

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### Jun 26, 2024 – 09:57 AM EDT

PDB ID : 6W5Y

Title: Inferred receptor binding domain of human endogenous retrovirus envelope

EnvP(b)1

Authors : McCarthy, K.R. Deposited on : 2020-03-14

Resolution : 2.50 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

Mol Probity : 4.02b-467

Mogul: 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13 EDS : 2.37.1

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

 $Refmac \quad : \quad 5.8.0158$ 

CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

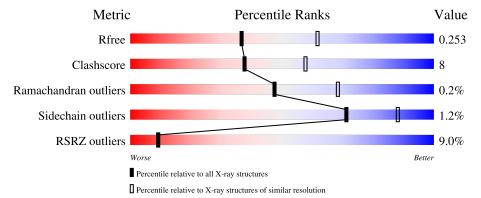
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X- $RAY\ DIFFRACTION$ 

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.50 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive $(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Similar\ resolution} \\ (\#{\rm Entries},{\rm resolution\ range}({\rm \AA})) \end{array}$
$R_{free}$	130704	4661 (2.50-2.50)
Clashscore	141614	5346 (2.50-2.50)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5231 (2.50-2.50)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5233 (2.50-2.50)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4559 (2.50-2.50)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain			
1	A	201	64%	12% 23%		
1	В	201	69%	12% 19%		
1	С	201	61%	19% 19%		
2	D	3	33%	67%		
3	Е	3	33%	67%		

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
4	F	2	100%



## 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 6 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 4008 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called EnvP(b)1 inferred receptor binding domain.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	Λ	154	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	A	104	1215	780	202	226	7	0	U	0
1	D	163	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1	Б	105	1288	827	214	240	7	0	U	0
1	С	162	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
1		102	1280	823	213	237	7	U	U	U

• Molecule 2 is an oligosaccharide called beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-b eta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
2	D	3	Total 39	C 22	N 2	O 15	0	0	0

• Molecule 3 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[al pha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
3	Е	3	Total 38	C 22	N 2	O 14	0	0	0

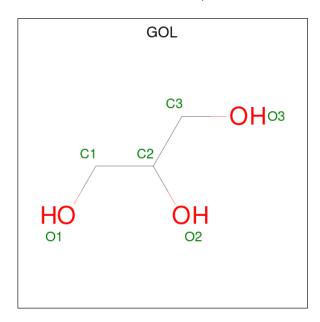
• Molecule 4 is an oligosaccharide called 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-a cetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose.





Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
4	F	2	Total 0 28 1	C N l6 2	O 10	0	0	0

 $\bullet$  Molecule 5 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula:  $\mathrm{C_3H_8O_3}).$ 



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
5	A	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
5	В	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
5	В	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
5	С	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0
5	С	1	Total C O 6 3 3	0	0

• Molecule 6 is water.



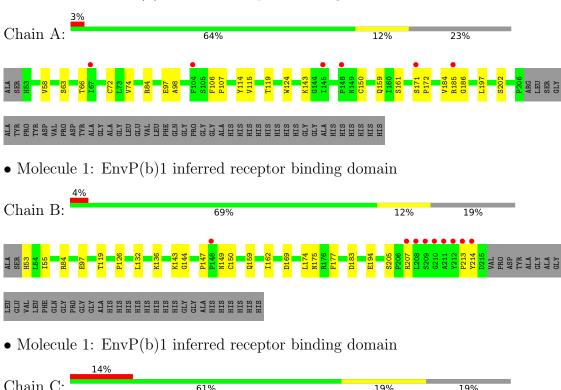
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
6	A	37	Total O 37 37	0	0
6	В	35	Total O 35 35	0	0
6	С	12	Total O 12 12	0	0

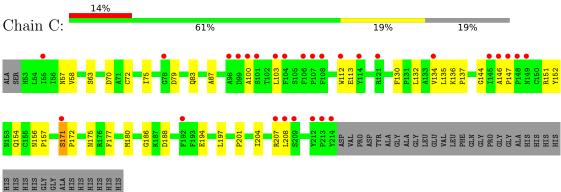


## 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: EnvP(b)1 inferred receptor binding domain





• Molecule 2: beta-D-mannopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain D: 33% 67%





 $\bullet$  Molecule 3: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-[alpha-L-fucopyranose-(1-6)]2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain E: 33% 67%



 $\bullet$  Molecule 4: 2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose-(1-4)-2-acetamido-2-deoxy-beta-D-glucopyranose

Chain F:





## 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants	243.31Å 37.35Å 66.99Å	Donogitor
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $102.28^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	49.56 - 2.50	Depositor
Resolution (A)	49.56 - 2.50	EDS
% Data completeness	99.9 (49.56-2.50)	Depositor
(in resolution range)	99.9 (49.56-2.50)	EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.13	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) > 1$	1.93 (at 2.51Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	PHENIX 1.14_3260	Depositor
D.D.	0.222 , 0.254	Depositor
$R, R_{free}$	0.221 , $0.253$	DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1012 reflections (4.84%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	45.4	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.551	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}(e/Å^3)$ , $B_{sol}(Å^2)$	0.35, 53.4	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$ < L > = 0.49, < L^2> = 0.33$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.93	EDS
Total number of atoms	4008	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	56.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.17% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of <|L|>,  $<L^2>$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.



<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

## 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FUC, NAG, GOL, BMA

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
IVIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.29	0/1253	0.46	0/1717	
1	В	0.32	0/1329	0.53	0/1821	
1	С	0.31	0/1321	0.55	0/1810	
All	All	0.31	0/3903	0.51	0/5348	

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	С	0	1

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Type	Group
1	С	171	SER	Peptide

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.



Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1215	0	1173	15	2
1	В	1288	0	1239	17	1
1	С	1280	0	1235	27	1
2	D	39	0	34	1	0
3	Е	38	0	34	2	0
4	F	28	0	25	0	0
5	A	12	0	16	3	0
5	В	12	0	16	0	0
5	С	12	0	16	0	0
6	A	37	0	0	4	0
6	В	35	0	0	2	0
6	С	12	0	0	2	0
All	All	4008	0	3788	59	2

The all-atom clash score is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clash score for this structure is 8.

All (59) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:207:ARG:NH2	6:B:401:HOH:O	1.85	1.10
1:A:114:TYR:HH	1:B:53:HIS:N	1.65	0.93
1:B:175:ASN:ND2	6:B:402:HOH:O	2.04	0.90
1:A:186:GLY:O	6:A:401:HOH:O	2.08	0.71
1:C:100:ALA:HB2	1:C:177:PHE:CE2	2.29	0.68
1:C:186:GLY:O	6:C:402:HOH:O	2.14	0.66
1:A:159:GLN:OE1	6:A:402:HOH:O	2.12	0.66
3:E:1:NAG:H62	3:E:2:NAG:HN2	1.63	0.64
1:C:100:ALA:HB2	1:C:177:PHE:HE2	1.62	0.63
5:A:301:GOL:O2	6:A:403:HOH:O	2.14	0.63
1:A:58:VAL:HB	1:A:197:LEU:HD23	1.82	0.60
1:B:205:SER:O	1:B:207:ARG:N	2.28	0.59
1:C:151:ARG:HG2	1:C:152:TYR:H	1.67	0.59
1:C:171:SER:HB2	1:C:172:PRO:HD3	1.84	0.59
1:C:175:ASN:HD21	1:C:197:LEU:HB2	1.68	0.59
1:C:201:PRO:HG3	1:C:207:ARG:NH2	2.20	0.56
1:C:72:CYS:SG	1:C:156:ASN:ND2	2.78	0.56
1:C:70:ASP:HA	1:C:157:PRO:HA	1.88	0.54
1:C:144:GLY:O	1:C:157:PRO:HG2	2.08	0.54
1:A:171:SER:HB3	1:A:172:PRO:HD3	1.90	0.53
1:A:184:VAL:O	6:A:401:HOH:O	2.19	0.53
1:C:154:GLN:O	1:C:154:GLN:HG3	2.09	0.53

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Communacy from prec		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	distance (Å)	overlap (Å)
1:A:114:TYR:OH	1:B:53:HIS:N	2.39	0.51
1:A:119:THR:HB	1:A:143:LYS:HB2	1.92	0.51
1:B:119:THR:HB	1:B:143:LYS:HB2	1.94	0.50
1:C:103:LEU:HD21	1:C:177:PHE:CE1	2.48	0.49
1:C:135:LEU:HD21	1:C:172:PRO:HB2	1.93	0.49
1:B:183:ASP:HB2	1:C:204:ILE:HD11	1.95	0.49
2:D:2:NAG:H3	2:D:3:BMA:H2	1.95	0.48
1:B:162:ILE:HD12	1:B:174:LEU:HD13	1.95	0.47
1:A:98:ALA:HB2	1:A:106:PHE:HB2	1.97	0.47
1:B:97:GLU:HG2	1:B:132:LEU:HD11	1.95	0.47
1:A:66:THR:HA	1:A:161:SER:HA	1.96	0.47
1:A:84:ARG:HG2	1:A:150:CYS:SG	2.55	0.47
1:C:87:ALA:HA	1:C:156:ASN:OD1	2.14	0.47
1:C:103:LEU:HD23	1:C:103:LEU:HA	1.56	0.47
1:A:107:PRO:HG3	1:B:55:ILE:HD12	1.97	0.46
1:B:55:ILE:HG12	1:B:194:GLU:HB2	1.97	0.46
1:C:70:ASP:OD2	1:C:156:ASN:HB2	2.16	0.46
1:A:115:VAL:O	1:A:124:TRP:NE1	2.48	0.45
1:B:177:PHE:CE1	1:B:194:GLU:HG2	2.51	0.45
1:C:75:ILE:HD11	1:C:180:MET:HG2	1.98	0.45
1:C:79:ASP:O	1:C:83:GLN:HG3	2.17	0.45
1:C:58:VAL:HB	1:C:197:LEU:HD23	1.99	0.45
1:C:57:ASN:ND2	6:C:401:HOH:O	2.04	0.44
1:A:74:VAL:O	5:A:302:GOL:H32	2.18	0.44
1:B:205:SER:C	1:B:207:ARG:H	2.14	0.44
1:B:147:PRO:HB2	1:B:149:ASN:OD1	2.18	0.43
3:E:1:NAG:H62	3:E:2:NAG:N2	2.32	0.43
1:C:112:TRP:CE2	1:C:113:GLU:HG2	2.54	0.43
1:A:72:CYS:O	5:A:301:GOL:H2	2.18	0.43
1:B:126:PRO:CG	1:B:136:LYS:HD2	2.49	0.43
1:C:146:ALA:HB1	1:C:147:PRO:HD2	1.99	0.43
1:B:144:GLY:N	1:B:159:GLN:HE22	2.17	0.42
1:C:130:PHE:CE2	1:C:132:LEU:HB2	2.55	0.41
1:C:136:LYS:N	1:C:137:PRO:HD2	2.35	0.41
1:C:207:ARG:HG2	1:C:208:LEU:H	1.85	0.41
1:B:84:ARG:HG2	1:B:150:CYS:SG	2.61	0.41
1:C:134:VAL:HG21	1:C:172:PRO:HG2	2.03	0.40

All (2) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.



Atom-1	Atom-2	$\begin{array}{c} {\rm Interatomic} \\ {\rm distance} \ ({\rm \AA}) \end{array}$	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:185:ARG:NH1	1:B:169:ASP:OD2[4_446]	1.42	0.78
1:A:202:SER:OG	1:C:188:ASP:OD2[2_556]	1.87	0.33

### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Perce	entiles
1	A	152/201~(76%)	144 (95%)	8 (5%)	0	100	100
1	В	161/201 (80%)	155 (96%)	5 (3%)	1 (1%)	25	43
1	С	160/201 (80%)	144 (90%)	16 (10%)	0	100	100
All	All	473/603 (78%)	443 (94%)	29 (6%)	1 (0%)	47	68

#### All (1) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	В	213	PRO

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Chain Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	139/172 (81%)	137 (99%)	2 (1%)	67 86	
1	В	146/172 (85%)	145 (99%)	1 (1%)	84 94	
1	С	145/172 (84%)	143 (99%)	2 (1%)	67 86	
All	All	430/516 (83%)	425 (99%)	5 (1%)	71 88	



All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	63	SER
1	A	97	GLU
1	В	214	TYR
1	С	63	SER
1	С	194	GLU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

8 monosaccharides are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Вс	ond leng	ths	В	ond ang	les
MIOI	туре	Chain	nes	Lilik	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
2	NAG	D	1	2,1	14,14,15	0.26	0	17,19,21	0.45	0
2	NAG	D	2	2	14,14,15	0.53	0	17,19,21	0.72	0
2	BMA	D	3	2	11,11,12	0.75	0	15,15,17	0.69	0
3	NAG	Е	1	1,3	14,14,15	0.61	0	17,19,21	1.39	1 (5%)
3	NAG	Е	2	3	14,14,15	0.62	1 (7%)	17,19,21	0.51	0
3	FUC	Е	3	3	10,10,11	2.03	2 (20%)	14,14,16	1.86	3 (21%)
4	NAG	F	1	4,1	14,14,15	0.32	0	17,19,21	0.44	0
4	NAG	F	2	4	14,14,15	0.26	0	17,19,21	0.40	0



In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	NAG	D	1	2,1	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	NAG	D	2	2	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
2	BMA	D	3	2	-	2/2/19/22	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	Е	1	1,3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	NAG	Е	2	3	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
3	FUC	E	3	3	-	-	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	F	1	4,1	-	2/6/23/26	0/1/1/1
4	NAG	F	2	4	-	0/6/23/26	0/1/1/1

All (3) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$\mathbf{Observed}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}})$	Ideal(A)
3	Ε	3	FUC	C1-C2	5.26	1.64	1.52
3	Е	3	FUC	O5-C1	3.15	1.48	1.43
3	E	2	NAG	C1-C2	2.24	1.55	1.52

All (4) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
3	Ε	1	NAG	C1-O5-C5	4.57	118.39	112.19
3	Е	3	FUC	C1-C2-C3	4.28	114.92	109.67
3	Е	3	FUC	C1-O5-C5	3.90	121.62	112.78
3	Е	3	FUC	O5-C5-C4	2.05	113.20	109.52

There are no chirality outliers.

All (10) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	D	3	BMA	O5-C5-C6-O6
3	Е	1	NAG	C8-C7-N2-C2
3	Е	1	NAG	O7-C7-N2-C2
4	F	1	NAG	O5-C5-C6-O6
2	D	3	BMA	C4-C5-C6-O6
4	F	1	NAG	C4-C5-C6-O6
3	Е	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7
2	D	2	NAG	C1-C2-N2-C7

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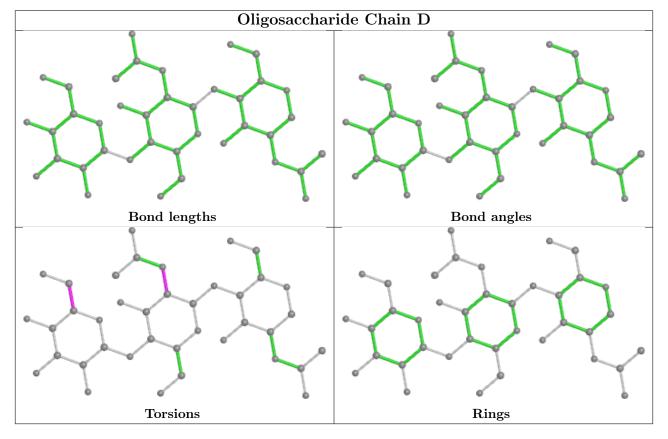
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	D	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7
3	Е	2	NAG	C3-C2-N2-C7

There are no ring outliers.

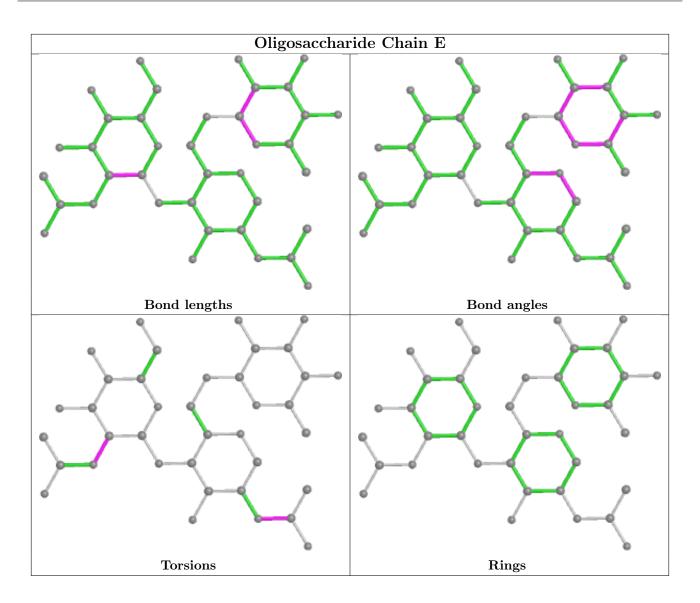
4 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	D	2	NAG	1	0
3	Е	2	NAG	2	0
3	Е	1	NAG	2	0
2	D	3	BMA	1	0

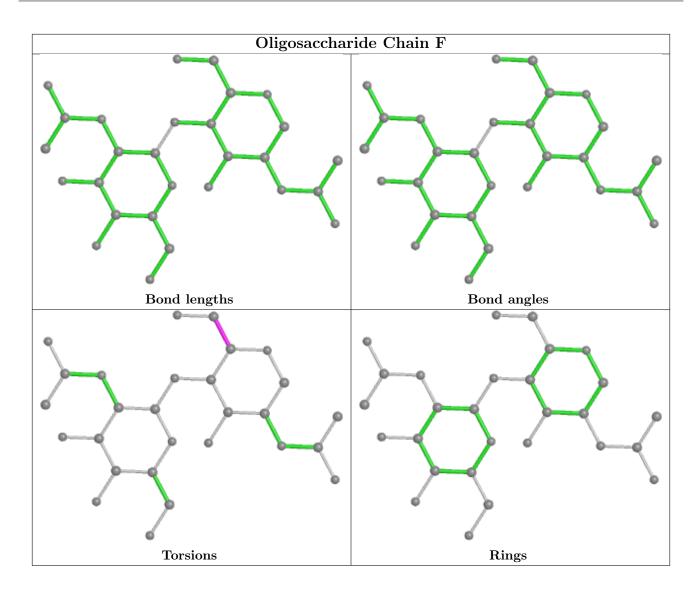
The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for oligosaccharide.











## 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

6 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol Type Chair		Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	GOL	С	301	-	5,5,5	0.90	0	5,5,5	0.92	0
5	GOL	С	302	-	5,5,5	0.89	0	5,5,5	1.01	0
5	GOL	В	301	-	5,5,5	0.91	0	5,5,5	1.04	0
5	GOL	В	302	-	5,5,5	0.95	0	5,5,5	0.93	0



Mol	tol Type Chain Res Link		В	Bond lengths			Bond angles			
MIOI	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
5	GOL	A	301	-	5,5,5	0.87	0	5,5,5	1.09	0
5	GOL	A	302	-	5,5,5	0.93	0	5,5,5	1.01	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
5	GOL	С	301	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
5	GOL	С	302	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
5	GOL	В	301	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
5	GOL	В	302	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
5	GOL	A	301	_	-	4/4/4/4	-
5	GOL	A	302	-	-	2/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (12) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
5	A	301	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
5	A	301	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
5	A	301	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
5	A	302	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
5	В	301	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
5	С	301	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3
5	С	302	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
5	A	301	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
5	A	302	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
5	С	301	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
5	С	302	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
5	В	301	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 3 short contacts:



Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
5	A	301	GOL	2	0
5	A	302	GOL	1	0

## 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ>2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ $>$	# RSRZ > 2	$OWAB(Å^2)$	Q<0.9
1	A	154/201~(76%)	0.48	6 (3%) 39 42	27, 42, 66, 91	0
1	В	163/201 (81%)	0.56	9 (5%) 25 26	28, 43, 90, 129	0
1	С	162/201 (80%)	1.17	28 (17%) 1 1	42, 64, 115, 138	0
All	All	479/603 (79%)	0.74	43 (8%) 9 9	27, 49, 101, 138	0

All (43) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	С	106	PHE	8.3
1	В	212	TYR	6.0
1	С	104	PHE	5.9
1	С	212	TYR	5.9
1	С	148	PRO	5.2
1	С	208	LEU	5.1
1	В	214	TYR	5.1
1	С	207	ARG	4.9
1	С	214	TYR	4.6
1	С	99	ASP	4.3
1	С	213	PRO	4.2
1	С	114	TYR	3.9
1	С	209	SER	3.9
1	С	103	LEU	3.7
1	С	121	ARG	3.7
1	С	100	ALA	3.4
1	С	78	GLY	3.3
1	С	108	PHE	3.2
1	В	209	SER	3.2
1	С	171	SER	2.9
1	С	146	ALA	2.9
1	С	147	PRO	2.8
1	В	210	GLY	2.8

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	С	98	ALA	2.8
1	С	192	PHE	2.7
1	С	145	ILE	2.6
1	С	112	TRP	2.6
1	С	149	ASN	2.6
1	В	207	ARG	2.6
1	A	148	PRO	2.5
1	В	213	PRO	2.5
1	С	107	PRO	2.5
1	A	104	PHE	2.4
1	В	208	LEU	2.3
1	A	67	ILE	2.3
1	С	134	VAL	2.3
1	A	185	ARG	2.2
1	A	171	SER	2.2
1	В	211	ALA	2.2
1	С	101	SER	2.1
1	A	145	ILE	2.1
1	В	148	PRO	2.1
1	С	55	ILE	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

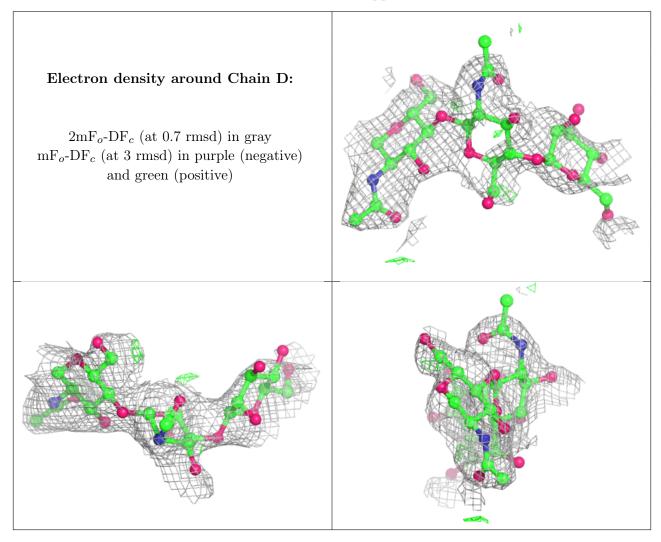
## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

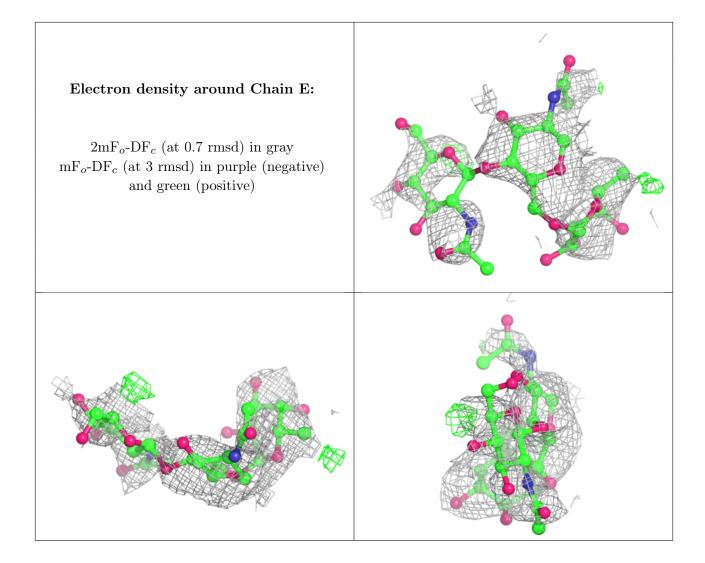
Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q < 0.9
3	NAG	Е	2	14/15	0.60	0.34	114,118,120,120	0
2	NAG	D	2	14/15	0.69	0.25	107,112,119,120	0
4	NAG	F	1	14/15	0.71	0.27	70,81,88,93	0
3	FUC	Е	3	10/11	0.72	0.26	111,114,115,115	0
2	BMA	D	3	11/12	0.73	0.35	119,121,122,122	0
3	NAG	Е	1	14/15	0.76	0.32	79,95,107,107	0
2	NAG	D	1	14/15	0.79	0.23	60,70,84,99	0
4	NAG	F	2	14/15	0.84	0.27	100,104,106,106	0



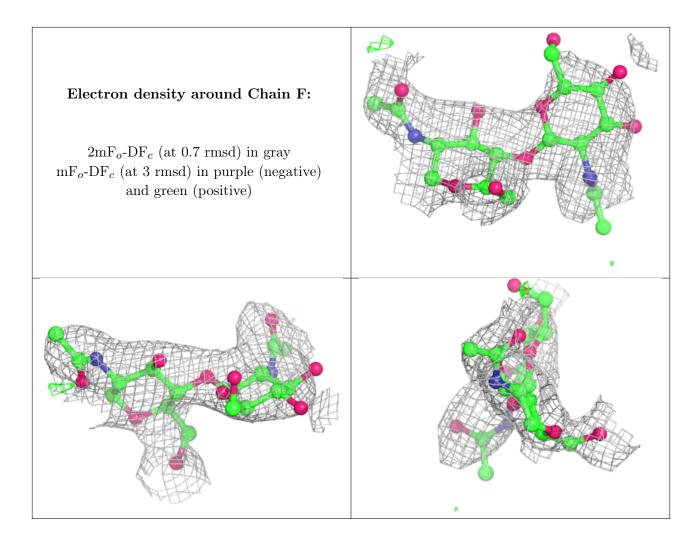
The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density for oligosaccharide. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.











## 6.4 Ligands (i)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median,  $95^{th}$  percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	$\mathbf{B} ext{-}\mathbf{factors}(\mathbf{\mathring{A}}^2)$	Q<0.9
5	GOL	С	302	6/6	0.64	0.28	84,85,86,87	0
5	GOL	С	301	6/6	0.74	0.28	75,78,79,80	0
5	GOL	В	302	6/6	0.76	0.23	70,71,72,72	0
5	GOL	В	301	6/6	0.86	0.24	78,79,81,82	0
5	GOL	A	301	6/6	0.88	0.19	58,59,59,60	0
5	GOL	A	302	6/6	0.91	0.15	42,47,48,49	0

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

