Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Jun 16, 2025 – 07:14 PM JST

PDB ID	:	8ZJF / pdb_00008zjf
EMDB ID	:	EMD-60143
Title	:	Cryo-EM structure of human integrin alpha-E beta-7
Authors	:	Akasaka, H.; Nureki, O.; Kise, Y.
Deposited on	:	2024-05-14
Resolution	:	2.70 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

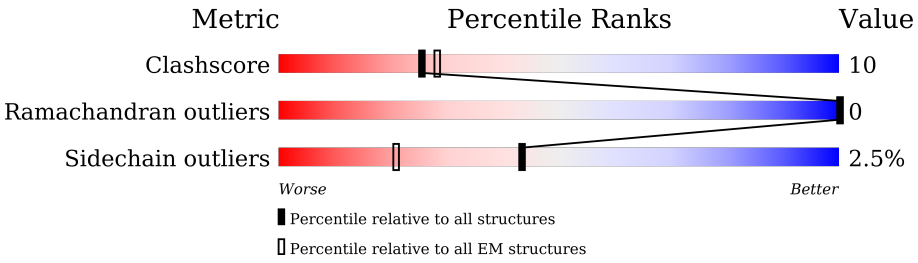
EMDB validation analysis	:	0.0.1.dev118
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity	:	4-5-2 with Phenix2.0rc1
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ	:	1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.44

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.70 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion < 40%). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	B	826	46% 16% 38%
2	A	1198	57% 18% 24%
3	C	3	67% 33%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 10917 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Integrin beta-7.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	B	510	3882	2390	704	754	34	0	0

There are 29 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	799	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	800	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	801	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	802	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	803	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	804	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	805	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	806	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	807	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	808	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	809	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	810	ALA	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	811	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	812	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	813	ILE	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	814	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	815	TRP	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	816	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	817	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	818	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	819	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	820	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	821	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	822	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	823	ASN	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	824	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	825	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P26010
B	826	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P26010

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
B	827	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P26010

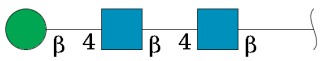
- Molecule 2 is a protein called Integrin alpha-E.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
2	A	909	Total	C	N	O	S	0	0
			6993	4388	1225	1341	39		

There are 20 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	1180	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P38570
A	1181	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P38570
A	1182	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P38570
A	1183	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P38570
A	1184	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P38570
A	1185	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P38570
A	1186	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P38570
A	1187	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P38570
A	1188	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P38570
A	1189	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P38570
A	1190	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P38570
A	1191	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P38570
A	1192	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P38570
A	1193	TYR	-	expression tag	UNP P38570
A	1194	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P38570
A	1195	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P38570
A	1196	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P38570
A	1197	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P38570
A	1198	ASP	-	expression tag	UNP P38570
A	1199	LYS	-	expression tag	UNP P38570

- Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms				AltConf	Trace
3	C	3	Total	C	N	O	0	0
			39	22	2	15		

- Molecule 4 is MAGNESIUM ION (CCD ID: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
4	B	1	Total Mg 1 1	0

- Molecule 5 is CALCIUM ION (CCD ID: CA) (formula: Ca).

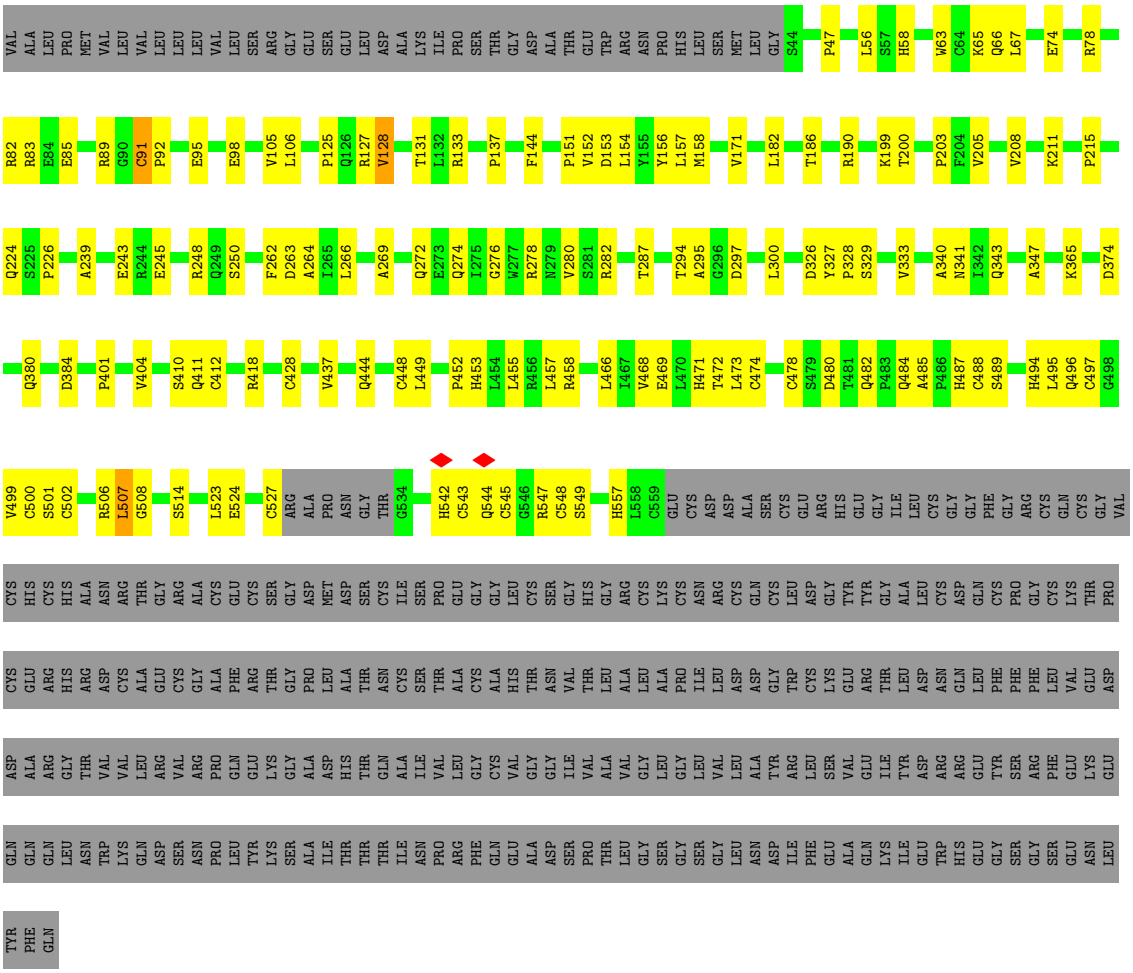
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	AltConf
5	B	2	Total Ca 2 2	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

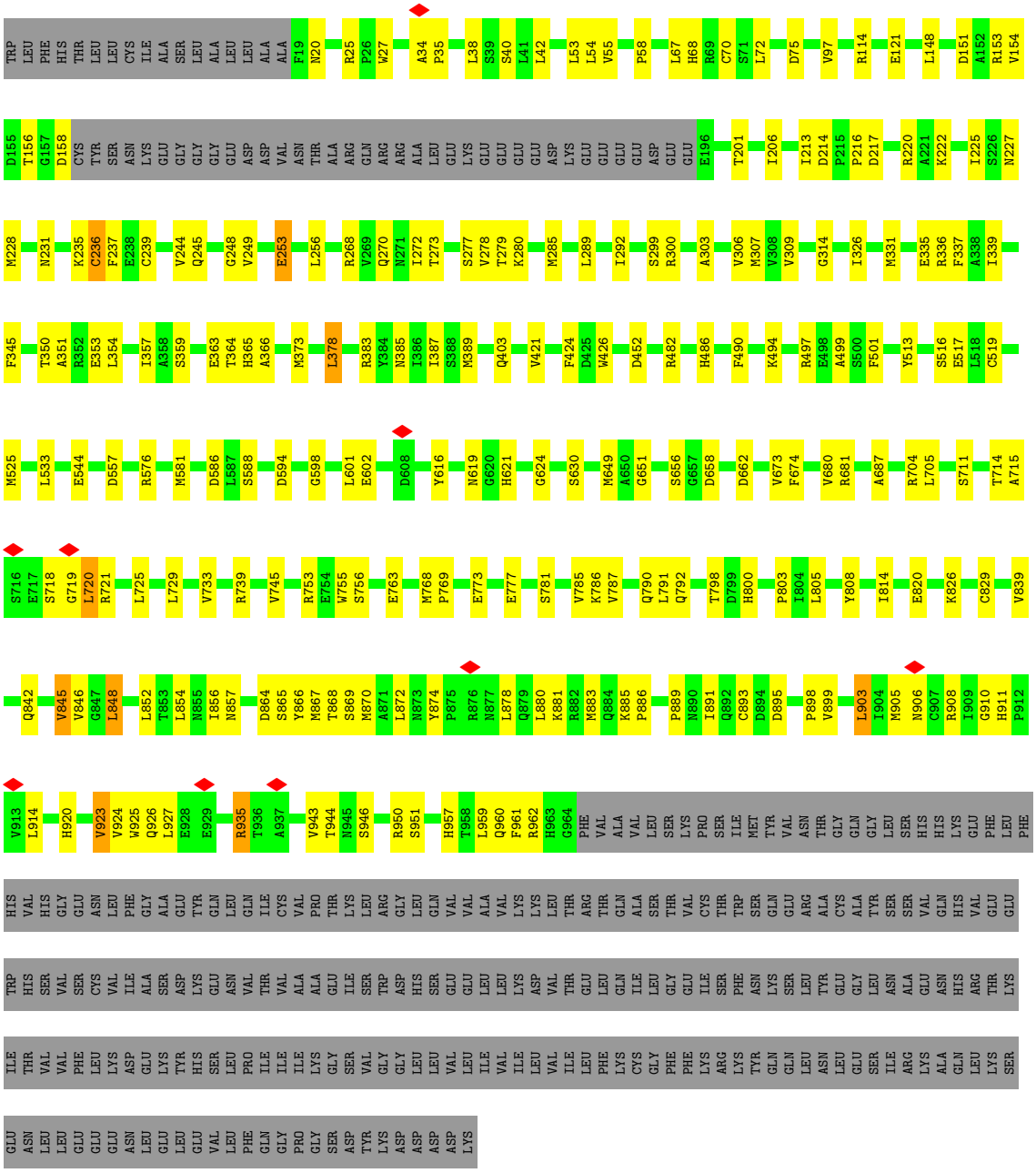
• Molecule 1: Integrin beta-7

Chain B:



• Molecule 2: Integrin alpha-E

Chain A:



• Molecule 3: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain C:

4 Experimental information (i)

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	300397	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	PHASE FLIPPING AND AMPLITUDE CORRECTION	Depositor
Microscope	TFS KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/Å^2$)	50.855	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	800	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1600	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 BIOQUANTUM (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	1.425	Depositor
Minimum map value	-0.958	Depositor
Average map value	0.001	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.027	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.012	Depositor
Map size (Å)	233.1, 233.1, 233.1	wwPDB
Map dimensions	210, 210, 210	wwPDB
Map angles (°)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (Å)	1.11, 1.11, 1.11	Depositor

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: MG, CA, NAG, BMA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 5$
1	B	0.13	0/3961	0.35	0/5368
2	A	0.14	0/7136	0.35	0/9682
All	All	0.13	0/11097	0.35	0/15050

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	B	3882	0	3740	78	0
2	A	6993	0	6853	144	0
3	C	39	0	34	1	0
4	B	1	0	0	0	0
5	B	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	10917	0	10627	218	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All (218) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:721:ARG:HA	2:A:756:SER:HA	1.57	0.83
1:B:482:GLN:HB2	1:B:485:ALA:HB2	1.65	0.78
2:A:880:LEU:HD21	2:A:923:VAL:HG23	1.68	0.76
2:A:886:PRO:HB3	2:A:920:HIS:H	1.51	0.76
2:A:201:THR:HB	2:A:239:CYS:HB2	1.69	0.75
2:A:820:GLU:HB2	2:A:826:LYS:HG2	1.71	0.71
2:A:842:GLN:NE2	2:A:960:GLN:O	2.24	0.70
1:B:78:ARG:NH2	1:B:545:CYS:SG	2.65	0.69
1:B:137:PRO:HD3	1:B:444:GLN:HE22	1.57	0.69
2:A:364:THR:HG22	2:A:385:ASN:HD22	1.60	0.67
2:A:910:GLY:HA2	2:A:914:LEU:HD22	1.75	0.67
1:B:66:GLN:HB2	1:B:91:CYS:HB3	1.77	0.66
1:B:455:LEU:HB3	1:B:468:VAL:HB	1.76	0.66
2:A:227:ASN:O	2:A:231:ASN:ND2	2.29	0.65
2:A:790:GLN:OE1	2:A:792:GLN:NE2	2.29	0.65
2:A:525:MET:HE1	2:A:586:ASP:HB2	1.79	0.65
2:A:883:MET:HE1	2:A:885:LYS:HG2	1.78	0.65
1:B:297:ASP:OD1	2:A:513:TYR:OH	2.14	0.64
1:B:269:ALA:O	1:B:272:GLN:NE2	2.31	0.63
1:B:452:PRO:HB3	1:B:471:HIS:CE1	2.33	0.63
2:A:222:LYS:HD3	2:A:270:GLN:HA	1.81	0.63
2:A:38:LEU:HG	2:A:58:PRO:HD3	1.82	0.62
2:A:935:ARG:HH12	2:A:961:PHE:HE2	1.48	0.62
1:B:300:LEU:O	2:A:403:GLN:NE2	2.32	0.62
2:A:870:MET:HE1	2:A:943:VAL:HG22	1.82	0.62
2:A:687:ALA:HB3	2:A:704:ARG:HB3	1.82	0.61
1:B:78:ARG:HH12	1:B:89:ARG:HH12	1.48	0.61
1:B:152:VAL:HG12	1:B:186:THR:HG21	1.83	0.61
1:B:523:LEU:HD12	1:B:524:GLU:HG2	1.83	0.61
2:A:786:LYS:HG3	2:A:814:ILE:HG13	1.82	0.61
2:A:517:GLU:HB3	2:A:581:MET:HE2	1.83	0.60
1:B:203:PRO:HB2	2:A:426:TRP:HZ2	1.65	0.60
1:B:457:LEU:HD12	1:B:466:LEU:HD12	1.83	0.60
2:A:354:LEU:HA	2:A:357:ILE:HD12	1.83	0.60
1:B:83:ARG:NH1	1:B:98:GLU:OE2	2.35	0.60
1:B:47:PRO:HB3	1:B:78:ARG:HA	1.84	0.59
2:A:852:LEU:O	2:A:925:TRP:N	2.35	0.59
1:B:224:GLN:NE2	1:B:250:SER:O	2.36	0.59
1:B:106:LEU:HD12	1:B:127:ARG:HG2	1.85	0.59
1:B:190:ARG:NH2	1:B:276:GLY:O	2.35	0.59
2:A:739:ARG:NH2	2:A:781:SER:OG	2.36	0.58
1:B:341:ASN:OD1	1:B:458:ARG:NH1	2.36	0.58

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:262:PHE:HB3	1:B:328:PRO:HG2	1.85	0.58
2:A:206:ILE:HD12	2:A:309:VAL:HG22	1.85	0.57
2:A:235:LYS:HE3	2:A:383:ARG:HH21	1.70	0.57
2:A:768:MET:HE3	2:A:768:MET:HA	1.87	0.56
2:A:867:MET:HG2	2:A:946:SER:HB2	1.86	0.56
1:B:65:LYS:HD2	1:B:480:ASP:HB2	1.88	0.56
1:B:92:PRO:HD2	1:B:95:GLU:HB2	1.87	0.56
2:A:494:LYS:HG3	2:A:499:ALA:HB2	1.88	0.55
2:A:720:LEU:HD21	2:A:791:LEU:HD11	1.89	0.55
2:A:34:ALA:HB3	2:A:35:PRO:HD3	1.88	0.55
2:A:878:LEU:HD12	2:A:925:TRP:CG	2.41	0.54
2:A:857:ASN:HB3	2:A:920:HIS:HD1	1.72	0.54
2:A:898:PRO:HA	2:A:903:LEU:HD11	1.89	0.54
2:A:331:MET:N	2:A:331:MET:HE2	2.23	0.54
1:B:127:ARG:NH1	1:B:469:GLU:OE2	2.36	0.54
2:A:519:CYS:HB2	2:A:581:MET:HE3	1.89	0.54
1:B:154:LEU:HD13	1:B:182:LEU:HD11	1.90	0.54
2:A:869:SER:N	2:A:944:THR:O	2.37	0.54
2:A:598:GLY:HA3	2:A:649:MET:HE1	1.90	0.53
2:A:845:VAL:HG12	2:A:846:VAL:H	1.73	0.53
1:B:58:HIS:O	1:B:133:ARG:NH2	2.42	0.53
1:B:496:GLN:O	1:B:497:CYS:SG	2.63	0.53
2:A:53:LEU:HB3	2:A:70:CYS:HB2	1.90	0.53
2:A:245:GLN:NE2	2:A:273:THR:O	2.36	0.53
2:A:20:ASN:ND2	2:A:588:SER:HA	2.23	0.53
2:A:662:ASP:HB2	2:A:674:PHE:O	2.09	0.53
2:A:718:SER:HB2	2:A:800:HIS:HB2	1.91	0.53
2:A:895:ASP:OD1	2:A:895:ASP:N	2.42	0.53
2:A:300:ARG:HB2	2:A:303:ALA:HB2	1.90	0.52
2:A:594:ASP:HB3	2:A:619:ASN:HA	1.90	0.52
2:A:865:SER:HB3	2:A:914:LEU:HD23	1.90	0.52
1:B:410:SER:HB3	1:B:428:CYS:SG	2.50	0.52
2:A:244:VAL:HG13	2:A:292:ILE:HD11	1.92	0.52
2:A:889:PRO:HG2	2:A:891:ILE:HG13	1.92	0.52
2:A:363:GLU:HG2	2:A:366:ALA:HB3	1.92	0.52
1:B:215:PRO:HG3	1:B:226:PRO:HD3	1.91	0.51
2:A:680:VAL:HG23	2:A:805:LEU:HD23	1.92	0.51
2:A:681:ARG:H	2:A:711:SER:HB3	1.75	0.51
1:B:131:THR:HG22	1:B:473:LEU:HB2	1.93	0.51
2:A:278:VAL:HG13	2:A:280:LYS:HG3	1.93	0.51
2:A:769:PRO:HB2	2:A:773:GLU:HB2	1.93	0.51

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:359:SER:O	2:A:365:HIS:ND1	2.44	0.51
2:A:899:VAL:HG12	2:A:903:LEU:HD13	1.92	0.51
2:A:857:ASN:OD1	2:A:857:ASN:N	2.44	0.50
2:A:519:CYS:HB3	2:A:533:LEU:HB2	1.92	0.50
1:B:85:GLU:O	1:B:89:ARG:NE	2.34	0.50
2:A:854:LEU:HD22	2:A:925:TRP:HZ3	1.76	0.50
2:A:602:GLU:OE2	2:A:616:TYR:OH	2.26	0.50
2:A:854:LEU:HD23	2:A:856:ILE:HD11	1.93	0.50
2:A:878:LEU:HA	2:A:927:LEU:HA	1.93	0.50
2:A:881:LYS:HZ1	2:A:924:VAL:HG12	1.77	0.50
1:B:412:CYS:HB3	1:B:437:VAL:HB	1.93	0.49
1:B:374:ASP:OD1	1:B:374:ASP:N	2.45	0.49
1:B:74:GLU:OE2	1:B:78:ARG:NH2	2.46	0.49
2:A:27:TRP:HB2	2:A:673:VAL:HB	1.94	0.49
2:A:42:LEU:HD12	2:A:651:GLY:HA2	1.94	0.49
1:B:507:LEU:HB3	1:B:514:SER:HA	1.93	0.49
1:B:287:THR:HG22	1:B:347:ALA:HB3	1.94	0.49
1:B:547:ARG:HG3	1:B:557:HIS:HB2	1.93	0.49
2:A:935:ARG:NH2	2:A:959:LEU:HB3	2.28	0.49
2:A:236:CYS:SG	2:A:237:PHE:N	2.86	0.49
2:A:25:ARG:NH2	2:A:75:ASP:OD2	2.46	0.48
2:A:285:MET:O	2:A:289:LEU:HG	2.13	0.48
1:B:489:SER:OG	1:B:501:SER:O	2.31	0.48
2:A:214:ASP:OD1	2:A:214:ASP:N	2.47	0.48
2:A:285:MET:HG3	2:A:307:MET:HE3	1.95	0.48
2:A:872:LEU:HB3	2:A:905:MET:HB2	1.95	0.48
1:B:65:LYS:HD3	1:B:478:CYS:HB2	1.95	0.47
1:B:380:GLN:NE2	1:B:384:ASP:OD1	2.47	0.47
1:B:401:PRO:HD3	1:B:453:HIS:CE1	2.49	0.47
2:A:279:THR:OG1	2:A:314:GLY:O	2.28	0.47
1:B:156:TYR:HE1	1:B:158:MET:HG3	1.79	0.47
2:A:950:ARG:NH1	2:A:951:SER:O	2.48	0.47
1:B:411:GLN:HB2	1:B:418:ARG:HB3	1.97	0.47
2:A:729:LEU:HD12	2:A:729:LEU:HA	1.77	0.47
2:A:868:THR:HG22	2:A:910:GLY:HA3	1.97	0.47
1:B:326:ASP:OD1	1:B:327:TYR:N	2.45	0.47
2:A:387:ILE:HG23	2:A:389:MET:SD	2.55	0.47
2:A:829:CYS:HB2	2:A:866:TYR:CE2	2.50	0.47
2:A:452:ASP:OD1	2:A:452:ASP:N	2.48	0.46
2:A:228:MET:HE2	2:A:228:MET:HB3	1.79	0.46
1:B:448:CYS:HA	1:B:472:THR:HG21	1.98	0.46

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:199:LYS:NZ	1:B:263:ASP:OD2	2.41	0.46
2:A:869:SER:HB2	2:A:944:THR:HB	1.97	0.46
2:A:350:THR:OG1	2:A:353:GLU:OE1	2.31	0.46
2:A:874:TYR:CE1	2:A:903:LEU:HG	2.50	0.46
1:B:144:PHE:HB3	1:B:437:VAL:HG22	1.97	0.46
2:A:885:LYS:NZ	2:A:893:CYS:HB3	2.30	0.45
1:B:449:LEU:HB2	1:B:472:THR:OG1	2.16	0.45
2:A:67:LEU:HD13	2:A:97:VAL:HG21	1.98	0.45
2:A:326:ILE:HD11	2:A:336:ARG:HH22	1.81	0.45
2:A:881:LYS:H	2:A:881:LYS:HD3	1.81	0.45
2:A:154:VAL:HG12	2:A:156:THR:HG23	1.97	0.45
2:A:656:SER:OG	2:A:658:ASP:OD1	2.35	0.45
2:A:753:ARG:NH2	2:A:763:GLU:OE2	2.50	0.45
2:A:151:ASP:OD1	2:A:497:ARG:NH1	2.50	0.45
2:A:20:ASN:HD21	2:A:588:SER:HA	1.82	0.45
1:B:484:GLN:HG3	1:B:494:HIS:CD2	2.52	0.45
2:A:935:ARG:H	2:A:935:ARG:NE	2.14	0.45
1:B:208:VAL:HB	1:B:211:LYS:HB2	1.98	0.45
1:B:297:ASP:OD2	2:A:482:ARG:NH1	2.50	0.44
1:B:488:CYS:HB3	1:B:500:CYS:HB3	1.43	0.44
1:B:343:GLN:HG2	1:B:365:LYS:HB3	1.99	0.44
2:A:490:PHE:HB3	2:A:501:PHE:HB3	1.99	0.44
2:A:557:ASP:N	2:A:557:ASP:OD1	2.47	0.44
1:B:125:PRO:O	1:B:466:LEU:HD23	2.17	0.44
2:A:576:ARG:HD2	2:A:601:LEU:HD13	1.98	0.44
2:A:842:GLN:OE1	2:A:960:GLN:N	2.49	0.44
2:A:845:VAL:HG12	2:A:846:VAL:N	2.33	0.44
1:B:495:LEU:HA	1:B:501:SER:H	1.82	0.44
2:A:719:GLY:HA2	2:A:803:PRO:HD3	1.99	0.44
2:A:389:MET:SD	2:A:389:MET:N	2.91	0.43
2:A:846:VAL:O	2:A:848:LEU:HD22	2.18	0.43
1:B:523:LEU:HD12	1:B:524:GLU:N	2.32	0.43
2:A:705:LEU:HD11	2:A:787:VAL:HG21	1.99	0.43
2:A:217:ASP:HA	2:A:220:ARG:HE	1.83	0.43
2:A:881:LYS:HD2	2:A:926:GLN:HB3	1.99	0.43
2:A:153:ARG:HH22	2:A:158:ASP:HB2	1.82	0.43
1:B:153:ASP:OD2	1:B:278:ARG:HG2	2.19	0.43
1:B:295:ALA:HB2	1:B:329:SER:HB3	2.00	0.43
2:A:253:GLU:OE2	2:A:268:ARG:NH1	2.52	0.43
2:A:839:VAL:HG11	2:A:957:HIS:HB3	2.00	0.43
1:B:266:LEU:HD22	1:B:328:PRO:HB3	2.00	0.43

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:502:CYS:SG	1:B:507:LEU:HA	2.59	0.43
1:B:56:LEU:HD11	1:B:474:CYS:HB2	2.00	0.43
1:B:507:LEU:HD13	1:B:508:GLY:N	2.34	0.43
1:B:82:ARG:HB2	1:B:85:GLU:OE1	2.19	0.42
1:B:245:GLU:OE2	1:B:248:ARG:NH2	2.51	0.42
2:A:307:MET:O	2:A:337:PHE:N	2.51	0.42
2:A:962:ARG:HH11	2:A:962:ARG:C	2.27	0.42
1:B:158:MET:HE3	1:B:171:VAL:HG21	2.01	0.42
2:A:148:LEU:HD23	2:A:148:LEU:HA	1.89	0.42
2:A:962:ARG:O	2:A:962:ARG:NH1	2.52	0.42
1:B:105:VAL:HA	1:B:128:VAL:HG23	2.00	0.42
1:B:542:HIS:O	1:B:549:SER:OG	2.27	0.42
2:A:114:ARG:HA	2:A:114:ARG:HD3	1.86	0.42
2:A:621:HIS:N	2:A:624:GLY:O	2.41	0.42
2:A:870:MET:HE3	2:A:870:MET:HA	2.01	0.42
1:B:547:ARG:HG2	1:B:548:CYS:H	1.84	0.42
2:A:40:SER:HB3	2:A:55:VAL:HG12	2.02	0.42
2:A:213:ILE:HG23	2:A:217:ASP:HB3	2.00	0.42
2:A:630:SER:OG	2:A:808:TYR:OH	2.32	0.42
2:A:720:LEU:HB3	2:A:755:TRP:HB3	2.00	0.42
1:B:365:LYS:HD2	1:B:365:LYS:HA	1.81	0.42
1:B:544:GLN:HE21	1:B:547:ARG:HB3	1.85	0.42
2:A:944:THR:HA	2:A:950:ARG:NH1	2.34	0.42
1:B:151:PRO:HB2	1:B:280:VAL:HG11	2.02	0.42
2:A:339:ILE:HD12	2:A:378:LEU:HD11	2.02	0.41
1:B:157:LEU:HD11	1:B:264:ALA:HB1	2.01	0.41
1:B:239:ALA:O	1:B:243:GLU:HG2	2.20	0.41
2:A:581:MET:HE3	2:A:581:MET:HB2	1.93	0.41
2:A:870:MET:O	2:A:906:ASN:HA	2.20	0.41
1:B:404:VAL:HA	1:B:444:GLN:O	2.21	0.41
2:A:256:LEU:HD11	2:A:299:SER:HA	2.03	0.41
2:A:248:GLY:HA3	2:A:277:SER:HB2	2.02	0.41
2:A:345:PHE:O	2:A:351:ALA:HB2	2.20	0.41
2:A:908:ARG:HH12	2:A:911:HIS:HB2	1.86	0.41
1:B:63:TRP:HZ2	1:B:499:VAL:HB	1.85	0.41
1:B:282:ARG:NH1	1:B:340:ALA:O	2.53	0.41
1:B:328:PRO:HB2	1:B:333:VAL:HG23	2.03	0.41
2:A:424:PHE:CZ	3:C:1:NAG:H61	2.56	0.41
2:A:225:ILE:HA	2:A:228:MET:HE2	2.03	0.41
2:A:306:VAL:HA	2:A:335:GLU:HB3	2.02	0.41
2:A:777:GLU:H	2:A:777:GLU:HG3	1.63	0.41

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:A:245:GLN:HE22	2:A:273:THR:C	2.24	0.41
2:A:725:LEU:HD12	2:A:790:GLN:O	2.21	0.41
2:A:214:ASP:HB2	2:A:216:PRO:HD2	2.02	0.40
2:A:222:LYS:HE2	2:A:272:ILE:HG12	2.03	0.40
2:A:714:THR:OG1	2:A:715:ALA:N	2.55	0.40
2:A:866:TYR:HB3	2:A:867:MET:CE	2.52	0.40
1:B:67:LEU:HD22	1:B:487:HIS:CD2	2.57	0.40
2:A:768:MET:HE3	2:A:769:PRO:HD2	2.03	0.40
2:A:54:LEU:HA	2:A:68:HIS:O	2.21	0.40
2:A:373:MET:N	2:A:373:MET:HE2	2.36	0.40
2:A:829:CYS:HB3	2:A:864:ASP:HB2	2.04	0.40
2:A:845:VAL:HB	2:A:846:VAL:HG23	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	506/826 (61%)	470 (93%)	36 (7%)	0	100	100
2	A	905/1198 (76%)	840 (93%)	65 (7%)	0	100	100
All	All	1411/2024 (70%)	1310 (93%)	101 (7%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was

analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	435/695 (63%)	425 (98%)	10 (2%)	45	74
2	A	765/1021 (75%)	745 (97%)	20 (3%)	41	70
All	All	1200/1716 (70%)	1170 (98%)	30 (2%)	43	72

All (30) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	91	CYS
1	B	128	VAL
1	B	200	THR
1	B	205	VAL
1	B	274	GLN
1	B	294	THR
1	B	506	ARG
1	B	507	LEU
1	B	527	CYS
1	B	543	CYS
2	A	72	LEU
2	A	121	GLU
2	A	236	CYS
2	A	249	VAL
2	A	253	GLU
2	A	378	LEU
2	A	421	VAL
2	A	486	HIS
2	A	516	SER
2	A	544	GLU
2	A	720	LEU
2	A	733	VAL
2	A	745	VAL
2	A	785	VAL
2	A	798	THR
2	A	845	VAL
2	A	848	LEU
2	A	903	LEU
2	A	923	VAL
2	A	935	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (14) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	138	GLN
1	B	176	HIS
1	B	230	HIS
1	B	240	GLN
1	B	343	GLN
1	B	387	ASN
1	B	427	GLN
1	B	444	GLN
2	A	20	ASN
2	A	251	GLN
2	A	355	ASN
2	A	400	GLN
2	A	574	ASN
2	A	855	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

3 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
3	NAG	C	1	3,2	14,14,15	0.33	0	17,19,21	0.38	0
3	NAG	C	2	3	14,14,15	0.21	0	17,19,21	0.43	0
3	BMA	C	3	3	11,11,12	0.58	0	15,15,17	0.70	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral

centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	NAG	C	1	3,2	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	C	2	3	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	BMA	C	3	3	-	0/2/19/22	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

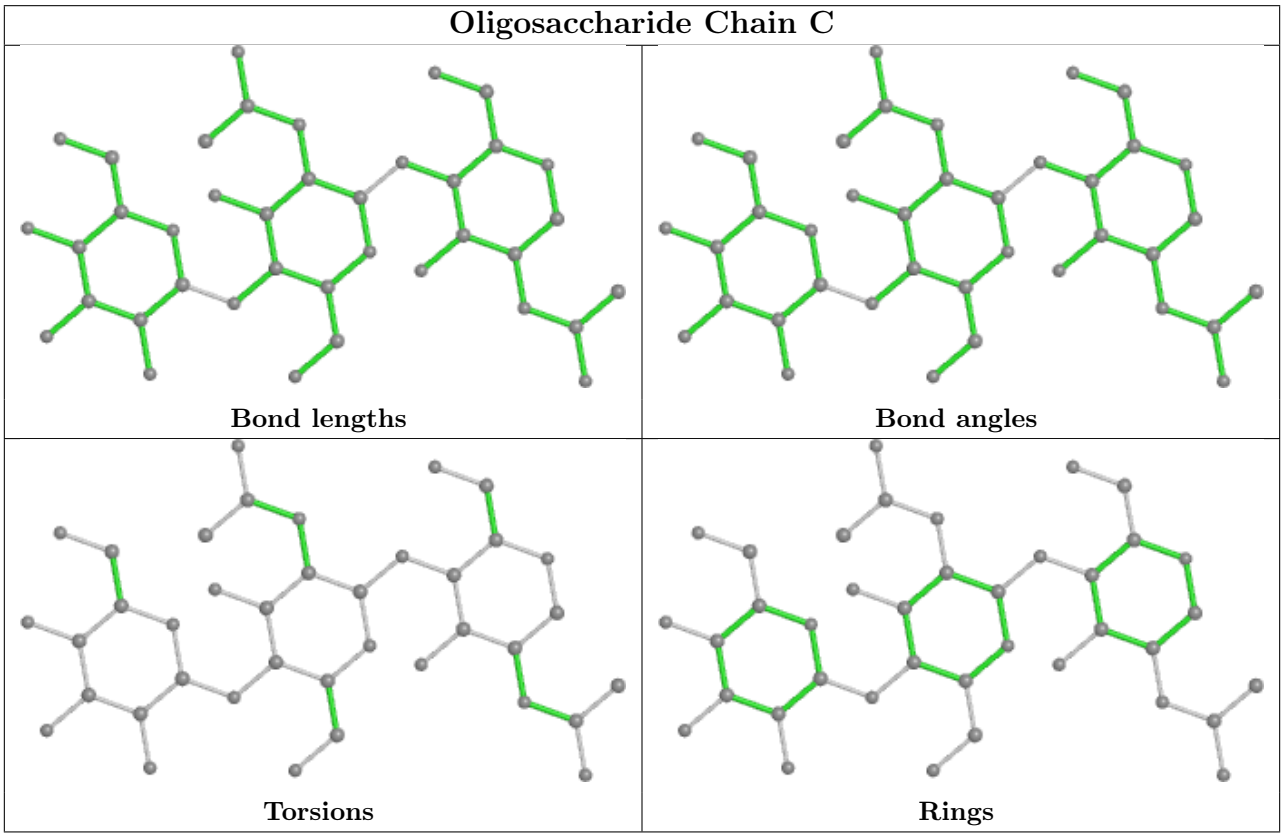
There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	C	1	NAG	1	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.



5.6 Ligand geometry

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

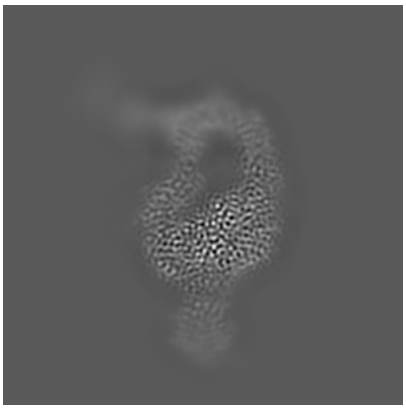
6 Map visualisation

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-60143. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

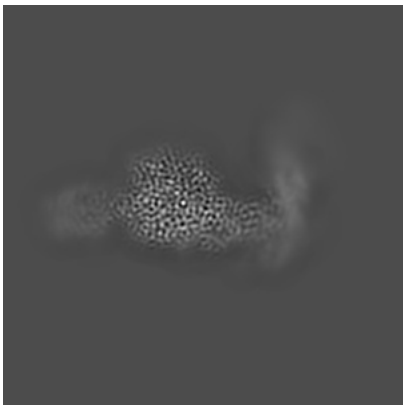
Images derived from a raw map, generated by summing the deposited half-maps, are presented below the corresponding image components of the primary map to allow further visual inspection and comparison with those of the primary map.

6.1 Orthogonal projections

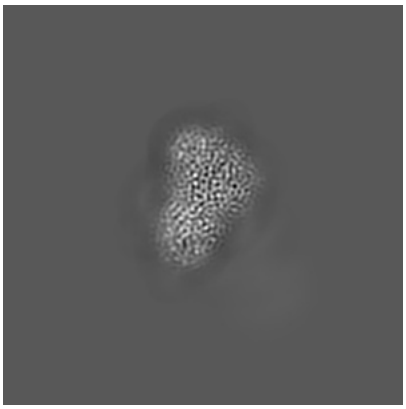
6.1.1 Primary map



X

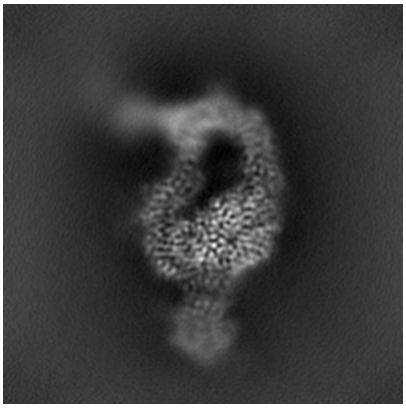


Y

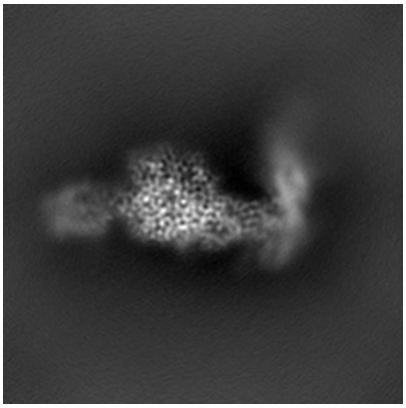


Z

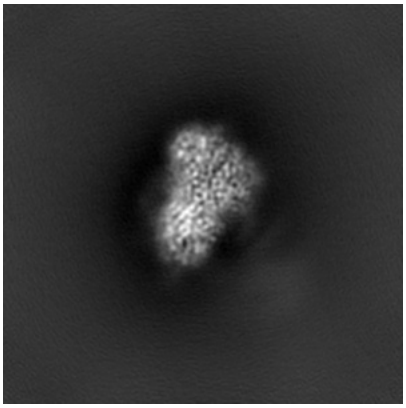
6.1.2 Raw map



X



Y

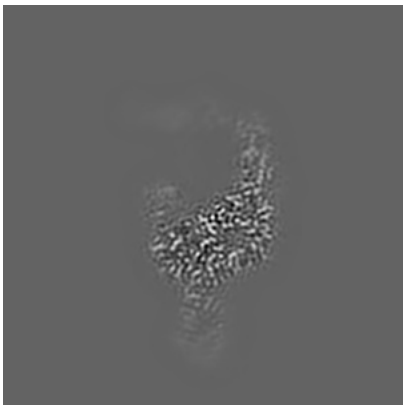


Z

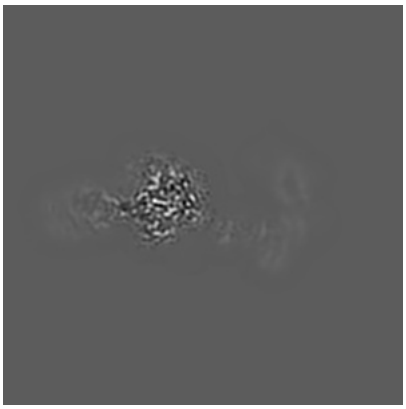
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices (i)

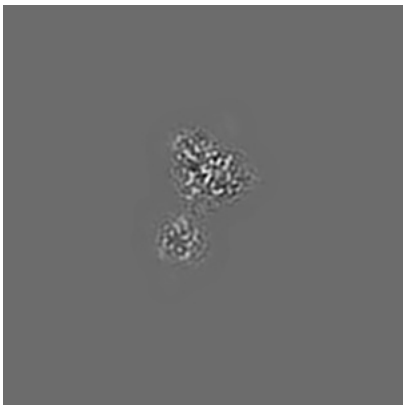
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 105

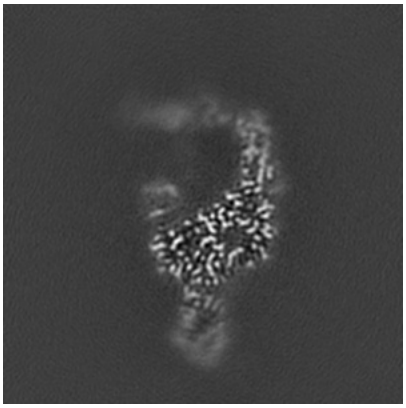


Y Index: 105

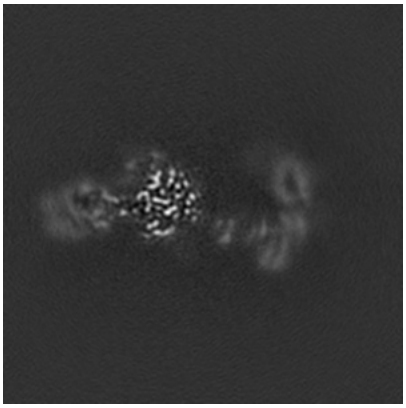


Z Index: 105

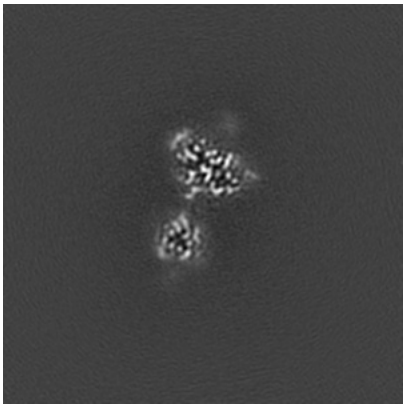
6.2.2 Raw map



X Index: 105



Y Index: 105

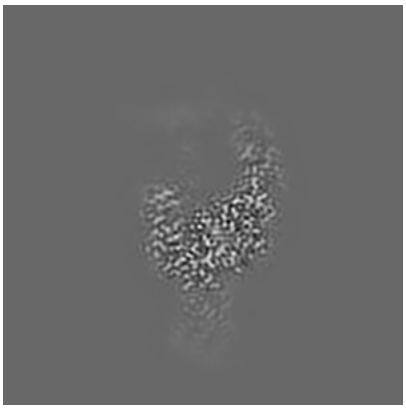


Z Index: 105

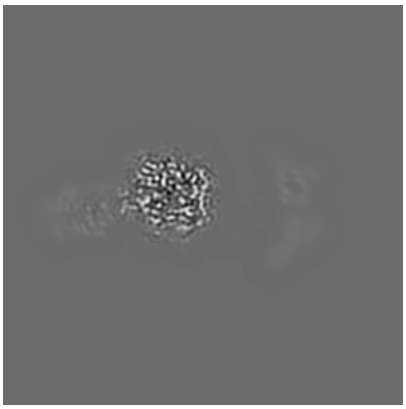
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices (i)

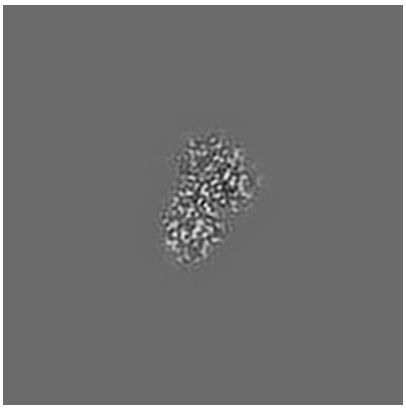
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 101

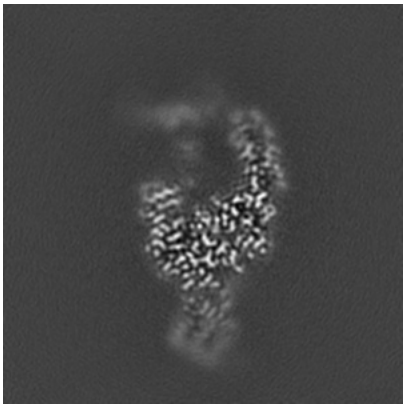


Y Index: 112

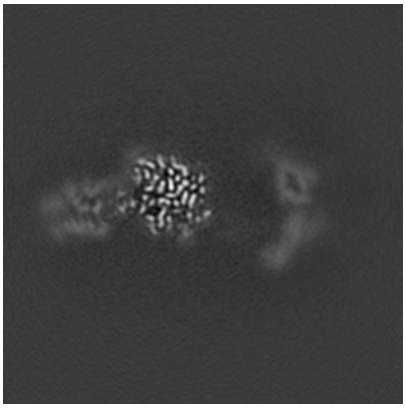


Z Index: 82

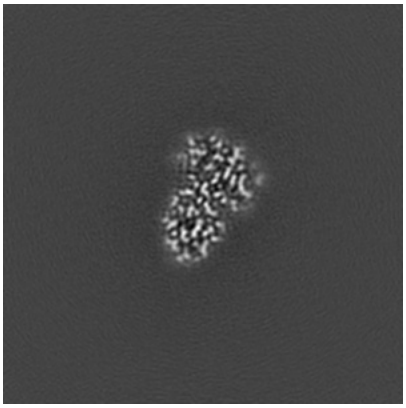
6.3.2 Raw map



X Index: 101



Y Index: 110

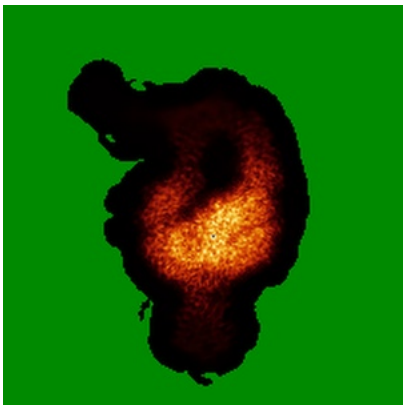


Z Index: 82

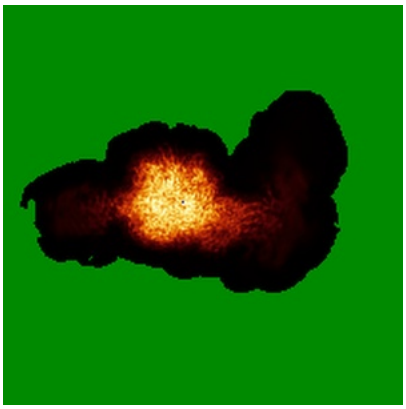
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) (i)

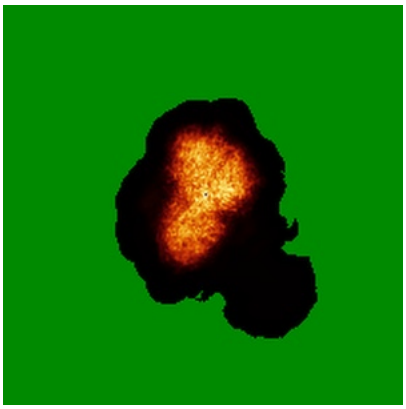
6.4.1 Primary map



X

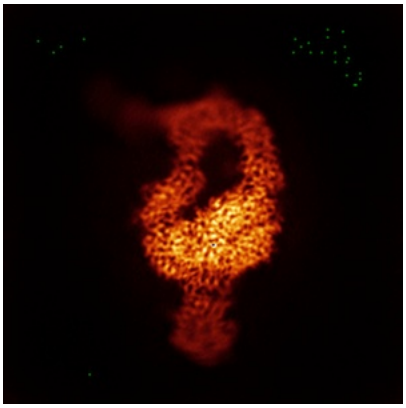


Y

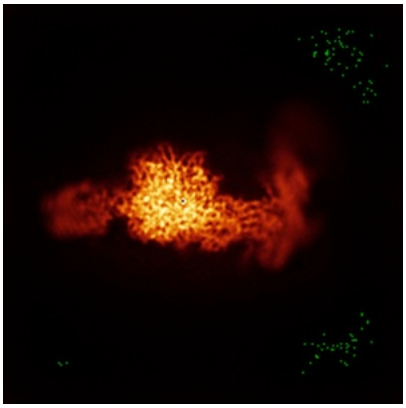


Z

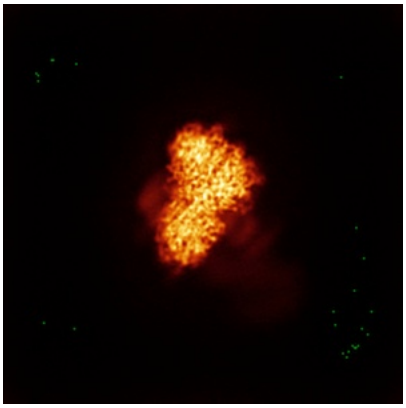
6.4.2 Raw map



X



Y



Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views (i)

6.5.1 Primary map

X Y Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.012. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

6.5.2 Raw map

X Y Z

These images show the 3D surface of the raw map. The raw map's contour level was selected so that its surface encloses the same volume as the primary map does at its recommended contour level.

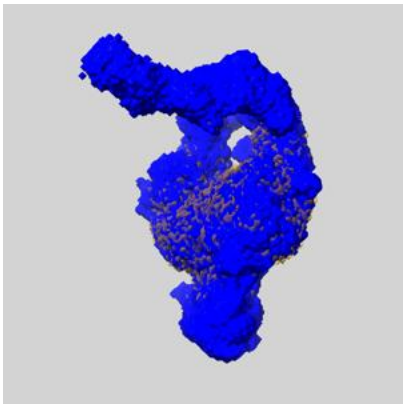
6.6 Mask visualisation (i)

This section shows the 3D surface view of the primary map at 50% transparency overlaid with the specified mask at 0% transparency

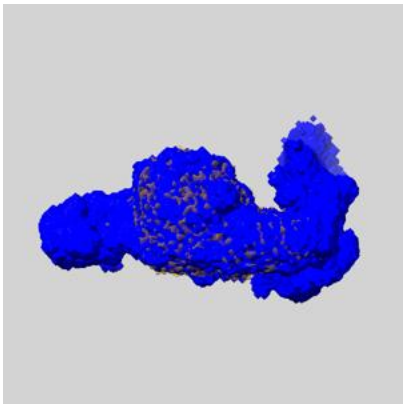
A mask typically either:

- Encompasses the whole structure
- Separates out a domain, a functional unit, a monomer or an area of interest from a larger structure

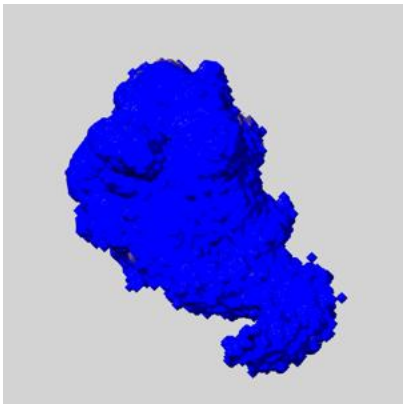
6.6.1 emd_60143_msk_1.map (i)



X



Y

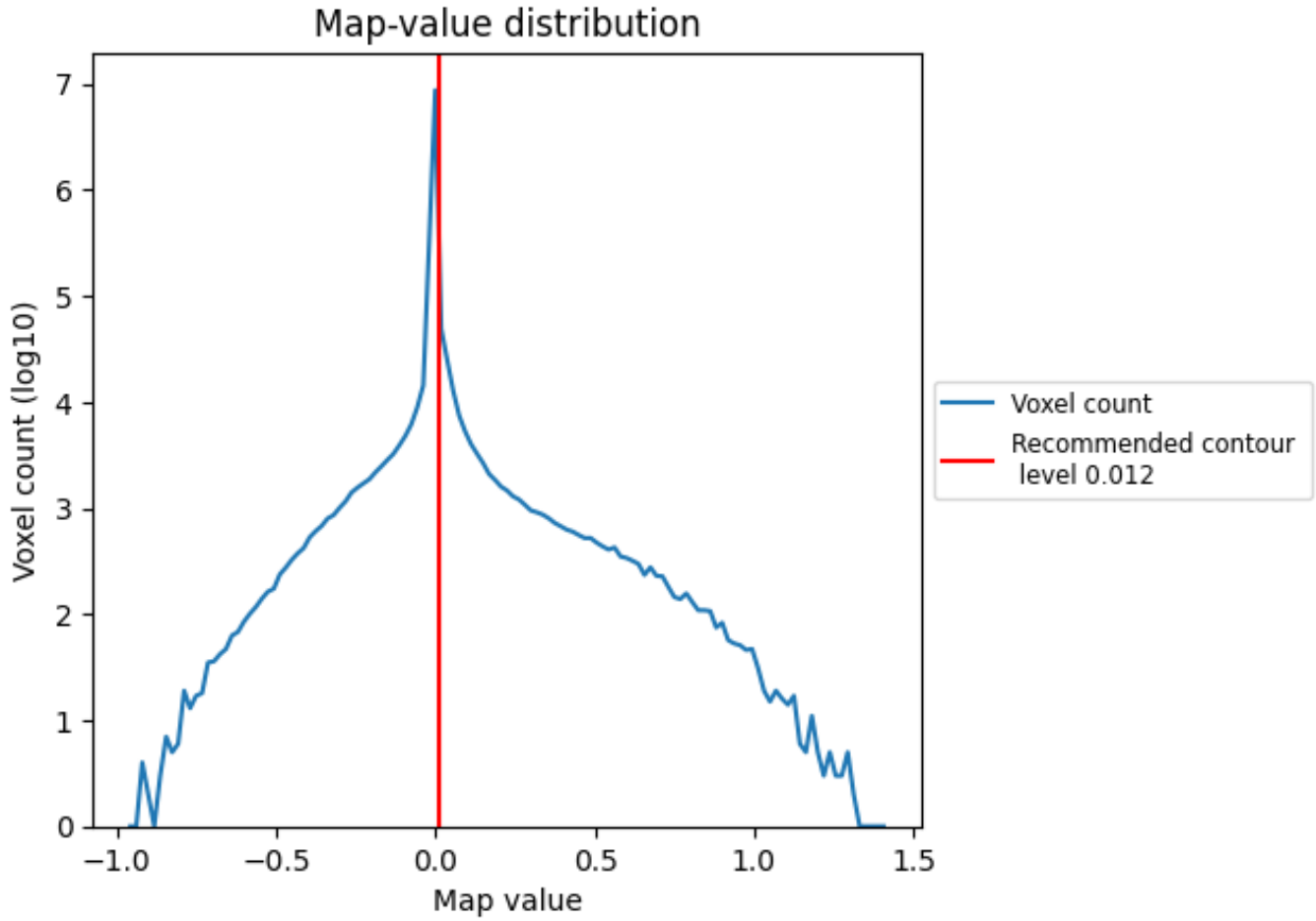


Z

7 Map analysis

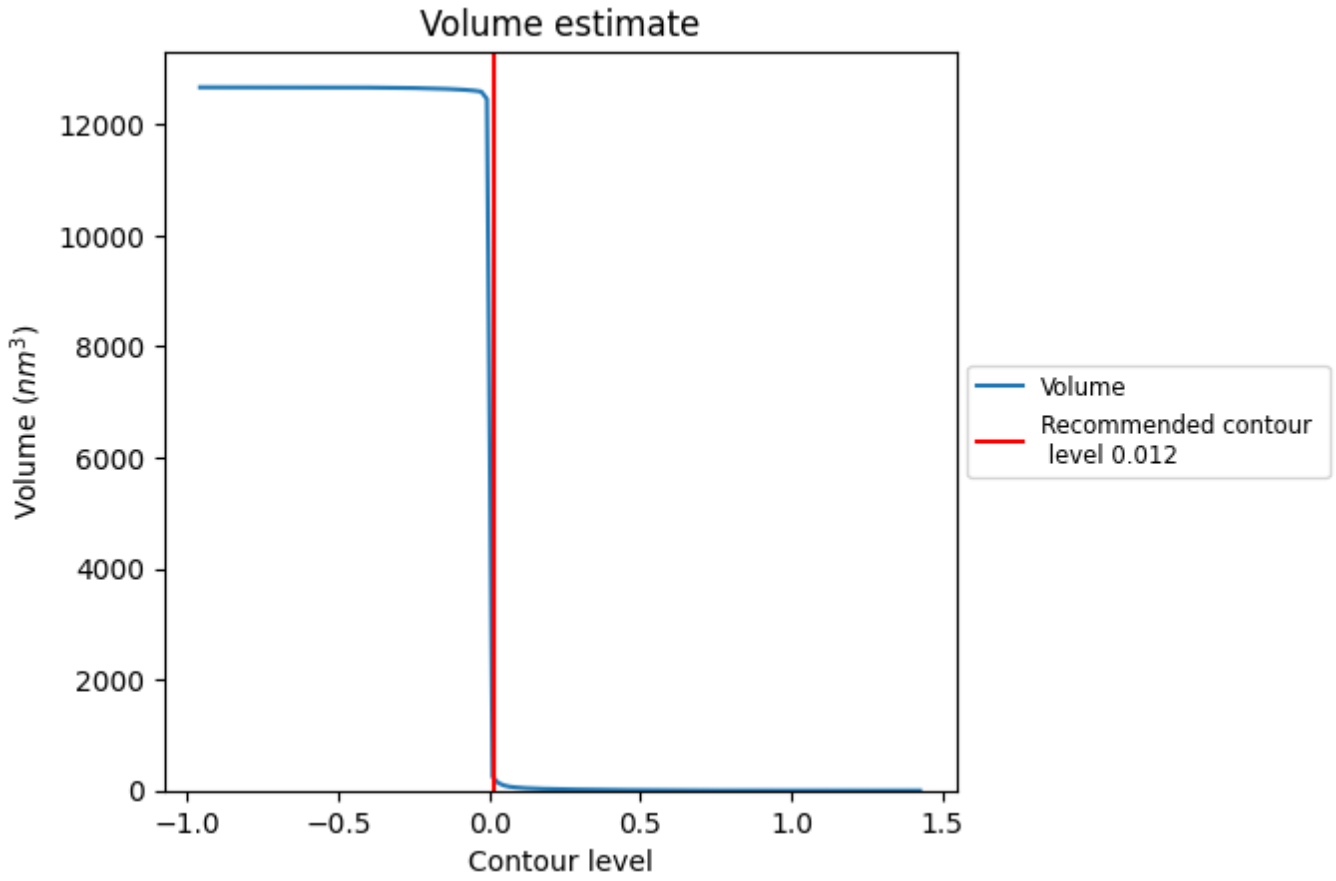
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

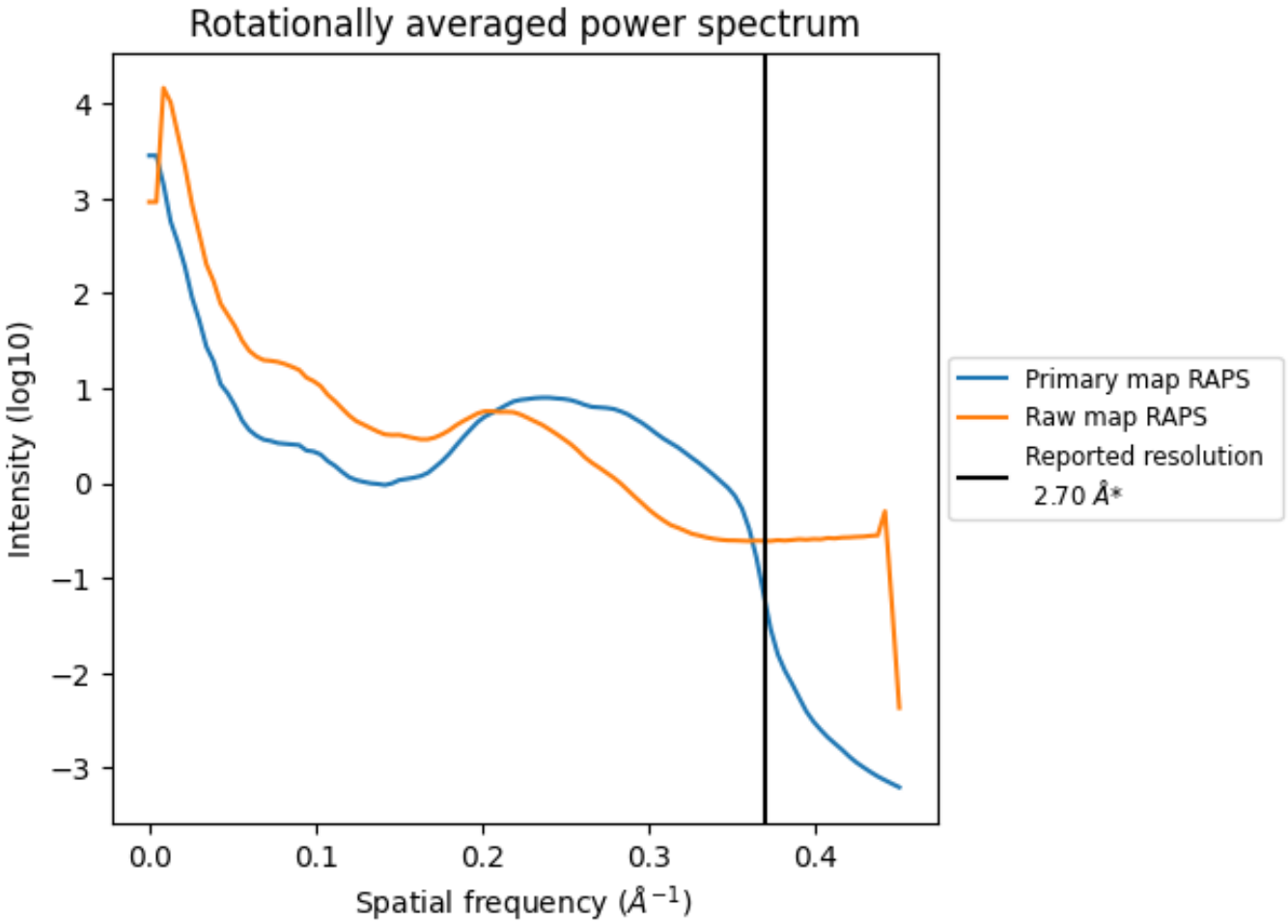
7.2 Volume estimate



The volume at the recommended contour level is 237 nm^3; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 214 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum (i)

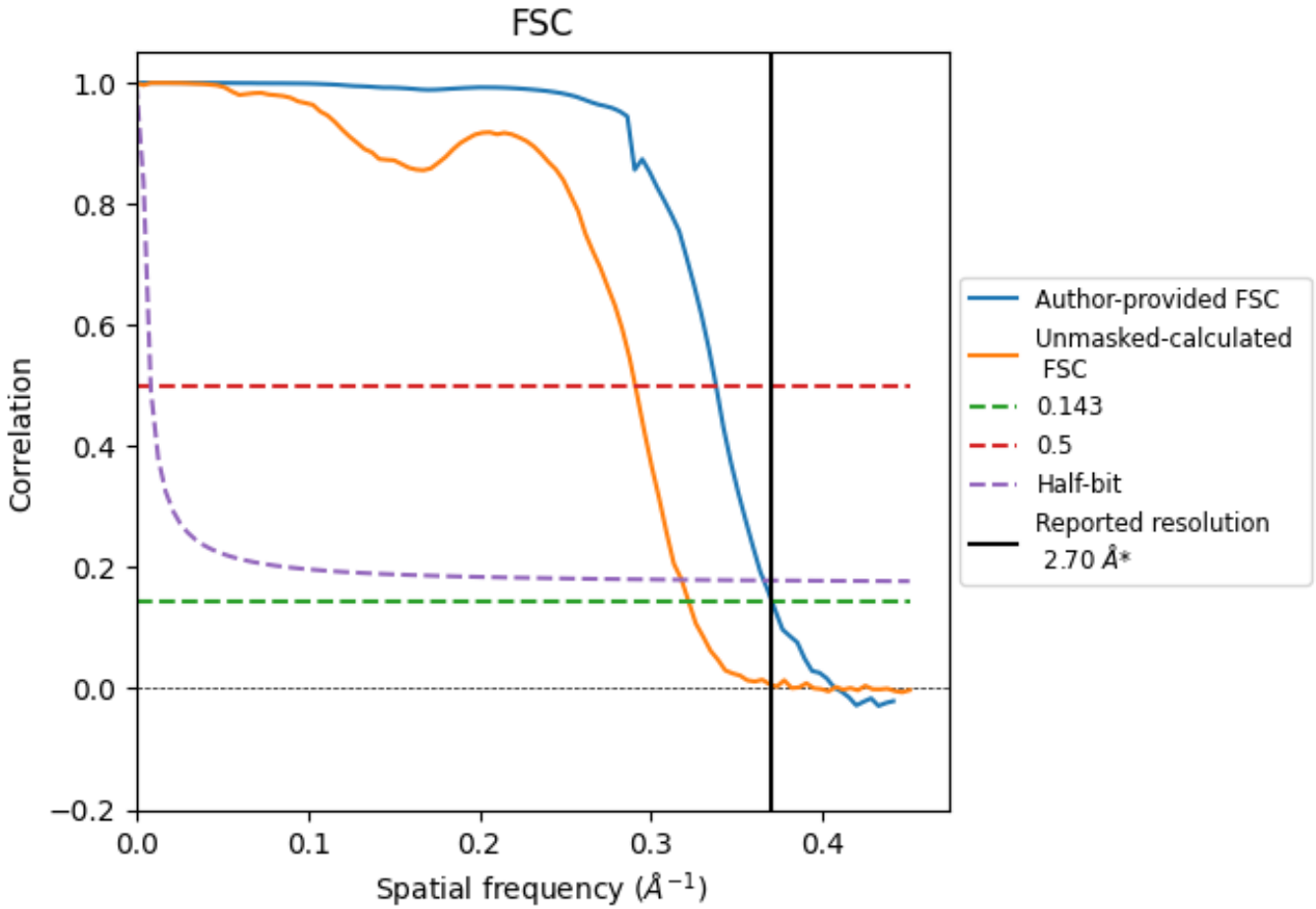


*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.370 Å^{-1}

8 Fourier-Shell correlation

Fourier-Shell Correlation (FSC) is the most commonly used method to estimate the resolution of single-particle and subtomogram-averaged maps. The shape of the curve depends on the imposed symmetry, mask and whether or not the two 3D reconstructions used were processed from a common reference. The reported resolution is shown as a black line. A curve is displayed for the half-bit criterion in addition to lines showing the 0.143 gold standard cut-off and 0.5 cut-off.

8.1 FSC



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.370 Å^{-1}

8.2 Resolution estimates (i)

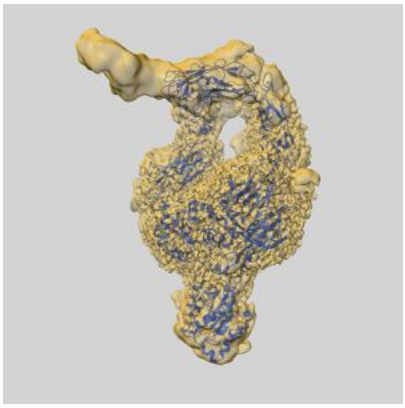
Resolution estimate (Å)	Estimation criterion (FSC cut-off)		
	0.143	0.5	Half-bit
Reported by author	2.70	-	-
Author-provided FSC curve	2.70	2.96	2.74
Unmasked-calculated*	3.11	3.44	3.15

*Resolution estimate based on FSC curve calculated by comparison of deposited half-maps. The value from deposited half-maps intersecting FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF 3.11 differs from the reported value 2.7 by more than 10 %

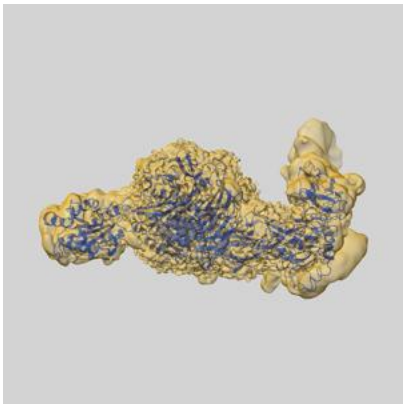
9 Map-model fit

This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-60143 and PDB model 8ZJF. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

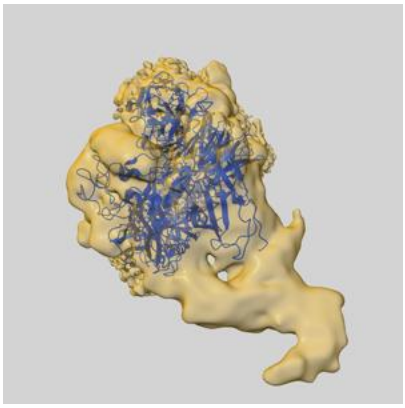
9.1 Map-model overlay



X



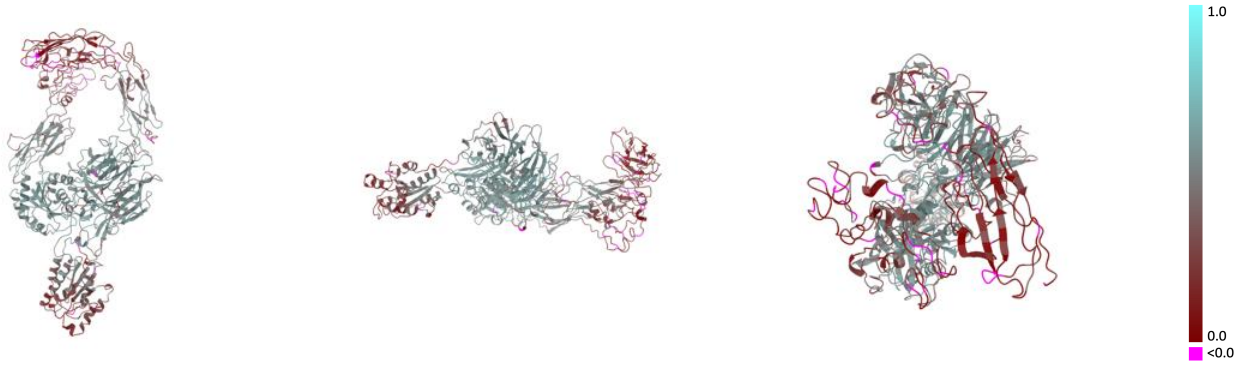
Y



Z

The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.012 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

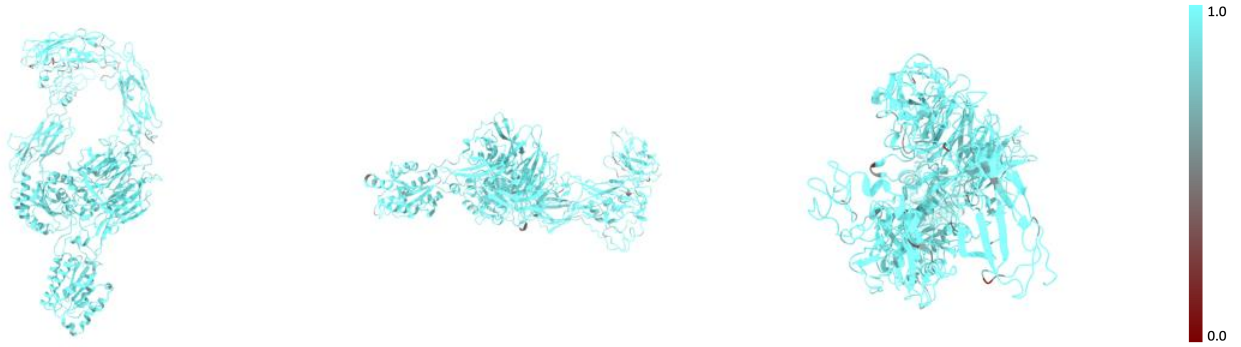
9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

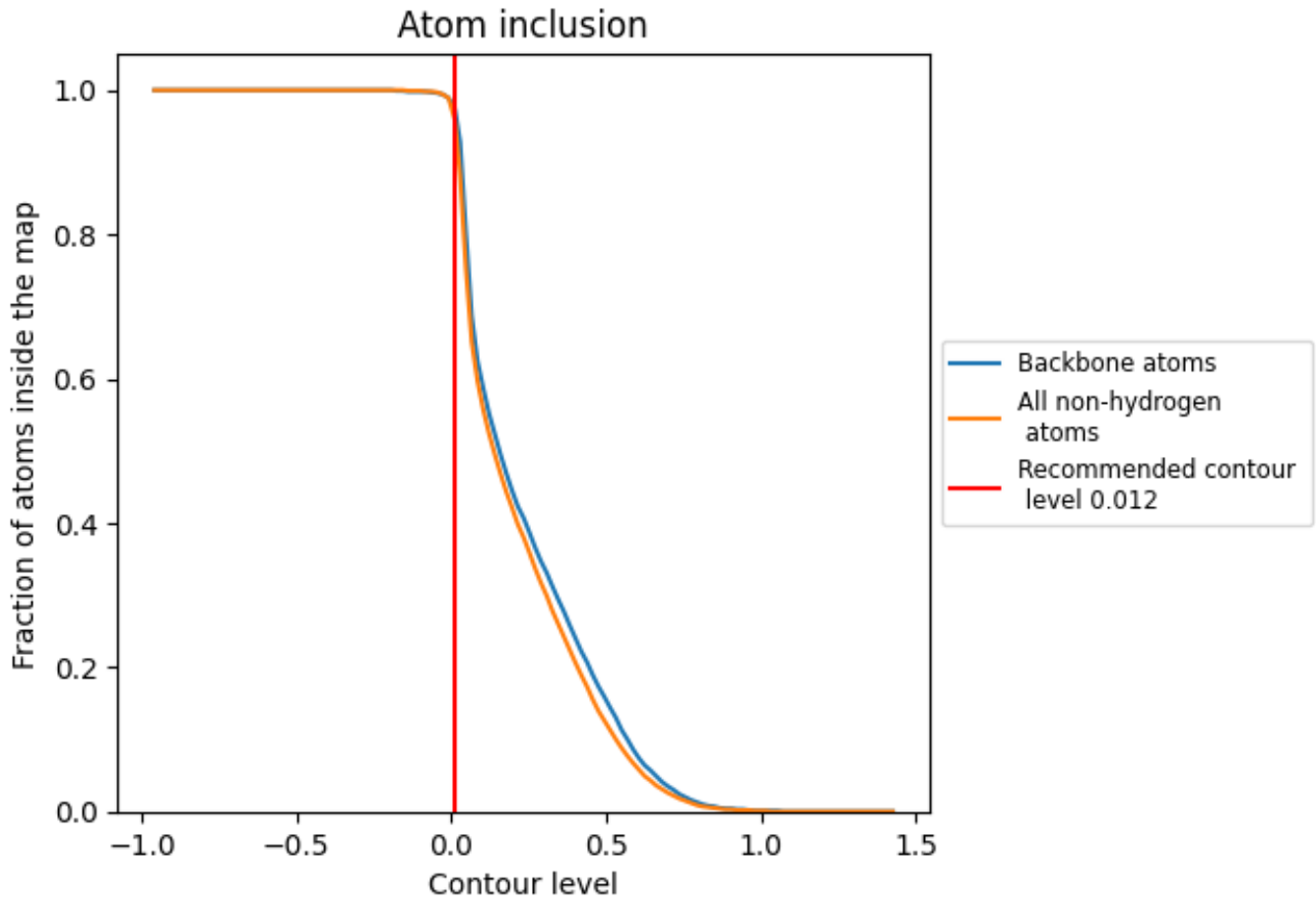
9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model



X Y Z

The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.012).

9.4 Atom inclusion (i)



At the recommended contour level, 97% of all backbone atoms, 96% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.012) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	0.9580	0.4150
A	0.9540	0.3970
B	0.9670	0.4460
C	0.9490	0.4890