

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Nov 9, 2025 – 08:06 PM EST

PDB ID : 9O07 / pdb 00009o07

Title : Structure of human MAIT A-F7 TCR in complex with human MR1-lumiflavin

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Deposited on : 2025-04-02

Resolution : 1.97 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4-5-2 with Phenix2.0

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 2.0

EDS : 3.0 buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

CCP4 : 9.0.010 (Gargrove)

Density-Fitness : 1.0.12

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

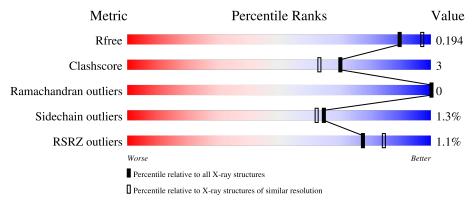
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.46

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.97 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}(\mathring{\rm A})) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	164625	1356 (1.98-1.98)
Clashscore	180529	1437 (1.98-1.98)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	1426 (1.98-1.98)
Sidechain outliers	177891	1426 (1.98-1.98)
RSRZ outliers	164620	1356 (1.98-1.98)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
1	A	271	91%	6% •
1	С	271	89%	9% •
2	В	204	91%	7% •
2	D	204	83%	11% 6%
3	Е	246	90%	8% ••



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	j	F	r ··· g ····	
Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
3	G	246	91%	9% •
4	F	100	96%	
4	Н	100	91%	7% •



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 8 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 14488 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Major histocompatibility complex class I-related gene protein.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	С	266	Total 2261	C 1456	N 384	O 409	S 12	0	14	0
1	A	264	Total 2196	C 1406	N 380	O 398	S 12	0	8	0

There are 4 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
С	0	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q95460
С	261	SER	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP Q95460
A	0	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP Q95460
A	261	SER	CYS	engineered mutation	UNP Q95460

• Molecule 2 is a protein called TCR-alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace			
2	D	192	Total	С	N	О	S	0	1	0	
	D	192	1482	944	234	293	11	0	4		
9	D	200	Total	С	N	О	S	0	10	0	
2	Б	200	1634	1043	258	323	10	0	10		

• Molecule 3 is a protein called TCR-beta.

Mol	Chain	Residues		$\mathbf{A}\mathbf{t}$	oms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
3	Е	242	Total 1915	C 1216	N 326	O 362	S 11	0	10	0
3	G	244	Total 1950	C 1242	N 332	O 361	S 15	0	13	0

• Molecule 4 is a protein called Beta-2-microglobulin.

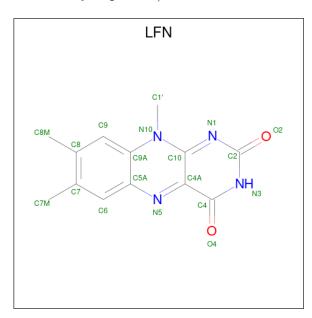


M	Iol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
4	4	F	100	Total 811	C 521	- '	O 149	S 4	0	1	0
4	4	Н	98	Total 785	C 503		O 145	S 3	0	0	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
F	0	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P61769
Н	0	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P61769

• Molecule 5 is LUMIFLAVIN (CCD ID: LFN) (formula:  $C_{13}H_{12}N_4O_2$ ) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



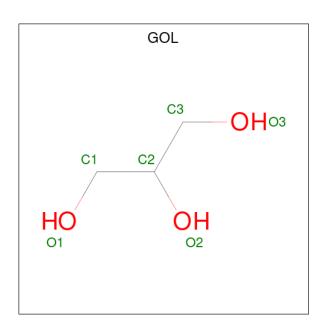
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	С	1	Total 19				0	0
5	A	1	Total 19		N 4		0	0

• Molecule 6 is SODIUM ION (CCD ID: NA) (formula: Na).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	F	1	Total Na 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 7 is GLYCEROL (CCD ID: GOL) (formula:  $C_3H_8O_3$ ).





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
7	Δ	1	Total	С	О	0	0
'	11	1	6	3	3	0	U

### • Molecule 8 is water.

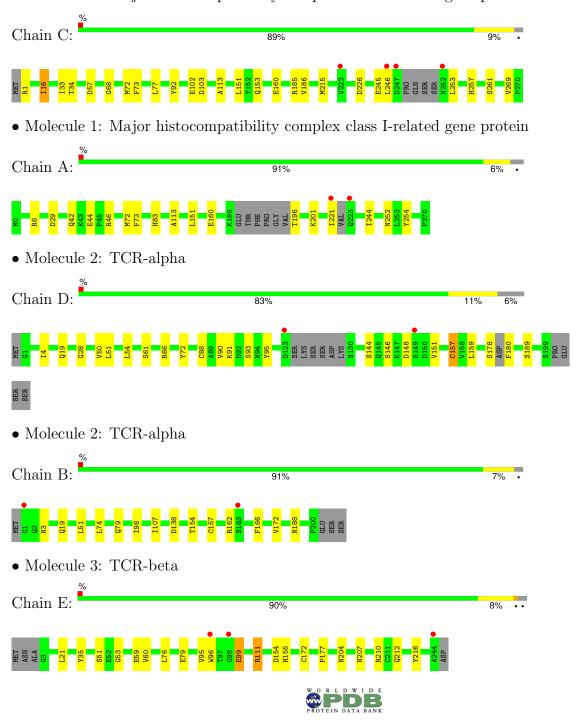
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
8	С	249	Total O 249 249	0	0
8	D	128	Total O 128 128	0	0
8	E	150	Total O 150 150	0	0
8	F	109	Total O 109 109	0	0
8	A	242	Total O 242 242	0	0
8	В	214	Total O 214 214	0	0
8	G	249	Total O 249 249	0	0
8	Н	68	Total O 68 68	0	0

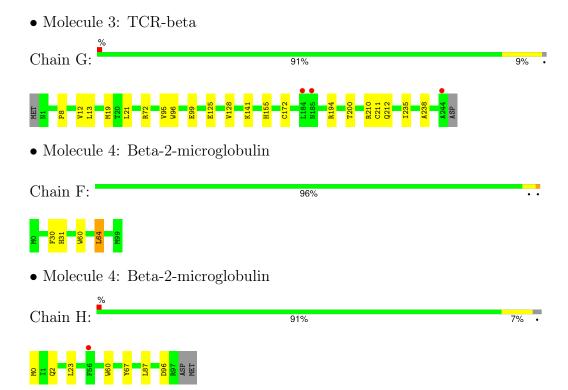


# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Major histocompatibility complex class I-related gene protein







# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	212.71Å 69.29Å 141.17Å	Donositor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	90.00° 103.48° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.32 - 1.97	Depositor
Resolution (A)	49.32 - 1.97	EDS
% Data completeness	99.7 (49.32-1.97)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.7 (49.32-1.97)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.10 (at 1.97Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.21_5207	Depositor
D D.	0.157 , 0.195	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.158 , 0.194	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	7155 reflections (5.06%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	38.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.224	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.33, 46.0	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.32$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.97	EDS
Total number of atoms	14488	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	43.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 3.16% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: NA, LFN, GOL

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles	
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5
1	A	0.31	0/2283	0.48	0/3105
1	С	0.30	0/2368	0.47	0/3219
2	В	0.32	0/1720	0.53	0/2335
2	D	0.26	0/1526	0.46	0/2072
3	Е	0.23	0/1996	0.45	0/2720
3	G	0.32	0/2038	0.52	0/2772
4	F	0.25	0/837	0.44	0/1138
4	Н	0.22	0/808	0.42	0/1101
All	All	0.29	0/13576	0.48	0/18462

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2196	0	2078	11	0
1	С	2261	0	2169	19	0
2	В	1634	0	1598	13	0
2	D	1482	0	1381	13	0
3	Е	1915	0	1804	17	0



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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	G	1950	0	1866	16	0
4	F	811	0	763	3	0
4	Н	785	0	726	4	0
5	A	19	0	12	0	0
5	С	19	0	12	0	0
6	F	1	0	0	0	0
7	A	6	0	8	0	0
8	A	242	0	0	3	2
8	В	214	0	0	6	1
8	С	249	0	0	6	2
8	D	128	0	0	0	1
8	Ε	150	0	0	3	0
8	F	109	0	0	1	1
8	G	249	0	0	5	5
8	Н	68	0	0	1	0
All	All	14488	0	12417	85	6

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 3.

All (85) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:153[A]:GLN:NE2	8:C:401:HOH:O	2.15	0.79
2:B:188[A]:ASN:OD1	8:B:301:HOH:O	2.07	0.72
1:A:160:GLU:OE2	8:A:401:HOH:O	2.07	0.71
3:G:125:GLU:OE1	8:G:301:HOH:O	2.11	0.68
3:G:155:HIS:ND1	8:G:303:HOH:O	2.28	0.67
2:B:154[B]:THR:HG22	2:B:172:VAL:H	1.59	0.67
1:A:6[A]:ARG:NH2	1:A:29:ASP:O	2.22	0.66
2:B:138[B]:ASP:OD2	8:B:303:HOH:O	2.13	0.66
2:B:3[A]:ASN:OD1	8:B:302:HOH:O	2.13	0.65
3:E:99:GLU:OE1	8:E:301:HOH:O	2.15	0.63
3:E:35:TYR:OH	8:E:302:HOH:O	2.15	0.62
2:B:162[B]:ARG:NH2	8:B:305:HOH:O	2.34	0.60
2:B:162[B]:ARG:NH1	8:B:306:HOH:O	2.34	0.59
3:G:128[A]:VAL:HG23	3:G:238:ALA:HB3	1.84	0.59
1:C:33:ILE:HG13	1:C:34[B]:THR:HG22	1.84	0.58
3:E:154[A]:ASP:OD1	3:E:177:PRO:HG2	2.04	0.57
3:E:59:GLU:HG2	3:E:60:VAL:HG13	1.86	0.57
3:E:155:HIS:HB3	3:E:216:TYR:HB2	1.88	0.56



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Continuea from previou		Interatomic	Clash	
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA})$	overlap (Å)	
1:A:113:ALA:HB2	4:H:60:TRP:CE2	2.42	0.55	
2:B:162[B]:ARG:NH1	8:B:307:HOH:O	2.38	0.55	
2:D:157:CYS:SG	3:E:172[B]:CYS:HB2	2.47	0.54	
1:C:1:ARG:HA	1:C:102:GLU:HG2	1.90	0.52	
1:C:186:VAL:HG11	1:C:269:VAL:HG22	1.92	0.52	
1:A:221:ILE:HD13	1:A:244:ILE:HD12	1.92	0.52	
3:G:128[A]:VAL:HG22	3:G:211[A]:CYS:SG	2.50	0.52	
1:C:103:ASP:N	8:C:413:HOH:O	2.43	0.51	
1:A:151:LEU:HD22	2:B:51:LEU:HD12	1.93	0.51	
2:D:148:ASP:HB3	2:D:151:VAL:HB	1.94	0.50	
2:D:28:GLY:HA3	2:D:93:SER:HB3	1.93	0.50	
1:C:72:MET:HG3	3:E:96:TRP:CZ2	2.48	0.49	
1:C:113:ALA:HB2	4:F:60:TRP:CE2	2.47	0.49	
2:B:79:GLN:O	2:B:107[B]:ILE:HD13	2.11	0.49	
1:A:72:MET:HE2	8:A:489:HOH:O	2.11	0.49	
3:E:111[B]:ARG:NH2	3:E:154[B]:ASP:OD2	2.46	0.49	
1:C:160:GLU:OE2	8:C:402:HOH:O	2.19	0.49	
3:G:172[B]:CYS:SG	3:G:194:ARG:HD3	2.53	0.48	
1:A:252:ASN:HB2	1:A:254:TYR:CE2	2.47	0.48	
3:G:212:GLN:HG3	3:G:235:ILE:HG23	1.94	0.48	
2:D:19[A]:GLN:HG3	2:D:72:TYR:HB2	1.95	0.48	
3:G:200:THR:HG23	8:G:472:HOH:O	2.13	0.48	
3:E:204:ASN:HB3	3:E:207:ASN:ND2	2.29	0.47	
1:C:72:MET:HE2	8:C:451:HOH:O	2.15	0.47	
1:C:226[B]:ASP:OD2	1:A:83:HIS:NE2	2.48	0.47	
1:C:246:LEU:O	8:C:403:HOH:O	2.20	0.46	
3:G:12:VAL:HG23	8:G:303:HOH:O	2.15	0.46	
3:G:8:PRO:HD2	3:G:21[B]:LEU:HD22	1.96	0.46	
1:C:185:ARG:NH1	8:C:410:HOH:O	2.38	0.45	
1:C:16:ILE:H	1:C:16:ILE:HG13	1.42	0.45	
3:E:154[A]:ASP:CG	3:E:177:PRO:HG2	2.41	0.45	
1:A:42[B]:GLN:HG3	1:A:44:GLU:HG3	1.98	0.45	
2:D:4:ILE:HD12	2:D:90:VAL:HG23	1.98	0.45	
1:C:215[B]:MET:HG3	1:C:257:HIS:CD2	2.51	0.45	
2:D:159:LEU:HB3	3:E:172[B]:CYS:SG	2.57	0.45	
4:F:31:HIS:HD2	8:F:253:HOH:O	1.99	0.45	
2:B:166:PHE:CD2	3:G:141:LYS:HE2	2.52	0.45	
3:E:21[B]:LEU:HD12	3:E:76:LEU:HD23	1.99	0.44	
1:A:221:ILE:HD12	1:A:221:ILE:H	1.82	0.44	
1:A:6[A]:ARG:NH2	8:A:403:HOH:O	2.26	0.44	
3:G:95:VAL:HG12	3:G:96:TRP:CD1	2.53	0.44	



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A	A. 0	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${ m distance} \; ({ m \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:C:151:LEU:HD22	2:D:51:LEU:HD12	2.01	0.43
3:G:128[A]:VAL:HG23	3:G:238:ALA:CB	2.48	0.43
3:E:95:VAL:HG12	3:E:96:TRP:CD1	2.53	0.43
2:D:50:VAL:O	2:D:66:ARG:HD3	2.18	0.43
2:B:19[B]:GLN:HG2	2:B:74:LEU:CD1	2.49	0.43
3:E:210:ARG:NH1	3:E:212:GLN:HB2	2.33	0.43
3:G:72:ARG:NH2	8:G:315:HOH:O	2.51	0.43
2:D:144:SER:H	2:D:189:SER:HG	1.66	0.43
1:C:253:LEU:HD23	1:C:253:LEU:HA	1.91	0.43
2:D:178:SER:O	2:D:180:PHE:N	2.52	0.42
2:D:54:LEU:HD11	2:D:61:SER:HB3	2.02	0.42
2:D:91:LYS:HG2	2:D:95:TYR:HA	2.01	0.42
3:G:210:ARG:NH1	3:G:212:GLN:HB2	2.35	0.41
3:E:53:GLY:N	8:E:312:HOH:O	2.48	0.41
4:H:87:LEU:O	8:H:101:HOH:O	2.22	0.41
4:H:23:LEU:O	4:H:67:TYR:HA	2.21	0.41
2:D:4:ILE:HD11	2:D:88[B]:CYS:SG	2.61	0.41
4:H:0:MET:HE2	4:H:2:GLN:HG2	2.02	0.41
2:B:19[B]:GLN:HG2	2:B:74:LEU:HD13	2.02	0.40
2:B:157:CYS:SG	3:G:172[B]:CYS:HB2	2.60	0.40
4:F:30:PHE:HZ	4:F:64[B]:LEU:HD23	1.86	0.40
1:C:77:LEU:HD13	1:C:92:TYR:HB2	2.02	0.40
1:C:68:GLY:HA2	3:E:51:SER:HB2	2.03	0.40
3:G:13:LEU:HD11	3:G:19[A]:MET:SD	2.61	0.40

All (6) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
8:A:533:HOH:O	8:G:470:HOH:O[2_556]	2.07	0.13
8:D:385:HOH:O	8:G:519:HOH:O[4_556]	2.11	0.09
8:C:563:HOH:O	8:G:516:HOH:O[4_556]	2.12	0.08
8:C:457:HOH:O	8:G:484:HOH:O[4_556]	2.13	0.07
8:A:609:HOH:O	8:G:525:HOH:O[2_556]	2.15	0.05
8:F:221:HOH:O	8:B:475:HOH:O[1_565]	2.18	0.02



## 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percen	tiles
1	A	$266/271 \ (98\%)$	263 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
1	С	276/271 (102%)	272 (99%)	4 (1%)	0	100	100
2	В	216/204 (106%)	214 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
2	D	190/204 (93%)	185 (97%)	5 (3%)	0	100	100
3	E	250/246 (102%)	246 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
3	G	255/246 (104%)	252 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
4	F	99/100 (99%)	98 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
4	Н	96/100 (96%)	95 (99%)	1 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	1648/1642 (100%)	1625 (99%)	23 (1%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	234/241 (97%)	230 (98%)	4 (2%)	56 49
1	С	243/241 (101%)	239 (98%)	4 (2%)	58 53
2	В	189/181 (104%)	187 (99%)	2 (1%)	70 68
2	D	161/181 (89%)	159 (99%)	2 (1%)	67 65
3	E	203/212 (96%)	199 (98%)	4 (2%)	50 43
3	G	209/212 (99%)	208 (100%)	1 (0%)	86 86



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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
4	F	88/95 (93%)	86 (98%)	2 (2%)	45 38
4	Н	84/95 (88%)	83 (99%)	1 (1%)	67 65
All	All	1411/1458 (97%)	1391 (99%)	20 (1%)	65 60

All (20) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	16	ILE
1	С	73	PHE
1	С	245	GLU
1	С	261	SER
2	D	146	SER
2	D	157	CYS
3	Е	79	GLU
3	Е	99	GLU
3	Е	111[A]	ARG
3	Е	111[B]	ARG
4	F	64[A]	LEU
4	F	64[B]	LEU
1	A	46	ARG
1	A	73	PHE
1	A	196	THR
1	A	201	LYS
2	В	98[A]	ILE
2	В	98[B]	ILE
3	G	99	GLU
4	Н	96	ASP

Sometimes side chains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (18) such side chains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	С	93	GLN
1	С	223	GLN
2	D	37	GLN
2	D	94	ASN
2	D	96	GLN
3	Е	37	GLN
3	Е	120	ASN
3	Е	234	GLN
4	F	2	GLN



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Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	$\mathbf{Type}$
4	F	31	HIS
1	A	93	GLN
1	A	203	HIS
2	В	38	HIS
2	В	49	ASN
2	В	94	ASN
2	В	140	GLN
3	G	234	GLN
4	Н	13	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

Of 4 ligands modelled in this entry, 1 is monoatomic - leaving 3 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bo	ond leng	$ ag{ths}$	В	ond ang	gles
WIOI	Type	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	LFN	С	301	-	19,21,21	1.65	5 (26%)	25,32,32	3.33	6 (24%)
7	GOL	A	302	-	5,5,5	0.27	0	5,5,5	0.52	0
5	LFN	A	301	-	19,21,21	1.65	4 (21%)	25,32,32	3.46	6 (24%)



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	$\mathbf{Type}$	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	LFN	С	301	-	-	-	0/3/3/3
7	GOL	A	302	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
5	LFN	A	301	-	-	-	0/3/3/3

All (9) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\operatorname{\AA})$	Ideal(Å)
5	A	301	LFN	C10-N1	3.81	1.37	1.33
5	С	301	LFN	C4-N3	3.57	1.39	1.33
5	A	301	LFN	C9A-N10	3.25	1.41	1.37
5	С	301	LFN	C10-N1	3.19	1.36	1.33
5	A	301	LFN	C4-N3	3.17	1.38	1.33
5	С	301	LFN	C9A-N10	3.00	1.40	1.37
5	С	301	LFN	C5A-N5	2.39	1.39	1.35
5	A	301	LFN	C5A-N5	2.15	1.39	1.35
5	С	301	LFN	C1'-N10	-2.09	1.46	1.48

All (12) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}({}^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
5	A	301	LFN	C2-N3-C4	13.93	126.86	115.09
5	С	301	LFN	C2-N3-C4	13.58	126.56	115.09
5	A	301	LFN	C4A-C4-N3	-7.12	113.91	123.42
5	С	301	LFN	C4A-C4-N3	-6.82	114.31	123.42
5	A	301	LFN	C4A-N5-C5A	4.19	121.47	116.83
5	С	301	LFN	C4A-N5-C5A	3.56	120.78	116.83
5	С	301	LFN	N1-C2-N3	-2.98	116.03	121.62
5	A	301	LFN	N1-C2-N3	-2.85	116.28	121.62
5	A	301	LFN	C4A-C10-N10	2.34	120.68	118.24
5	С	301	LFN	C4A-C10-N10	2.23	120.57	118.24
5	A	301	LFN	C10-N1-C2	2.15	121.09	116.16
5	С	301	LFN	C10-N1-C2	2.05	120.87	116.16

There are no chirality outliers.

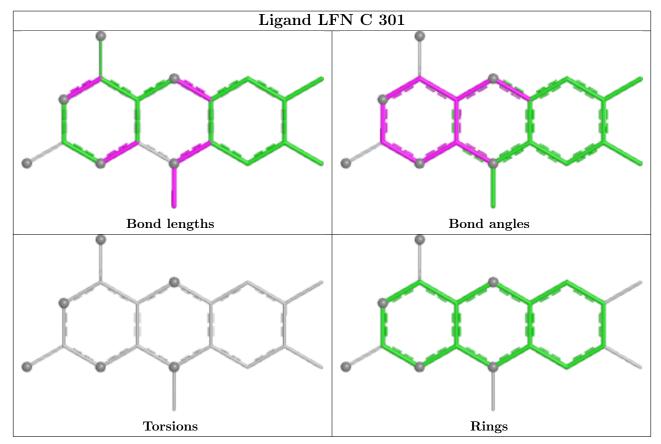
There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

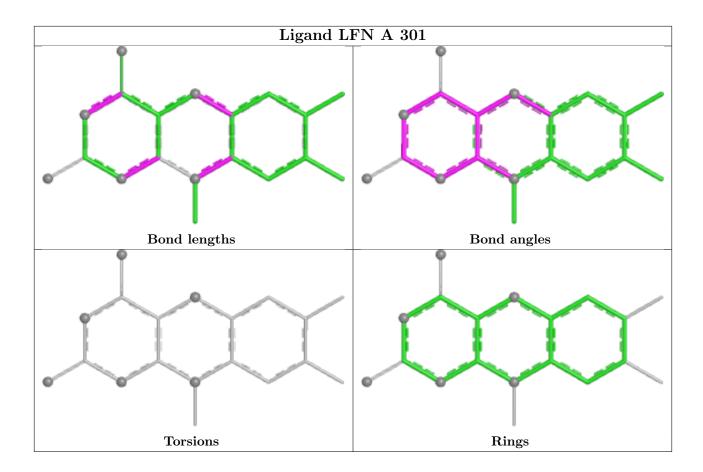
No monomer is involved in short contacts.



The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

## 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<rsrz></rsrz>	$\#\mathrm{RSRZ}{>}2$		$OWAB(A^2)$	Q < 0.9	
1	A	$264/271 \ (97\%)$	-0.20	2 (0%)	82	87	17, 38, 72, 85	12 (4%)
1	С	266/271 (98%)	-0.23	4 (1%)	71	80	16, 36, 64, 85	15 (5%)
2	В	200/204 (98%)	-0.37	2 (1%)	79	85	13, 34, 56, 85	24 (12%)
2	D	192/204 (94%)	0.00	2 (1%)	79	85	21, 45, 75, 89	7 (3%)
3	E	242/246 (98%)	0.02	3 (1%)	76	83	25, 46, 69, 82	15 (6%)
3	G	244/246 (99%)	-0.37	3 (1%)	76	83	19, 35, 52, 74	17 (6%)
4	F	100/100 (100%)	-0.26	0 100	10	00	22, 44, 64, 70	2 (2%)
4	Н	98/100 (98%)	0.19	1 (1%)	79	85	35, 61, 82, 87	0
All	All	1606/1642 (97%)	-0.17	17 (1%)	77	84	13, 40, 71, 89	92 (5%)

All (17) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
3	Ε	244	ALA	3.6
1	A	221	ILE	3.3
3	Ε	98	GLY	3.1
2	В	1	GLY	2.8
2	D	123	ASP	2.8
1	С	247	ASP	2.6
2	D	149	SER	2.6
1	С	246	LEU	2.5
1	С	222	VAL	2.5
1	С	252	ASN	2.3
3	Ε	96	TRP	2.3
3	G	184	LEU	2.3
2	В	163	SER	2.2
4	Н	56	PHE	2.2
3	G	185	ASN	2.1
3	G	244	ALA	2.1



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	223	GLN	2.1

#### Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i) 6.2

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### Carbohydrates (i) 6.3

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

#### Ligands (i) 6.4

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

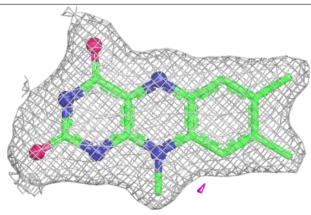
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
7	GOL	A	302	6/6	0.92	0.09	38,43,45,47	0
6	NA	F	101	1/1	0.96	0.07	45,45,45,45	0
5	LFN	С	301	19/19	0.97	0.05	25,30,32,33	0
5	LFN	A	301	19/19	0.97	0.05	27,28,32,34	0

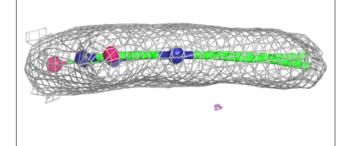
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

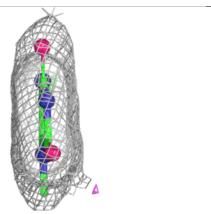


### Electron density around LFN C 301:

 $2 {\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${\rm mF}_o\text{-}{\rm DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)

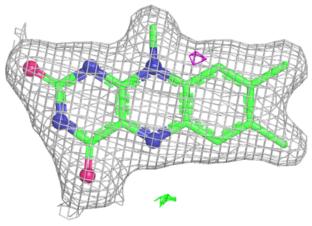


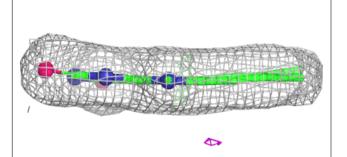


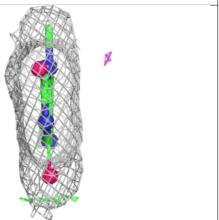


#### Electron density around LFN A 301:

 $2 {
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray  ${
m mF}_o {
m -DF}_c$  (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative) and green (positive)









# 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

