DISTANCE GEOMETRY, SIMULATED ANNEALING, MOLECULAR DYNAMICS.*

Of the ? calculated structures, 10 were deposited, based on the following criterion: ?.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
DGII	refinement	
VNMR	structure solution	
Felix	structure solution	
DGII	structure solution	

No chemical shift data was provided.

6 Model quality ⓘ

6.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SAR, DVA, PXZ, MVA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	1.40±0.01	0±0/248 (0.0± 0.0%)	2.11±0.04	12±1/382 (3.2± 0.3%)
2	B	0.58±0.01	0±0/26 (0.0± 0.0%)	0.85±0.05	0±0/30 (0.0± 0.0%)
All	All	1.34	0/2740 (0.0%)	2.05	123/4120 (3.0%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
1	A	0.0±0.0	4.4±0.7
All	All	0	44

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models	
								Worst	Total
1	A	6	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	10.58	115.41	108.00	10	6
1	A	1	DC	O4'-C1'-N1	9.93	114.95	108.00	2	10
1	A	5	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	8.16	113.71	108.00	3	10
1	A	3	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	7.16	113.01	108.00	4	8
1	A	4	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	6.83	112.78	108.00	4	10
1	A	7	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.75	118.85	122.90	10	10
1	A	6	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.42	119.05	122.90	10	9
1	A	4	DT	C6-C5-C7	-6.35	119.09	122.90	10	10
1	A	7	DT	O4'-C1'-N1	6.24	112.37	108.00	4	10
1	A	5	DT	C6-C5-C7	-5.90	119.36	122.90	3	9
1	A	11	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	5.54	111.88	108.00	7	2

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models Worst	Models Total
1	A	9	DT	C6-C5-C7	-5.46	119.62	122.90	9	10
1	A	5	DT	C1'-O4'-C4'	-5.36	104.74	110.10	6	9
1	A	1	DC	C1'-O4'-C4'	-5.36	104.74	110.10	10	6
1	A	10	DG	O4'-C1'-N9	5.25	111.67	108.00	9	3
1	A	2	DC	C1'-O4'-C4'	-5.09	105.01	110.10	2	1

There are no chirality outliers.

All unique planar outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group	Models (Total)
1	A	2	DC	Sidechain	10
1	A	7	DT	Sidechain	10
1	A	8	DG	Sidechain	10
1	A	5	DT	Sidechain	8
1	A	6	DT	Sidechain	5
1	A	1	DC	Sidechain	1

6.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
All	All	3130	2140	2122	-

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is -.

There are no clashes.

6.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

6.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR

entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	B	2/11 (18%)	2±0 (100±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	20/110 (18%)	20 (100%)	0 (0%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

6.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	B	4/4 (100%)	4±0 (100±0%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	40/40 (100%)	40 (100%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no protein residues with a non-rotameric sidechain to report.

6.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

6 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	MVA	B	5	2	6,7,8	0.51±0.01	0±0 (0±0%)
2	SAR	B	10	2	4,4,5	0.92±0.08	0±0 (0±0%)

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	SAR	B	4	2	4,4,5	1.02±0.08	0±0 (0±0%)
2	MVA	B	11	2	6,7,8	0.54±0.01	0±0 (0±0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	MVA	B	5	2	7,8,10	1.15±0.32	1±1 (15±7%)
2	SAR	B	10	2	1,3,5	2.23±0.02	1±0 (100±0%)
2	SAR	B	4	2	1,3,5	2.24±0.06	1±0 (100±0%)
2	MVA	B	11	2	7,8,10	1.16±0.02	1±0 (14±0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	SAR	B	4	2	-	0±0,1,2,3	-
2	SAR	B	10	2	-	0±0,1,2,3	-
2	MVA	B	11	2	-	0±0,6,8,10	-
2	MVA	B	5	2	-	0±0,6,8,10	-

There are no bond-length outliers.

All unique angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score of the worst occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models	
								Worst	Total
2	B	5	MVA	CG2-CB-CA	2.73	115.38	111.21	2	2
2	B	5	MVA	CB-CA-C	2.63	116.34	113.04	3	2
2	B	5	MVA	CG1-CB-CA	2.39	114.87	111.21	10	2
2	B	4	SAR	O-C-CA	2.31	118.73	125.42	4	10
2	B	10	SAR	O-C-CA	2.26	118.87	125.42	10	10
2	B	11	MVA	O-C-CA	2.25	118.56	124.83	2	10

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})	Models Worst	Total
2	B	5	MVA	O-C-CA	2.08	119.03	124.83	5	5

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5   Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.6   Ligand geometry ⓘ

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7   Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8   Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation ⓘ

No chemical shift data were provided