



# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Oct 25, 2023 – 07:47 AM EDT

PDB ID : 3FWQ  
Title : Inactive conformation of human protein kinase CK2 catalytic subunit  
Authors : Niefind, K.; Raaf, J.; Issinger, O.G.  
Deposited on : 2009-01-19  
Resolution : 2.30 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at [validation@mail.wwpdb.org](mailto:validation@mail.wwpdb.org)

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

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The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467  
Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)  
Xtrriage (Phenix) : 1.13  
EDS : 2.36  
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)  
Refmac : 5.8.0158  
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)  
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)  
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)  
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

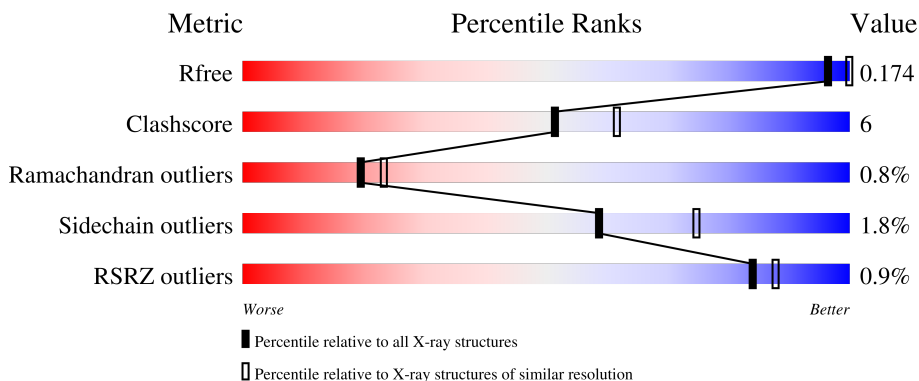
# 1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

*X-RAY DIFFRACTION*


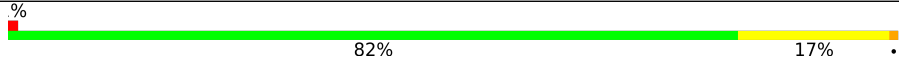
The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
$R_{free}$	130704	5042 (2.30-2.30)
Clashscore	141614	5643 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5575 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5575 (2.30-2.30)
RSRZ outliers	127900	4938 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for  $\geq 3$ , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions  $\leq 5\%$ . The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	335	
1	B	335	

## 2 Entry composition [i](#)

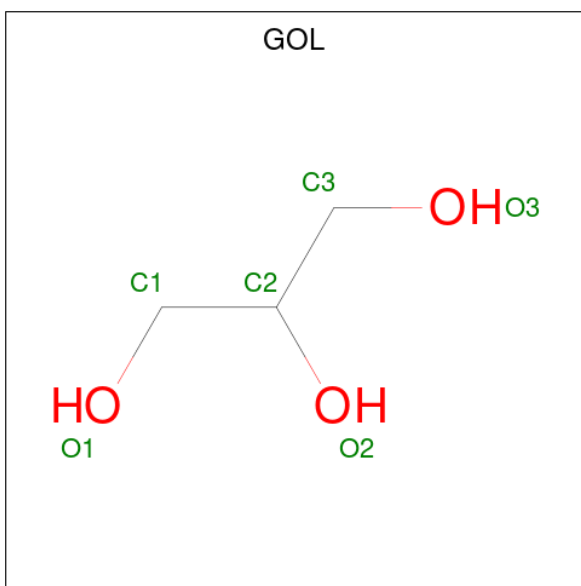
There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 5866 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Casein kinase II subunit alpha.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	334	Total 2817	C 1802	N 497	O 506	S 12	0	0	0
1	B	334	Total 2817	C 1802	N 497	O 506	S 12	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is GLYCEROL (three-letter code: GOL) (formula: C<sub>3</sub>H<sub>8</sub>O<sub>3</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	C	O		
2	A	1	Total 6	C 3	O 3	0	0
2	A	1	Total 6	C 3	O 3	0	0
2	B	1	Total 6	C 3	O 3	0	0

- Molecule 3 is SULFATE ION (three-letter code: SO4) (formula: O<sub>4</sub>S).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	1	Total O S 5 4 1	0	0

- Molecule 4 is CHLORIDE ION (three-letter code: CL) (formula: Cl).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	3	Total Cl 3 3	0	0
4	B	2	Total Cl 2 2	0	0

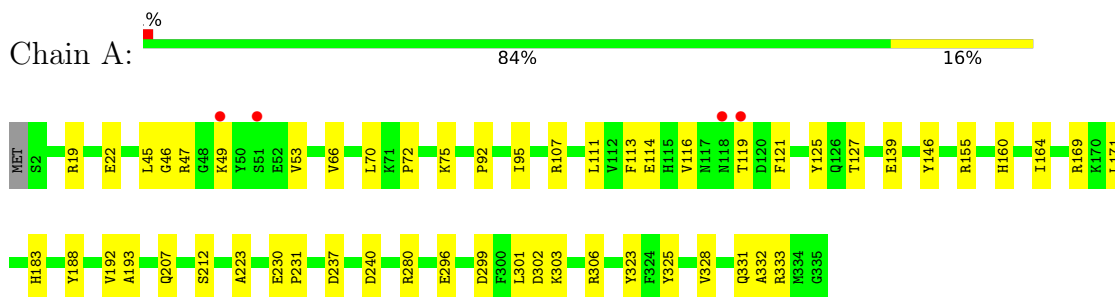
- Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	101	Total O 101 101	0	0
5	B	103	Total O 103 103	0	0

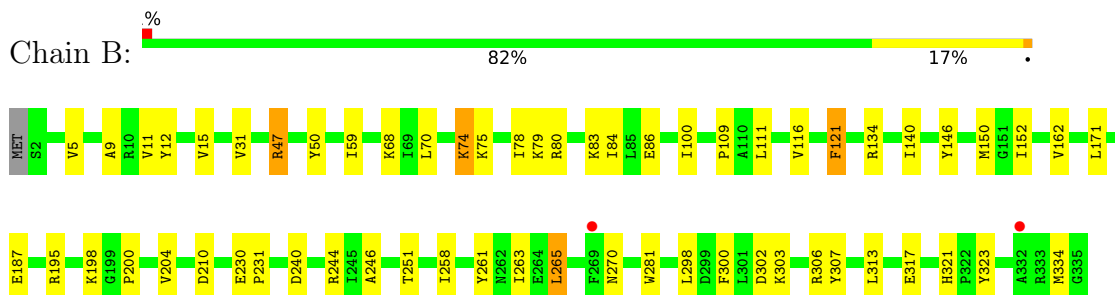
### 3 Residue-property plots

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ( $RSRZ > 2$ ). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

- Molecule 1: Casein kinase II subunit alpha



- Molecule 1: Casein kinase II subunit alpha



## 4 Data and refinement statistics

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	71.32Å 71.32Å 125.68Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	34.30 – 2.30 34.31 – 2.30	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	96.9 (34.30-2.30) 96.9 (34.31-2.30)	Depositor EDS
$R_{merge}$	0.10	Depositor
$R_{sym}$	0.10	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ <sup>1</sup>	1.29 (at 2.29Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.5.0063	Depositor
R, $R_{free}$	0.170 , 0.233 0.176 , 0.174	Depositor DCC
$R_{free}$ test set	1251 reflections (4.63%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å <sup>2</sup> )	41.6	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.273	Xtriage
Bulk solvent $k_{sol}$ (e/Å <sup>3</sup> ), $B_{sol}$ (Å <sup>2</sup> )	0.33 , 26.5	EDS
L-test for twinning <sup>2</sup>	$\langle  L  \rangle = 0.51$ , $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.35$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.487 for h,-k,-l	Xtriage
Reported twinning fraction	0.501 for h,k,l 0.499 for -h,k,-l	Depositor
Outliers	0 of 27001 reflections	Xtriage
$F_o, F_c$ correlation	0.96	EDS
Total number of atoms	5866	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	50.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 8.19% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

<sup>1</sup>Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

<sup>2</sup>Theoretical values of  $\langle |L| \rangle$ ,  $\langle L^2 \rangle$  for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

## 5 Model quality [i](#)

### 5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: GOL, CL, SO4

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 5$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z  >5	RMSZ	# Z  >5
1	A	0.33	0/2892	0.48	0/3908
1	B	0.33	0/2892	0.49	0/3908
All	All	0.33	0/5784	0.48	0/7816

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	2817	0	2760	29	0
1	B	2817	0	2760	38	0
2	A	12	0	16	0	0
2	B	6	0	8	1	0
3	A	5	0	0	0	0
4	A	3	0	0	0	0
4	B	2	0	0	0	0
5	A	101	0	0	2	0
5	B	103	0	0	1	0
All	All	5866	0	5544	63	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including

hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (63) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:265:LEU:HD22	1:B:270:ASN:HD21	1.47	0.79
1:A:188:TYR:O	1:A:207:GLN:HG3	1.87	0.75
1:A:70:LEU:HD11	1:A:111:LEU:HG	1.77	0.66
1:B:47:ARG:HD3	1:B:50:TYR:HB3	1.81	0.63
1:B:75:LYS:HA	1:B:78:ILE:HD12	1.81	0.62
1:B:281:TRP:HB3	1:B:298:LEU:HD22	1.82	0.60
1:A:331:GLN:NE2	1:B:12:TYR:H	2.00	0.59
1:A:183:HIS:HE1	5:A:348:HOH:O	1.85	0.58
1:A:121:PHE:CD1	1:A:164:ILE:HD12	2.39	0.57
1:A:296:GLU:HG3	1:A:323:TYR:HA	1.85	0.57
1:A:95:ILE:HG12	1:A:113:PHE:CD1	2.41	0.56
1:B:78:ILE:HD13	1:B:109:PRO:HG3	1.88	0.55
1:B:83:LYS:HA	1:B:86:GLU:HG2	1.88	0.54
1:B:303:LYS:HB3	1:B:313:LEU:HG	1.89	0.54
1:B:68:LYS:HD3	1:B:111:LEU:HD12	1.91	0.53
1:A:119:THR:HB	1:A:164:ILE:O	2.09	0.53
1:B:258:ILE:HG23	1:B:263:ILE:HB	1.91	0.52
1:B:187:GLU:H	1:B:187:GLU:CD	2.14	0.51
1:A:19:ARG:HG2	1:B:334:MET:HG3	1.94	0.49
1:A:331:GLN:HE22	1:B:12:TYR:H	1.60	0.49
1:A:22:GLU:H	1:A:22:GLU:CD	2.14	0.49
1:B:300:PHE:HB2	1:B:321:HIS:CE1	2.48	0.48
1:A:223:ALA:HB2	1:A:301:LEU:HD11	1.95	0.48
1:B:140:ILE:HG13	1:B:171:LEU:HD11	1.96	0.47
1:A:331:GLN:HE22	1:B:11:VAL:HA	1.80	0.47
1:B:313:LEU:HD22	1:B:317:GLU:HB3	1.96	0.47
1:B:230:GLU:HA	1:B:231:PRO:HA	1.82	0.46
1:B:306:ARG:HH11	2:B:336:GOL:H32	1.79	0.46
1:A:299:ASP:OD1	1:A:303:LYS:HE3	2.16	0.46
1:B:258:ILE:HD13	1:B:265:LEU:HD23	1.97	0.45
1:A:230:GLU:HA	1:A:231:PRO:HA	1.86	0.45
1:B:240:ASP:O	1:B:244:ARG:HG2	2.17	0.45
1:B:9:ALA:HB2	1:B:210:ASP:CB	2.47	0.45
1:B:265:LEU:HD22	1:B:270:ASN:ND2	2.23	0.45
1:A:155:ARG:CZ	1:A:192:VAL:HG11	2.46	0.45
1:B:195:ARG:HA	1:B:198:LYS:HE2	1.99	0.45
1:B:74:LYS:H	1:B:74:LYS:HD2	1.81	0.44
1:B:200:PRO:HG2	1:B:307:TYR:HA	2.00	0.44

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:146:TYR:O	1:B:150:MET:HG2	2.17	0.44
1:A:237:ASP:HB3	1:A:240:ASP:H	1.82	0.44
1:A:49:LYS:HA	1:A:49:LYS:HD2	1.78	0.44
1:B:84:ILE:HG23	1:B:152:ILE:HD13	2.00	0.44
1:A:325:TYR:O	1:A:328:VAL:HG22	2.18	0.43
1:B:5:VAL:HB	1:B:261:TYR:HA	2.01	0.43
1:B:12:TYR:O	1:B:15:VAL:HG22	2.18	0.43
1:A:107:ARG:HA	1:A:107:ARG:HD2	1.91	0.43
1:A:47:ARG:NH2	1:A:160:HIS:O	2.52	0.43
1:A:333:ARG:NH1	5:A:475:HOH:O	2.51	0.42
1:A:302:ASP:O	1:A:306:ARG:NE	2.52	0.42
1:B:134:ARG:HG2	1:B:323:TYR:CZ	2.54	0.42
1:A:66:VAL:HG21	1:A:116:VAL:HB	2.02	0.41
1:B:298:LEU:O	1:B:302:ASP:HB2	2.21	0.41
1:A:45:LEU:HB2	1:A:53:VAL:HG12	2.02	0.41
1:B:121:PHE:HB2	1:B:162:VAL:HB	2.01	0.41
1:B:200:PRO:O	1:B:204:VAL:HG22	2.20	0.41
1:B:70:LEU:HD12	1:B:109:PRO:HB2	2.03	0.41
1:A:92:PRO:HD2	1:A:146:TYR:CG	2.56	0.41
1:A:75:LYS:H	1:A:75:LYS:HG3	1.73	0.40
1:A:139:GLU:HB2	1:A:171:LEU:HD13	2.02	0.40
1:A:169:ARG:HH22	1:A:332:ALA:HA	1.86	0.40
1:B:80:ARG:NH2	5:B:413:HOH:O	2.53	0.40
1:B:246:ALA:HA	1:B:307:TYR:OH	2.21	0.40
1:B:31:VAL:HG23	1:B:79:LYS:HE2	2.03	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

## 5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

### 5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	332/335 (99%)	316 (95%)	13 (4%)	3 (1%)	<b>17</b> <b>20</b>

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Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	B	332/335 (99%)	311 (94%)	19 (6%)	2 (1%)	25	31
All	All	664/670 (99%)	627 (94%)	32 (5%)	5 (1%)	19	23

All (5) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	46	GLY
1	A	193	ALA
1	B	47	ARG
1	A	72	PRO
1	B	59	ILE

### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	306/307 (100%)	301 (98%)	5 (2%)	62	78
1	B	306/307 (100%)	300 (98%)	6 (2%)	55	72
All	All	612/614 (100%)	601 (98%)	11 (2%)	59	75

All (11) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	114	GLU
1	A	125	TYR
1	A	127	THR
1	A	212	SER
1	A	280	ARG
1	B	74	LYS
1	B	100	ILE
1	B	116	VAL
1	B	121	PHE
1	B	251	THR
1	B	265	LEU

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (4) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	29	HIS
1	A	331	GLN
1	B	189	ASN
1	B	207	GLN

### 5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

Of 9 ligands modelled in this entry, 5 are monoatomic - leaving 4 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with  $|Z| > 2$  is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\# Z  > 2$
3	SO4	A	338	-	4,4,4	0.13	0	6,6,6	0.16	0
2	GOL	A	336	-	5,5,5	0.35	0	5,5,5	0.18	0
2	GOL	A	337	-	5,5,5	0.39	0	5,5,5	0.22	0
2	GOL	B	336	-	5,5,5	0.30	0	5,5,5	0.47	0

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns.

'-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GOL	A	336	-	-	0/4/4/4	-
2	GOL	A	337	-	-	2/4/4/4	-
2	GOL	B	336	-	-	2/4/4/4	-

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

All (4) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	B	336	GOL	O1-C1-C2-C3
2	B	336	GOL	O1-C1-C2-O2
2	A	337	GOL	O2-C2-C3-O3
2	A	337	GOL	C1-C2-C3-O3

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	336	GOL	1	0

## 5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

## 5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

## 6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled '#RSRZ > 2' contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å <sup>2</sup> )	Q<0.9
1	A	334/335 (99%)	-0.40	4 (1%) 79 83	30, 48, 76, 87	0
1	B	334/335 (99%)	-0.40	2 (0%) 89 92	32, 49, 75, 86	0
All	All	668/670 (99%)	-0.40	6 (0%) 84 88	30, 49, 76, 87	0

All (6) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	118	ASN	3.2
1	A	51	SER	2.9
1	A	49	LYS	2.6
1	B	332	ALA	2.4
1	B	269	PHE	2.1
1	A	119	THR	2.0

### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

### 6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

### 6.4 Ligands [i](#)

In the following table, the Atoms column lists the number of modelled atoms in the group and the number defined in the chemical component dictionary. The B-factors column lists the minimum, median, 95<sup>th</sup> percentile and maximum values of B factors of atoms in the group. The column labelled 'Q < 0.9' lists the number of atoms with occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Atoms	RSCC	RSR	B-factors( $\text{\AA}^2$ )	Q<0.9
2	GOL	A	337	6/6	0.90	0.17	60,61,61,61	0
2	GOL	B	336	6/6	0.94	0.12	42,45,47,49	0
2	GOL	A	336	6/6	0.96	0.15	31,36,39,43	0
4	CL	A	340	1/1	0.97	0.07	48,48,48,48	0
4	CL	B	338	1/1	0.97	0.10	53,53,53,53	0
3	SO4	A	338	5/5	0.99	0.10	36,42,43,46	0
4	CL	A	341	1/1	0.99	0.05	42,42,42,42	0
4	CL	B	337	1/1	0.99	0.08	34,34,34,34	0
4	CL	A	339	1/1	0.99	0.08	37,37,37,37	0

## 6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.