



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Oct 26, 2024 – 07:47 AM EDT

PDB ID : 1OIL  
Title : STRUCTURE OF LIPASE  
Authors : Kim, K.K.; Song, H.K.; Shin, D.H.; Suh, S.W.  
Deposited on : 1996-12-06  
Resolution : 2.10 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Xtrriage (Phenix) : 1.20.1  
EDS : 3.0  
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)  
CCP4 : 9.0.003 (Gargrove)  
Density-Fitness : 1.0.11  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

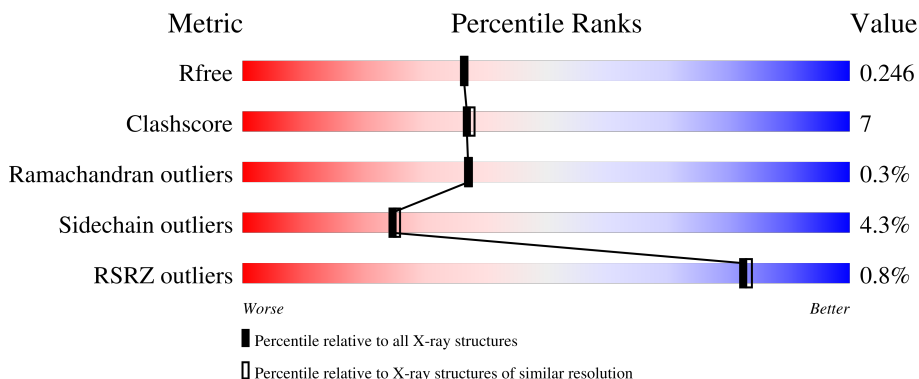
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.10 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	164625	6234 (2.10-2.10)
Clashscore	180529	6893 (2.10-2.10)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	6839 (2.10-2.10)
Sidechain outliers	177891	6840 (2.10-2.10)
RSRZ outliers	164620	6234 (2.10-2.10)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	320	 85% 14% ..
1	B	320	 83% 15% ..

## 2 Entry composition i

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5071 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called LIPASE.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	320	2337	1465	402	467	3	0	0	0
1	B	320	2337	1465	402	467	3	0	0	0

There are 36 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	2	ASP	ALA	conflict	UNP P22088
A	3	ASN	GLY	conflict	UNP P22088
A	18	THR	SER	conflict	UNP P22088
A	40	ARG	ASN	conflict	UNP P22088
A	92	THR	SER	conflict	UNP P22088
A	125	GLY	ASP	conflict	UNP P22088
A	137	THR	SER	conflict	UNP P22088
A	154	ASN	HIS	conflict	UNP P22088
A	165	LYS	GLN	conflict	UNP P22088
A	171	GLN	ARG	conflict	UNP P22088
A	218	ILE	LEU	conflict	UNP P22088
A	232	ILE	LEU	conflict	UNP P22088
A	240	ALA	VAL	conflict	UNP P22088
A	243	PRO	LEU	conflict	UNP P22088
A	256	VAL	ILE	conflict	UNP P22088
A	266	VAL	LEU	conflict	UNP P22088
A	276	GLN	LYS	conflict	UNP P22088
A	300	ASN	TYR	conflict	UNP P22088
B	2	ASP	ALA	conflict	UNP P22088
B	3	ASN	GLY	conflict	UNP P22088
B	18	THR	SER	conflict	UNP P22088
B	40	ARG	ASN	conflict	UNP P22088
B	92	THR	SER	conflict	UNP P22088
B	125	GLY	ASP	conflict	UNP P22088
B	137	THR	SER	conflict	UNP P22088

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	154	ASN	HIS	conflict	UNP P22088
B	165	LYS	GLN	conflict	UNP P22088
B	171	GLN	ARG	conflict	UNP P22088
B	218	ILE	LEU	conflict	UNP P22088
B	232	ILE	LEU	conflict	UNP P22088
B	240	ALA	VAL	conflict	UNP P22088
B	243	PRO	LEU	conflict	UNP P22088
B	256	VAL	ILE	conflict	UNP P22088
B	266	VAL	LEU	conflict	UNP P22088
B	276	GLN	LYS	conflict	UNP P22088
B	300	ASN	TYR	conflict	UNP P22088

- Molecule 2 is CALCIUM ION (three-letter code: CA) (formula: Ca).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0
2	B	1	Total Ca 1 1	0	0


- Molecule 3 is water.

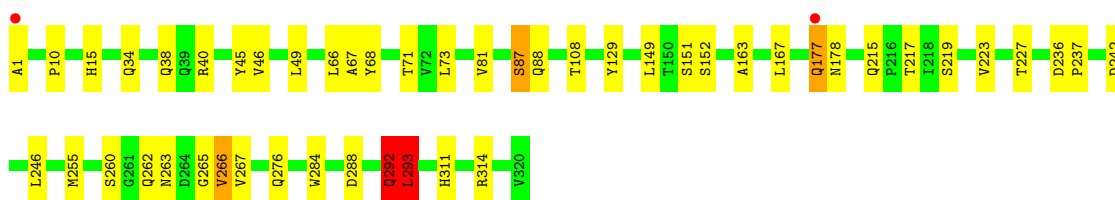
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	198	Total O 198 198	0	0
3	B	197	Total O 197 197	0	0

### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)


These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

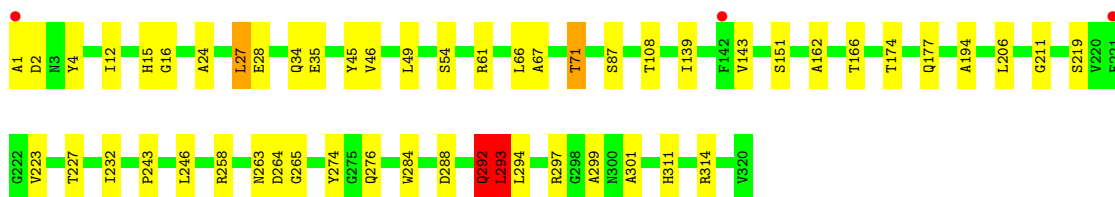
#### ● Molecule 1: LIPASE

Chain A:  85% 14% ..



#### ● Molecule 1: LIPASE

Chain B:  83% 15% ..



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	85.23Å 47.42Å 86.53Å 90.00° 116.11° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	8.00 – 2.10 8.00 – 2.10	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	79.1 (8.00-2.10) 77.4 (8.00-2.10)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.04	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.08 (at 2.05Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.180 , 0.255 0.171 , 0.246	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2832 reflections (9.97%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	15.8	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.467	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.39 , 105.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.49$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.004 for l,-k,h	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	5071	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	17.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 92.85 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 7.4106e-09. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: CA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.56	0/2382	0.80	4/3263 (0.1%)
1	B	0.55	0/2382	0.78	4/3263 (0.1%)
All	All	0.56	0/4764	0.79	8/6526 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed( $^{\circ}$ )	Ideal( $^{\circ}$ )
1	A	293	LEU	CB-CA-C	8.16	125.71	110.20
1	B	293	LEU	CA-CB-CG	-7.41	98.26	115.30
1	A	292	GLN	N-CA-C	6.74	129.21	111.00
1	B	61	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.31	117.14	120.30
1	B	292	GLN	N-CA-C	5.80	126.66	111.00
1	A	293	LEU	CA-C-N	-5.53	105.04	117.20
1	A	292	GLN	CA-C-N	-5.48	105.15	117.20
1	B	292	GLN	CA-C-N	-5.47	105.16	117.20

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	293	LEU	Mainchain

## 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2337	0	2292	31	0
1	B	2337	0	2292	34	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	198	0	0	1	0
3	B	197	0	0	6	0
All	All	5071	0	4584	65	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (65) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:263:ASN:HD22	1:A:265:GLY:H	1.04	0.97
1:B:263:ASN:HD22	1:B:265:GLY:H	1.12	0.94
1:B:292:GLN:HE21	1:B:293:LEU:H	1.08	0.91
1:A:292:GLN:HE21	1:A:293:LEU:H	1.22	0.87
1:A:15:HIS:HE1	1:A:49:LEU:H	1.22	0.87
1:B:162:ALA:O	1:B:166:THR:HG23	1.79	0.82
1:B:243:PRO:HD2	1:B:293:LEU:HD23	1.62	0.80
1:B:15:HIS:HE1	1:B:49:LEU:H	1.25	0.80
1:A:311:HIS:HD2	1:A:314:ARG:HH11	1.34	0.73
1:A:15:HIS:CE1	1:A:49:LEU:H	2.07	0.73
1:B:54:SER:HA	1:B:166:THR:HG21	1.70	0.72
1:A:67:ALA:O	1:A:71:THR:HG23	1.90	0.71
1:A:263:ASN:HD22	1:A:265:GLY:N	1.84	0.71
1:B:15:HIS:CE1	1:B:49:LEU:H	2.10	0.68
1:B:292:GLN:NE2	1:B:293:LEU:H	1.88	0.68
1:B:67:ALA:O	1:B:71:THR:HG23	1.94	0.67
1:A:34:GLN:NE2	1:A:46:VAL:HG23	2.09	0.67

*Continued on next page...*



*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:263:ASN:ND2	1:A:265:GLY:H	1.87	0.66
1:B:292:GLN:HE21	1:B:293:LEU:N	1.88	0.66
1:B:311:HIS:HD2	1:B:314:ARG:HH11	1.41	0.66
1:B:108:THR:OG1	1:B:311:HIS:HE1	1.85	0.60
1:A:108:THR:OG1	1:A:311:HIS:HE1	1.85	0.60
1:B:263:ASN:ND2	1:B:265:GLY:H	1.92	0.60
1:A:292:GLN:HE21	1:A:293:LEU:N	1.98	0.59
1:B:232:ILE:HG13	1:B:299:ALA:HB3	1.84	0.59
1:A:1:ALA:HB3	1:A:40:ARG:HH21	1.68	0.58
1:A:34:GLN:O	1:A:38:GLN:HG3	2.04	0.58
1:B:28:GLU:HG3	3:B:891:HOH:O	2.06	0.55
1:B:34:GLN:NE2	1:B:46:VAL:HG23	2.21	0.55
1:A:311:HIS:CD2	1:A:314:ARG:HH11	2.21	0.54
1:A:177:GLN:HG2	1:A:178:ASN:N	2.23	0.54
1:A:266:VAL:HG12	1:A:267:VAL:HG23	1.88	0.54
1:A:217:THR:HG21	1:A:227:THR:HG23	1.90	0.53
1:A:10:PRO:HG2	1:A:81:VAL:HG12	1.90	0.53
1:A:163:ALA:O	1:A:167:LEU:HD23	2.10	0.52
1:B:206:LEU:HD22	1:B:274:TYR:OH	2.10	0.52
1:B:258:ARG:HD3	3:B:784:HOH:O	2.10	0.52
1:B:12:ILE:HD13	1:B:45:TYR:HB2	1.93	0.50
1:B:139:ILE:O	1:B:143:VAL:HG23	2.11	0.50
1:A:255:MET:HB3	1:A:260:SER:OG	2.11	0.49
1:A:219:SER:HA	1:A:223:VAL:O	2.12	0.49
1:A:73:LEU:HD21	1:A:81:VAL:HG13	1.95	0.49
1:B:174:THR:O	1:B:177:GLN:HG2	2.13	0.48
1:B:194:ALA:HB1	3:B:750:HOH:O	2.13	0.48
1:B:311:HIS:CD2	1:B:314:ARG:HH11	2.28	0.48
1:B:1:ALA:HB3	1:B:4:TYR:HB2	1.96	0.48
1:A:66:LEU:HD21	3:A:590:HOH:O	2.13	0.48
1:A:215:GLN:HE22	1:A:262:GLN:HE21	1.61	0.47
1:A:45:TYR:HB3	1:A:68:TYR:OH	2.15	0.47
1:B:284:TRP:HB3	1:B:288:ASP:HB2	1.96	0.47
1:B:284:TRP:HD1	1:B:301:ALA:HB1	1.80	0.46
1:B:66:LEU:HD21	3:B:788:HOH:O	2.16	0.46
1:B:211:GLY:O	1:B:264:ASP:HB3	2.16	0.46
1:B:219:SER:HA	1:B:223:VAL:O	2.17	0.45
1:A:284:TRP:HB3	1:A:288:ASP:HB2	1.98	0.44
1:B:27:LEU:HD21	1:B:294:LEU:CD2	2.47	0.44
1:A:242:ASP:CG	1:A:293:LEU:HB2	2.38	0.44
1:B:297:ARG:HD3	3:B:840:HOH:O	2.17	0.44

*Continued on next page...*

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:15:HIS:HD2	1:B:16:GLY:O	2.01	0.43
1:A:236:ASP:HA	1:A:237:PRO:HD3	1.89	0.43
1:A:87:SER:HB3	1:A:88:GLN:H	1.60	0.42
1:A:293:LEU:HD22	1:A:293:LEU:HA	1.92	0.42
1:B:15:HIS:HE1	1:B:49:LEU:N	2.04	0.41
1:B:24:ALA:HA	3:B:765:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
1:A:108:THR:OG1	1:A:311:HIS:CE1	2.70	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	318/320 (99%)	311 (98%)	6 (2%)	1 (0%)	37	37
1	B	318/320 (99%)	306 (96%)	11 (4%)	1 (0%)	37	37
All	All	636/640 (99%)	617 (97%)	17 (3%)	2 (0%)	37	37

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	293	LEU
1	B	293	LEU

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	245/245 (100%)	234 (96%)	11 (4%)	23	24
1	B	245/245 (100%)	235 (96%)	10 (4%)	26	27
All	All	490/490 (100%)	469 (96%)	21 (4%)	25	25

All (21) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	87	SER
1	A	129	TYR
1	A	149	LEU
1	A	151	SER
1	A	152	SER
1	A	177	GLN
1	A	246	LEU
1	A	266	VAL
1	A	276	GLN
1	A	292	GLN
1	A	293	LEU
1	B	2	ASP
1	B	27	LEU
1	B	35	GLU
1	B	71	THR
1	B	87	SER
1	B	151	SER
1	B	227	THR
1	B	246	LEU
1	B	276	GLN
1	B	292	GLN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (20) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	15	HIS
1	A	34	GLN
1	A	38	GLN
1	A	88	GLN
1	A	239	ASN
1	A	262	GLN
1	A	263	ASN
1	A	292	GLN
1	A	311	HIS

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	15	HIS
1	B	34	GLN
1	B	88	GLN
1	B	177	GLN
1	B	215	GLN
1	B	239	ASN
1	B	262	GLN
1	B	263	ASN
1	B	276	GLN
1	B	292	GLN
1	B	311	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 2 ligands modelled in this entry, 2 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

### 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	320/320 (100%)	-0.57	2 (0%) 85 86	5, 14, 30, 44	0
1	B	320/320 (100%)	-0.57	3 (0%) 81 82	5, 14, 29, 49	0
All	All	640/640 (100%)	-0.57	5 (0%) 82 83	5, 14, 29, 49	0

All (5) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	1	ALA	4.3
1	A	1	ALA	2.9
1	B	221	PHE	2.1
1	A	177	GLN	2.1
1	B	142	PHE	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
2	CA	B	401	1/1	0.93	0.05	11,11,11,11	0
2	CA	A	401	1/1	0.95	0.03	10,10,10,10	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.