Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

Mar 9, 2026 – 10:50 PM UTC

PDB ID	:	1J4Q / pdb_00001j4q
Title	:	NMR STRUCTURE OF THE FHA1 DOMAIN OF RAD53 IN COMPLEX WITH A RAD9-DERIVED PHOSPHOTHREONINE (AT T192) PEPTIDE
Authors	:	Yuan, C.; Yongkiettrakul, S.; Byeon, I.-J.L.; Zhou, S.; Tsai, M.-D.
Deposited on	:	2001-10-22

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/NMRValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

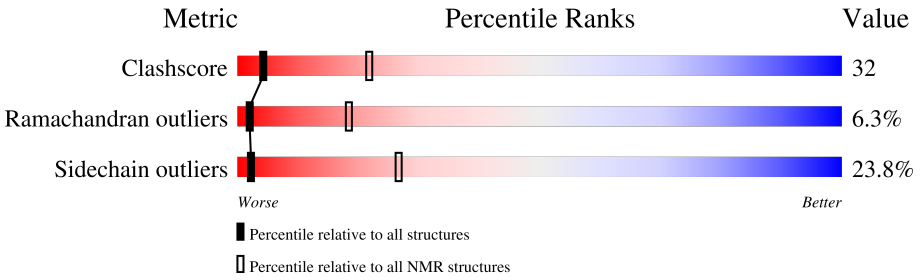
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Percentile statistics	:	20250101.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive January 1st 2025)
wwPDB-RCI	:	v_1n_11_5_13_A (Berjanski et al., 2005)
PANAV	:	Wang et al. (2010)
wwPDB-ShiftChecker	:	v1.2
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.49

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
SOLUTION NMR

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment was not calculated.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	NMR archive (#Entries)
Clashscore	229148	14424
Ramachandran outliers	224038	12848
Sidechain outliers	223484	12823

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	151	37% 52% 11%
2	B	13	54% 31% 8% 8%

2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 1 models. Identification of well-defined residues and clustering analysis are not possible.

3 Entry composition (i)

There are 2 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2619 atoms, of which 1316 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called PROTEIN KINASE SPK1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	S	
1	A	151	2424	751	1224	215	230	4	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called DNA REPAIR PROTEIN RAD9.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						Trace
			Total	C	H	N	O	P	
2	B	13	195	61	92	14	27	1	0

There is a discrepancy between the modelled and reference sequences:

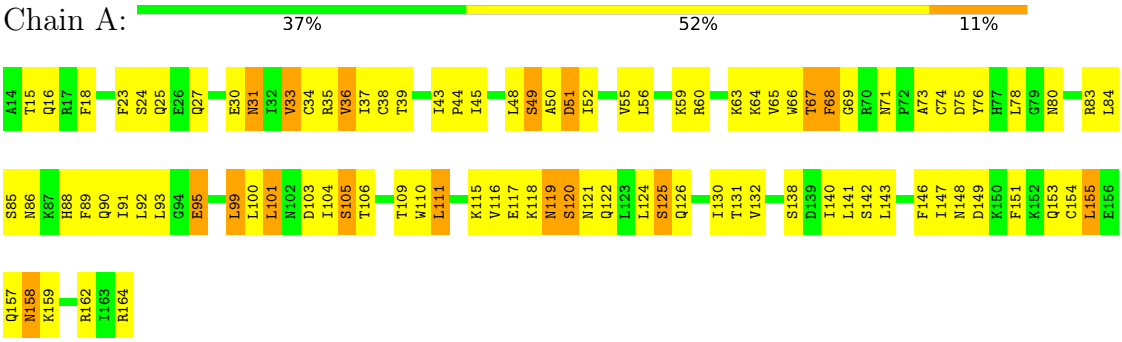
Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	169	TPO	THR	modified residue	UNP P14737

4 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: PROTEIN KINASE SPK1

Chain A:



• Molecule 2: DNA REPAIR PROTEIN RAD9

Chain B:

5 Refinement protocol and experimental data overview

The models were refined using the following method: *THE COMPLEX STRUCTURE ARE GENERATED USING A TOTAL OF 2474 RESTRAINTS. AMONG THEM, 3 ARTIFICIAL CONSTRAINTS, 192 TALOS- DERIVED DIHEDRAL ANGLE RESTRAINTS, 78 H-BOND RESTRAINTS, 22 INTERMOLECULAR DISTANCE CONSTRAINS, AND 2179 INTRA-FHA1 AND INTRA- PEPTIDE DISTANCE CONSTRAINTS.*

Of the ? calculated structures, 1 were deposited, based on the following criterion: *?*.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
XwinNMR	structure solution	2.6
CNS	structure solution	1.0
CNS	refinement	1.0

No chemical shift data was provided.

6 Model quality

6.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: TPO

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the (average) root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#Z>5	RMSZ	#Z>5
1	A	0.38	0/1214 (0.0%)	0.67	0/1633 (0.0%)
2	B	0.42	0/91 (0.0%)	7.34	7/120 (5.8%)
All	All	0.38	0/1305 (0.0%)	2.02	7/1753 (0.4%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	Chirality	Planarity
2	B	0	1
All	All	0	1

There are no bond-length outliers.

All angle outliers are listed below. They are sorted according to the Z-score.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	B	175	PHE	CG-CD1-CE1	-38.96	54.47	120.70
2	B	175	PHE	CZ-CE2-CD2	-38.77	50.22	120.00
2	B	175	PHE	CD1-CG-CD2	-33.20	68.80	118.60
2	B	175	PHE	CE1-CZ-CE2	-27.97	69.65	120.00
2	B	175	PHE	CG-CD2-CE2	-27.52	73.91	120.70
2	B	175	PHE	CD1-CE1-CZ	-26.73	71.88	120.00
2	B	175	PHE	CB-CG-CD1	7.00	132.61	120.70

There are no chirality outliers.

All planar outliers are listed below.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
2	B	175	PHE	Sidechain

6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	1200	1224	1221	79
2	B	103	92	89	8
All	All	1303	1316	1310	84

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 32.

All clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)
1:A:33:VAL:HG23	1:A:49:SER:HA	0.90	1.43
1:A:51:ASP:O	1:A:55:VAL:HG23	0.79	1.77
1:A:110:TRP:CE2	1:A:115:LYS:HB2	0.77	2.15
1:A:100:LEU:HD23	1:A:122:GLN:O	0.74	1.81
1:A:124:LEU:HD21	1:A:147:ILE:HG12	0.74	1.58
1:A:100:LEU:HD22	1:A:121:ASN:HB3	0.73	1.60
1:A:103:ASP:OD2	1:A:116:VAL:HG23	0.72	1.82
1:A:33:VAL:CG1	1:A:93:LEU:HD13	0.70	2.16
1:A:33:VAL:HG23	1:A:49:SER:CA	0.67	2.18
1:A:125:SER:O	1:A:147:ILE:HD11	0.67	1.88
1:A:99:LEU:HB2	1:A:124:LEU:HD22	0.67	1.67
1:A:37:ILE:HG23	1:A:45:ILE:HG12	0.66	1.67
1:A:52:ILE:HD13	1:A:154:CYS:SG	0.65	2.32
1:A:103:ASP:CG	1:A:118:LYS:HA	0.62	2.18
1:A:100:LEU:HD23	1:A:122:GLN:C	0.59	2.22
1:A:106:THR:HG22	2:B:171:ALA:HB2	0.59	1.74
1:A:38:CYS:HA	1:A:143:LEU:HD13	0.58	1.75
1:A:33:VAL:CG1	1:A:93:LEU:HD22	0.58	2.28
1:A:151:PHE:CE2	1:A:155:LEU:HD23	0.58	2.34
1:A:33:VAL:HG11	1:A:93:LEU:HD22	0.56	1.75
1:A:43:ILE:CD1	1:A:78:LEU:HD22	0.54	2.33
1:A:43:ILE:HD13	1:A:78:LEU:HD22	0.54	1.79
1:A:69:GLY:HA3	1:A:86:ASN:O	0.54	2.02

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)
1:A:48:LEU:HD22	1:A:66:TRP:CD1	0.54	2.37
1:A:43:ILE:HD13	1:A:78:LEU:CD2	0.52	2.35
1:A:142:SER:C	1:A:143:LEU:HD22	0.52	2.29
1:A:71:ASN:OD1	1:A:73:ALA:HB3	0.52	2.03
1:A:124:LEU:HD21	1:A:147:ILE:CG1	0.52	2.32
1:A:67:THR:HG23	1:A:90:GLN:HG3	0.52	1.81
1:A:68:PHE:N	1:A:68:PHE:CD1	0.51	2.78
1:A:55:VAL:HG13	1:A:63:LYS:HG2	0.51	1.82
1:A:68:PHE:CG	1:A:89:PHE:CE2	0.51	2.98
1:A:88:HIS:CD2	1:A:105:SER:OG	0.50	2.65
1:A:68:PHE:CD2	1:A:76:TYR:CB	0.50	2.95
1:A:36:VAL:HG11	1:A:68:PHE:CE2	0.49	2.42
1:A:23:PHE:CG	1:A:24:SER:N	0.49	2.79
1:A:65:VAL:HG13	1:A:91:ILE:O	0.49	2.08
1:A:34:CYS:SG	1:A:48:LEU:HD12	0.49	2.48
1:A:131:THR:HG22	1:A:140:ILE:CG2	0.49	2.38
1:A:56:LEU:HD11	1:A:159:LYS:HB2	0.49	1.83
1:A:106:THR:HG22	2:B:171:ALA:CB	0.49	2.38
1:A:88:HIS:CD2	1:A:132:VAL:CG1	0.48	2.96
1:A:88:HIS:CE1	1:A:105:SER:HB3	0.48	2.43
1:A:84:LEU:HD21	1:A:132:VAL:HG23	0.47	1.85
1:A:33:VAL:CG2	1:A:50:ALA:N	0.47	2.77
1:A:43:ILE:CG2	1:A:44:PRO:HD2	0.47	2.40
2:B:165:SER:C	2:B:166:LEU:HG	0.47	2.34
1:A:23:PHE:CD1	1:A:24:SER:N	0.46	2.83
1:A:48:LEU:HB3	1:A:66:TRP:CE2	0.46	2.46
1:A:111:LEU:C	1:A:111:LEU:HD12	0.46	2.35
1:A:131:THR:CG2	1:A:140:ILE:CG2	0.45	2.94
1:A:151:PHE:CE2	1:A:155:LEU:CD2	0.45	3.00
1:A:142:SER:O	1:A:143:LEU:HD22	0.45	2.12
1:A:68:PHE:CZ	1:A:91:ILE:HD12	0.44	2.48
1:A:110:TRP:NE1	1:A:115:LYS:HB2	0.44	2.28
2:B:175:PHE:CG	2:B:175:PHE:O	0.44	2.69
1:A:65:VAL:CG1	1:A:91:ILE:O	0.44	2.66
1:A:31:ASN:O	1:A:49:SER:HB3	0.43	2.13
1:A:109:THR:CG2	1:A:130:ILE:CG2	0.43	2.96
2:B:165:SER:O	2:B:166:LEU:HD12	0.43	2.13
1:A:23:PHE:CD1	1:A:23:PHE:C	0.43	2.97
1:A:66:TRP:O	1:A:90:GLN:CG	0.43	2.66
2:B:174:THR:O	2:B:175:PHE:HZ	0.43	1.96
1:A:65:VAL:HG12	1:A:90:GLN:HG2	0.43	1.91
1:A:66:TRP:N	1:A:91:ILE:O	0.43	2.49

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)
1:A:101:LEU:HD21	1:A:130:ILE:CD1	0.42	2.45
1:A:85:SER:O	1:A:86:ASN:C	0.42	2.63
1:A:103:ASP:O	1:A:119:ASN:N	0.42	2.49
1:A:109:THR:HG22	1:A:130:ILE:CG2	0.42	2.44
1:A:68:PHE:O	1:A:88:HIS:N	0.42	2.53
1:A:65:VAL:HG13	1:A:91:ILE:C	0.41	2.40
1:A:88:HIS:CD2	1:A:132:VAL:HG11	0.41	2.50
1:A:66:TRP:O	1:A:90:GLN:HA	0.41	2.15
1:A:88:HIS:CE1	1:A:132:VAL:HB	0.41	2.50
1:A:106:THR:CG2	2:B:171:ALA:HB2	0.41	2.43
1:A:67:THR:O	1:A:75:ASP:N	0.41	2.53
1:A:88:HIS:O	1:A:105:SER:N	0.41	2.53
1:A:36:VAL:CG2	1:A:76:TYR:CE1	0.41	3.04
1:A:157:GLN:O	1:A:159:LYS:N	0.41	2.54
1:A:49:SER:O	1:A:64:LYS:CE	0.41	2.69
1:A:130:ILE:N	1:A:143:LEU:O	0.40	2.53
1:A:117:GLU:O	1:A:120:SER:HB2	0.40	2.16
2:B:165:SER:O	2:B:166:LEU:O	0.40	2.40
1:A:66:TRP:O	1:A:90:GLN:HG2	0.40	2.16

6.3 Torsion angles (i)

6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	149/151 (99%)	124 (83%)	17 (11%)	8 (5%)	2 22
2	B	10/13 (77%)	5 (50%)	3 (30%)	2 (20%)	0 2
All	All	159/164 (97%)	129 (81%)	20 (13%)	10 (6%)	2 18

All 10 Ramachandran outliers are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	25	GLN
1	A	31	ASN
1	A	80	ASN

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	95	GLU
1	A	104	ILE
1	A	119	ASN
1	A	158	ASN
1	A	162	ARG
2	B	166	LEU
2	B	176	VAL

6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	137/137 (100%)	102 (74%)	35 (26%)	2 24
2	B	10/10 (100%)	10 (100%)	0 (0%)	100 100
All	All	147/147 (100%)	112 (76%)	35 (24%)	2 27

All 35 residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	15	THR
1	A	16	GLN
1	A	18	PHE
1	A	27	GLN
1	A	30	GLU
1	A	33	VAL
1	A	35	ARG
1	A	36	VAL
1	A	39	THR
1	A	49	SER
1	A	51	ASP
1	A	59	LYS
1	A	60	ARG
1	A	67	THR
1	A	68	PHE
1	A	74	CYS
1	A	83	ARG

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	92	LEU
1	A	95	GLU
1	A	99	LEU
1	A	101	LEU
1	A	105	SER
1	A	111	LEU
1	A	120	SER
1	A	125	SER
1	A	126	GLN
1	A	138	SER
1	A	141	LEU
1	A	146	PHE
1	A	148	ASN
1	A	149	ASP
1	A	153	GLN
1	A	155	LEU
1	A	158	ASN
1	A	164	ARG

6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds that are observed in the model and the number of bonds that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	TPO	B	169	2	8,10,11	0.99	0 (0%)

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of angles for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of angles that are observed in the model and the number of angles that are defined in the chemical component dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types,

if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond angle is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond angle with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the average root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond angles.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#Z>2
2	TPO	B	169	2	10,14,16	1.14	0 (0%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	TPO	B	169	2	-	0,9,11,13	-

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

7 Chemical shift validation (i)

No chemical shift data were provided