



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Jun 24, 2024 – 04:48 PM EDT

PDB ID : 6HEP
Title : Crystal structure of human 14-3-3 beta in complex with CFTR R-domain peptide pS753-pS768
Authors : Stevers, L.M.; Ottmann, C.; Brunsveld, L.
Deposited on : 2018-08-20
Resolution : 1.86 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.37.1
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.37.1

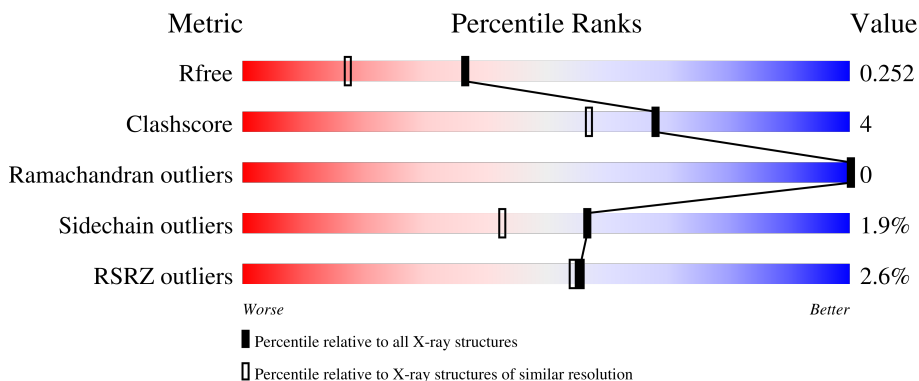
1 Overall quality at a glance i

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.86 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



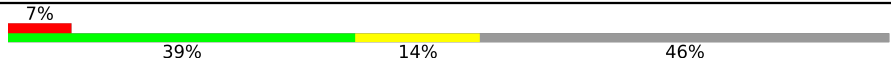
Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	2469 (1.86-1.86)
Clashscore	141614	2625 (1.86-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2592 (1.86-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2592 (1.86-1.86)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2436 (1.86-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	235	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="width: 10%; height: 10px; background-color: red; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 89%; height: 10px; background-color: green; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 9%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 2%; height: 10px; background-color: grey;"></div> </div> <p style="margin-left: 10px;">89% 9% .</p>
1	B	235	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="width: 2%; height: 10px; background-color: red; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 95%; height: 10px; background-color: green; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 5%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow;"></div> </div> <p style="margin-left: 10px;">95% 5%</p>
1	C	235	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="width: 3%; height: 10px; background-color: red; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 89%; height: 10px; background-color: green; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 8%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 2%; height: 10px; background-color: grey;"></div> </div> <p style="margin-left: 10px;">89% 8% . .</p>
1	D	235	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="width: 3%; height: 10px; background-color: red; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 85%; height: 10px; background-color: green; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 9%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 6%; height: 10px; background-color: grey;"></div> </div> <p style="margin-left: 10px;">85% 9% 6%</p>
2	E	28	<div style="display: flex; align-items: center;"> <div style="width: 7%; height: 10px; background-color: red; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 39%; height: 10px; background-color: green; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 14%; height: 10px; background-color: yellow; margin-right: 5px;"></div> <div style="width: 46%; height: 10px; background-color: grey;"></div> </div> <p style="margin-left: 10px;">39% 14% 46%</p>

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Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
2	F	28	

The following table lists non-polymeric compounds, carbohydrate monomers and non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains that are outliers for geometric or electron-density-fit criteria:

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Chirality	Geometry	Clashes	Electron density
3	ETE	D	301	-	-	X	-

2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 8373 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called 14-3-3 protein beta/alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	230	Total 1862	C 1165	N 314	O 374	S 9	0	2	0
1	B	235	Total 1881	C 1176	N 313	O 381	S 11	0	1	0
1	C	229	Total 1832	C 1149	N 306	O 368	S 9	0	0	0
1	D	221	Total 1773	C 1113	N 296	O 353	S 11	0	3	0

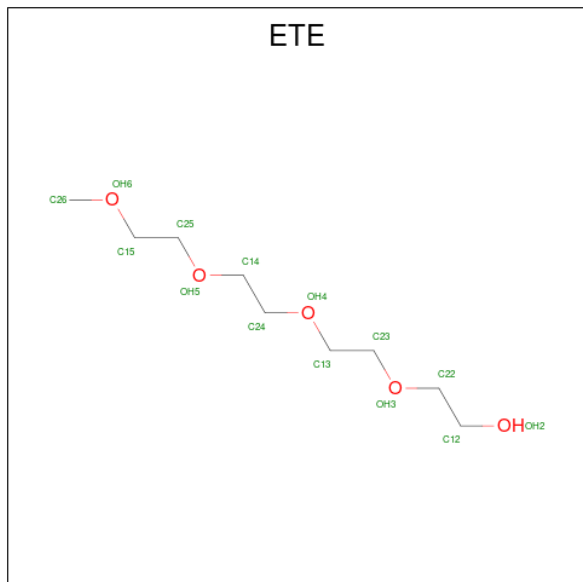
There are 12 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	-2	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P31946
A	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P31946
A	0	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P31946
B	-2	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P31946
B	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P31946
B	0	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P31946
C	-2	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P31946
C	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P31946
C	0	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P31946
D	-2	MET	-	initiating methionine	UNP P31946
D	-1	GLY	-	expression tag	UNP P31946
D	0	SER	-	expression tag	UNP P31946

- Molecule 2 is a protein called Cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace	
			Total	C	N	O	P				S
2	E	15	Total 131	C 76	N 26	O 26	P 2	S 1	0	0	0
2	F	15	Total 131	C 76	N 26	O 26	P 2	S 1	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is 2-{2-[2-2-(METHOXY-ETHOXY)-ETHOXY]-ETHOXY}-ETHANOL (three-letter code: ETE) (formula: C₉H₂₀O₅).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	B	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			14	9	5		
3	D	1	Total	C	O	0	0
			14	9	5		

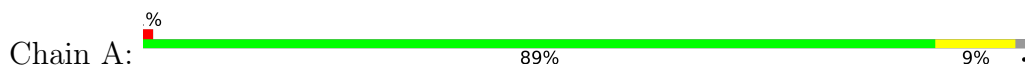
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	194	Total	O	0	0
			194	194		
4	B	205	Total	O	0	0
			205	205		
4	C	144	Total	O	0	0
			144	144		
4	D	167	Total	O	0	0
			167	167		
4	E	12	Total	O	0	0
			12	12		
4	F	13	Total	O	0	0
			13	13		

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

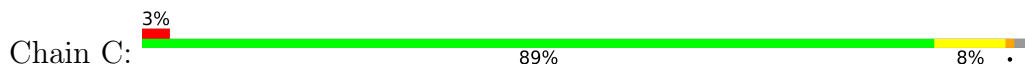
- Molecule 1: 14-3-3 protein beta/alpha



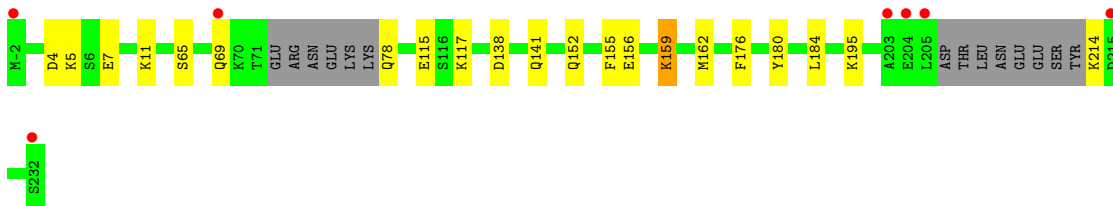
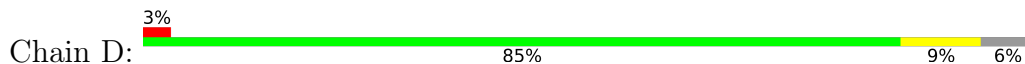
- Molecule 1: 14-3-3 protein beta/alpha



- Molecule 1: 14-3-3 protein beta/alpha

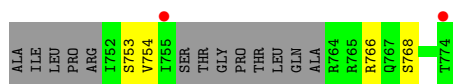


- Molecule 1: 14-3-3 protein beta/alpha

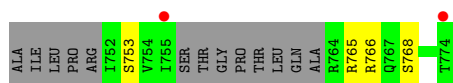
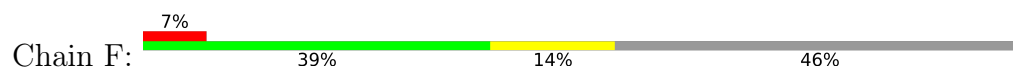


- Molecule 2: Cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator





- Molecule 2: Cystic fibrosis transmembrane conductance regulator



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 21 21 21	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	70.62Å 111.60Å 130.75Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	65.38 – 1.86 65.38 – 1.86	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	99.4 (65.38-1.86) 99.6 (65.38-1.86)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	1.87 (at 1.86Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (dev_3139: ???)	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.201 , 0.251 0.203 , 0.252	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	4390 reflections (5.05%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	20.5	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.297	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.34 , 45.5	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.52$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.35$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	8373	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	26.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 49.82 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 7.0647e-05. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: SEP, ETE

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.37	0/1895	0.50	0/2551
1	B	0.39	0/1911	0.50	0/2573
1	C	0.35	0/1859	0.48	0/2505
1	D	0.36	0/1806	0.49	0/2428
2	E	0.40	0/107	0.59	0/137
2	F	0.34	0/107	0.57	0/137
All	All	0.37	0/7685	0.50	0/10331

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1862	0	1842	12	0
1	B	1881	0	1854	9	0
1	C	1832	0	1800	15	0
1	D	1773	0	1768	19	0
2	E	131	0	135	2	0
2	F	131	0	135	0	0
3	B	14	0	20	3	0

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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	D	14	0	20	11	0
4	A	194	0	0	2	1
4	B	205	0	0	2	0
4	C	144	0	0	6	0
4	D	167	0	0	4	1
4	E	12	0	0	0	0
4	F	13	0	0	0	0
All	All	8373	0	7574	57	1

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 4.

All (57) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:D:11:LYS:HZ3	3:D:301:ETE:H131	1.27	0.98
1:B:11:LYS:HZ3	3:B:301:ETE:H152	1.49	0.78
1:C:224:ARG:HH21	1:C:228:THR:HG22	1.56	0.71
1:A:174:LEU:HD23	2:E:754:VAL:HG12	1.75	0.68
1:C:43:ARG:NH1	4:C:307:HOH:O	2.26	0.67
1:D:11:LYS:NZ	3:D:301:ETE:H131	2.09	0.66
1:A:3:MET:N	4:A:303:HOH:O	2.29	0.65
1:C:105:LYS:NZ	4:C:310:HOH:O	2.30	0.64
1:B:11:LYS:NZ	3:B:301:ETE:H152	2.14	0.63
1:D:11:LYS:HZ3	3:D:301:ETE:H221	1.64	0.63
1:D:78:GLN:N	4:D:405:HOH:O	2.31	0.62
1:C:214:LYS:O	1:C:218:LEU:HG	2.03	0.59
1:A:210:GLU:H	1:A:210:GLU:CD	2.07	0.58
1:C:76:LYS:O	4:C:303:HOH:O	2.18	0.56
1:D:152:GLN:O	1:D:156:GLU:HG2	2.06	0.55
1:C:84:TYR:HA	3:D:301:ETE:H252	1.89	0.54
1:C:44:ASN:ND2	4:C:309:HOH:O	2.30	0.54
1:D:155:PHE:O	1:D:159:LYS:HG2	2.09	0.53
1:A:62:ARG:NH2	4:A:301:HOH:O	2.26	0.52
1:A:4:ASP:OD2	1:B:76:LYS:NZ	2.38	0.52
1:C:192:SER:O	1:C:196:THR:HG23	2.10	0.52
1:D:115:GLU:CD	1:D:115:GLU:H	2.13	0.51
1:A:175:ASN:OD1	2:E:754:VAL:HG13	2.11	0.51
1:D:11:LYS:HG2	3:D:301:ETE:H222	1.93	0.51
1:C:211:GLU:O	1:C:214:LYS:HE2	2.11	0.50
1:C:224:ARG:O	1:C:228:THR:HG23	2.11	0.50

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:4:ASP:OD1	1:C:5:LYS:N	2.42	0.49
1:A:87:LYS:HG2	3:B:301:ETE:H131	1.94	0.49
1:A:224:ARG:O	1:A:228:THR:HG22	2.12	0.48
1:B:179:PHE:CE2	1:B:184:LEU:HD13	2.48	0.48
1:D:65:SER:O	1:D:69:GLN:NE2	2.48	0.47
1:D:11:LYS:NZ	3:D:301:ETE:H263	2.30	0.47
1:D:138:ASP:O	1:D:141:GLN:HB3	2.16	0.45
1:C:160:LYS:HB3	1:C:160:LYS:HE2	1.79	0.45
1:B:89:GLU:OE1	4:B:402:HOH:O	2.21	0.44
1:D:11:LYS:NZ	3:D:301:ETE:H221	2.30	0.44
1:B:179:PHE:CZ	1:B:184:LEU:HD13	2.53	0.44
3:D:301:ETE:OH2	4:D:401:HOH:O	2.21	0.43
1:D:4:ASP:OD1	1:D:7:GLU:HG3	2.17	0.43
1:D:117:LYS:HE3	1:D:117:LYS:HB3	1.92	0.43
1:C:210:GLU:OE1	4:C:304:HOH:O	2.21	0.43
1:D:5:LYS:HD3	4:D:494:HOH:O	2.19	0.43
1:D:180:TYR:CD1	1:D:184:LEU:HD12	2.54	0.42
1:A:162:MET:HE1	1:A:168:ILE:HB	2.01	0.42
1:D:162:MET:HB3	1:D:162:MET:HE2	1.79	0.42
1:D:11:LYS:HZ1	3:D:301:ETE:H251	1.85	0.42
1:A:164:PRO:HD2	1:A:204:GLU:OE1	2.20	0.42
1:C:149:GLN:NE2	4:C:302:HOH:O	2.16	0.42
3:D:301:ETE:H131	3:D:301:ETE:H221	1.80	0.41
1:A:115:GLU:HG2	1:A:168:ILE:HD12	2.02	0.41
3:D:301:ETE:H241	4:D:539:HOH:O	2.19	0.41
1:D:214:LYS:HE2	1:D:214:LYS:HA	2.03	0.41
1:B:96:CYS:HB2	1:B:131:LEU:HD21	2.03	0.41
1:A:189:LYS:HE3	1:A:189:LYS:HB3	1.76	0.40
1:B:162:MET:HB3	1:B:162:MET:HE2	1.99	0.40
1:B:187:PRO:HG3	4:B:450:HOH:O	2.21	0.40
1:C:36:HIS:CE1	1:C:38:LEU:HD23	2.56	0.40

All (1) symmetry-related close contacts are listed below. The label for Atom-2 includes the symmetry operator and encoded unit-cell translations to be applied.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
4:A:421:HOH:O	4:D:467:HOH:O[1_655]	2.09	0.11

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	230/235 (98%)	226 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
1	B	234/235 (100%)	232 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
1	C	227/235 (97%)	222 (98%)	5 (2%)	0	100	100
1	D	218/235 (93%)	215 (99%)	3 (1%)	0	100	100
2	E	9/28 (32%)	9 (100%)	0	0	100	100
2	F	9/28 (32%)	9 (100%)	0	0	100	100
All	All	927/996 (93%)	913 (98%)	14 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	205/208 (99%)	199 (97%)	6 (3%)	42	26
1	B	207/208 (100%)	205 (99%)	2 (1%)	76	69
1	C	199/208 (96%)	196 (98%)	3 (2%)	65	53
1	D	196/208 (94%)	193 (98%)	3 (2%)	65	53
2	E	13/23 (56%)	12 (92%)	1 (8%)	13	2
2	F	13/23 (56%)	11 (85%)	2 (15%)	2	0
All	All	833/878 (95%)	816 (98%)	17 (2%)	57	40

All (17) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	73[A]	ARG
1	A	73[B]	ARG
1	A	84	TYR
1	A	145	SER
1	A	176	PHE
1	A	212	SER
1	B	-2	MET
1	B	176	PHE
1	C	84	TYR
1	C	176	PHE
1	C	210	GLU
1	D	159	LYS
1	D	176	PHE
1	D	195	LYS
2	E	766	ARG
2	F	765	ARG
2	F	766	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. There are no such sidechains identified.

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

4 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	SEP	E	768	2	8,9,10	1.36	1 (12%)	8,12,14	1.20	0
2	SEP	F	753	2	8,9,10	1.43	1 (12%)	8,12,14	0.66	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	SEP	E	753	2	8,9,10	1.30	1 (12%)	8,12,14	0.80	0
2	SEP	F	768	2	8,9,10	1.56	1 (12%)	8,12,14	1.15	2 (25%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	SEP	E	768	2	-	0/5/8/10	-
2	SEP	F	753	2	-	0/5/8/10	-
2	SEP	E	753	2	-	0/5/8/10	-
2	SEP	F	768	2	-	0/5/8/10	-

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	F	768	SEP	P-O1P	3.44	1.61	1.50
2	F	753	SEP	P-O1P	3.23	1.61	1.50
2	E	768	SEP	P-O1P	2.85	1.59	1.50
2	E	753	SEP	P-O1P	2.81	1.59	1.50

All (2) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
2	F	768	SEP	P-OG-CB	-2.13	112.44	118.30
2	F	768	SEP	OG-CB-CA	2.04	110.13	108.14

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

2 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
3	ETE	B	301	-	13,13,13	0.54	0	12,12,12	0.30	0
3	ETE	D	301	-	13,13,13	0.42	0	12,12,12	0.46	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	ETE	B	301	-	-	4/11/11/11	-
3	ETE	D	301	-	-	10/11/11/11	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (14) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	B	301	ETE	OH6-C15-C25-OH5
3	D	301	ETE	OH6-C15-C25-OH5
3	D	301	ETE	OH2-C12-C22-OH3
3	B	301	ETE	C25-C15-OH6-C26
3	D	301	ETE	C25-C15-OH6-C26
3	B	301	ETE	OH2-C12-C22-OH3
3	D	301	ETE	C24-C14-OH5-C25
3	D	301	ETE	C13-C23-OH3-C22
3	B	301	ETE	C15-C25-OH5-C14
3	D	301	ETE	C12-C22-OH3-C23
3	D	301	ETE	C14-C24-OH4-C13

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	D	301	ETE	OH4-C13-C23-OH3
3	D	301	ETE	OH5-C14-C24-OH4
3	D	301	ETE	C23-C13-OH4-C24

There are no ring outliers.

2 monomers are involved in 14 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	B	301	ETE	3	0
3	D	301	ETE	11	0

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ> 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q< 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	230/235 (97%)	0.04	2 (0%) 84 84	10, 21, 37, 56	0
1	B	235/235 (100%)	0.09	5 (2%) 63 63	10, 22, 39, 48	0
1	C	229/235 (97%)	0.25	6 (2%) 56 54	14, 27, 47, 62	0
1	D	221/235 (94%)	0.16	7 (3%) 47 45	12, 25, 50, 63	0
2	E	13/28 (46%)	0.51	2 (15%) 2 2	12, 22, 44, 58	0
2	F	13/28 (46%)	0.53	2 (15%) 2 2	16, 25, 45, 46	0
All	All	941/996 (94%)	0.14	24 (2%) 56 54	10, 24, 45, 63	0

All (24) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	E	774	THR	4.8
1	A	232	SER	4.7
1	D	203	ALA	3.8
1	B	232	SER	3.6
1	C	112	THR	3.0
1	C	36	HIS	2.9
1	D	204	GLU	2.8
1	D	232	SER	2.8
1	C	4	ASP	2.7
1	C	136	SER	2.6
2	F	774	THR	2.6
1	D	205	LEU	2.5
1	B	-2	MET	2.5
1	D	69	GLN	2.5
1	D	215	ASP	2.3
1	B	206	ASP	2.3
1	B	138	ASP	2.3
1	B	72	GLU	2.3
1	A	231	THR	2.3

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	C	3	MET	2.2
1	D	-2	MET	2.2
2	E	755	ILE	2.1
2	F	755	ILE	2.1
1	C	75	GLU	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
2	SEP	F	753	10/11	0.97	0.11	16,20,23,23	0
2	SEP	E	768	10/11	0.98	0.11	11,13,15,16	0
2	SEP	E	753	10/11	0.98	0.09	13,18,22,22	0
2	SEP	F	768	10/11	0.98	0.09	12,16,19,20	0

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å ²)	Q<0.9
3	ETE	D	301	14/14	0.90	0.13	19,26,33,35	0
3	ETE	B	301	14/14	0.91	0.13	21,22,26,34	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.