

# Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report (i)

### Mar 16, 2022 – 12:28 PM EDT

PDB ID : 5KP0

Title : Recognition and targeting mechanisms by chaperones in flagella assembly and

operation

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Deposited on : 2016-07-01

This is a Full wwPDB NMR Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

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with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The following versions of software and data (see references (i)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

RCI : v 1n 11 5 13 A (Berjanski et al., 2005)

PANAV : Wang et al. (2010)

ShiftChecker : 2.27

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

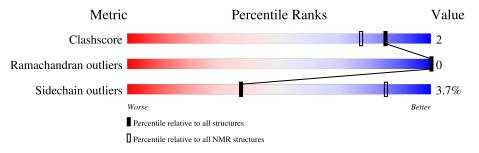
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.27

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:  $SOLUTION\ NMR$ 

The overall completeness of chemical shifts assignment is 54%.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	NMR archive
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$
Clashscore	158937	12864
Ramachandran outliers	154571	11451
Sidechain outliers	154315	11428

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the experimental data. The red, orange, yellow and green segments indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria. A cyan segment indicates the fraction of residues that are not part of the well-defined cores, and a grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1		1.40						
1	A	140	71%	•	26%			



## 2 Ensemble composition and analysis (i)

This entry contains 20 models. Model 6 is the overall representative, medoid model (most similar to other models). The authors have identified model 1 as representative, based on the following criterion: *lowest energy*.

The following residues are included in the computation of the global validation metrics.

Well-defined (core) protein residues						
Well-defined core	Residue range (total)	Backbone RMSD (Å)	Medoid model			
1	A:2-A:49, A:57-A:90,	0.25	6			
	A:1001-A:1022 (104)					

Ill-defined regions of proteins are excluded from the global statistics.

Ligands and non-protein polymers are included in the analysis.

The models can be grouped into 2 clusters. No single-model clusters were found.

Cluster number	Models		
1	1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 18, 19, 20		
2	9, 17		



# 3 Entry composition (i)

There is only 1 type of molecule in this entry. The entry contains 2229 atoms, of which 1131 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

• Molecule 1 is a protein called Flagellar protein FliT, Flagellum-specific ATP synthase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					Trace	
1	Λ	1.40	Total	С	Н	N	О	S	0
1 A	140	2229	695	1131	188	210	5	U	

There are 20 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	96	VAL	-	linker	UNP P0A1N2
A	97	LEU	-	linker	UNP P0A1N2
A	98	PHE	-	linker	UNP P0A1N2
A	99	GLN	-	linker	UNP P0A1N2
A	100	GLY	-	linker	UNP P0A1N2
A	101	PRO	-	linker	UNP P0A1N2
A	102	SER	-	linker	UNP P0A1N2
A	103	ALA	-	linker	UNP P0A1N2
A	104	GLY	-	linker	UNP P0A1N2
A	105	LEU	-	linker	UNP P0A1N2
A	106	VAL	-	linker	UNP P0A1N2
A	107	PRO	-	linker	UNP P0A1N2
A	108	ARG	-	linker	UNP P0A1N2
A	109	GLY	-	linker	UNP P0A1N2
A	110	SER	-	linker	UNP P0A1N2
A	111	GLY	-	linker	UNP P0A1N2
A	112	GLY	-	linker	UNP P0A1N2
A	113	ILE	-	linker	UNP P0A1N2
A	114	GLU	-	linker	UNP P0A1N2
A	115	GLY	-	linker	UNP P0A1N2

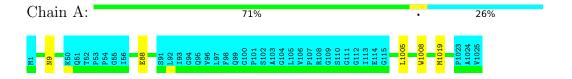


## 4 Residue-property plots (i)

### 4.1 Average score per residue in the NMR ensemble

These plots are provided for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic is the same as shown in the summary in section 1 of this report. The second graphic shows the sequence where residues are colour-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outliers are shown as green connectors. Residues which are classified as ill-defined in the NMR ensemble, are shown in cyan with an underline colour-coded according to the previous scheme. Residues which were present in the experimental sample, but not modelled in the final structure are shown in grey.

• Molecule 1: Flagellar protein FliT, Flagellum-specific ATP synthase

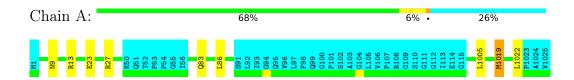


### 4.2 Scores per residue for each member of the ensemble

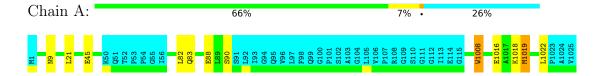
Colouring as in section 4.1 above.

#### 4.2.1 Score per residue for model 1

• Molecule 1: Flagellar protein FliT, Flagellum-specific ATP synthase



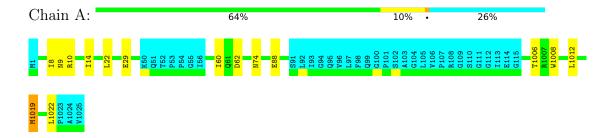
#### 4.2.2 Score per residue for model 2





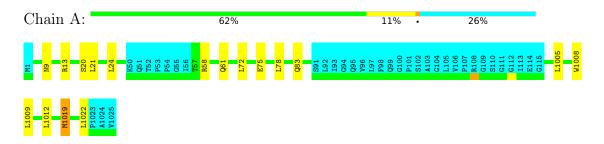
### 4.2.3 Score per residue for model 3

• Molecule 1: Flagellar protein FliT, Flagellum-specific ATP synthase



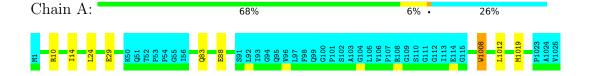
#### 4.2.4 Score per residue for model 4

• Molecule 1: Flagellar protein FliT, Flagellum-specific ATP synthase

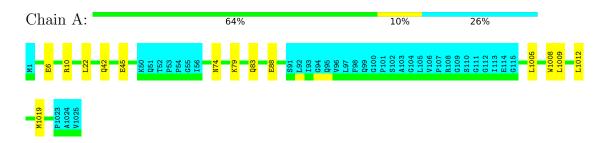


#### 4.2.5 Score per residue for model 5

• Molecule 1: Flagellar protein FliT, Flagellum-specific ATP synthase



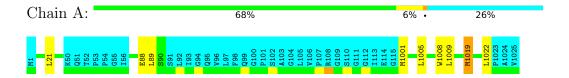
### 4.2.6 Score per residue for model 6 (medoid)





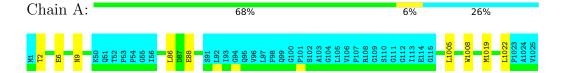
### 4.2.7 Score per residue for model 7

• Molecule 1: Flagellar protein FliT, Flagellum-specific ATP synthase



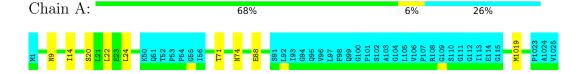
### 4.2.8 Score per residue for model 8

• Molecule 1: Flagellar protein FliT, Flagellum-specific ATP synthase



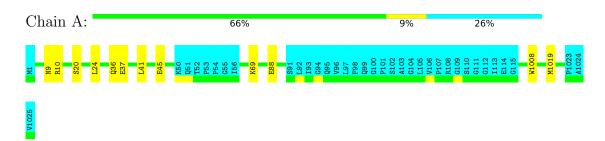
### 4.2.9 Score per residue for model 9

• Molecule 1: Flagellar protein FliT, Flagellum-specific ATP synthase



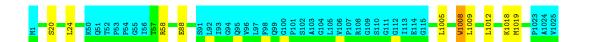
#### 4.2.10 Score per residue for model 10

• Molecule 1: Flagellar protein FliT, Flagellum-specific ATP synthase



#### 4.2.11 Score per residue for model 11





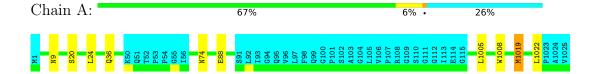
### 4.2.12 Score per residue for model 12

• Molecule 1: Flagellar protein FliT, Flagellum-specific ATP synthase



### 4.2.13 Score per residue for model 13

• Molecule 1: Flagellar protein FliT, Flagellum-specific ATP synthase

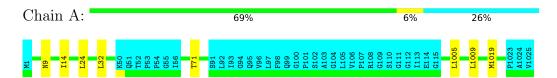


### 4.2.14 Score per residue for model 14

• Molecule 1: Flagellar protein FliT, Flagellum-specific ATP synthase



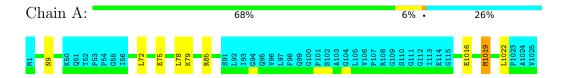
### 4.2.15 Score per residue for model 15





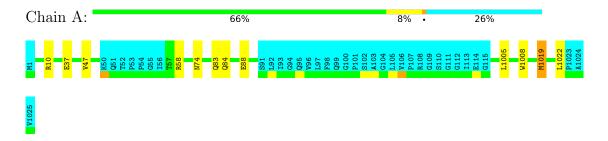
### 4.2.16 Score per residue for model 16

• Molecule 1: Flagellar protein FliT, Flagellum-specific ATP synthase



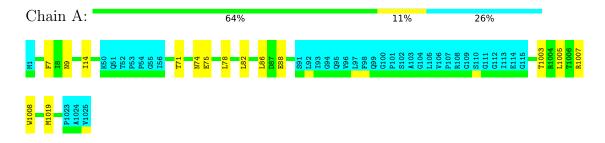
#### 4.2.17 Score per residue for model 17

• Molecule 1: Flagellar protein FliT, Flagellum-specific ATP synthase

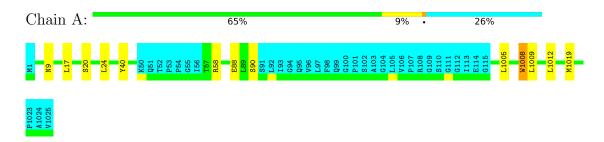


### 4.2.18 Score per residue for model 18

• Molecule 1: Flagellar protein FliT, Flagellum-specific ATP synthase

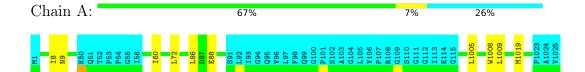


### 4.2.19 Score per residue for model 19





## 4.2.20 Score per residue for model 20





#### Refinement protocol and experimental data overview (i) 5



The models were refined using the following method: molecular dynamics.

Of the 100 calculated structures, 20 were deposited, based on the following criterion: target function.

The following table shows the software used for structure solution, optimisation and refinement.

Software name	Classification	Version
CNS	refinement	1.3
CYANA	structure calculation	3.97
TALOS	geometry optimization	

The following table shows chemical shift validation statistics as aggregates over all chemical shift files. Detailed validation can be found in section 7 of this report.

Chemical shift file(s)	working_cs.cif
Number of chemical shift lists	2
Total number of shifts	1119
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	1119
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Assignment completeness (well-defined parts)	54%



# 6 Model quality (i)

## 6.1 Standard geometry (i)

There are no covalent bond-length or bond-angle outliers.

There are no bond-length outliers.

There are no bond-angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

## 6.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in each chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes averaged over the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes
1	A	851	871	871	4±2
All	All	17020	17420	17420	76

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 2.

All unique clashes are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	$\operatorname{Distance}(\mathring{\mathrm{A}})$	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:89:LEU:HD13	1:A:1001:MET:SD	0.56	2.41	7	1
1:A:72:LEU:HD11	1:A:1019:MET:SD	0.55	2.42	20	1
1:A:1019:MET:HA	1:A:1022:LEU:HG	0.52	1.82	8	10
1:A:22:LEU:HD22	1:A:74:ASN:HA	0.49	1.83	9	3
1:A:21:LEU:HD21	1:A:36:GLN:HB2	0.48	1.86	14	1
1:A:41:LEU:O	1:A:45:GLU:HG2	0.48	2.09	10	1
1:A:75:GLU:HA	1:A:78:LEU:HB2	0.47	1.86	16	3
1:A:72:LEU:HD21	1:A:1019:MET:SD	0.46	2.50	16	2
1:A:1005:LEU:O	1:A:1009:LEU:HG	0.46	2.11	11	8
1:A:1008:TRP:O	1:A:1012:LEU:HG	0.45	2.11	19	7
1:A:82:LEU:HD13	1:A:1008:TRP:HE1	0.45	1.72	18	2
1:A:14:ILE:HG22	1:A:71:THR:OG1	0.45	2.12	18	3
1:A:21:LEU:HD22	1:A:33:LEU:HA	0.44	1.89	14	1
1:A:8:ILE:HD11	1:A:60:ILE:HG12	0.43	1.89	3	2

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(Å)	Distance(Å)	Models	
Atom-1	Atom-2	Clash(A)	Distance(A)	Worst	Total
1:A:86:LEU:HD11	1:A:1005:LEU:HB3	0.43	1.90	8	4
1:A:20:SER:O	1:A:24:LEU:HG	0.43	2.14	9	6
1:A:23:GLU:O	1:A:27:ARG:HG2	0.43	2.12	1	1
1:A:1005:LEU:HA	1:A:1008:TRP:HB3	0.42	1.90	17	3
1:A:2:THR:O	1:A:6:GLU:HB2	0.42	2.15	8	1
1:A:10:ARG:NH1	1:A:47:VAL:HA	0.41	2.31	17	1
1:A:21:LEU:HD13	1:A:1008:TRP:HH2	0.41	1.74	7	2
1:A:6:GLU:HB3	1:A:10:ARG:NH1	0.41	2.31	6	1
1:A:42:GLN:HA	1:A:45:GLU:HG2	0.41	1.92	6	1
1:A:21:LEU:HA	1:A:24:LEU:HD12	0.41	1.93	4	1
1:A:75:GLU:O	1:A:79:LYS:HG2	0.41	2.15	16	1
1:A:9:ASN:O	1:A:13:ARG:HG2	0.41	2.16	1	2
1:A:79:LYS:HB3	1:A:1012:LEU:HD12	0.40	1.94	6	1
1:A:1003:THR:O	1:A:1007:ARG:HG2	0.40	2.16	18	1
1:A:10:ARG:O	1:A:14:ILE:HG13	0.40	2.17	5	2
1:A:24:LEU:HB3	1:A:29:GLU:HB2	0.40	1.93	5	1
1:A:17:LEU:HD13	1:A:40:TYR:HA	0.40	1.91	19	1
1:A:24:LEU:HD13	1:A:32:LEU:HB2	0.40	1.93	15	1

### 6.3 Torsion angles (i)

### 6.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percei	ntiles
1	A	104/140 (74%)	102±1 (98±1%)	2±1 (2±1%)	0±0 (0±0%)	100	100
All	All	2080/2800 (74%)	2042 (98%)	38 (2%)	0 (0%)	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers.

### 6.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all PDB entries followed by that with respect to all NMR entries. The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	95/121 (79%)	92±2 (96±2%)	4±2 (4±2%)	37 85
All	All	1900/2420 (79%)	1830 (96%)	70 (4%)	37 85

All 18 unique residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below. They are sorted by the frequency of occurrence in the ensemble.

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Models (Total)
1	A	1019	MET	18
1	A	9	ASN	12
1	A	1008	TRP	8
1	A	83	GLN	7
1	A	58	ARG	4
1	A	74	ASN	4
1	A	1016	GLU	2
1	A	1018	LYS	2
1	A	36	GLN	2
1	A	37	GLU	2
1	A	85	ARG	2
1	A	45	GLU	1
1	A	29	GLU	1
1	A	62	ASP	1
1	A	61	GLN	1
1	A	69	LYS	1
1	A	46	THR	1
1	A	84	GLN	1

### 6.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 6.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.



## 6.6 Ligand geometry (i)

There are no ligands in this entry.

## 6.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such molecules in this entry.

## 6.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 7 Chemical shift validation (i)

The completeness of assignment taking into account all chemical shift lists is 54% for the well-defined parts and 52% for the entire structure.

### 7.1 Chemical shift list 1

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned\_chemical\_shift\_list\_1

### 7.1.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	889
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	889
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	2

## 7.1.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\rm Correction} \pm {\rm precision},  ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}\mathrm{C}_{\alpha}$	109	$-0.66 \pm 0.07$	Should be applied
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	97	$0.40\pm0.07$	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)
<sup>13</sup> C′	100	$-0.56 \pm 0.08$	Should be applied
$^{15}N$	105	$0.04 \pm 0.14$	None needed (< 0.5 ppm)

## 7.1.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 42%, i.e. 564 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1349. 20 out of 25 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	311/520 (60%)	78/208 (38%)	155/208 (75%)	78/104 (75%)
Sidechain	204/759 (27%)	74/439 (17%)	123/282 (44%)	7/38 (18%)

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	Total	$^{1}\mathbf{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Aromatic	49/70 (70%)	25/36~(69%)	$22/31 \ (71\%)$	2/3~(67%)
Overall	564/1349 (42%)	$177/683 \ (26\%)$	300/521 (58%)	87/145 (60%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 42%, i.e. 733 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1741. 25 out of 31 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	419/690 (61%)	$105/275 \ (38\%)$	$209/280 \ (75\%)$	105/135 (78%)
Sidechain	256/972~(26%)	91/566 (16%)	158/361 (44%)	7/45 (16%)
Aromatic	58/79 (73%)	30/41 (73%)	$26/35 \ (74\%)$	2/3~(67%)
Overall	733/1741 (42%)	$226/882 \ (26\%)$	393/676 (58%)	114/183 (62%)

### 7.1.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

The following table lists the statistically unusual chemical shifts. These are statistical measures, and large deviations from the mean do not necessarily imply incorrect assignments. Molecules containing paramagnetic centres or hemes are expected to give rise to anomalous chemical shifts.

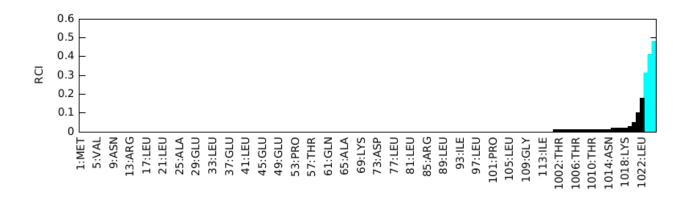
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atom	Shift, ppm	Expected range, ppm	Z-score
1	A	30	TRP	HH2	124.24	8.94 - 5.04	300.6
1	A	30	TRP	CH2	6.83	133.06 - 114.56	-63.2

## 7.1.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:





### 7.2 Chemical shift list 2

File name: working cs.cif

Chemical shift list name: assigned\_chemical\_shift\_list\_2

### 7.2.1 Bookkeeping (i)

The following table shows the results of parsing the chemical shift list and reports the number of nuclei with statistically unusual chemical shifts.

Total number of shifts	230
Number of shifts mapped to atoms	230
Number of unparsed shifts	0
Number of shifts with mapping errors	0
Number of shifts with mapping warnings	0
Number of shift outliers (ShiftChecker)	0

## 7.2.2 Chemical shift referencing (i)

The following table shows the suggested chemical shift referencing corrections.

Nucleus	# values	${\bf Correction} \pm {\bf precision},  ppm$	Suggested action
$^{13}\mathrm{C}_{\alpha}$	25	$-0.88 \pm 0.39$	Should be applied
$^{13}C_{\beta}$	25	$0.47 \pm 0.28$	None needed ( $< 0.5 \text{ ppm}$ )
<sup>13</sup> C′	22		None (insufficient data)
$^{15}N$	24		None (insufficient data)

## 7.2.3 Completeness of resonance assignments (i)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the well-defined regions of the structure. The overall completeness is 12%, i.e. 160 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1349. 5 out of 25 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned



stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}{ m H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	86/520 (17%)	22/208 (11%)	$42/208 \ (20\%)$	22/104 (21%)
Sidechain	55/759 (7%)	21/439 (5%)	34/282 (12%)	0/38 (0%)
Aromatic	19/70~(27%)	10/36~(28%)	8/31 (26%)	1/3 (33%)
Overall	160/1349 (12%)	53/683 (8%)	84/521 (16%)	23/145 (16%)

The following table shows the completeness of the chemical shift assignments for the full structure. The overall completeness is 10%, i.e. 177 atoms were assigned a chemical shift out of a possible 1741. 6 out of 31 assigned methyl groups (LEU and VAL) were assigned stereospecifically.

	Total	$^{1}\mathrm{H}$	$^{13}\mathbf{C}$	$^{15}{ m N}$
Backbone	95/690 (14%)	24/275 (9%)	47/280 (17%)	24/135 (18%)
Sidechain	63/972 (6%)	24/566~(4%)	39/361 (11%)	0/45 (0%)
Aromatic	19/79 (24%)	10/41 (24%)	8/35 (23%)	1/3 (33%)
Overall	177/1741 (10%)	58/882 (7%)	94/676 (14%)	25/183 (14%)

### 7.2.4 Statistically unusual chemical shifts (i)

There are no statistically unusual chemical shifts.

## 7.2.5 Random Coil Index (RCI) plots (i)

The image below reports random coil index values for the protein chains in the structure. The height of each bar gives a probability of a given residue to be disordered, as predicted from the available chemical shifts and the amino acid sequence. A value above 0.2 is an indication of significant predicted disorder. The colour of the bar shows whether the residue is in the well-defined core (black) or in the ill-defined residue ranges (cyan), as described in section 2 on ensemble composition.

Random coil index (RCI) for chain A:

