



Full wwPDB EM Validation Report ⓘ

Oct 21, 2024 – 03:30 PM JST

PDB ID : 7VIF
EMDB ID : EMD-32007
Title : Cryo-EM structure of Gi coupled Sphingosine 1-phosphate receptor bound with (S)-FTY720-P
Authors : Yu, L.Y.; Gan, B.; Xiao, Q.J.; Ren, R.B.
Deposited on : 2021-09-26
Resolution : 2.83 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB EM Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/EMValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

EMDB validation analysis : 0.0.1.dev113
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
MolProbity : 4.02b-467
buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics : 20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
MapQ : 1.9.13
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.39

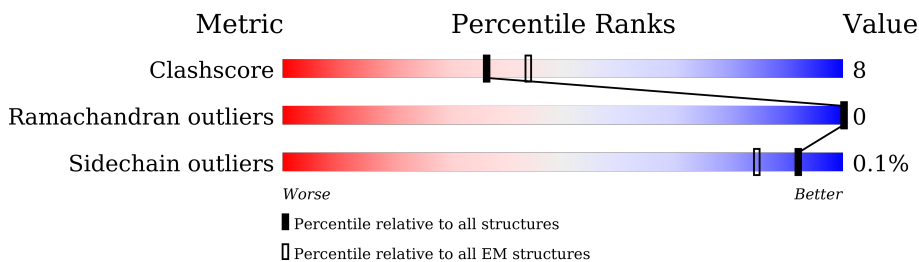
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

ELECTRON MICROSCOPY

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.83 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	EM structures (#Entries)
Clashscore	210492	15764
Ramachandran outliers	207382	16835
Sidechain outliers	206894	16415

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the map. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the EM map (all-atom inclusion $< 40\%$). The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	357	 75% 20% 5%
2	C	71	 73% 7% 20%
3	E	251	 78% 16% 6%
4	F	394	 57% 13% 29%
5	D	354	 53% 11% 36%

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8918 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
1	A	338	2601	1604	467	509	21	0	0

There are 18 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-17	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
A	-16	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
A	-15	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
A	-14	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
A	-13	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
A	-12	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
A	-11	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
A	-10	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
A	-9	VAL	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
A	-8	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
A	-7	PHE	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
A	-6	GLN	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
A	-5	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
A	-4	PRO	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
A	-3	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
A	-2	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
A	-1	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P62873
A	0	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P62873

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
2	C	57	436	273	77	83	3	0	0

- Molecule 3 is a protein called scFv16.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
3	E	235	1804	1143	299	352	10	0	0

- Molecule 4 is a protein called Sphingosine 1-phosphate receptor 1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
4	F	280	2245	1500	363	366	16	0	0

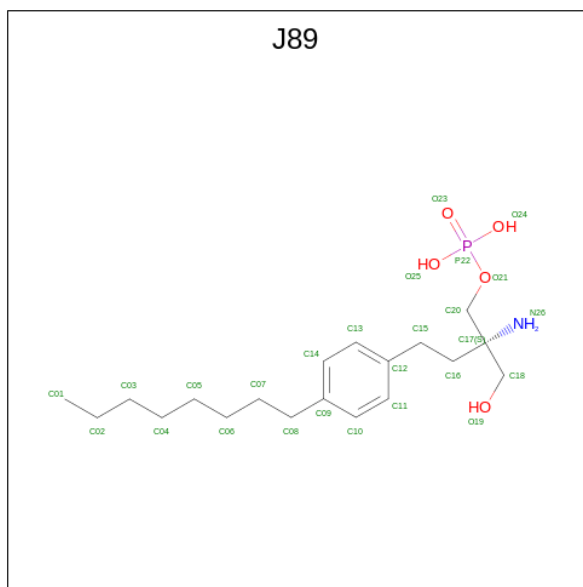
There are 12 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
F	383	LEU	-	expression tag	UNP P21453
F	384	GLU	-	expression tag	UNP P21453
F	385	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P21453
F	386	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P21453
F	387	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P21453
F	388	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P21453
F	389	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P21453
F	390	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P21453
F	391	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P21453
F	392	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P21453
F	393	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P21453
F	394	HIS	-	expression tag	UNP P21453

- Molecule 5 is a protein called Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(i) subunit alpha-1.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S		
5	D	225	1806	1150	300	341	15	1	0

- Molecule 6 is (2 {S})-2-azanyl-4-(4-octylphenyl)-2-[[oxidanyl-bis(oxidanylidene)-\$l^{6}\$-phosphanyl]oxymethyl]butan-1-ol (three-letter code: J89) (formula: C₁₉H₃₄NO₅P) (labeled as "Ligand of Interest" by depositor).

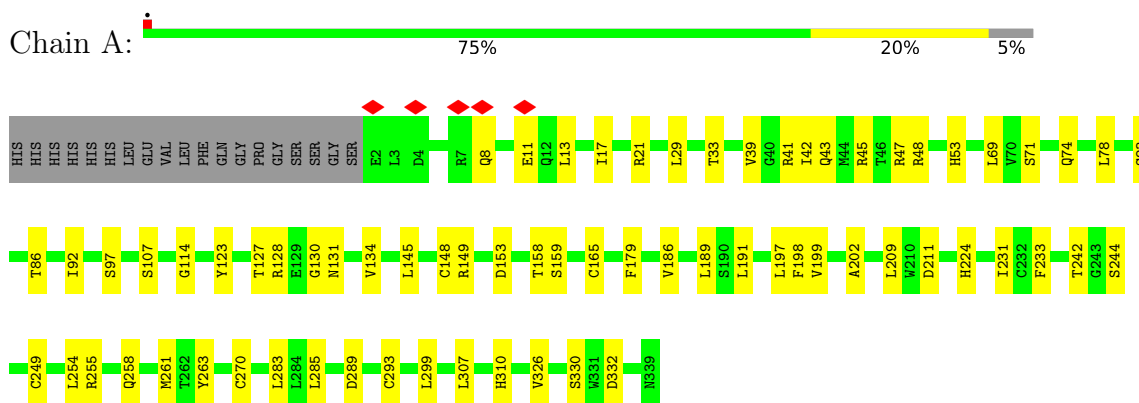


Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					AltConf
			Total	C	N	O	P	
6	F	1	26	19	1	5	1	0

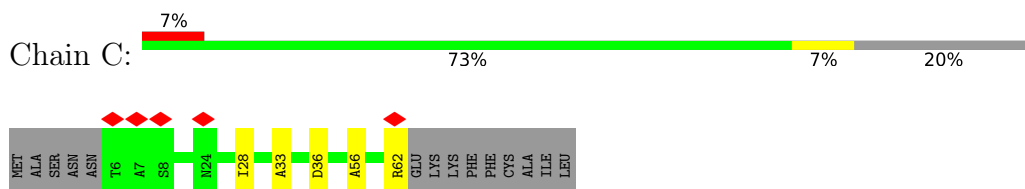
3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and atom inclusion in map density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red diamond above a residue indicates a poor fit to the EM map for this residue (all-atom inclusion < 40%). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

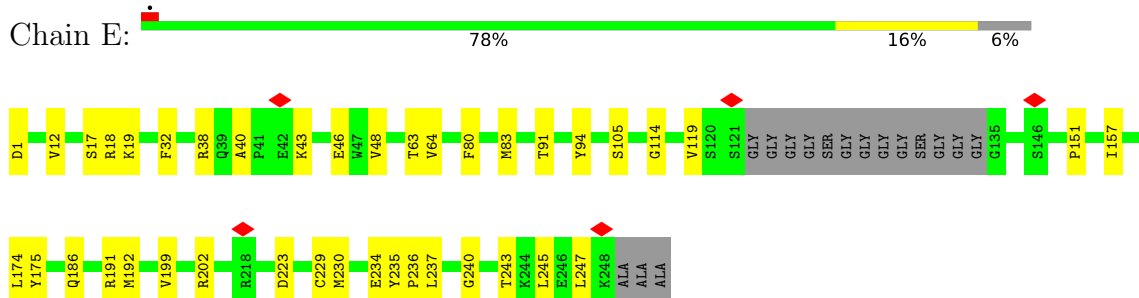
- Molecule 1: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(T) subunit beta-1



- Molecule 2: Guanine nucleotide-binding protein G(I)/G(S)/G(O) subunit gamma-2



- Molecule 3: scFv16



- Molecule 4: Spingosine 1-phosphate receptor 1



4 Experimental information

Property	Value	Source
EM reconstruction method	SINGLE PARTICLE	Depositor
Imposed symmetry	POINT, Not provided	
Number of particles used	788201	Depositor
Resolution determination method	FSC 0.143 CUT-OFF	Depositor
CTF correction method	NONE	Depositor
Microscope	FEI TITAN KRIOS	Depositor
Voltage (kV)	300	Depositor
Electron dose ($e^-/\text{\AA}^2$)	56.2	Depositor
Minimum defocus (nm)	1100	Depositor
Maximum defocus (nm)	1900	Depositor
Magnification	Not provided	
Image detector	GATAN K3 (6k x 4k)	Depositor
Maximum map value	2.199	Depositor
Minimum map value	-1.347	Depositor
Average map value	-0.002	Depositor
Map value standard deviation	0.052	Depositor
Recommended contour level	0.24	Depositor
Map size (\AA)	239.04, 239.04, 239.04	wwPDB
Map dimensions	288, 288, 288	wwPDB
Map angles ($^\circ$)	90.0, 90.0, 90.0	wwPDB
Pixel spacing (\AA)	0.83, 0.83, 0.83	Depositor

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: J89

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.24	0/2648	0.53	0/3589
2	C	0.26	0/442	0.46	0/597
3	E	0.27	0/1848	0.52	0/2504
4	F	0.42	1/2294 (0.0%)	0.54	1/3114 (0.0%)
5	D	0.25	0/1835	0.46	0/2462
All	All	0.30	1/9067 (0.0%)	0.51	1/12266 (0.0%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
4	F	98	TYR	CE1-CZ	-5.43	1.31	1.38

All (1) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
4	F	177	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.57	128.11	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2601	0	2505	41	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	C	436	0	448	6	0
3	E	1804	0	1740	27	0
4	F	2245	0	2389	42	0
5	D	1806	0	1792	28	0
6	F	26	0	0	2	0
All	All	8918	0	8874	134	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 8.

All (134) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:F:98:TYR:CE1	4:F:102:LEU:HD13	2.09	0.86
4:F:98:TYR:O	4:F:102:LEU:HB2	1.80	0.81
5:D:325:CYS:SG	5:D:326:ALA:N	2.60	0.75
5:D:300:ALA:HB1	5:D:323:PHE:HE2	1.53	0.74
3:E:40:ALA:HB3	3:E:43:LYS:HB2	1.71	0.72
5:D:290:TYR:HD1	5:D:302:TYR:CD2	2.08	0.71
1:A:41:ARG:NH1	1:A:42:ILE:O	2.24	0.71
1:A:159:SER:HB3	1:A:189:LEU:HD23	1.75	0.67
1:A:270:CYS:HB2	1:A:289:ASP:HB2	1.76	0.66
1:A:255:ARG:HE	2:C:28:ILE:HD13	1.59	0.66
4:F:86:ASN:HD22	4:F:164:ILE:HD12	1.59	0.66
3:E:12:VAL:HG22	3:E:18:ARG:HH21	1.62	0.65
1:A:145:LEU:HD11	1:A:158:THR:HB	1.79	0.65
4:F:149:MET:SD	5:D:347:ASN:ND2	2.70	0.64
3:E:234:GLU:HG2	3:E:236:PRO:HD2	1.78	0.64
1:A:293:CYS:HB3	1:A:307:LEU:HB2	1.80	0.64
5:D:184:ILE:HD11	5:D:199:PHE:HB3	1.79	0.63
3:E:63:THR:HG23	3:E:64:VAL:HG13	1.79	0.62
4:F:98:TYR:CD2	4:F:301:VAL:HG11	2.33	0.62
4:F:298:VAL:O	4:F:302:LEU:HG	1.99	0.61
5:D:290:TYR:CD1	5:D:302:TYR:CD2	2.88	0.61
3:E:94:TYR:O	3:E:114:GLY:HA2	2.01	0.61
5:D:49:ILE:O	5:D:53:MET:HG2	2.01	0.60
1:A:47:ARG:NH1	2:C:62:ARG:HE	2.00	0.59
2:C:56:ALA:HB2	2:C:62:ARG:HH11	1.68	0.59
3:E:174:LEU:HB3	3:E:192:MET:HB2	1.85	0.58
5:D:290:TYR:CD1	5:D:302:TYR:HD2	2.22	0.58
4:F:279:ASP:HA	4:F:290:LEU:HD11	1.85	0.57

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:E:235:TYR:O	3:E:237:LEU:HD12	2.05	0.57
5:D:283:LEU:HD22	5:D:299:ALA:HB1	1.87	0.57
1:A:285:LEU:HD22	1:A:326:VAL:HG21	1.86	0.56
4:F:86:ASN:ND2	4:F:164:ILE:HD12	2.20	0.56
4:F:80:MET:O	4:F:84:ILE:HD12	2.05	0.56
5:D:55:ILE:HG22	5:D:56:ILE:HG13	1.87	0.56
1:A:209:LEU:HD22	1:A:254:LEU:HD22	1.88	0.56
4:F:151:LEU:HD21	5:D:34:VAL:HG22	1.88	0.56
1:A:78:LEU:HD23	1:A:92:ILE:HD12	1.89	0.55
3:E:202:ARG:NH1	3:E:223:ASP:OD2	2.40	0.55
5:D:300:ALA:HB1	5:D:323:PHE:CE2	2.40	0.55
1:A:255:ARG:NH2	2:C:36:ASP:OD2	2.40	0.54
4:F:174:LEU:HA	4:F:177:LEU:HD23	1.88	0.54
1:A:74:GLN:O	1:A:97:SER:OG	2.26	0.53
4:F:101:ASN:ND2	6:F:401:J89:O19	2.41	0.53
1:A:33:THR:HG21	1:A:299:LEU:HD22	1.91	0.53
1:A:43:GLN:OE1	1:A:45:ARG:NH2	2.42	0.52
5:D:290:TYR:HD1	5:D:302:TYR:CE2	2.27	0.52
2:C:28:ILE:HD11	2:C:33:ALA:HB2	1.92	0.52
4:F:108:THR:HG22	4:F:108:THR:O	2.09	0.51
5:D:290:TYR:OH	5:D:293:SER:O	2.26	0.51
1:A:165:CYS:HB2	1:A:179:PHE:HB2	1.93	0.51
4:F:296:PHE:HA	4:F:299:LEU:HD12	1.93	0.51
1:A:107:SER:OG	1:A:153:ASP:OD1	2.28	0.50
1:A:39:VAL:HG11	1:A:283:LEU:HD21	1.93	0.50
3:E:235:TYR:O	3:E:237:LEU:N	2.45	0.50
4:F:160:LEU:O	4:F:164:ILE:HG12	2.11	0.50
1:A:29:LEU:HD23	1:A:261:MET:HB2	1.95	0.49
4:F:270:ALA:O	4:F:274:ILE:HG12	2.13	0.49
4:F:98:TYR:CZ	4:F:102:LEU:HD13	2.47	0.49
4:F:268:CYS:SG	4:F:303:ASN:HB2	2.53	0.49
1:A:197:LEU:HD23	1:A:211:ASP:HA	1.94	0.49
4:F:126:VAL:HG23	4:F:175:GLY:HA3	1.95	0.49
3:E:105:SER:O	3:E:191:ARG:NH2	2.39	0.49
4:F:174:LEU:O	4:F:202:TYR:OH	2.24	0.49
1:A:330:SER:OG	1:A:332:ASP:OD1	2.31	0.49
1:A:191:LEU:HD23	1:A:198:PHE:HB3	1.95	0.49
3:E:186:GLN:HE22	3:E:199:VAL:HG22	1.78	0.48
1:A:123:TYR:CE2	1:A:134:VAL:HG22	2.49	0.48
3:E:157:ILE:HD11	3:E:245:LEU:HD11	1.96	0.48
1:A:114:GLY:HA3	1:A:145:LEU:HD23	1.95	0.47

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:8:GLN:O	1:A:11:GLU:HG3	2.14	0.47
1:A:13:LEU:O	1:A:17:ILE:HG12	2.13	0.47
1:A:127:THR:OG1	1:A:131:ASN:O	2.29	0.47
3:E:151:PRO:HD3	3:E:247:LEU:HD22	1.97	0.46
1:A:128:ARG:NH2	3:E:1:ASP:OD2	2.42	0.46
4:F:313:LEU:HA	4:F:319:ARG:HD3	1.97	0.46
3:E:192:MET:O	3:E:192:MET:HG2	2.14	0.46
3:E:229:CYS:O	3:E:240:GLY:N	2.47	0.46
5:D:207:GLU:OE1	5:D:209:LYS:HG2	2.15	0.46
1:A:47:ARG:HH12	2:C:62:ARG:HE	1.60	0.45
1:A:53:HIS:NE2	1:A:71:SER:OG	2.40	0.45
4:F:102:LEU:HD12	4:F:102:LEU:HA	1.70	0.45
4:F:225:TYR:CE1	4:F:255:LEU:HB2	2.52	0.45
5:D:315:ASP:OD1	5:D:316:THR:HG23	2.16	0.45
4:F:98:TYR:O	4:F:98:TYR:CD1	2.70	0.45
4:F:117:TRP:CZ3	4:F:197:LEU:HB2	2.52	0.45
3:E:91:THR:HB	3:E:119:VAL:H	1.82	0.45
4:F:293:ALA:HA	4:F:296:PHE:HD2	1.82	0.45
4:F:89:LEU:O	4:F:93:LEU:HG	2.17	0.45
5:D:283:LEU:HG	5:D:287:TYR:HD2	1.82	0.45
5:D:274:PHE:CZ	5:D:278:ILE:HD12	2.52	0.44
4:F:83:PHE:HB3	4:F:138:ILE:HG12	1.99	0.44
1:A:199:VAL:HG22	1:A:233:PHE:CE2	2.53	0.44
5:D:250:PHE:HZ	5:D:319:ILE:HD13	1.82	0.44
1:A:130:GLY:HA3	3:E:32:PHE:HE1	1.82	0.44
1:A:249:CYS:HB2	1:A:263:TYR:HB2	1.99	0.44
3:E:38:ARG:O	3:E:46:GLU:N	2.50	0.44
3:E:230:MET:SD	3:E:237:LEU:HD23	2.57	0.44
4:F:200:LYS:HE2	4:F:280:VAL:HA	2.00	0.44
4:F:302:LEU:O	4:F:306:THR:HG23	2.17	0.44
4:F:279:ASP:OD1	4:F:280:VAL:N	2.51	0.44
1:A:224:HIS:HD1	1:A:244:SER:HG	1.62	0.44
4:F:53:ILE:HD11	4:F:102:LEU:HB3	2.00	0.43
5:D:39:LEU:HD13	5:D:253:ILE:HG13	2.00	0.43
3:E:48:VAL:HG13	3:E:64:VAL:HG21	2.00	0.43
4:F:53:ILE:HD12	4:F:99:THR:HG23	2.01	0.43
1:A:130:GLY:HA3	3:E:32:PHE:CE1	2.53	0.43
4:F:86:ASN:ND2	4:F:164:ILE:HG23	2.33	0.43
1:A:310:HIS:CG	1:A:330:SER:HG	2.33	0.43
1:A:69:LEU:HD23	1:A:83:SER:HB3	2.01	0.43
5:D:230:TYR:HA	5:D:243:MET:HB2	2.01	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
3:E:174:LEU:HD11	3:E:229:CYS:SG	2.59	0.42
5:D:38:LEU:HD21	5:D:46:LYS:HB3	2.01	0.42
4:F:60:ILE:HG23	4:F:92:LEU:HD11	2.00	0.42
4:F:178:PRO:HD3	4:F:202:TYR:CZ	2.55	0.42
5:D:38:LEU:HG	5:D:46:LYS:HD2	2.01	0.42
1:A:231:ILE:HG13	1:A:242:THR:HG22	2.01	0.42
5:D:348:LEU:HB3	5:D:354:PHE:HB2	2.01	0.42
1:A:148:CYS:O	1:A:149:ARG:NH1	2.51	0.42
4:F:271:PRO:HG2	4:F:299:LEU:HD13	2.01	0.42
3:E:17:SER:HA	3:E:83:MET:O	2.20	0.42
6:F:401:J89:O19	6:F:401:J89:C15	2.68	0.41
5:D:256:ASN:OD1	5:D:257:LYS:N	2.53	0.41
4:F:138:ILE:HG21	4:F:311:TYR:HE2	1.85	0.41
4:F:94:ALA:HA	4:F:127:ALA:HB1	2.02	0.41
1:A:48:ARG:HD2	1:A:86:THR:HG23	2.03	0.41
4:F:149:MET:HA	5:D:347:ASN:HD21	1.86	0.41
5:D:6:SER:O	5:D:10:LYS:HG3	2.21	0.41
1:A:21:ARG:HD3	1:A:258:GLN:HB3	2.03	0.40
3:E:19:LYS:HE2	3:E:80:PHE:HB3	2.03	0.40
4:F:70:ILE:HA	4:F:76:PHE:HD2	1.86	0.40
1:A:186:VAL:HA	1:A:202:ALA:HA	2.03	0.40
3:E:157:ILE:HD12	3:E:243:THR:HG21	2.02	0.40
4:F:73:THR:HG22	4:F:75:LYS:HG2	2.02	0.40
3:E:175:TYR:OH	5:D:8:GLU:OE2	2.32	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	336/357 (94%)	325 (97%)	11 (3%)	0	100 100

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
2	C	55/71 (78%)	54 (98%)	1 (2%)	0	100	100
3	E	231/251 (92%)	225 (97%)	6 (3%)	0	100	100
4	F	274/394 (70%)	272 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
5	D	220/354 (62%)	217 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	1116/1427 (78%)	1093 (98%)	23 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all EM entries.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	281/297 (95%)	281 (100%)	0	100	100
2	C	46/58 (79%)	46 (100%)	0	100	100
3	E	199/201 (99%)	199 (100%)	0	100	100
4	F	251/354 (71%)	250 (100%)	1 (0%)	89	95
5	D	198/305 (65%)	198 (100%)	0	100	100
All	All	975/1215 (80%)	974 (100%)	1 (0%)	92	98

All (1) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	F	303	ASN

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (2) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
4	F	86	ASN
5	D	188	HIS

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

1 ligand is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
6	J89	F	401	-	25,26,26	1.01	1 (4%)	32,34,34	1.30	4 (12%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
6	J89	F	401	-	-	12/24/24/24	0/1/1/1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
6	F	401	J89	C17-N26	-2.17	1.42	1.49

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
6	F	401	J89	O21-P22-O23	3.11	115.20	106.47
6	F	401	J89	C15-C16-C17	-2.80	112.01	115.54
6	F	401	J89	C16-C15-C12	2.71	119.94	112.85
6	F	401	J89	C11-C10-C09	-2.12	118.11	121.03

There are no chirality outliers.

All (12) torsion outliers are listed below:

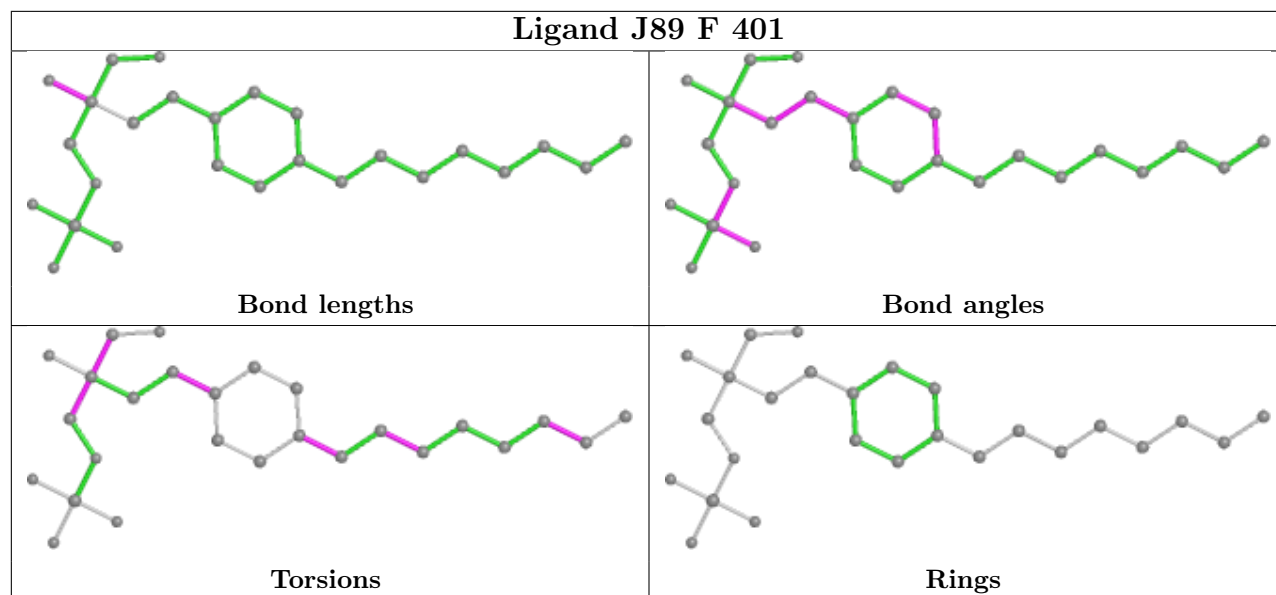
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
6	F	401	J89	C16-C17-C20-O21
6	F	401	J89	C18-C17-C20-O21
6	F	401	J89	N26-C17-C20-O21
6	F	401	J89	C01-C02-C03-C04
6	F	401	J89	N26-C17-C18-O19
6	F	401	J89	C13-C12-C15-C16
6	F	401	J89	C11-C12-C15-C16
6	F	401	J89	C05-C06-C07-C08
6	F	401	J89	C16-C17-C18-O19
6	F	401	J89	C20-C17-C18-O19
6	F	401	J89	C07-C08-C09-C10
6	F	401	J89	C07-C08-C09-C14

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
6	F	401	J89	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less than 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.



5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

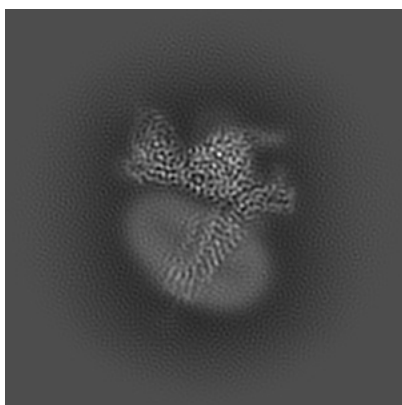
6 Map visualisation [i](#)

This section contains visualisations of the EMDB entry EMD-32007. These allow visual inspection of the internal detail of the map and identification of artifacts.

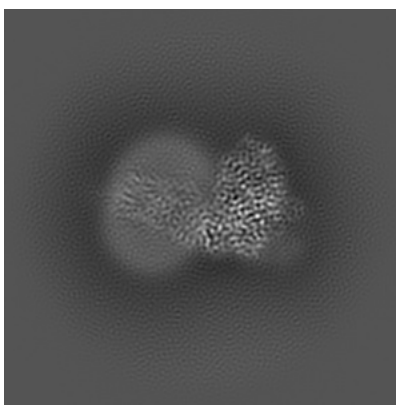
No raw map or half-maps were deposited for this entry and therefore no images, graphs, etc. pertaining to the raw map can be shown.

6.1 Orthogonal projections [i](#)

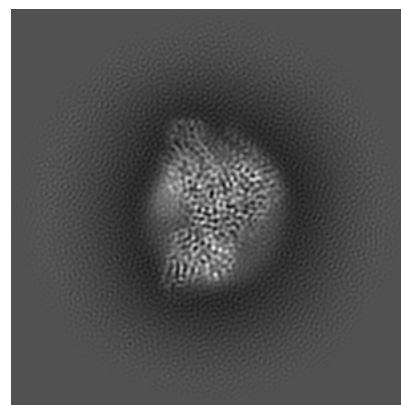
6.1.1 Primary map



X



Y

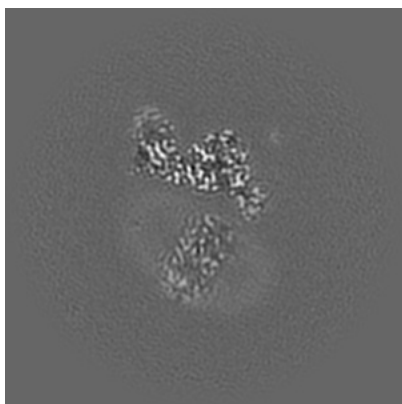


Z

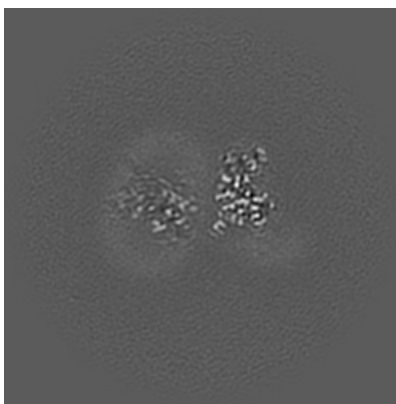
The images above show the map projected in three orthogonal directions.

6.2 Central slices [i](#)

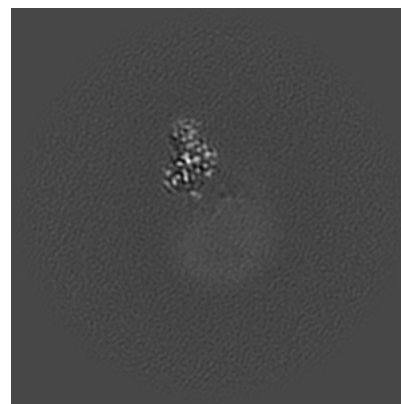
6.2.1 Primary map



X Index: 144



Y Index: 144

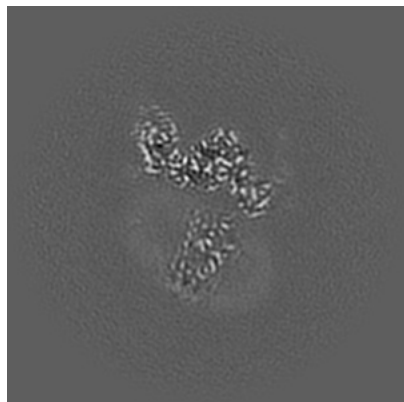


Z Index: 144

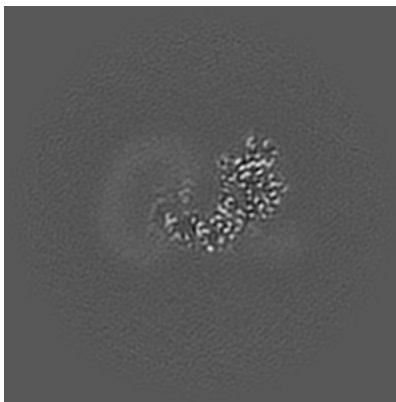
The images above show central slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.3 Largest variance slices [i](#)

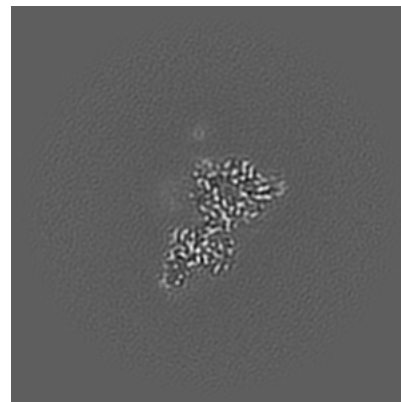
6.3.1 Primary map



X Index: 141



Y Index: 164



Z Index: 174

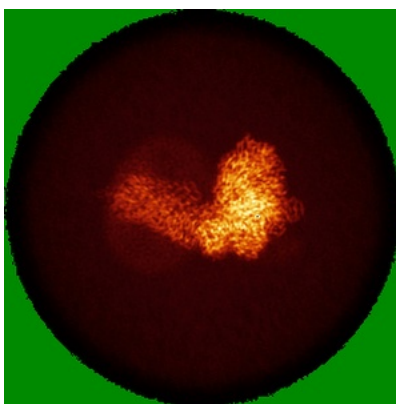
The images above show the largest variance slices of the map in three orthogonal directions.

6.4 Orthogonal standard-deviation projections (False-color) [i](#)

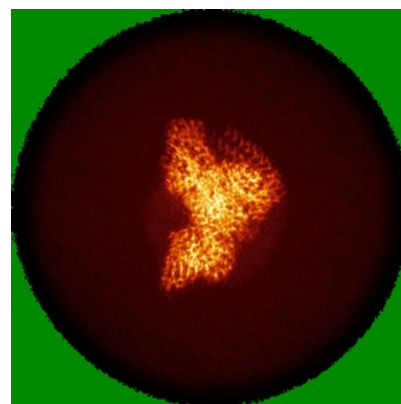
6.4.1 Primary map



X



Y

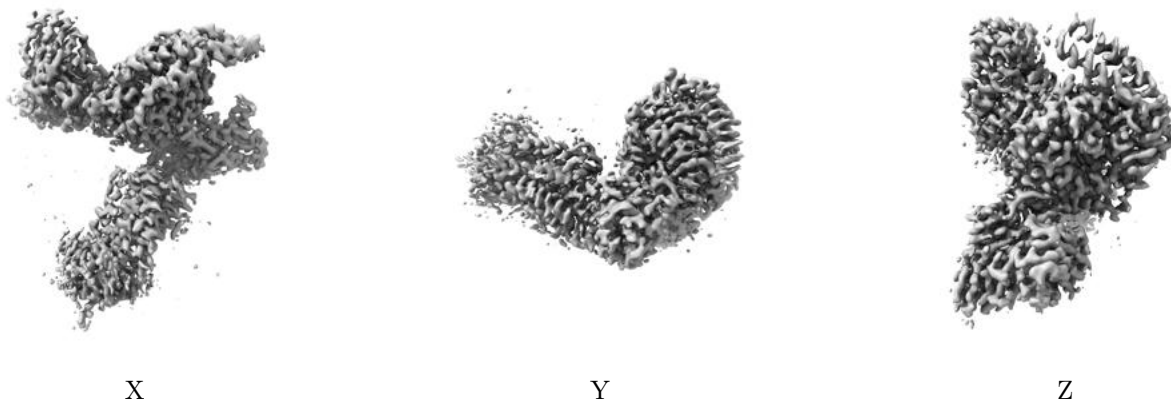


Z

The images above show the map standard deviation projections with false color in three orthogonal directions. Minimum values are shown in green, max in blue, and dark to light orange shades represent small to large values respectively.

6.5 Orthogonal surface views [i](#)

6.5.1 Primary map



The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.24. These images, in conjunction with the slice images, may facilitate assessment of whether an appropriate contour level has been provided.

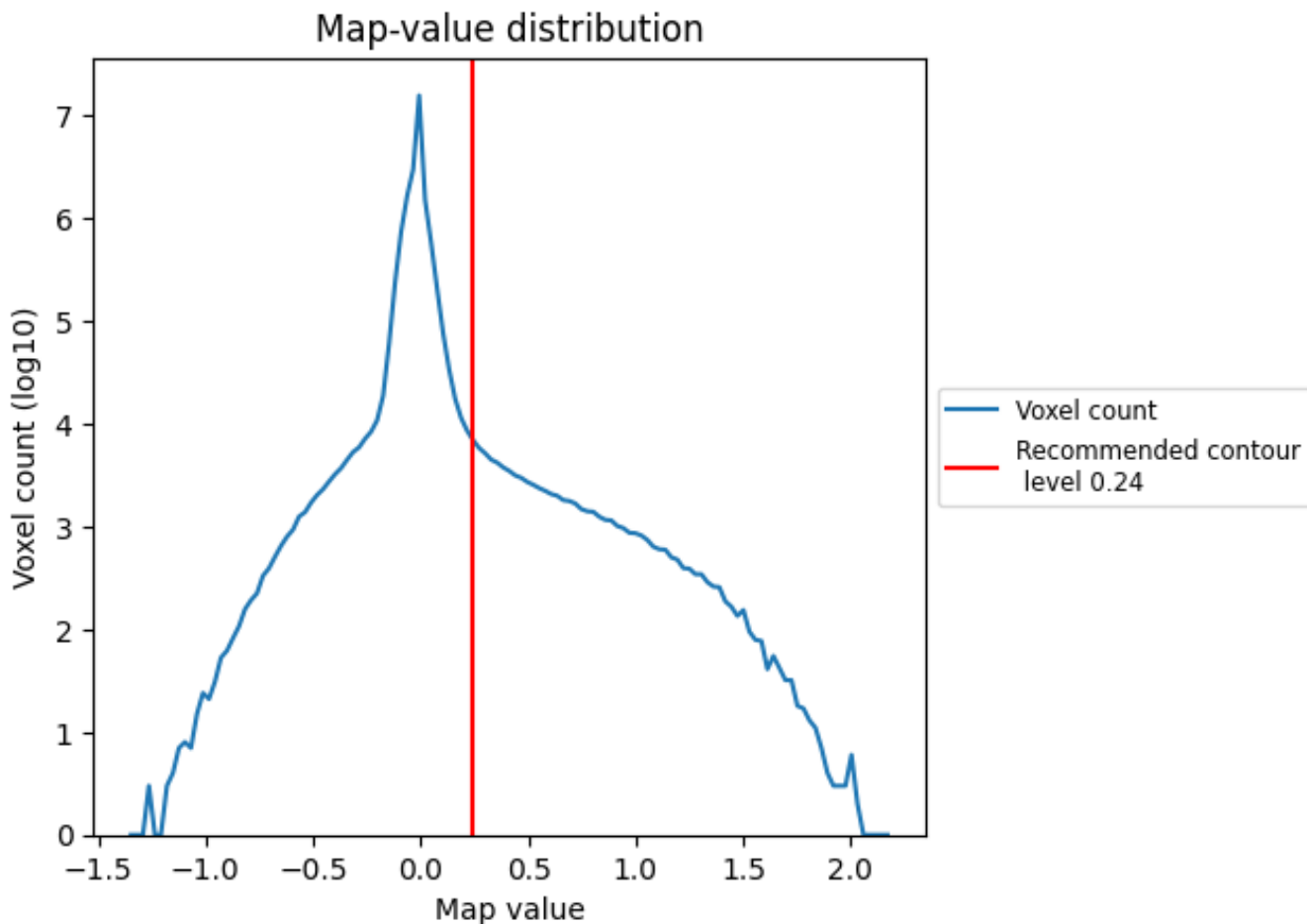
6.6 Mask visualisation [i](#)

This section was not generated. No masks/segmentation were deposited.

7 Map analysis [i](#)

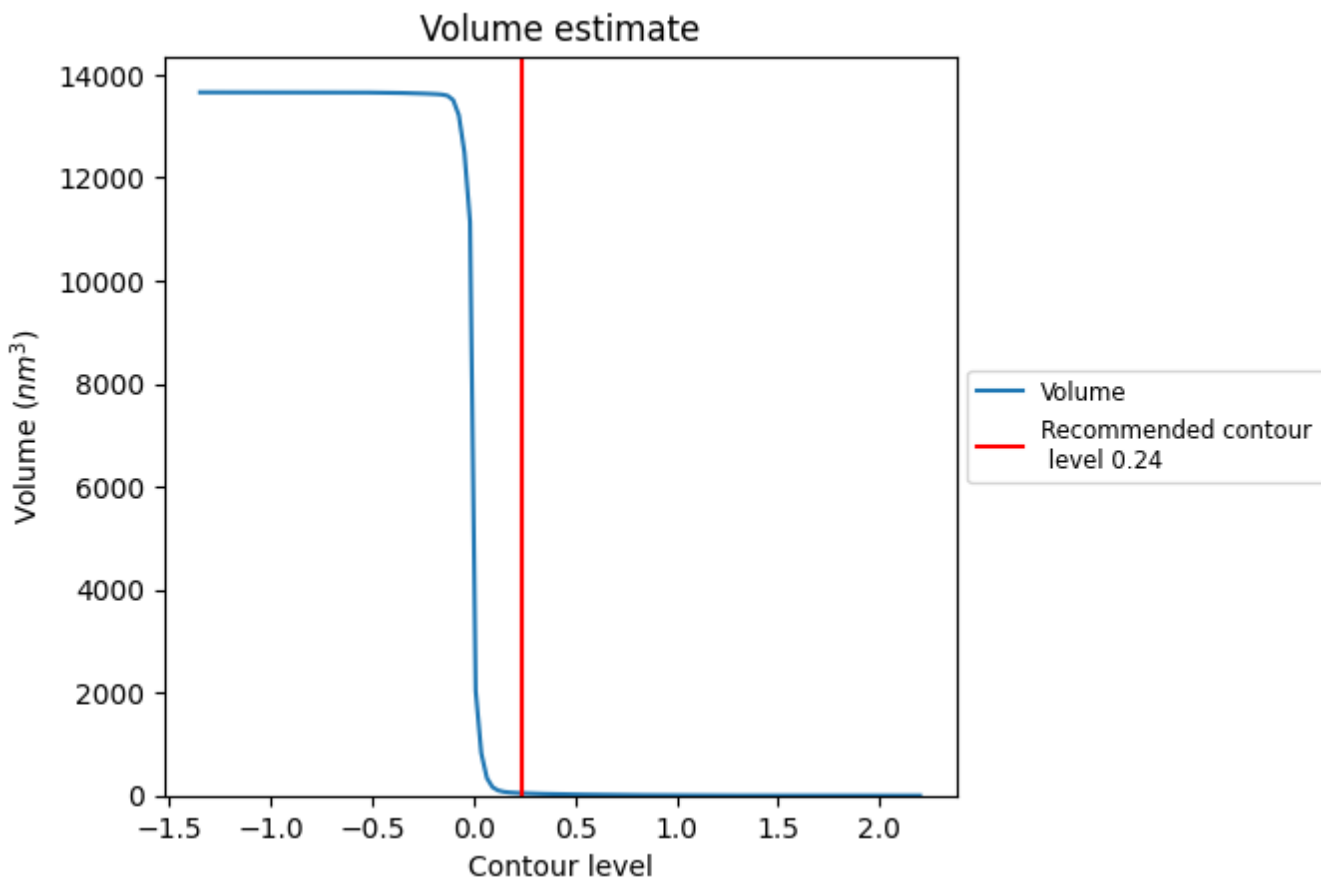
This section contains the results of statistical analysis of the map.

7.1 Map-value distribution [i](#)



The map-value distribution is plotted in 128 intervals along the x-axis. The y-axis is logarithmic. A spike in this graph at zero usually indicates that the volume has been masked.

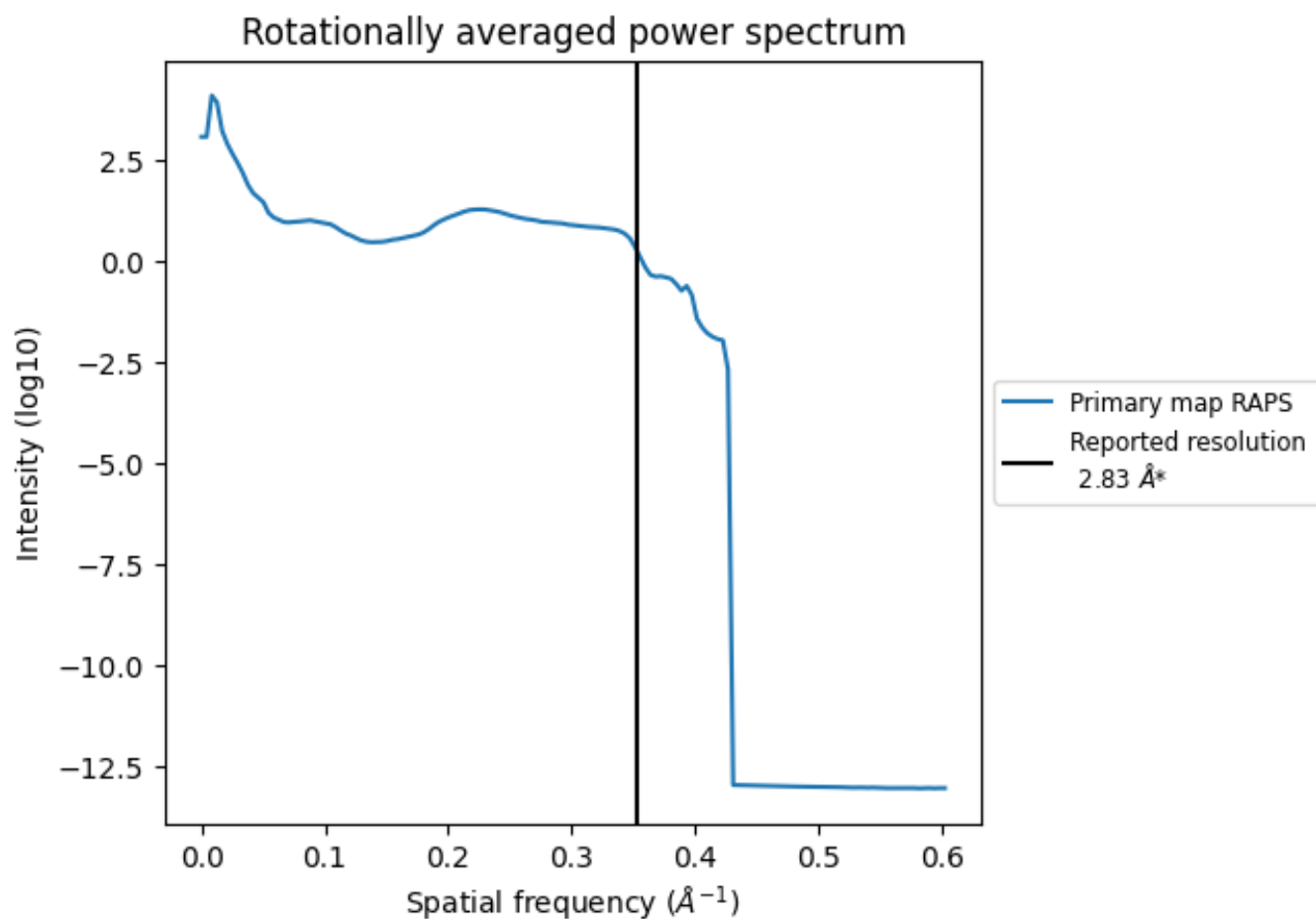
7.2 Volume estimate [i](#)



The volume at the recommended contour level is 46 nm³; this corresponds to an approximate mass of 41 kDa.

The volume estimate graph shows how the enclosed volume varies with the contour level. The recommended contour level is shown as a vertical line and the intersection between the line and the curve gives the volume of the enclosed surface at the given level.

7.3 Rotationally averaged power spectrum [i](#)



*Reported resolution corresponds to spatial frequency of 0.353\AA^{-1}

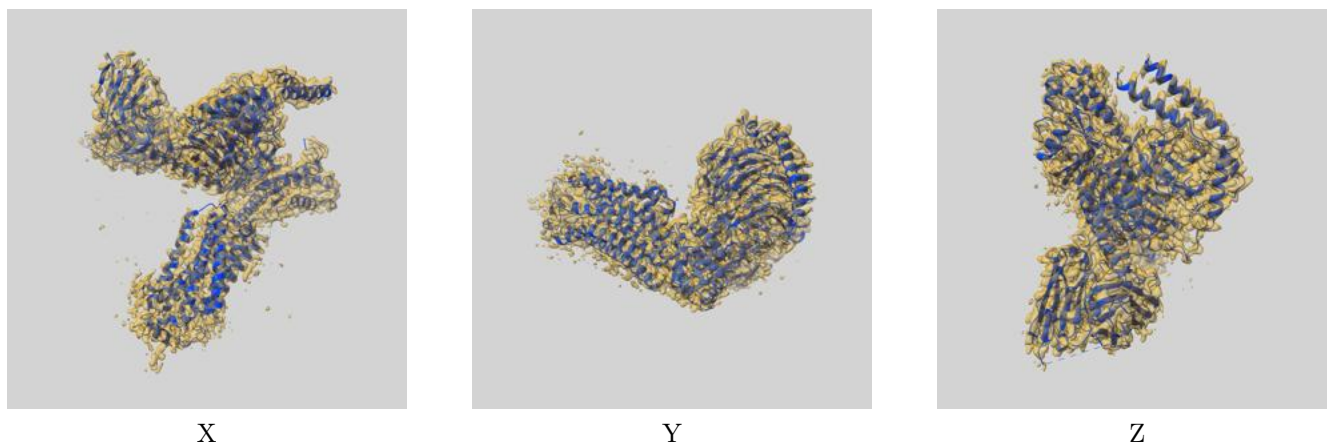
8 Fourier-Shell correlation

This section was not generated. No FSC curve or half-maps provided.

9 Map-model fit [i](#)

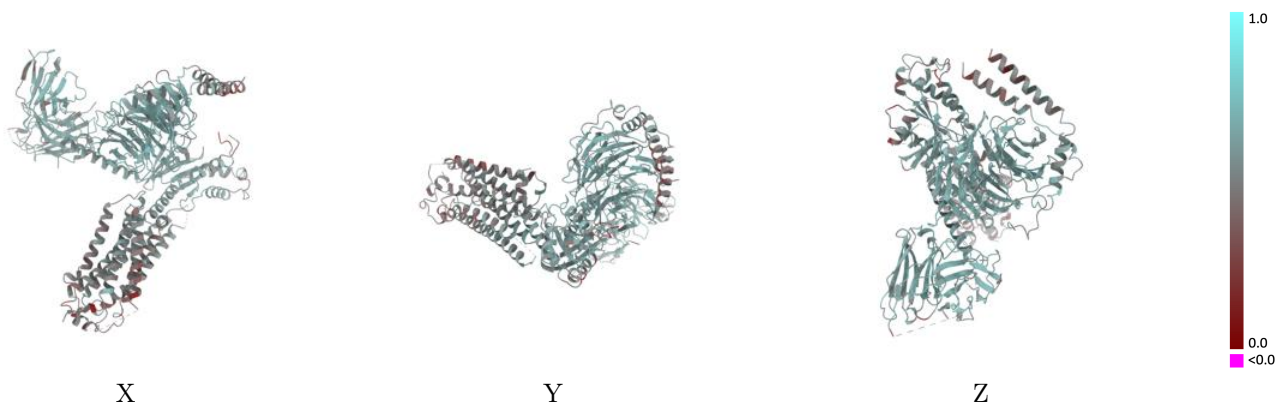
This section contains information regarding the fit between EMDB map EMD-32007 and PDB model 7VIF. Per-residue inclusion information can be found in section 3 on page 6.

9.1 Map-model overlay [i](#)



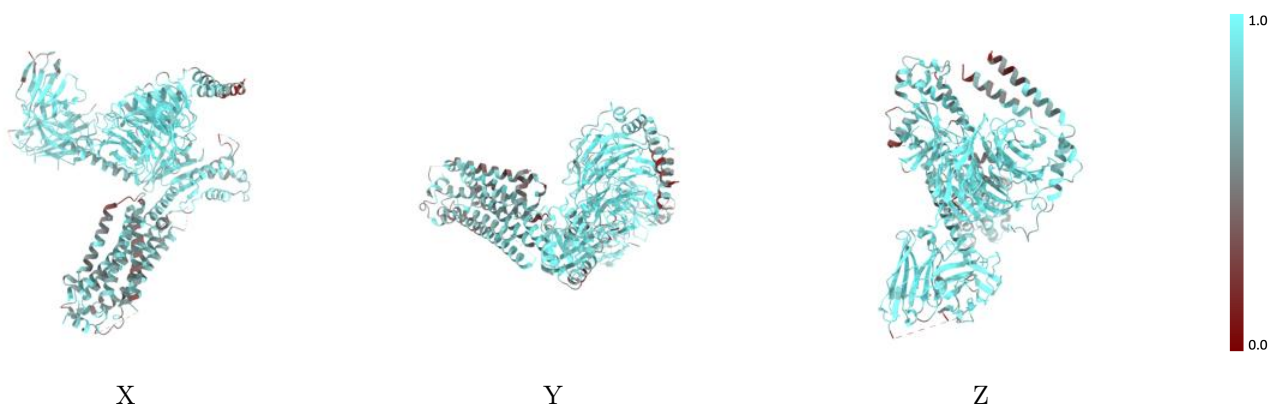
The images above show the 3D surface view of the map at the recommended contour level 0.24 at 50% transparency in yellow overlaid with a ribbon representation of the model coloured in blue. These images allow for the visual assessment of the quality of fit between the atomic model and the map.

9.2 Q-score mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



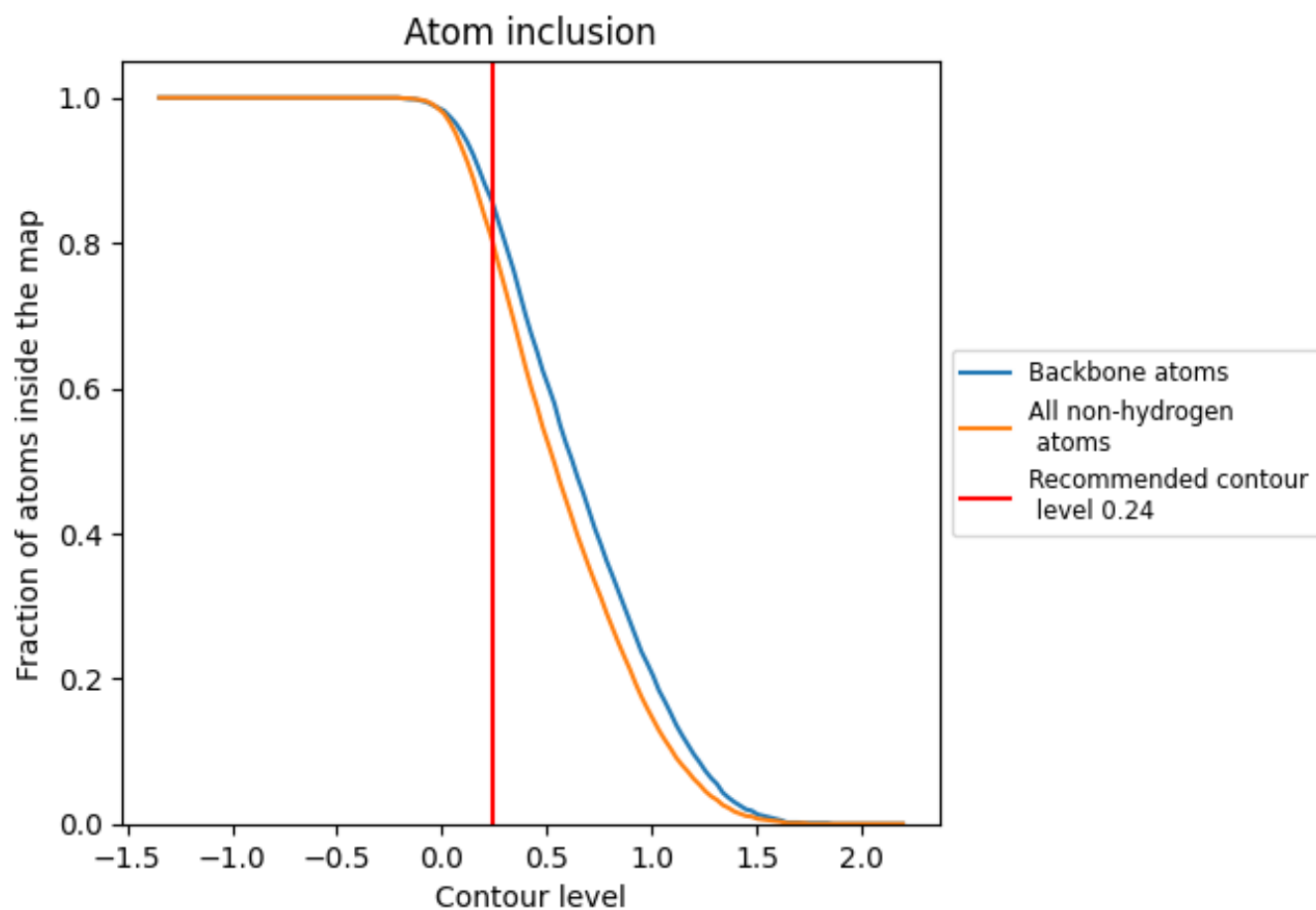
The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its Q-score. This shows their resolvability in the map with higher Q-score values reflecting better resolvability. Please note: Q-score is calculating the resolvability of atoms, and thus high values are only expected at resolutions at which atoms can be resolved. Low Q-score values may therefore be expected for many entries.

9.3 Atom inclusion mapped to coordinate model [\(i\)](#)



The images above show the model with each residue coloured according to its atom inclusion. This shows to what extent they are inside the map at the recommended contour level (0.24).













9.4 Atom inclusion [i](#)



At the recommended contour level, 86% of all backbone atoms, 80% of all non-hydrogen atoms, are inside the map.

9.5 Map-model fit summary

The table lists the average atom inclusion at the recommended contour level (0.24) and Q-score for the entire model and for each chain.

Chain	Atom inclusion	Q-score
All	 0.8040	 0.5530
A	 0.8960	 0.5960
C	 0.7040	 0.5210
D	 0.8080	 0.5530
E	 0.8590	 0.5880
F	 0.6710	 0.4830

