



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Apr 28, 2024 – 06:54 pm BST

PDB ID : 4AE5
Title : STRUCTURE OF A MAJOR REGULATOR OF STAPHYLOCOCCAL PATHOGENESIS
Authors : Hirshberg, M.; Henrick, K.
Deposited on : 2012-01-08
Resolution : 1.85 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Mogul : 1.8.4, CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.36.2
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

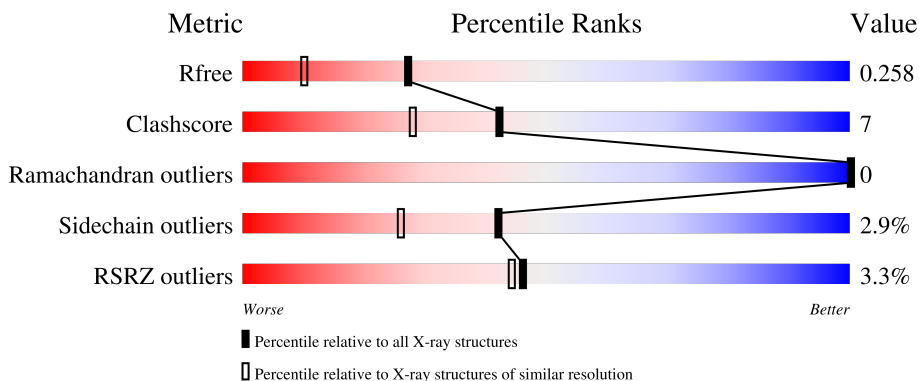
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.85 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	2469 (1.86-1.86)
Clashscore	141614	2625 (1.86-1.86)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2592 (1.86-1.86)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2592 (1.86-1.86)
RSRZ outliers	127900	2436 (1.86-1.86)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	167	 87% 7% 5% 3%
1	B	167	 79% 17% 4% 2%
1	C	167	 7% 83% 10% 5%
1	D	167	 3% 84% 11% 5%

2 Entry composition [i](#)

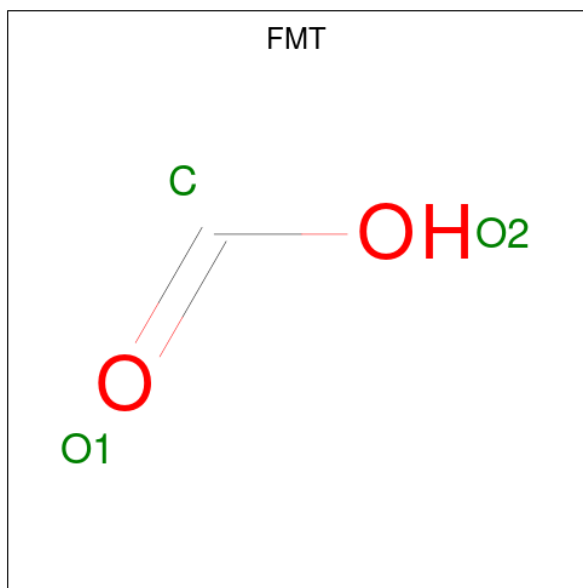
There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5678 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called SIGNAL TRANSDUCTION PROTEIN TRAP.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	160	Total 1327	C 868	N 212	O 245	S 2	0	1	1
1	B	162	Total 1395	C 912	N 226	O 254	S 3	0	6	1
1	C	158	Total 1317	C 863	N 210	O 243	S 1	0	1	0
1	D	159	Total 1365	C 895	N 221	O 248	S 1	0	5	0

- Molecule 2 is FORMIC ACID (three-letter code: FMT) (formula: CH₂O₂).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	O		
2	A	1	Total 3	C 1	O 2	0	0
2	B	1	Total 3	C 1	O 2	0	0

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Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	C	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0
2	D	1	Total C O 3 1 2	0	0


- Molecule 3 is water.

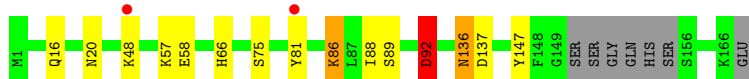
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	66	Total O 66 66	0	0
3	B	111	Total O 111 111	0	0
3	C	24	Total O 24 24	0	0
3	D	61	Total O 61 61	0	0

3 Residue-property plots [i](#)


These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

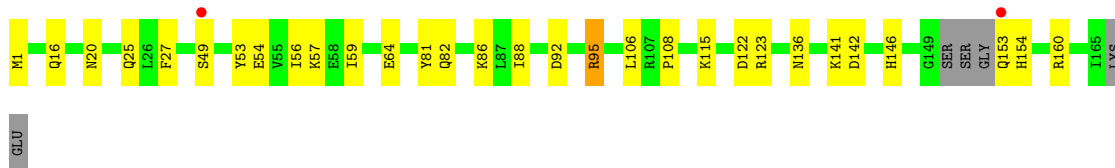
- Molecule 1: SIGNAL TRANSDUCTION PROTEIN TRAP

Chain A: 




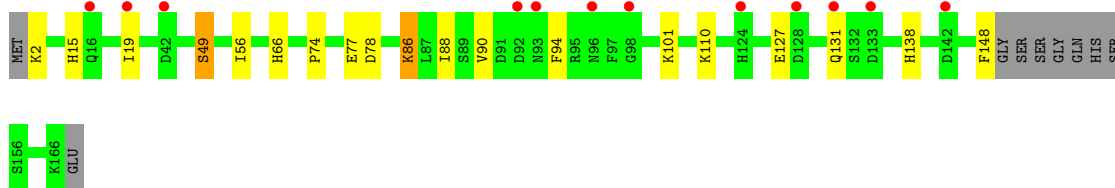
- Molecule 1: SIGNAL TRANSDUCTION PROTEIN TRAP

Chain B: 




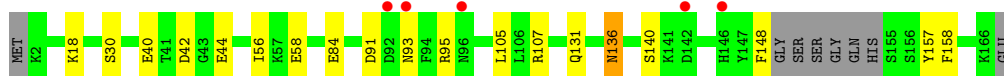
- Molecule 1: SIGNAL TRANSDUCTION PROTEIN TRAP

Chain C: 



- Molecule 1: SIGNAL TRANSDUCTION PROTEIN TRAP

Chain D: 



4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 1 21 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	69.08Å 70.87Å 79.08Å 90.00° 111.53° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 – 1.85 19.89 – 1.85	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	92.0 (20.00-1.85) 92.1 (19.89-1.85)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	0.04	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	4.70 (at 1.85Å)	Xtrriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.6.0117	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.211 , 0.260 0.213 , 0.258	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	2846 reflections (5.09%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	21.7	Xtrriage
Anisotropy	0.105	Xtrriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.42 , 51.6	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.48$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.31$	Xtrriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtrriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.94	EDS
Total number of atoms	5678	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	26.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtrriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The analyses of the Patterson function reveals a significant off-origin peak that is 35.72 % of the origin peak, indicating pseudo-translational symmetry. The chance of finding a peak of this or larger height randomly in a structure without pseudo-translational symmetry is equal to 5.5856e-04. The detected translational NCS is most likely also responsible for the elevated intensity ratio.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: FMT

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	1.05	1/1372 (0.1%)	0.94	3/1852 (0.2%)
1	B	1.12	0/1456	1.03	5/1962 (0.3%)
1	C	0.94	0/1362	0.86	0/1838
1	D	1.03	0/1417	0.93	0/1908
All	All	1.04	1/5607 (0.0%)	0.94	8/7560 (0.1%)

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	A	75	SER	CB-OG	-5.09	1.35	1.42

All (8) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	A	92	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	6.28	123.95	118.30
1	A	92	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-6.06	112.84	118.30
1	B	160	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.92	117.34	120.30
1	B	142	ASP	CB-CG-OD2	-5.70	113.17	118.30
1	B	123	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-5.52	117.54	120.30
1	A	137	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.35	123.11	118.30
1	B	122	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.29	123.06	118.30
1	B	142	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	5.12	122.90	118.30

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1327	0	1240	25	0
1	B	1395	0	1318	42	0
1	C	1317	0	1228	16	0
1	D	1365	0	1301	10	0
2	A	3	0	1	0	0
2	B	3	0	2	0	0
2	C	3	0	1	0	0
2	D	3	0	1	0	0
3	A	66	0	0	2	0
3	B	111	0	0	2	0
3	C	24	0	0	1	0
3	D	61	0	0	0	0
All	All	5678	0	5092	72	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 7.

All (72) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:81:TYR:CZ	1:B:1[B]:MET:HE2	1.70	1.24
1:A:81:TYR:CZ	1:B:1[B]:MET:CE	2.25	1.19
1:A:81:TYR:CE2	1:B:1[B]:MET:CE	2.34	1.10
1:A:81:TYR:CE2	1:B:1[B]:MET:HE1	1.90	1.06
1:C:56:ILE:HG22	1:C:88:ILE:HD11	1.51	0.92
1:D:56[A]:ILE:HD11	1:D:107[A]:ARG:NH1	1.94	0.82
1:B:146[A]:HIS:HE1	1:C:77:GLU:OE2	1.63	0.81
1:A:81:TYR:CZ	1:B:1[B]:MET:HE1	2.05	0.80
1:C:56:ILE:CG2	1:C:88:ILE:HD11	2.12	0.80
1:A:81:TYR:CE1	1:B:1[B]:MET:HE2	2.21	0.75
1:A:16:GLN:HE21	1:A:20:ASN:HD21	1.38	0.71
1:B:81:TYR:HD1	1:B:82:GLN:NE2	1.87	0.71
1:D:56[A]:ILE:HD11	1:D:107[A]:ARG:CZ	2.21	0.70
1:C:2:LYS:HG2	3:C:2001:HOH:O	1.92	0.69
1:A:92:ASP:HB2	1:B:92:ASP:HB2	1.73	0.68

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:81:TYR:OH	1:B:1[B]:MET:CE	2.41	0.68
1:B:146[A]:HIS:CE1	1:C:77:GLU:OE2	2.47	0.67
1:A:81:TYR:CE1	1:B:1[A]:MET:HG2	2.31	0.66
1:B:81:TYR:HD1	1:B:82:GLN:HE22	1.42	0.66
1:B:1[B]:MET:SD	1:B:54:GLU:OE1	2.55	0.65
1:B:56:ILE:CG2	1:B:88:ILE:HD11	2.28	0.64
1:A:16:GLN:HE21	1:A:20:ASN:ND2	1.95	0.62
1:A:88:ILE:HD12	1:B:88:ILE:HG23	1.82	0.62
1:A:86:LYS:HD2	1:A:147:TYR:OH	2.02	0.59
1:A:66:HIS:HD2	3:A:2025:HOH:O	1.86	0.58
1:A:81:TYR:OH	1:B:1[B]:MET:HE1	2.03	0.56
1:A:81:TYR:CE2	1:B:1[B]:MET:HE2	2.16	0.56
1:B:27:PHE:HD1	1:B:64:GLU:HG2	1.71	0.56
1:B:86:LYS:NZ	1:C:78:ASP:O	2.37	0.54
1:D:84:GLU:OE2	1:D:107[A]:ARG:NH2	2.43	0.51
1:B:81:TYR:CD1	1:B:82:GLN:NE2	2.75	0.51
1:B:53[A]:TYR:CE2	1:B:108:PRO:HB3	2.45	0.51
1:B:16:GLN:HE21	1:B:20:ASN:ND2	2.10	0.50
1:B:56:ILE:HG21	1:B:88:ILE:HD11	1.94	0.49
1:A:16:GLN:NE2	1:A:20:ASN:HD21	2.06	0.48
1:C:19:ILE:HD13	1:C:19:ILE:N	2.27	0.48
1:D:40:GLU:OE2	1:D:58:GLU:OE1	2.30	0.48
1:A:81:TYR:CZ	1:B:1[A]:MET:HG2	2.48	0.48
1:C:86:LYS:HA	1:C:86:LYS:HE2	1.96	0.48
1:B:56:ILE:HG22	1:B:88:ILE:HD11	1.96	0.47
1:C:49:SER:O	1:C:49:SER:OG	2.30	0.46
1:B:153:GLN:N	1:D:44:GLU:OE2	2.47	0.46
1:C:94:PHE:CD1	1:C:94:PHE:C	2.89	0.46
1:B:53[A]:TYR:HB3	1:B:106:LEU:HB3	1.97	0.46
1:B:59:ILE:HD13	1:B:95[B]:ARG:HG2	1.97	0.46
1:C:90:VAL:HG22	1:C:138:HIS:ND1	2.31	0.46
1:B:154:HIS:HB3	3:B:2100:HOH:O	2.16	0.46
1:D:157:TYR:O	1:D:158:PHE:HB3	2.17	0.45
1:C:127:GLU:O	1:C:131:GLN:NE2	2.43	0.45
1:A:88:ILE:HD13	1:A:88:ILE:HA	1.56	0.45
1:B:88:ILE:HD13	1:B:88:ILE:HA	1.68	0.45
1:C:15:HIS:NE2	1:C:19:ILE:HD11	2.32	0.44
1:B:16:GLN:HE21	1:B:20:ASN:HD21	1.64	0.44
1:A:136:ASN:ND2	3:A:2052:HOH:O	2.51	0.43
1:A:92:ASP:HB2	1:B:92:ASP:OD2	2.18	0.43
1:C:74:PRO:O	1:C:148:PHE:CD1	2.71	0.43

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:C:66:HIS:CE1	1:C:101:LYS:HD2	2.53	0.43
1:A:88:ILE:HD12	1:B:88:ILE:CG2	2.48	0.43
1:B:1[B]:MET:SD	1:B:54:GLU:HG2	2.59	0.42
1:A:89:SER:OG	1:B:57:LYS:HG3	2.19	0.42
1:B:141:LYS:NZ	1:D:42:ASP:OD2	2.51	0.42
1:D:136:ASN:HA	1:D:140:SER:HB3	2.01	0.41
1:A:88:ILE:HD12	1:A:88:ILE:HG23	1.62	0.41
1:B:136:ASN:ND2	3:B:2084:HOH:O	2.49	0.41
1:B:53[B]:TYR:CZ	1:B:115:LYS:HE2	2.56	0.41
1:D:91:ASP:O	1:D:93:ASN:N	2.52	0.41
1:A:57:LYS:HG2	1:A:58:GLU:N	2.36	0.41
1:B:1[B]:MET:HE1	1:B:54:GLU:OE1	2.21	0.41
1:B:16:GLN:NE2	1:B:20:ASN:HD21	2.19	0.41
1:D:56[B]:ILE:HD12	1:D:105:LEU:HG	2.03	0.41
1:C:127:GLU:HA	1:C:127:GLU:OE1	2.21	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	157/167 (94%)	153 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
1	B	163/167 (98%)	159 (98%)	4 (2%)	0	100	100
1	C	155/167 (93%)	152 (98%)	3 (2%)	0	100	100
1	D	160/167 (96%)	158 (99%)	2 (1%)	0	100	100
All	All	635/668 (95%)	622 (98%)	13 (2%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	140/149 (94%)	136 (97%)	4 (3%)	42	26
1	B	150/149 (101%)	146 (97%)	4 (3%)	44	29
1	C	138/149 (93%)	135 (98%)	3 (2%)	52	36
1	D	146/149 (98%)	139 (95%)	7 (5%)	25	10
All	All	574/596 (96%)	556 (97%)	18 (3%)	42	23

All (18) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	48	LYS
1	A	86	LYS
1	A	92	ASP
1	A	136	ASN
1	B	25	GLN
1	B	49	SER
1	B	95[A]	ARG
1	B	95[B]	ARG
1	C	49	SER
1	C	86	LYS
1	C	110	LYS
1	D	18[A]	LYS
1	D	18[B]	LYS
1	D	30	SER
1	D	95	ARG
1	D	131	GLN
1	D	136	ASN
1	D	148	PHE

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (14) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	20	ASN

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Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	66	HIS
1	A	136	ASN
1	A	138	HIS
1	B	16	GLN
1	B	20	ASN
1	B	21	ASN
1	B	28	GLN
1	B	136	ASN
1	B	138	HIS
1	B	153	GLN
1	C	79	HIS
1	D	96	ASN
1	D	131	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z > 2$
2	FMT	B	1000	-	2,2,2	1.54	1 (50%)	1,1,1	0.83	0

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z > 2
2	FMT	C	1000	-	2,2,2	0.79	0	1,1,1	0.30	0
2	FMT	A	1000	-	2,2,2	1.11	0	1,1,1	0.80	0
2	FMT	D	1000	-	2,2,2	0.29	0	1,1,1	1.08	0

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	B	1000	FMT	O2-C	2.06	1.39	1.28

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no torsion outliers.

There are no ring outliers.

No monomer is involved in short contacts.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	160/167 (95%)	-0.05	2 (1%) 77 78	14, 24, 37, 49	0
1	B	162/167 (97%)	-0.23	2 (1%) 79 79	11, 19, 33, 45	0
1	C	158/167 (94%)	0.49	12 (7%) 13 13	17, 31, 47, 58	0
1	D	159/167 (95%)	0.17	5 (3%) 49 47	13, 23, 46, 65	0
All	All	639/668 (95%)	0.09	21 (3%) 46 44	11, 24, 45, 65	0

All (21) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	D	93	ASN	5.8
1	C	131	GLN	5.4
1	C	93	ASN	5.1
1	B	153	GLN	4.6
1	C	124	HIS	4.1
1	D	146	HIS	3.2
1	C	133	ASP	3.1
1	D	142	ASP	2.9
1	C	142	ASP	2.6
1	C	19	ILE	2.6
1	D	92	ASP	2.6
1	C	128	ASP	2.5
1	C	42	ASP	2.5
1	D	96	ASN	2.5
1	C	16	GLN	2.4
1	C	92	ASP	2.4
1	C	96	ASN	2.4
1	C	98	GLY	2.3
1	A	81	TYR	2.3
1	A	48	LYS	2.2
1	B	49	SER	2.1

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q< 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors(\AA^2)	Q<0.9
2	FMT	C	1000	3/3	0.64	0.26	25,25,26,27	0
2	FMT	B	1000	3/3	0.96	0.30	29,29,30,32	0
2	FMT	A	1000	3/3	0.98	0.26	33,33,36,39	0
2	FMT	D	1000	3/3	0.99	0.05	15,15,17,18	0

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.