



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Dec 15, 2025 – 02:19 PM EST

PDB ID : 9Z0F / pdb\_00009z0f  
Title : Crystal structure of Trastuzumab Fc conjugated to Linker-Payload  
Authors : Jaime-Garza, M.; Noland, C.L.; Gabelli, S.B.  
Deposited on : 2025-10-31  
Resolution : 2.46 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0  
Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0  
EDS : 3.0  
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)  
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)  
CCP4 : 9.0.010 (Gargrove)  
Density-Fitness : 1.0.12  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.47

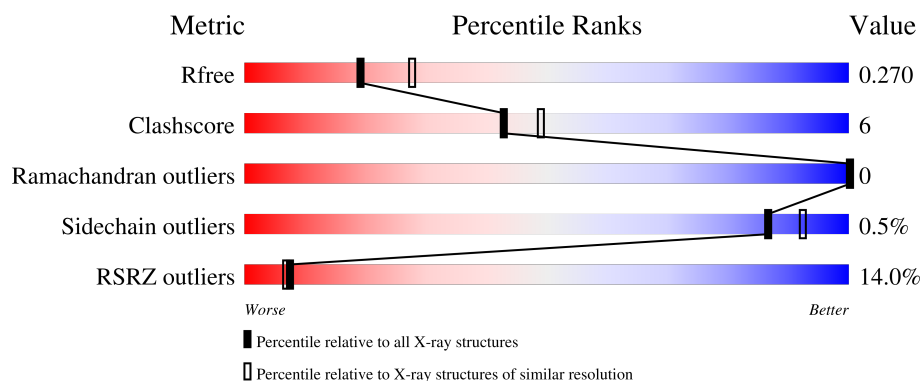
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.46 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	164625	1096 (2.46-2.46)
Clashscore	180529	1178 (2.46-2.46)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	1170 (2.46-2.46)
Sidechain outliers	177891	1170 (2.46-2.46)
RSRZ outliers	164620	1096 (2.46-2.46)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	210	<div> <div>19%</div> <div> <div>82%</div> <div>16%</div> <div>.</div> </div> </div>
2	B	211	<div> <div>9%</div> <div> <div>80%</div> <div>18%</div> <div>.</div> </div> </div>
3	C	8	<div> <div>38%</div> <div>38%</div> <div>25%</div> </div>
4	D	8	<div> <div>50%</div> <div>38%</div> <div>12%</div> </div>

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3543 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

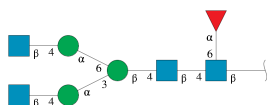
- Molecule 1 is a protein called Trastuzumab Fc.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	206	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			1632	1040	272	312	8			

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Trastuzumab Fc.

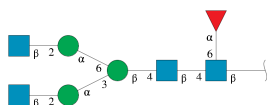
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	208	Total	C	N	O	S	0	1	0
			1655	1053	276	318	8			

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



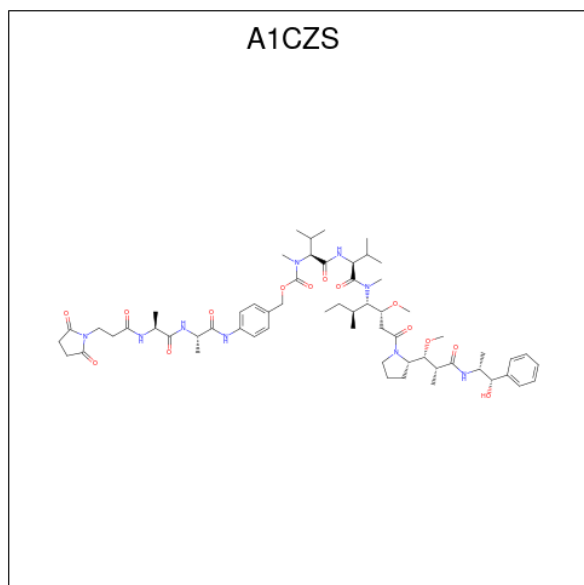
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	C	8	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			99	56	4	39			

- Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
4	D	8	Total	C	N	O	0	0	0
			99	56	4	39			

- Molecule 5 is N-([4-({N-[3-(2,5-dioxopyrrolidin-1-yl)propanoyl]-L-alanyl-L-alanyl}amino)phenyl]methoxy}carbonyl)-N-methyl-L-valyl-N-[(3R,4S,5S)-1-{(2S)-2-[(1R,2R)-3-{[(1S,2R)-1-hydroxy-1-phenylpropan-2-yl]amino}-1-methoxy-2-methyl-3-oxopropyl]pyrrolidin-1-yl}-3-methoxy-5-methyl-1-oxoheptan-4-yl]-N-methyl-L-valinamide (CCD ID: A1CZS) (formula: C<sub>60</sub>H<sub>91</sub>N<sub>9</sub>O<sub>14</sub>) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			9	6	1	2		
5	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			9	6	1	2		
5	B	1	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			28	19	4	5		

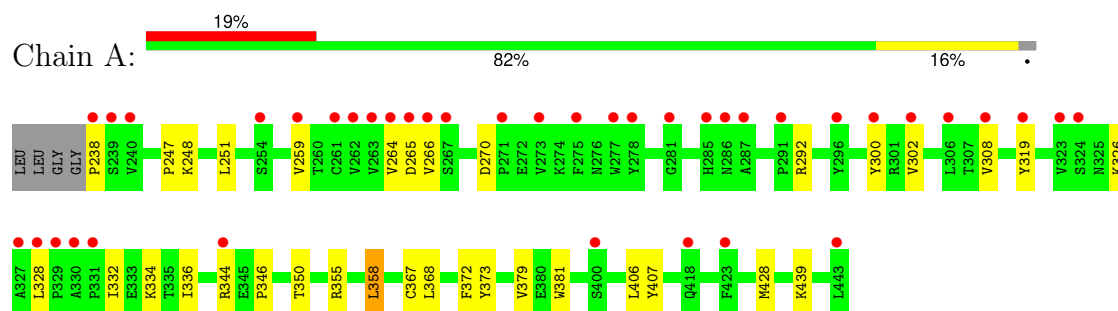
- Molecule 6 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	7	Total	O	0	0
			7	7		
6	B	5	Total	O	0	0
			5	5		

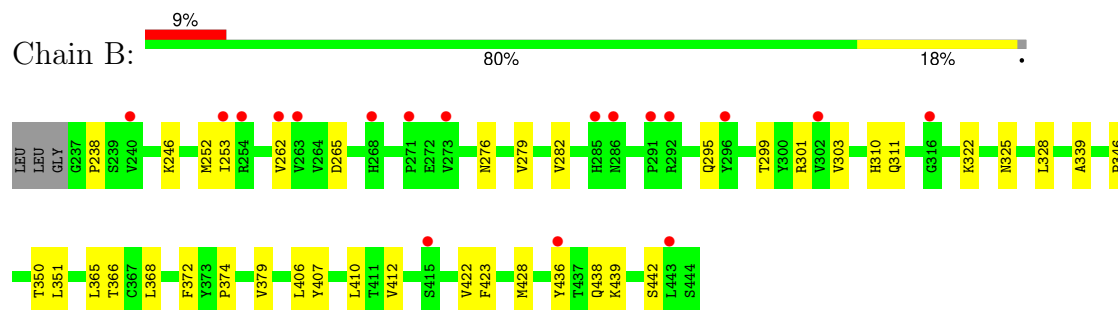
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

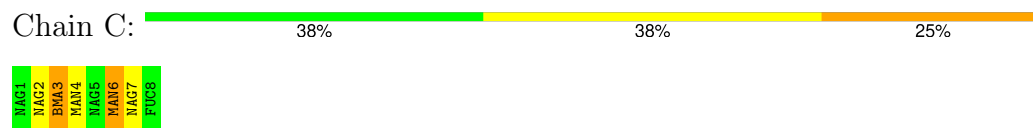
#### • Molecule 1: Trastuzumab Fc



#### • Molecule 2: Trastuzumab Fc



#### • Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



#### • Molecule 4: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-3)-[2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-2)-alpha-D-mannopyranose-(1-6)]beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose



MAG1
MAG2
BM13
MAN4
NAG5
MAN6
MAG7
FUC8

## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	49.46Å 79.59Å 138.11Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	68.96 – 2.46 68.96 – 2.46	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	74.1 (68.96-2.46) 74.0 (68.96-2.46)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.12	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	1.12 (at 2.45Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.19.2_4158	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.249 , 0.272 0.247 , 0.270	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	767 reflections (3.75%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	62.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.012	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.31 , 41.2	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.48$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.91	EDS
Total number of atoms	3543	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	69.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 11.19% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MAN, BMA, FUC, NAG, A1CZS

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.09	0/1677	0.25	0/2290
2	B	0.08	0/1701	0.25	0/2322
All	All	0.08	0/3378	0.25	0/4612

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1632	0	1574	19	0
2	B	1655	0	1596	22	0
3	C	99	0	85	2	0
4	D	99	0	85	2	0
5	A	9	0	0	0	0
5	B	37	0	0	0	0
6	A	7	0	0	0	0
6	B	5	0	0	0	0
All	All	3543	0	3340	42	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.



All (42) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:238:PRO:HA	1:A:265:ASP:HB2	1.69	0.73
1:A:270:ASP:HB3	1:A:326:LYS:HG3	1.71	0.73
1:A:344[B]:ARG:HG3	1:A:373:TYR:HB3	1.71	0.72
2:B:301:ARG:HE	4:D:2:NAG:H81	1.57	0.67
1:A:292:ARG:HG2	1:A:302:VAL:HG22	1.75	0.67
1:A:346:PRO:HB3	1:A:372:PHE:HB3	1.84	0.60
2:B:346:PRO:HB3	2:B:372:PHE:HB3	1.84	0.59
1:A:238:PRO:HD2	1:A:328:LEU:HD13	1.85	0.58
2:B:351:LEU:HB2	2:B:366:THR:HB	1.89	0.54
2:B:365:LEU:HD12	2:B:410:LEU:HD23	1.89	0.54
1:A:266:VAL:HG21	1:A:302:VAL:HG23	1.90	0.53
2:B:276:ASN:HB2	2:B:322:LYS:HE2	1.90	0.52
1:A:332:ILE:HD11	1:A:334:LYS:HE3	1.92	0.52
2:B:379:VAL:HG21	2:B:406:LEU:HD11	1.94	0.50
1:A:368:LEU:HD13	1:A:407:TYR:CZ	2.46	0.50
2:B:295:GLN:HB3	4:D:8:FUC:H5	1.92	0.50
2:B:350:THR:HG23	2:B:439:LYS:HB3	1.94	0.49
1:A:248:LYS:HE3	1:A:428:MET:HE1	1.94	0.49
2:B:262:VAL:HG22	2:B:303:VAL:HG22	1.94	0.49
1:A:292:ARG:HB3	1:A:300:TYR:HD2	1.77	0.48
2:B:368:LEU:HD13	2:B:407:TYR:CZ	2.49	0.47
1:A:355:ARG:HA	1:A:358:LEU:HD23	1.97	0.46
1:A:264:VAL:HG11	3:C:2:NAG:H2	1.98	0.46
1:A:367:CYS:HB2	1:A:381:TRP:CZ2	2.51	0.46
2:B:238:PRO:HA	2:B:265:ASP:HB2	1.98	0.45
1:A:259:VAL:HG23	1:A:308:VAL:HG11	1.99	0.45
1:A:350:THR:HG23	1:A:439:LYS:HB3	2.00	0.44
2:B:325:ASN:HB3	2:B:328:LEU:HG	1.99	0.44
1:A:319:TYR:HB2	1:A:336:ILE:HG22	2.00	0.43
2:B:252:MET:HG3	2:B:428:MET:HE1	2.00	0.43
3:C:3:BMA:H61	3:C:6:MAN:H2	1.60	0.43
2:B:339:ALA:HB3	2:B:374:PRO:HB3	2.01	0.43
2:B:412:VAL:HG21	2:B:423:PHE:CZ	2.54	0.43
2:B:253:ILE:HD12	2:B:310:HIS:CE1	2.55	0.42
2:B:311[A]:GLN:H	2:B:311[A]:GLN:CD	2.28	0.42
2:B:428:MET:HE2	2:B:428:MET:HB3	1.83	0.42
2:B:246:LYS:HD3	2:B:246:LYS:HA	1.90	0.41
2:B:422:VAL:HG22	2:B:442:SER:HB3	2.02	0.41
1:A:379:VAL:HG21	1:A:406:LEU:HD11	2.03	0.41
1:A:247:PRO:O	1:A:251:LEU:HG	2.21	0.41

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:279:VAL:O	2:B:282:VAL:HG22	2.21	0.40
2:B:436:TYR:CE1	2:B:438:GLN:HG3	2.56	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	205/210 (98%)	203 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
2	B	207/211 (98%)	207 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	412/421 (98%)	410 (100%)	2 (0%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	187/195 (96%)	186 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	92
2	B	191/196 (97%)	190 (100%)	1 (0%)	86	92
All	All	378/391 (97%)	376 (100%)	2 (0%)	86	92

All (2) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	358	LEU
2	B	299	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	B	286	ASN
2	B	315	ASN

### 5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

16 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
3	NAG	C	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.33	0	17,19,21	0.42	0
3	NAG	C	2	3	14,14,15	0.22	0	17,19,21	0.65	0
3	BMA	C	3	3	11,11,12	0.64	0	15,15,17	0.93	1 (6%)
3	MAN	C	4	3	11,11,12	0.75	0	15,15,17	0.99	2 (13%)
3	NAG	C	5	3	14,14,15	0.27	0	17,19,21	0.42	0
3	MAN	C	6	3	11,11,12	0.81	0	15,15,17	1.17	2 (13%)
3	NAG	C	7	3	14,14,15	0.61	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.75	1 (5%)
3	FUC	C	8	3	10,10,11	0.82	0	14,14,16	0.81	0
4	NAG	D	1	2,4	14,14,15	0.35	0	17,19,21	0.43	0
4	NAG	D	2	4	14,14,15	0.25	0	17,19,21	0.47	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	BMA	D	3	4	11,11,12	0.50	0	15,15,17	0.86	0
4	MAN	D	4	4	11,11,12	0.66	0	15,15,17	1.14	2 (13%)
4	NAG	D	5	4	14,14,15	0.50	0	17,19,21	0.44	0
4	MAN	D	6	4	11,11,12	0.78	0	15,15,17	1.11	2 (13%)
4	NAG	D	7	4	14,14,15	0.23	0	17,19,21	0.59	0
4	FUC	D	8	4	10,10,11	1.01	1 (10%)	14,14,16	0.88	1 (7%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	C	1	1,3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	C	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	C	4	3	-	2/2/19/22	1/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	5	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	MAN	C	6	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	7	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	FUC	C	8	3	-	-	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	1	2,4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	2	4	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	BMA	D	3	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	D	4	4	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	5	4	-	4/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	MAN	D	6	4	-	1/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	D	7	4	-	1/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	FUC	D	8	4	-	-	0/1/1/1

All (2) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	D	8	FUC	O5-C1	-2.41	1.39	1.43
3	C	7	NAG	C1-C2	2.00	1.55	1.52

All (11) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	D	4	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.99	103.96	110.15

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
3	C	6	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.82	115.97	112.19
4	D	6	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.78	115.91	112.19
4	D	6	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.75	104.46	110.15
4	D	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.69	115.80	112.19
3	C	7	NAG	C1-O5-C5	2.52	115.57	112.19
3	C	6	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.38	105.23	110.15
3	C	4	MAN	C1-O5-C5	2.09	114.99	112.19
3	C	3	BMA	C1-O5-C5	2.07	114.96	112.19
4	D	8	FUC	O2-C2-C1	2.05	113.91	109.22
3	C	4	MAN	O2-C2-C3	-2.01	106.00	110.15

There are no chirality outliers.

All (18) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	C	5	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	C	5	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
4	D	2	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
4	D	2	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
4	D	5	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
4	D	5	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
4	D	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	D	7	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	D	6	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	C	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	D	5	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
4	D	5	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	D	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	C	4	MAN	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	C	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	C	4	MAN	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	C	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
3	C	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7

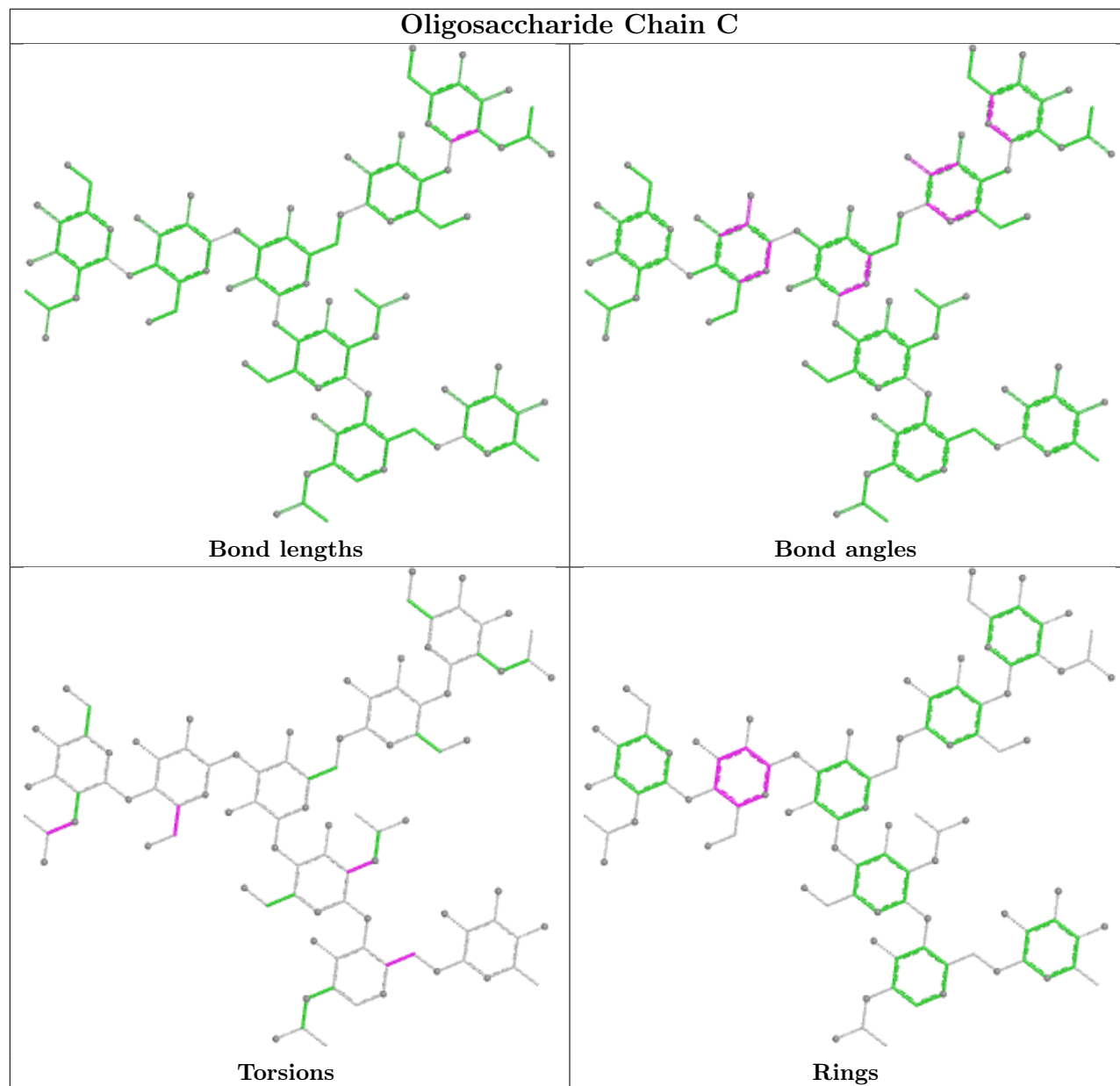
All (1) ring outliers are listed below:

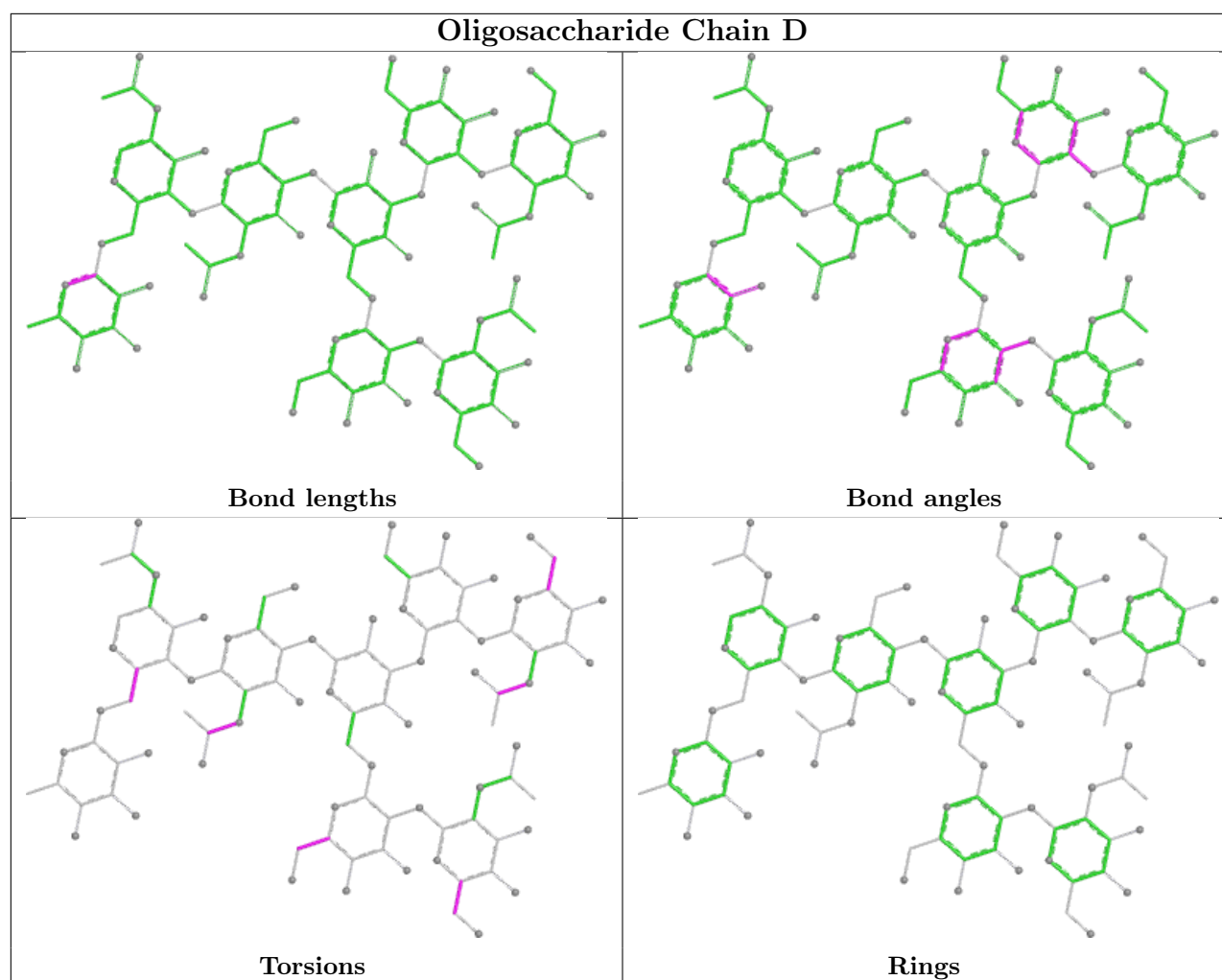
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	C	4	MAN	C1-C2-C3-C4-C5-O5

5 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	C	3	BMA	1	0
3	C	6	MAN	1	0
4	D	2	NAG	1	0
3	C	2	NAG	1	0
4	D	8	FUC	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.





## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

3 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
5	A1CZS	B	501	2	9,9,86	0.25	0	12,12,120	0.51	0
5	A1CZS	A	501	1	9,9,86	0.23	0	12,12,120	0.37	0
5	A1CZS	B	502	2	29,29,86	0.17	0	39,39,120	0.35	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral

centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	A1CZS	B	501	2	-	0/2/15/135	0/1/1/4
5	A1CZS	A	501	1	-	0/2/15/135	0/1/1/4
5	A1CZS	B	502	2	-	2/25/38/135	0/2/2/4

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (2) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	B	502	A1CZS	O69-C68-C70-C71
5	B	502	A1CZS	N67-C68-C70-C71

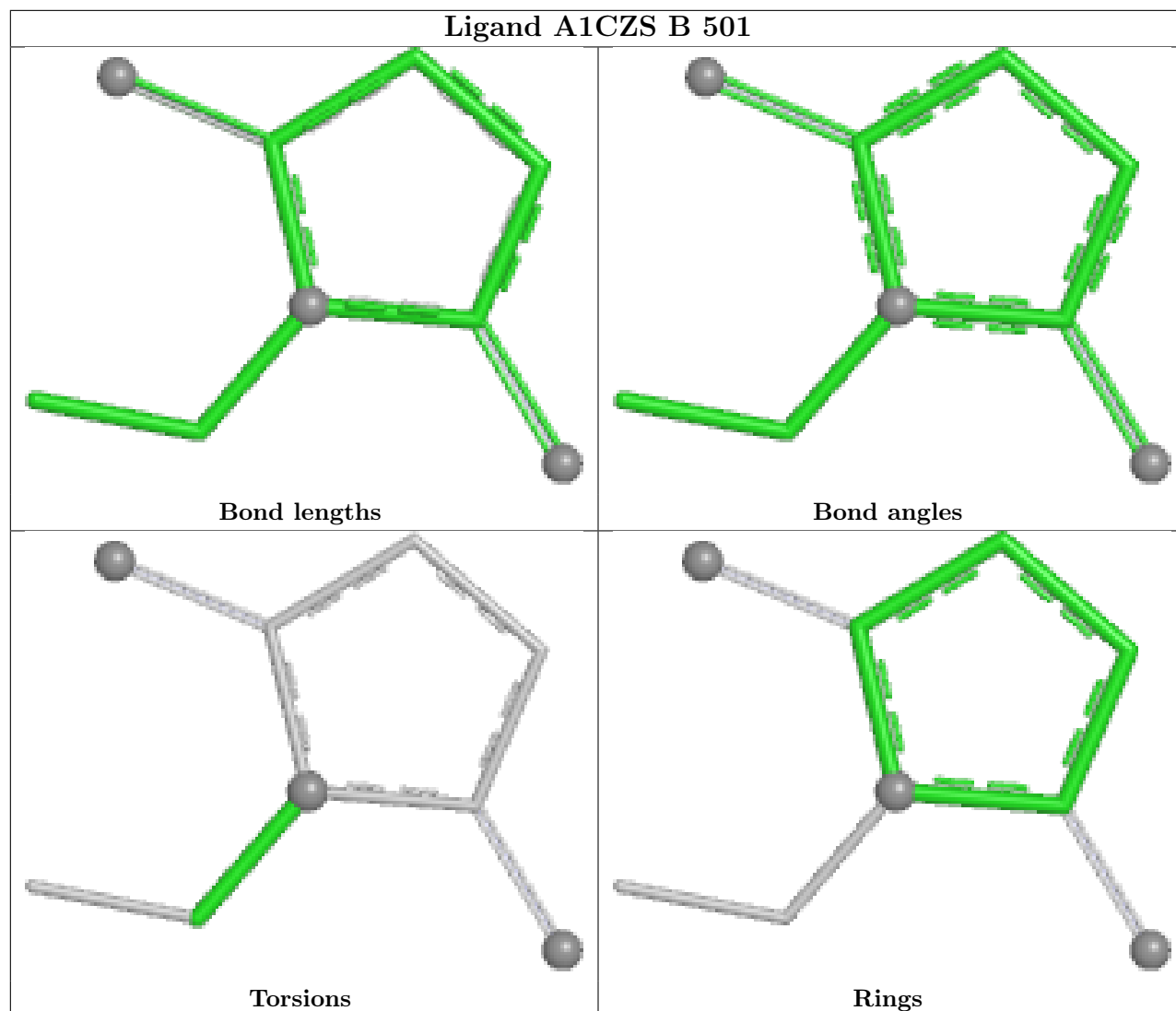
There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

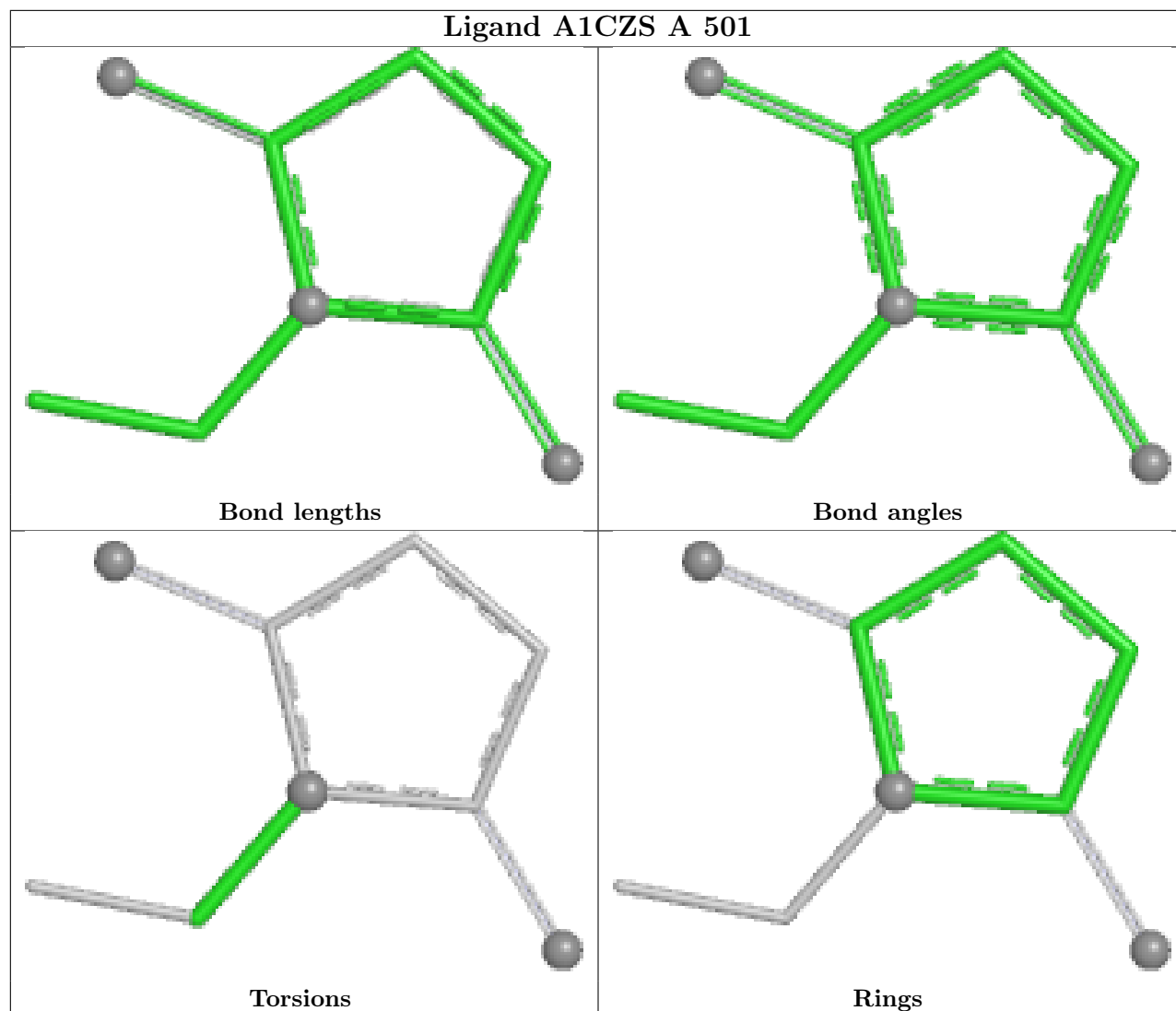
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

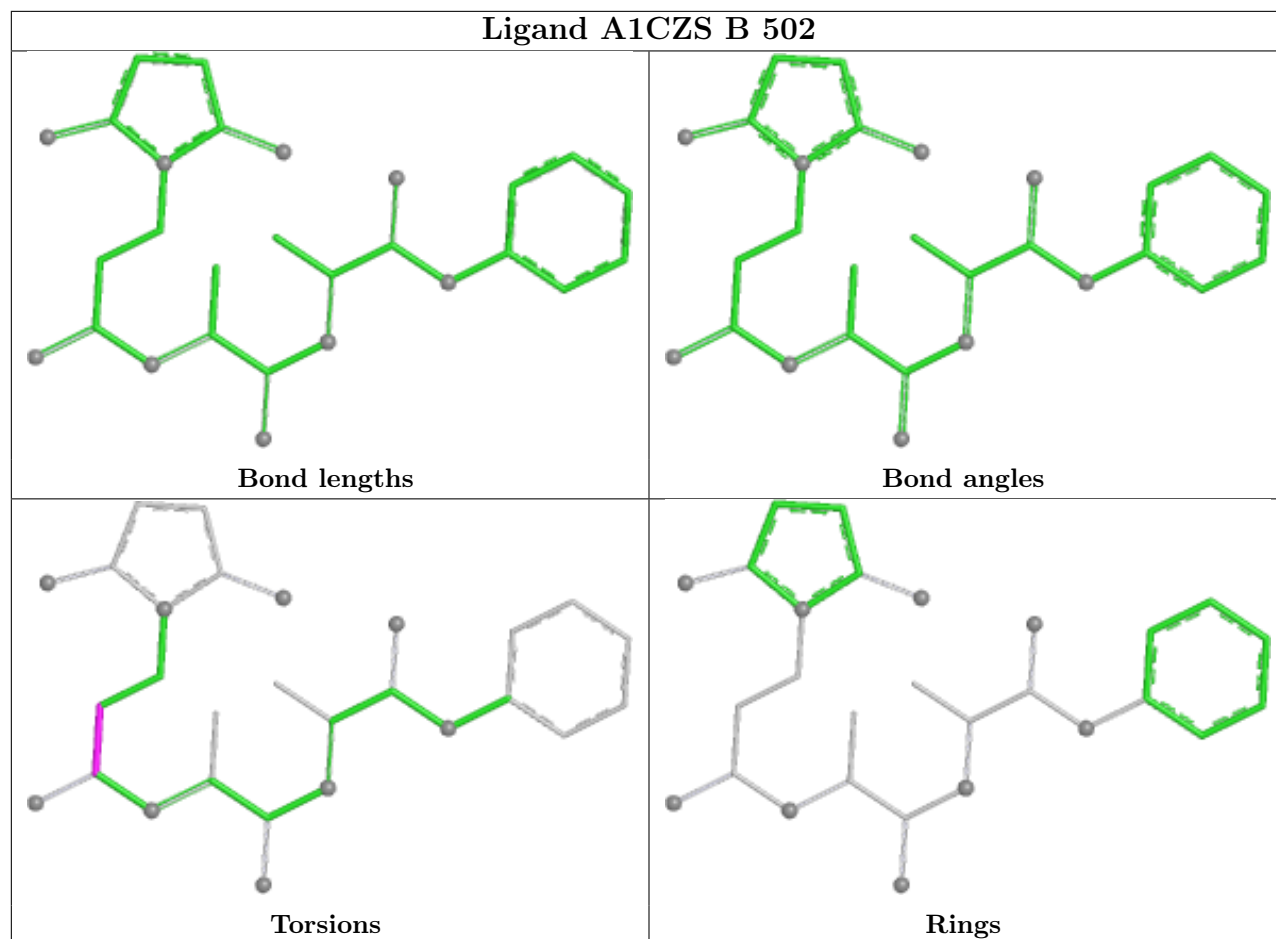


## Ligand A1CZS B 501



## Ligand A1CZS A 501





## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	206/210 (98%)	0.97	40 (19%) 4 3	22, 63, 115, 128	1 (0%)
2	B	208/211 (98%)	0.78	18 (8%) 17 17	28, 63, 98, 106	1 (0%)
All	All	414/421 (98%)	0.88	58 (14%) 7 7	22, 63, 106, 128	2 (0%)

All (58) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	B	436	TYR	4.7
1	A	275	PHE	4.6
1	A	302	VAL	3.8
1	A	327	ALA	3.6
1	A	300	TYR	3.5
2	B	296	TYR	3.5
1	A	443	LEU	3.5
1	A	273	VAL	3.5
1	A	267	SER	3.5
1	A	328	LEU	3.4
1	A	266	VAL	3.4
2	B	316	GLY	3.1
1	A	271	PRO	2.9
1	A	296	TYR	2.9
1	A	238	PRO	2.9
2	B	254	ARG	2.9
1	A	239	SER	2.9
1	A	319	TYR	2.9
1	A	277	TRP	2.9
1	A	287	ALA	2.9
1	A	263	VAL	2.8
1	A	261	CYS	2.8
2	B	263	VAL	2.8
1	A	265	ASP	2.7

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	329	PRO	2.7
1	A	423	PHE	2.7
1	A	262	VAL	2.5
1	A	254	SER	2.5
2	B	291	PRO	2.5
1	A	264	VAL	2.5
1	A	324	SER	2.5
1	A	330	ALA	2.5
1	A	306	LEU	2.5
1	A	344[A]	ARG	2.4
1	A	285	HIS	2.4
1	A	291	PRO	2.4
2	B	285	HIS	2.3
2	B	292	ARG	2.3
1	A	323	VAL	2.3
1	A	286	ASN	2.2
1	A	259	VAL	2.2
2	B	443	LEU	2.2
1	A	278	TYR	2.2
2	B	268	HIS	2.2
2	B	271	PRO	2.2
1	A	308	VAL	2.2
2	B	253	ILE	2.2
1	A	281	GLY	2.2
1	A	418	GLN	2.1
2	B	286	ASN	2.1
2	B	262	VAL	2.1
1	A	240	VAL	2.1
2	B	273	VAL	2.1
2	B	302	VAL	2.1
1	A	331	PRO	2.1
1	A	400	SER	2.1
2	B	415	SER	2.0
2	B	240	VAL	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates

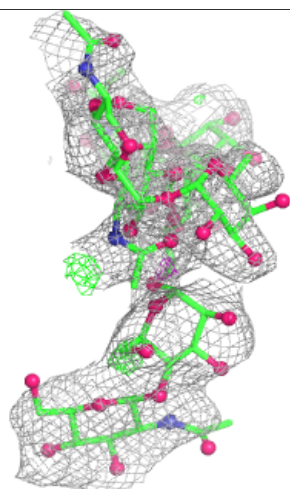
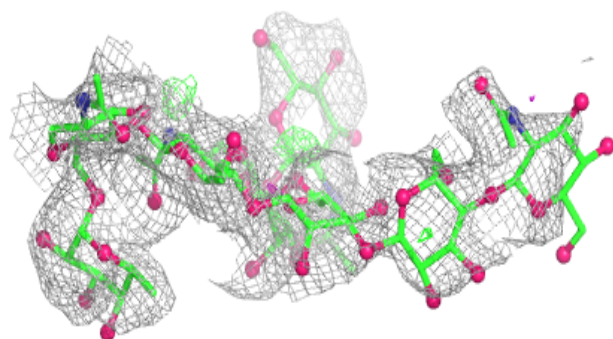
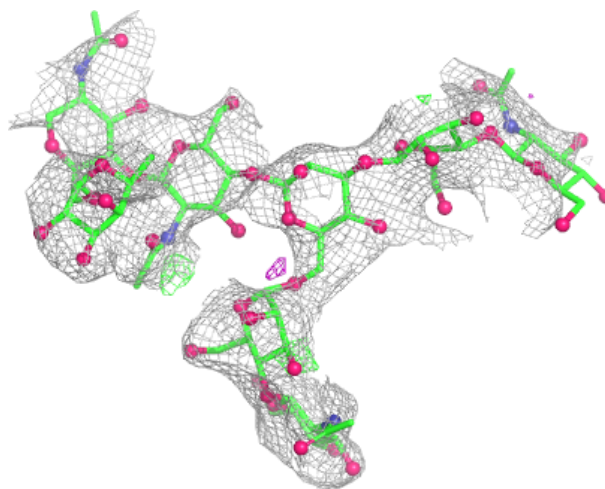
In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

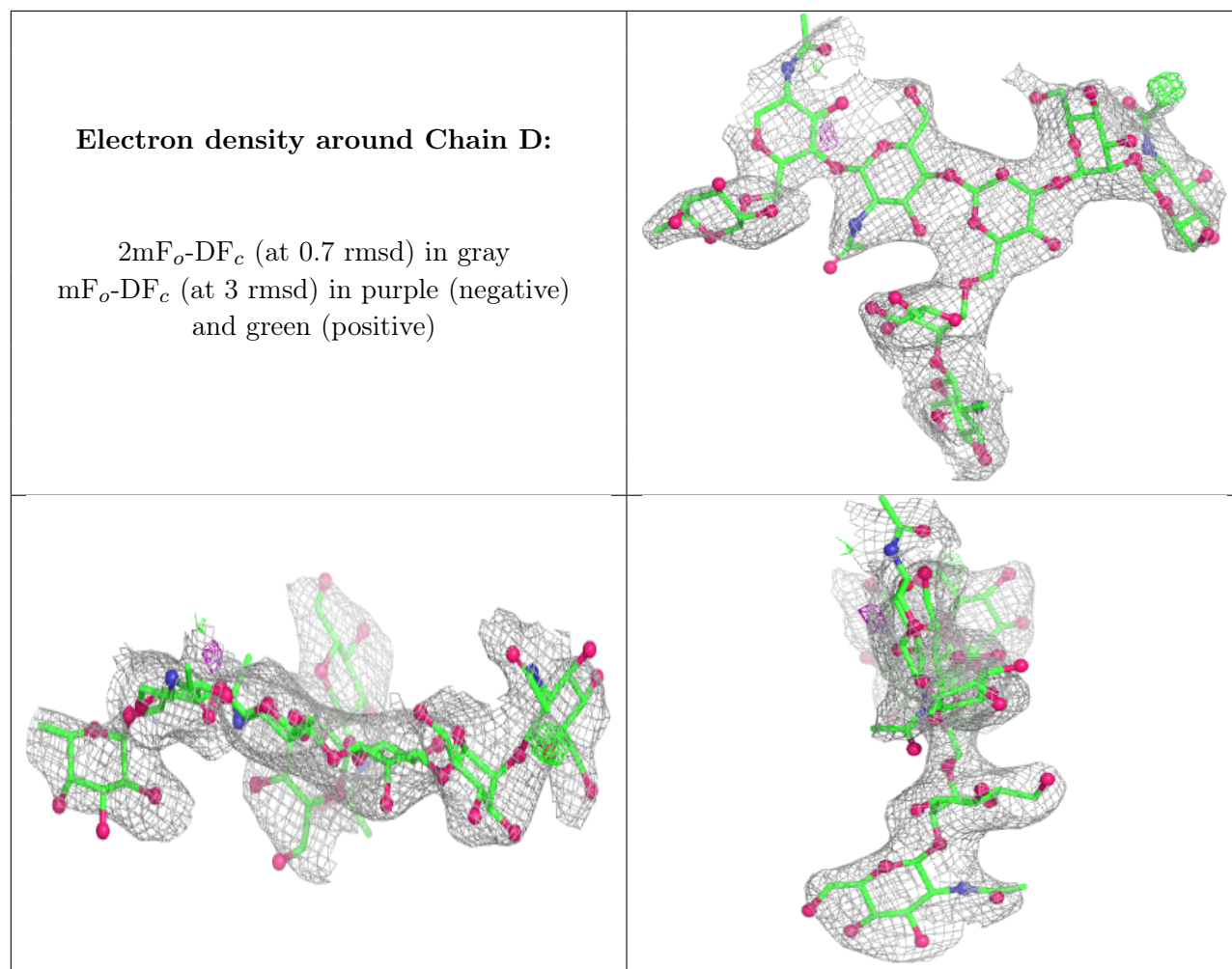
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
4	FUC	D	8	10/11	0.40	0.18	93,112,125,128	0
3	FUC	C	8	10/11	0.46	0.17	99,123,127,127	0
4	NAG	D	5	14/15	0.50	0.15	96,111,120,123	0
3	NAG	C	2	14/15	0.51	0.18	106,124,135,135	0
3	NAG	C	5	14/15	0.54	0.17	103,119,128,130	0
3	BMA	C	3	11/12	0.54	0.16	107,112,122,122	0
3	MAN	C	4	11/12	0.56	0.16	102,110,120,121	0
4	NAG	D	7	14/15	0.71	0.14	75,86,94,97	0
3	MAN	C	6	11/12	0.71	0.15	91,105,111,115	0
3	NAG	C	1	14/15	0.73	0.15	127,134,137,141	0
4	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.74	0.14	93,102,109,110	0
3	NAG	C	7	14/15	0.74	0.17	74,94,110,111	0
4	MAN	D	6	11/12	0.78	0.12	67,80,83,90	0
4	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.85	0.12	83,88,94,100	0
4	BMA	D	3	11/12	0.87	0.09	78,80,90,95	0
4	MAN	D	4	11/12	0.89	0.09	88,92,98,99	0

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

**Electron density around Chain C:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)





## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

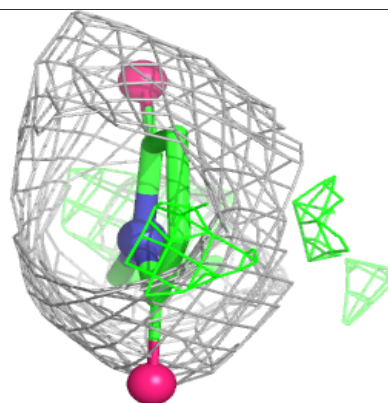
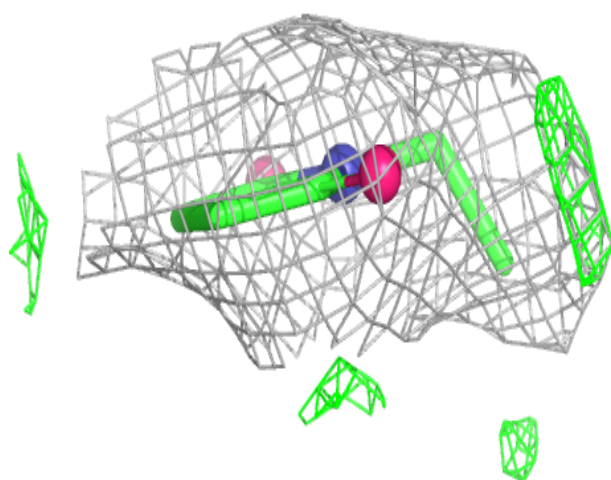
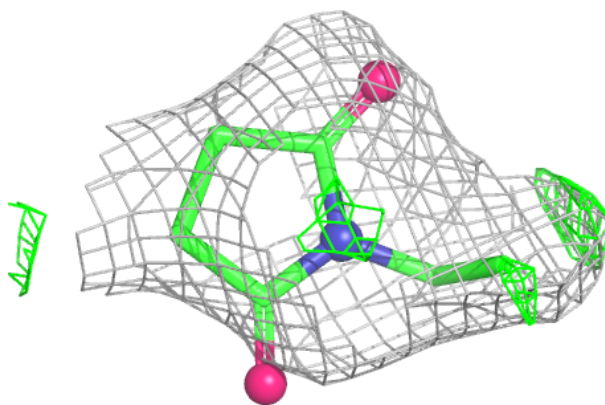
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
5	A1CZS	A	501	9/83	0.64	0.19	62,76,84,85	0
5	A1CZS	B	501	9/83	0.72	0.19	97,101,112,112	0
5	A1CZS	B	502	28/83	0.83	0.17	53,72,86,96	28

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.



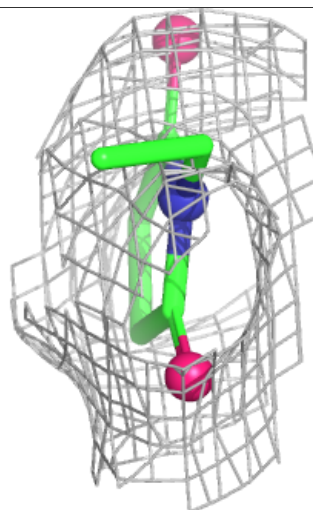
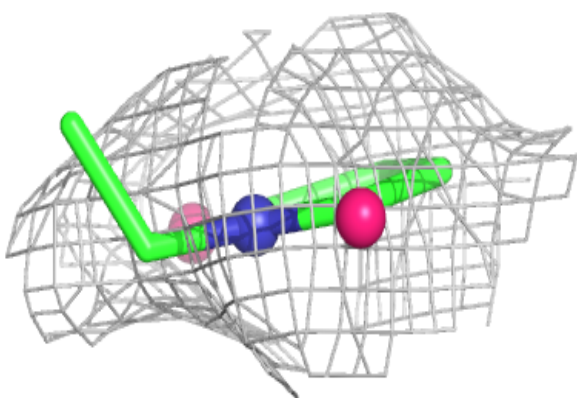
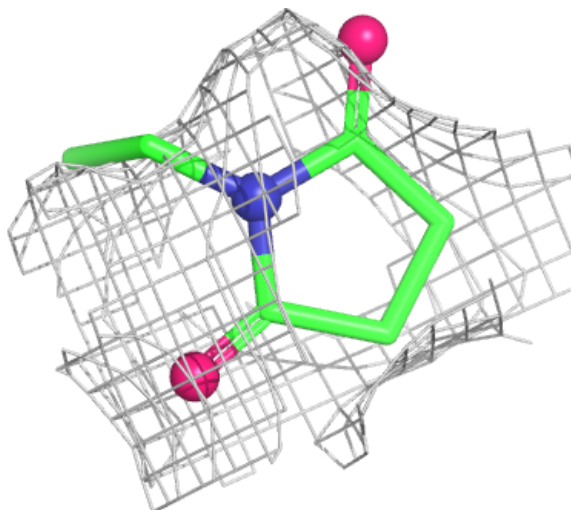
**Electron density around A1CZS A 501:**

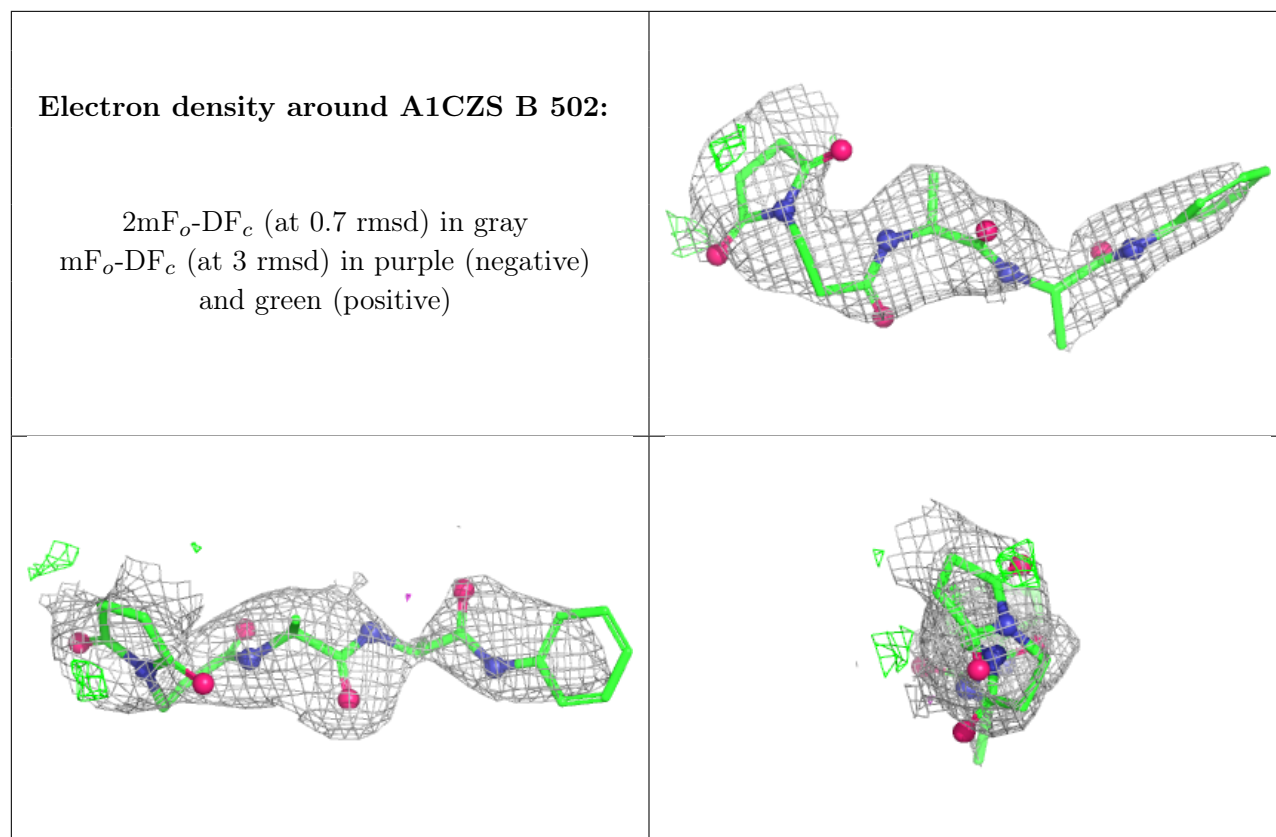
$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)



**Electron density around A1CZS B 501:**

$2mF_o-DF_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  
 $mF_o-DF_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)  
and green (positive)





## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.