



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Sep 6, 2023 – 06:25 AM EDT

PDB ID : 4ERI  
Title : Evidence for a Dual Role of an Active Site Histidine in alpha-Amino-beta-Carboxymuconate-epsilon-Semialdehyde Decarboxylase  
Authors : Huo, L.; Fielding, A.J.; Chen, Y.; Li, T.; Iwaki, H.; Hosler, J.P.; Chen, L.; Hasegawa, Y.; Que Jr., L.; Liu, A.  
Deposited on : 2012-04-20  
Resolution : 2.00 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

---

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.35  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.35

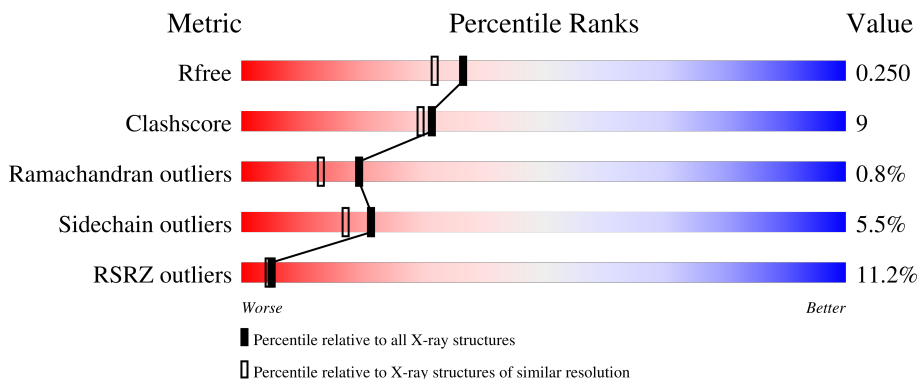
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.00 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	8085 (2.00-2.00)
Clashscore	141614	9178 (2.00-2.00)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	9054 (2.00-2.00)
Sidechain outliers	138945	9053 (2.00-2.00)
RSRZ outliers	127900	7900 (2.00-2.00)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	334	 4% 85% 12% ..
1	B	334	 18% 75% 21% ..

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

There are 4 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5405 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called 2-amino-3-carboxymuconate 6-semialdehyde decarboxylase.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	331	2598	1659	448	473	18	0	4	0
1	B	330	2595	1654	453	470	18	0	3	0

There are 2 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	228	TYR	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q83V25
B	228	TYR	HIS	engineered mutation	UNP Q83V25

- Molecule 2 is ZINC ION (three-letter code: ZN) (formula: Zn).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		
2	B	1	Total	Zn	0	0
			1	1		

- Molecule 3 is MAGNESIUM ION (three-letter code: MG) (formula: Mg).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total	Mg	0	0
			1	1		

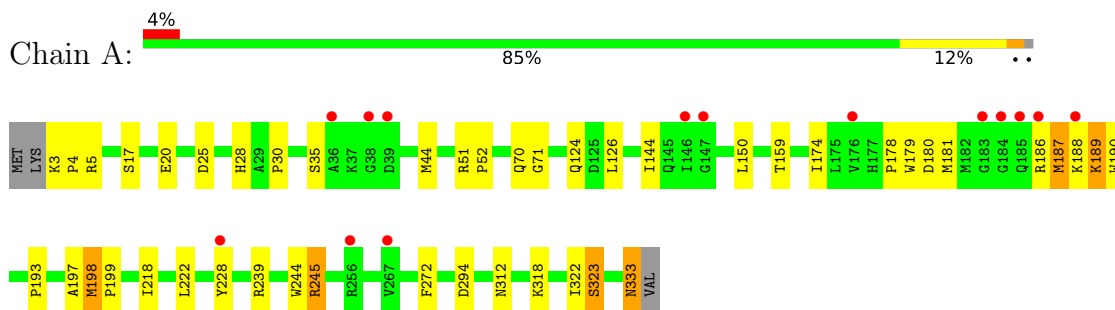
- Molecule 4 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	155	Total	O	0	0
			155	155		
4	B	54	Total	O	0	0
			54	54		

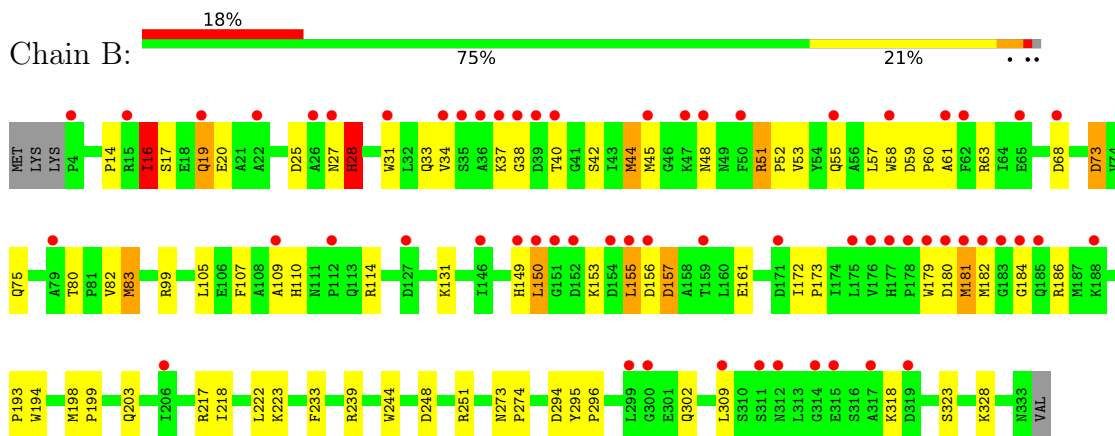
### 3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: 2-amino-3-carboxymuconate 6-semialdehyde decarboxylase



- Molecule 1: 2-amino-3-carboxymuconate 6-semialdehyde decarboxylase



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	153.84Å 48.56Å 110.20Å 90.00° 126.89° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	30.76 – 2.00 30.76 – 2.00	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	92.5 (30.76-2.00) 92.5 (30.76-2.00)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.06	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	2.01 (at 2.00Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	PHENIX (phenix.refine: 1.7.3_928)	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.204 , 0.256 0.203 , 0.250	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	2074 reflections (5.06%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	31.6	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.578	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.34 , 52.9	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.50$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.33$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.95	EDS
Total number of atoms	5405	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	45.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 5.66% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality

### 5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: ZN, MG

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.43	0/2687	0.55	0/3641
1	B	0.39	0/2677	0.53	0/3626
All	All	0.41	0/5364	0.54	0/7267

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2598	0	2541	34	0
1	B	2595	0	2538	67	0
2	A	1	0	0	0	0
2	B	1	0	0	0	0
3	A	1	0	0	0	0
4	A	155	0	0	3	0
4	B	54	0	0	4	0
All	All	5405	0	5079	93	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 9.

All (93) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:14:PRO:HG2	1:B:16:ILE:HD11	1.30	1.06
1:A:25:ASP:OD1	1:A:28:HIS:N	1.88	1.05
1:B:150:LEU:HD13	1:B:153:LYS:HE3	1.43	1.00
1:B:25:ASP:OD2	1:B:28:HIS:HB2	1.65	0.94
1:B:150:LEU:CD1	1:B:153:LYS:HE3	2.03	0.89
1:B:14:PRO:HG2	1:B:16:ILE:CD1	2.03	0.88
1:A:4:PRO:O	1:A:323:SER:HB2	1.76	0.85
1:A:144[B]:ILE:HD11	1:A:174:ILE:HG12	1.59	0.84
1:B:53:VAL:HG21	1:B:57:LEU:HD22	1.61	0.81
1:A:189:LYS:HE3	1:A:190:TRP:H	1.48	0.78
1:B:58:TRP:CD1	1:B:59:ASP:HB2	2.22	0.75
1:B:20:GLU:OE2	1:B:99[B]:ARG:NH2	2.26	0.68
1:B:25:ASP:CG	1:B:28:HIS:HB2	2.12	0.68
1:A:187:MET:HE1	1:A:197:ALA:HB2	1.76	0.68
1:B:153:LYS:NZ	4:B:522:HOH:O	2.27	0.68
1:B:73:ASP:N	1:B:73:ASP:OD1	2.26	0.67
1:A:333:ASN:OD1	1:A:333:ASN:N	2.27	0.67
1:A:294:ASP:OD1	4:A:643:HOH:O	2.13	0.66
1:B:180:ASP:HB2	1:B:193:PRO:HB3	1.75	0.66
1:B:155:LEU:HD12	1:B:155:LEU:H	1.63	0.64
1:B:294:ASP:OD1	4:B:546:HOH:O	2.16	0.62
1:A:70:GLN:NE2	4:A:633:HOH:O	2.32	0.61
1:A:228:TYR:OH	4:A:643:HOH:O	2.10	0.60
1:B:218:ILE:HG21	1:B:222:LEU:HD22	1.83	0.60
1:B:25:ASP:OD2	1:B:28:HIS:CB	2.45	0.60
1:A:198:MET:HG3	1:A:199:PRO:HD3	1.84	0.59
1:B:14:PRO:CG	1:B:16:ILE:HD11	2.21	0.58
1:B:179:TRP:HE1	1:B:181:MET:HE3	1.68	0.58
1:A:186:ARG:HH21	1:B:155:LEU:HG	1.69	0.58
1:A:124:GLN:HA	1:A:150:LEU:HD21	1.86	0.57
1:A:144[B]:ILE:CD1	1:A:174:ILE:HG12	2.34	0.57
1:B:80:THR:O	1:B:83:MET:HG2	2.06	0.56
1:B:61:ALA:HB2	1:B:110:HIS:CE1	2.41	0.56
1:B:149:HIS:CD2	1:B:179:TRP:HB2	2.41	0.55
1:A:198:MET:HG3	1:A:199:PRO:CD	2.36	0.55
1:A:17:SER:OG	1:A:20:GLU:HG3	2.07	0.54
1:A:198:MET:CG	1:B:239[A]:ARG:HH12	2.20	0.54
1:B:150:LEU:HB2	1:B:153:LYS:HD2	1.89	0.54
1:B:17:SER:HG	1:B:19:GLN:HG3	1.73	0.53
1:B:17:SER:OG	1:B:19:GLN:HG3	2.10	0.52

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:55:GLN:HG3	1:B:58:TRP:CE2	2.45	0.52
1:A:187:MET:O	1:A:193:PRO:HD3	2.10	0.51
1:B:155:LEU:HD12	1:B:155:LEU:N	2.26	0.50
1:B:180:ASP:HB3	1:B:198:MET:HE3	1.93	0.50
1:B:150:LEU:HB2	1:B:153:LYS:CD	2.42	0.50
1:A:218:ILE:HG21	1:A:222:LEU:HD22	1.94	0.50
1:B:244:TRP:CE2	1:B:251:ARG:HG2	2.47	0.50
1:B:309:LEU:O	1:B:318:LYS:NZ	2.43	0.50
1:A:198:MET:CE	1:B:239[A]:ARG:HH22	2.25	0.49
1:B:48:ASN:OD1	1:B:48:ASN:N	2.44	0.49
1:A:198:MET:HG3	1:A:199:PRO:N	2.27	0.48
1:B:34:VAL:HG12	1:B:38:GLY:HA2	1.95	0.48
1:A:179:TRP:CE3	1:A:180:ASP:HB2	2.49	0.47
1:B:179:TRP:NE1	1:B:181:MET:HE3	2.30	0.47
1:A:186:ARG:NH2	1:B:155:LEU:HG	2.28	0.47
1:B:302:GLN:NE2	4:B:553:HOH:O	2.32	0.46
1:B:31:TRP:CZ3	1:B:33:GLN:HB2	2.51	0.46
1:A:198:MET:HE2	1:B:239[A]:ARG:HH22	1.81	0.46
1:A:239:ARG:HG3	1:B:194:TRP:CH2	2.51	0.45
1:A:126:LEU:HB2	1:A:159:THR:HG23	1.97	0.45
1:B:194:TRP:HD1	1:B:198:MET:SD	2.40	0.45
1:B:68:ASP:OD1	1:B:114:ARG:NH2	2.49	0.45
1:A:178:PRO:HG3	1:A:198:MET:SD	2.57	0.45
1:B:150:LEU:CD1	1:B:153:LYS:CE	2.85	0.45
1:B:179:TRP:O	1:B:198:MET:HG2	2.17	0.45
1:B:55:GLN:HG3	1:B:58:TRP:CZ2	2.52	0.45
1:B:33:GLN:HB3	1:B:44:MET:HE3	2.00	0.44
1:B:150:LEU:HD12	1:B:153:LYS:CE	2.48	0.44
1:B:295:TYR:CZ	1:B:296:PRO:HB3	2.53	0.43
1:A:5:ARG:HD3	1:A:71:GLY:O	2.19	0.43
1:B:58:TRP:CD1	1:B:59:ASP:N	2.87	0.43
1:B:80:THR:HG22	1:B:82:VAL:HG23	2.01	0.43
1:A:51:ARG:HA	1:A:52:PRO:HD3	1.84	0.43
1:B:25:ASP:OD1	1:B:25:ASP:C	2.57	0.43
1:B:186:ARG:NH2	4:B:554:HOH:O	2.52	0.42
1:A:239:ARG:CZ	1:B:199:PRO:HG3	2.49	0.42
1:B:223:LYS:NZ	1:B:328:LYS:O	2.52	0.42
1:B:157:ASP:OD2	1:B:157:ASP:N	2.53	0.42
1:B:51:ARG:HA	1:B:52:PRO:HD2	1.96	0.42
1:A:189:LYS:HG3	1:A:190:TRP:CD1	2.55	0.42
1:A:244:TRP:HE3	1:A:245:ARG:HD2	1.85	0.42

*Continued on next page...*



Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:150:LEU:HD12	1:B:153:LYS:HE3	1.92	0.41
1:A:272:PHE:HD1	1:B:239[B]:ARG:HG2	1.85	0.41
1:A:318:LYS:O	1:A:322:ILE:HG12	2.20	0.41
1:A:30:PRO:HA	1:A:44:MET:O	2.21	0.41
1:B:63:ARG:HD3	1:B:75:GLN:OE1	2.21	0.41
1:B:105:LEU:O	1:B:109:ALA:N	2.50	0.41
1:B:161:GLU:OE1	1:B:217:ARG:NH2	2.53	0.41
1:B:203:GLN:HG3	1:B:233:PHE:HA	2.02	0.41
1:B:31:TRP:CE2	1:B:44:MET:HB2	2.56	0.40
1:B:60:PRO:HG3	1:B:107:PHE:CD1	2.56	0.40
1:B:172:ILE:HA	1:B:173:PRO:HD3	1.95	0.40
1:B:273:ASN:HA	1:B:274:PRO:HD3	1.93	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	333/334 (100%)	324 (97%)	8 (2%)	1 (0%)	41	37
1	B	331/334 (99%)	306 (92%)	21 (6%)	4 (1%)	13	7
All	All	664/668 (99%)	630 (95%)	29 (4%)	5 (1%)	19	13

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	16	ILE
1	B	184	GLY
1	B	182	MET
1	B	28	HIS
1	A	35	SER

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	275/274 (100%)	265 (96%)	10 (4%)	35	34
1	B	273/274 (100%)	253 (93%)	20 (7%)	14	9
All	All	548/548 (100%)	518 (94%)	30 (6%)	21	17

All (30) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	3	LYS
1	A	181	MET
1	A	187	MET
1	A	188	LYS
1	A	189	LYS
1	A	198	MET
1	A	245	ARG
1	A	312	ASN
1	A	323	SER
1	A	333	ASN
1	B	16	ILE
1	B	19	GLN
1	B	27	ASN
1	B	28	HIS
1	B	37	LYS
1	B	40	THR
1	B	42	SER
1	B	44	MET
1	B	45	MET
1	B	51	ARG
1	B	73	ASP
1	B	83	MET
1	B	131	LYS
1	B	150	LEU
1	B	155	LEU
1	B	156	ASP
1	B	157	ASP

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	181	MET
1	B	248	ASP
1	B	323	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	B	110	HIS

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

## 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 3 ligands modelled in this entry, 3 are monoatomic - leaving 0 for Mogul analysis.

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	331/334 (99%)	0.22	14 (4%) 36 35	19, 33, 57, 98	0
1	B	330/334 (98%)	0.92	60 (18%) 1 1	25, 50, 85, 98	0
All	All	661/668 (98%)	0.57	74 (11%) 5 4	19, 41, 80, 98	0

All (74) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	B	155	LEU	8.3
1	B	184	GLY	7.0
1	B	180	ASP	6.5
1	B	156	ASP	6.4
1	B	151	GLY	6.3
1	B	183	GLY	6.0
1	B	38	GLY	5.9
1	B	179	TRP	5.2
1	A	186	ARG	5.2
1	B	35	SER	5.0
1	B	182	MET	4.9
1	A	185	GLN	4.6
1	B	154	ASP	4.5
1	B	185	GLN	4.5
1	B	36	ALA	4.5
1	B	26	ALA	4.4
1	B	58	TRP	4.2
1	A	184	GLY	4.1
1	B	149	HIS	4.1
1	B	299	LEU	3.9
1	B	39	ASP	3.8
1	B	61	ALA	3.8
1	A	183	GLY	3.5
1	B	62	PHE	3.4

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

<b>Mol</b>	<b>Chain</b>	<b>Res</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>RSRZ</b>
1	B	312	ASN	3.3
1	B	40	THR	3.3
1	B	175	LEU	3.2
1	B	152	ASP	3.1
1	B	317	ALA	3.1
1	B	27	ASN	3.1
1	B	47	LYS	3.1
1	B	181	MET	3.1
1	B	314	GLY	3.0
1	A	188	LYS	3.0
1	B	176	VAL	2.9
1	B	65	GLU	2.9
1	B	150	LEU	2.9
1	B	34	VAL	2.8
1	B	37	LYS	2.8
1	B	311	SER	2.7
1	B	48	ASN	2.7
1	B	4	PRO	2.7
1	B	177	HIS	2.6
1	B	50	PHE	2.6
1	A	36	ALA	2.6
1	B	45	MET	2.5
1	B	146	ILE	2.5
1	B	188	LYS	2.5
1	B	159	THR	2.5
1	B	68	ASP	2.4
1	B	315	GLU	2.4
1	A	146	ILE	2.4
1	B	309	LEU	2.4
1	B	79	ALA	2.4
1	B	31	TRP	2.4
1	B	22	ALA	2.3
1	B	112	PRO	2.3
1	B	171	ASP	2.3
1	B	178	PRO	2.3
1	B	319	ASP	2.2
1	A	39	ASP	2.2
1	A	176	VAL	2.2
1	B	19	GLN	2.2
1	B	127	ASP	2.2
1	A	38	GLY	2.1
1	B	15	ARG	2.1

*Continued on next page...*

*Continued from previous page...*

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	267	VAL	2.1
1	B	109	ALA	2.1
1	A	147	GLY	2.1
1	A	256	ARG	2.0
1	B	206	ILE	2.0
1	A	228	TYR	2.0
1	B	55	GLN	2.0
1	B	300	GLY	2.0

## 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

## 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
3	MG	A	402	1/1	0.91	0.09	65,65,65,65	0
2	ZN	B	401	1/1	0.98	0.10	41,41,41,41	0
2	ZN	A	401	1/1	1.00	0.14	28,28,28,28	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.