

Full wwPDB EM Validation Report (i)

Mar 18, 2025 – 12:08 PM EDT

PDB ID : 9NCA

Title : MicroED structure of microcrystals soaked with a mixture of E-64, E-64C, and

E-64D

Authors: Vlahakis, N.; Rodriguez, J.A.

Deposited on : 2025-02-15

Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

Based on initial model : 9PAP

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB/EMDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)

CCP4 : 9.0.004 (Gargrove)

Density-Fitness : 1.0.11

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

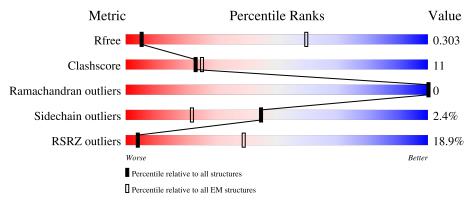
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.41.4

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: $ELECTRON\ CRYSTALLOGRAPHY$

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	${ m EM\ structures} \ (\#{ m Entries})$
R_{free}	164678	53
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415
RSRZ outliers	164674	54

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain	
			19%	
1	A	212	83%	17%



2 Entry composition (i)

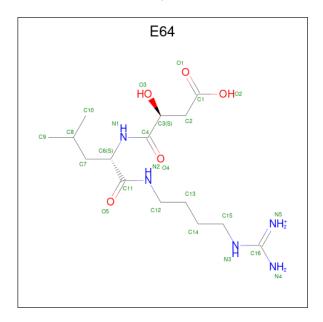
There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 1730 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Papain.

\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Residues		Atoms					Trace
1	A	212	Total 1681	C 1070	N 293	O 311	S 7	2	0

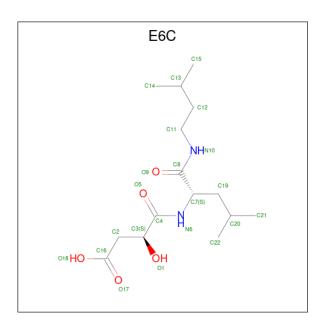
• Molecule 2 is N-[N-[1-HYDROXYCARBOXYETHYL-CARBONYL]LEUCYLAMINO-BU TYL]-GUANIDINE (three-letter code: E64) (formula: $C_{15}H_{30}N_5O_5$) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).



Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Aton	ns		AltConf
2	A	1	Total 25	C 15	N 5	O 5	1

• Molecule 3 is N-[1-HYDROXYCARBOXYETHYL-CARBONYL]LEUCYLAMINO-2-M ETHYL-BUTANE (three-letter code: E6C) (formula: C₁₅H₂₈N₂O₅) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).





Mol	Chain	Residues	A	Aton	ns		AltConf
3	A	1	Total	C	N	O	1
			22	19	2	$^{\mathrm{G}}$	

• Molecule 4 is water.

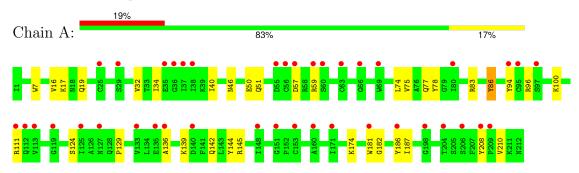
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
4	A	2	Total O 2 2	0



3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.







4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants	42.74Å 48.96Å 99.64Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, α , β , γ	90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.82 - 2.50	Depositor
rtesolution (A)	49.82 - 2.50	EDS
% Data completeness	81.5 (49.82-2.50)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	81.5 (49.82-2.50)	EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	2.45 (at 2.51Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	unknown	Depositor
D D.	0.222 , 0.276	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.248 , 0.303	DCC
R_{free} test set	2038 reflections (9.98%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	23.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	1.046	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$, $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.29 , 9.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$ < L > = 0.46, < L^2> = 0.29$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.85	EDS
Total number of atoms	1730	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	17.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.08% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

²Theoretical values of <|L|>, $<L^2>$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

5 Model quality (i)

5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: E64, E6C

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Boı	nd lengths	Bond angles		
MOI	Cham	RMSZ	# Z > 5	RMSZ	# Z > 5	
1	A	0.43	1/1728~(0.1%)	0.72	1/2347 (0.0%)	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a maintain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	$Ideal(\AA)$
1	A	129	PRO	N-CD	5.98	1.56	1.47

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	\mathbf{Z}	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{o})$
1	A	129	PRO	N-CD-CG	-6.24	93.85	103.20

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	59	ARG	Sidechain



5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1681	0	1606	36	0
2	A	25	0	27	2	0
3	A	22	0	25	0	0
4	A	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	1730	0	1658	37	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 11.

All (37) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Interatomic} \\ \text{distance } (\text{\AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:181:TRP:HH2	1:A:187:ILE:HB	1.31	0.91
1:A:111:ARG:HB2	1:A:208:TYR:CE1	2.11	0.85
1:A:181:TRP:CH2	1:A:187:ILE:HB	2.11	0.85
1:A:174:LYS:HG3	1:A:186:TYR:CE1	2.16	0.80
1:A:111:ARG:HB2	1:A:208:TYR:HE1	1.57	0.69
1:A:174:LYS:HG3	1:A:186:TYR:HE1	1.56	0.68
1:A:124:SER:HG	1:A:208:TYR:HE2	1.42	0.66
1:A:17:LYS:HD2	1:A:83:ARG:CZ	2.26	0.65
1:A:19:GLN:NE2	2:A:301[A]:E64:O2	2.34	0.60
1:A:32:VAL:HG21	1:A:174:LYS:HD3	1.83	0.60
1:A:74:LEU:HD12	1:A:78:TYR:HD2	1.66	0.60
1:A:34:ILE:CD1	1:A:75:VAL:HG21	2.33	0.59
1:A:77:GLN:HG2	1:A:78:TYR:CE2	2.38	0.58
1:A:34:ILE:HD11	1:A:75:VAL:HG21	1.85	0.58
1:A:96:ARG:O	1:A:100:LYS:HG2	2.04	0.57
1:A:174:LYS:HA	1:A:186:TYR:CD1	2.41	0.56
1:A:17:LYS:HD2	1:A:83:ARG:NH2	2.23	0.54
1:A:16:VAL:HA	1:A:174:LYS:HE2	1.91	0.53
1:A:7:TRP:CZ3	1:A:40:ILE:HD11	2.45	0.52
1:A:124:SER:OG	1:A:208:TYR:HE2	1.93	0.50
1:A:51:GLN:HG3	1:A:86:TYR:HE1	1.79	0.47
1:A:181:TRP:HH2	1:A:181:TRP:HH2 1:A:187:ILE:CB		0.47
1:A:50:GLU:OE1	1:A:50:GLU:N	2.43	0.46

Continued on next page...



Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${ m distance}({ m \AA})$	overlap (Å)
1:A:136:ALA:O	1:A:142:GLN:NE2	2.48	0.45
1:A:7:TRP:CZ3	1:A:40:ILE:CD1	3.00	0.45
1:A:57:ASP:HA	1:A:74:LEU:HD22	1.99	0.44
1:A:174:LYS:CG	1:A:186:TYR:HE1	2.27	0.43
1:A:111:ARG:HG3	1:A:210:VAL:CG2	2.49	0.43
1:A:111:ARG:HG3	1:A:210:VAL:HG21	2.01	0.43
1:A:139:LYS:HA	1:A:139:LYS:HD3	1.84	0.42
1:A:17:LYS:CD	1:A:83:ARG:CZ	2.96	0.42
1:A:144:TYR:CZ	1:A:187:ILE:HG13	2.55	0.41
2:A:301[A]:E64:H103	2:A:301[A]:E64:H6	1.87	0.41
1:A:7:TRP:CZ3	1:A:40:ILE:HG12	2.56	0.41
1:A:181:TRP:CE3	1:A:182:GLY:HA3	2.55	0.41
1:A:111:ARG:HD3	1:A:210:VAL:CG2	2.52	0.40
1:A:51:GLN:HG3	1:A:86:TYR:CE1	2.57	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	212/212 (100%)	208 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100 100	

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	172/170 (101%)	167 (97%)	5 (3%)	37 64	

All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	46	ASN
1	A	86	TYR
1	A	94[A]	TYR
1	A	94[B]	TYR
1	A	145	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	туре		nes		Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	E64	A	301[A]	1	24,24,24	0.59	0	27,30,30	0.85	1 (3%)



Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
IVIOI	Туре	Chain		Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	E6C	A	302[B]	1	21,21,21	0.67	0	25,27,27	0.70	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	E64	A	301[A]	1	-	8/29/29/29	-
3	E6C	A	302[B]	1	-	5/26/26/26	-

There are no bond length outliers.

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mo	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\mathbf{Observed}(^{o})$	$Ideal(^{o})$
2	A	301[A]	E64	N4-C16-N3	2.05	123.93	119.27

There are no chirality outliers.

All (13) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	A	302[B]	E6C	N10-C11-C12-C13
2	A	301[A]	E64	C14-C15-N3-C16
2	A	301[A]	E64	N1-C6-C7-C8
2	A	301[A]	E64	C11-C6-C7-C8
2	A	301[A]	E64	C6-C7-C8-C10
2	A	301[A]	E64	C6-C7-C8-C9
3	A	302[B]	E6C	C7-C19-C20-C21
2	A	301[A]	E64	N2-C12-C13-C14
2	A	301[A]	E64	C1-C2-C3-O3
2	A	301[A]	E64	C13-C14-C15-N3
3	A	302[B]	E6C	C20-C19-C7-N6
3	A	302[B]	E6C	C20-C19-C7-C8
3	A	302[B]	E6C	C16-C2-C3-O1

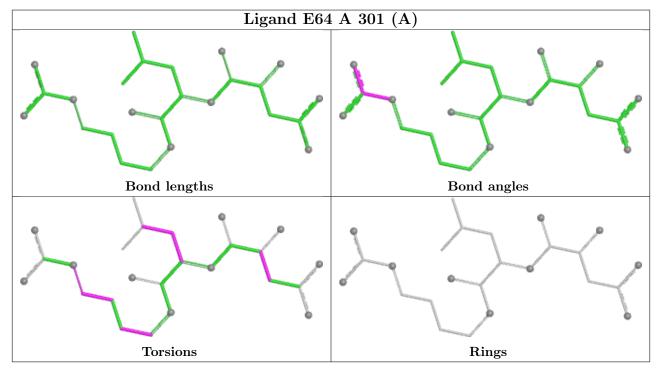
There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

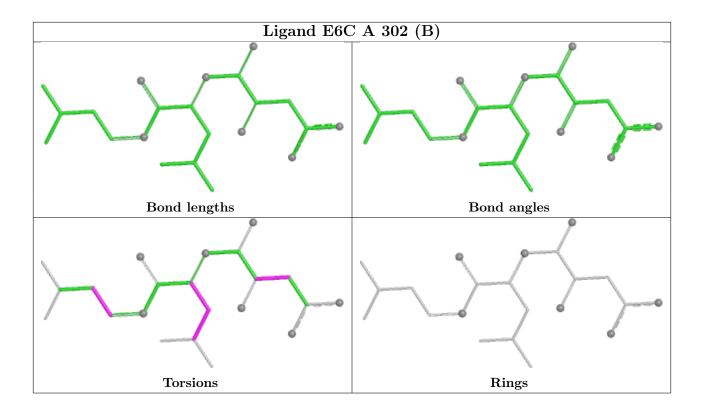
\mathbf{Mol}	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	A	301[A]	E64	2	0



The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.







5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

