W O R L D W I D E

wwPDB

P R O T E I N   D A T A   B A N K

Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Oct 24, 2024 – 08:10 AM EDT

PDB ID	:	2QNR
Title	:	Human septin 2 in complex with GDP
Authors	:	Rabeh, W.M.; Nedyalkova, L.; Tempel, W.; Landry, R.; Crombet, L.; Kozieradzki, I.; Senisterra, G.; Vedadi, M.; Arrowsmith, C.H.; Edwards, A.M.; Sundstrom, M.; Weigelt, J.; Bochkarev, A.; Park, H.; Structural Genomics Consortium (SGC)
Deposited on	:	2007-07-19
Resolution	:	2.60 Å(reported)

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

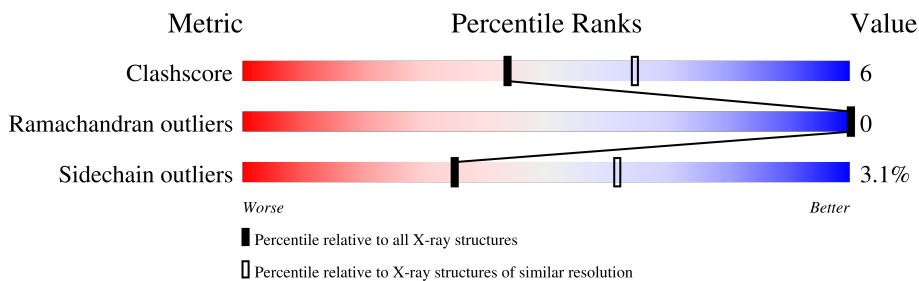|		
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	2022.3.0, CSD as543be (2022)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.20.1
EDS	:	FAILED
buster-report	:	1.1.7 (2018)
Percentile statistics	:	20231227.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 27th 2023)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.39

1   Overall quality at a glance ⓘ

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.

Metric	Percentile Ranks	Value
Clashscore		6
Ramachandran outliers		0
Sidechain outliers		3.1%

Worse   *Better*

▉ Percentile relative to all X-ray structures

▯ Percentile relative to X-ray structures of similar resolution

Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	180529	4181 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	177936	4129 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	177891	4129 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5% The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Note EDS failed to run properly.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	301	64% 8% 28%
1	B	301	67% 10% • 22%

WORLDWIDE
PDB
PROTEIN DATA BANK

2 Entry composition ⓘ

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 3575 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called Septin-2.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms							ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
1	A	218	Total	C	N	O	S	Se		0	0	0
			1685	1082	292	305	2	4				
1	B	236	Total	C	N	O	S	Se		0	0	0
			1830	1174	314	334	4	4				

There are 6 discrepancies between the modelled and reference sequences:

Chain	Residue	Modelled	Actual	Comment	Reference
A	20	GLY	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q15019
A	21	SER	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q15019
A	69	SER	PRO	variant	UNP Q15019
B	20	GLY	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q15019
B	21	SER	-	cloning artifact	UNP Q15019
B	69	SER	PRO	variant	UNP Q15019

- Molecule 2 is GUANOSINE-5'-DIPHOSPHATE (three-letter code: GDP) (formula: $C_{10}H_{15}N_5O_{11}P_2$).
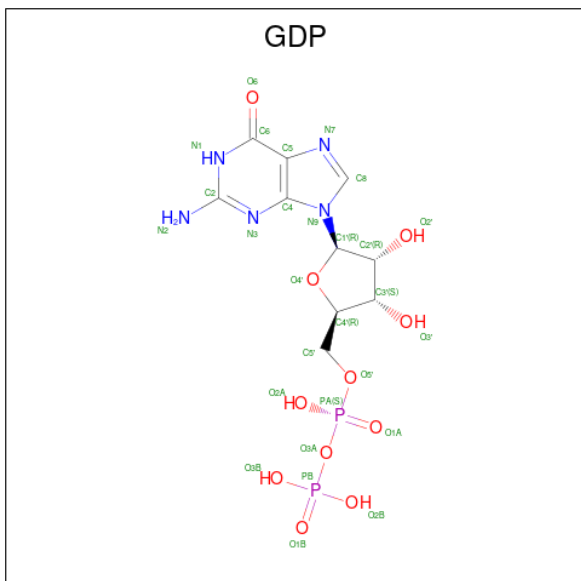
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf
2	A	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			28	10	5	11	2		
2	B	1	Total	C	N	O	P	0	0
			28	10	5	11	2		

- Molecule 3 is UNKNOWN ATOM OR ION (three-letter code: UNX) (formula: X).

| Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	2	Total	X	0	0
			2	2		
3	B	2	Total	X	0	0
			2	2		

3 Residue-property plots ⓘ

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density (RSRZ > 2). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS failed to run properly.

• Molecule 1: Septin-2

Chain A:

• Molecule 1: Septin-2

Chain B:
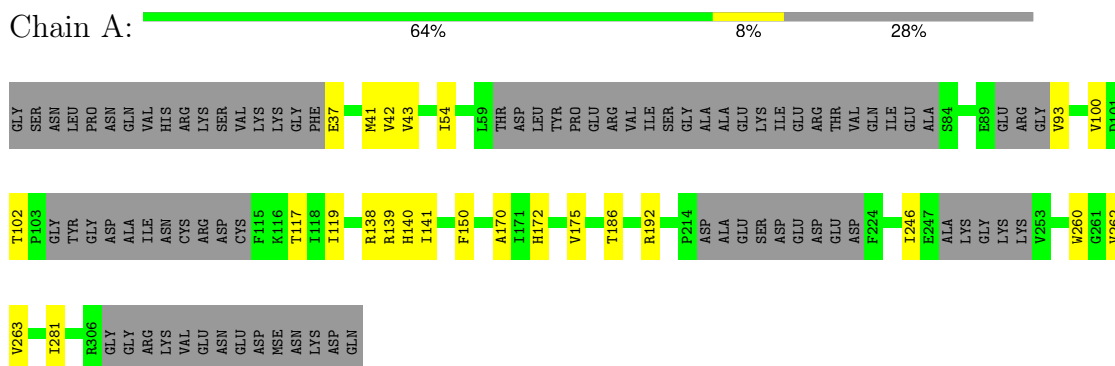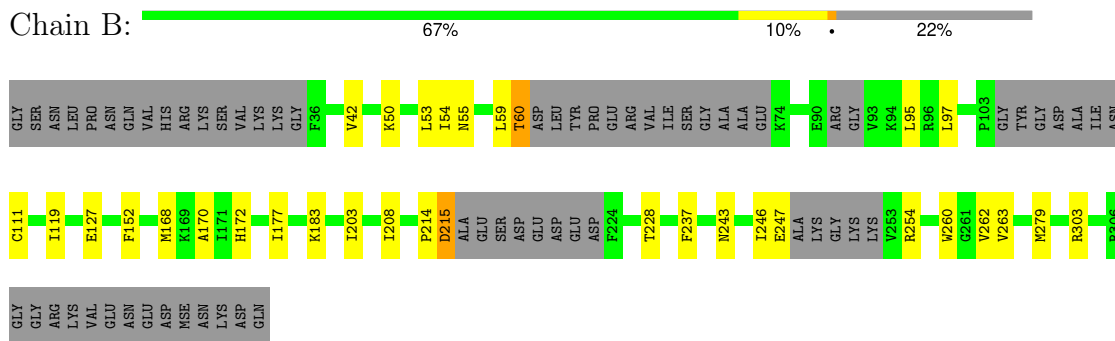
4 Data and refinement statistics ⓘ

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	164.54Å 52.30Å 110.94Å 90.00° 132.48° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	20.00 – 2.60	Depositor
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	97.2 (20.00-2.60)	Depositor
R_{merge}	0.06	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	5.30 (at 2.59Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC refmac_5.2.0019	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.234 , 0.293	Depositor
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	63.7	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.279	Xtriage
L-test for twinning[2]	$< |L| > = 0.50$, $< L^2 > = 0.34$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.013 for -h-2*l,-k,l	Xtriage
Total number of atoms	3575	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	27.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 6.33% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

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[1]Intensities estimated from amplitudes.
[2]Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality ⓘ

5.1 Standard geometry ⓘ

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: UNX, GDP

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$|Z|$>5	RMSZ	#$|Z|$>5
1	A	0.69	0/1709	0.66	0/2305
1	B	0.72	0/1855	0.68	0/2498
All	All	0.71	0/3564	0.67	0/4803

There are no bond length outliers.

There are no bond angle outliers.

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts ⓘ

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1685	0	1621	20	0
1	B	1830	0	1755	27	0
2	A	28	0	12	0	0
2	B	28	0	12	2	0
3	A	2	0	0	0	0
3	B	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	3575	0	3400	42	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (42) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash

magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:43:VAL:HG22	1:A:100:VAL:CG2	2.09	0.83
1:B:95:LEU:HD21	1:B:97:LEU:HD21	1.61	0.80
1:A:260:TRP:CE2	1:B:263:VAL:HG22	2.25	0.72
1:B:95:LEU:CD2	1:B:97:LEU:HD21	2.21	0.71
1:B:42:VAL:HG21	1:B:54:ILE:HD11	1.74	0.70
1:A:263:VAL:HG22	1:B:260:TRP:CE2	2.29	0.67
1:B:203:ILE:HG23	1:B:208:ILE:HB	1.80	0.63
1:A:260:TRP:CD2	1:B:263:VAL:HG22	2.37	0.59
1:B:127:GLU:OE1	1:B:303:ARG:NE	2.35	0.58
1:A:186:THR:O	1:A:186:THR:HG22	2.05	0.56
1:A:246:ILE:HG21	1:A:262:VAL:HG11	1.90	0.55
1:B:183:LYS:HG2	2:B:1401:GDP:C2	2.43	0.54
1:A:260:TRP:CE2	1:B:263:VAL:CG2	2.93	0.52
1:B:119:ILE:HD11	1:B:170:ALA:HB1	1.93	0.51
1:B:203:ILE:HA	1:B:208:ILE:HD12	1.93	0.50
1:B:246:ILE:HG22	1:B:247:GLU:N	2.26	0.50
1:A:42:VAL:HG21	1:A:54:ILE:HD11	1.93	0.50
1:B:214:PRO:O	1:B:215:ASP:HB2	2.11	0.50
1:B:59:LEU:O	1:B:60:THR:HG23	2.12	0.49
1:A:41:MSE:HG2	1:A:43:VAL:HG23	1.94	0.48
1:B:237:PHE:HE1	1:B:279:MSE:HE2	1.78	0.48
1:B:243:ASN:HA	1:B:254:ARG:HH21	1.79	0.48
1:A:138:ARG:O	1:A:141:ILE:HG13	2.14	0.48
1:B:53:LEU:HD22	1:B:152:PHE:HZ	1.80	0.46
1:A:37:GLU:N	1:A:93:VAL:HG22	2.31	0.46
1:A:186:THR:O	1:A:186:THR:CG2	2.64	0.46
1:B:237:PHE:CE1	1:B:279:MSE:HE2	2.51	0.45
1:A:138:ARG:O	1:A:140:HIS:N	2.49	0.45
1:B:55:ASN:O	1:B:59:LEU:N	2.49	0.45
1:A:119:ILE:HD11	1:A:170:ALA:HB1	1.99	0.45
1:A:139:ARG:O	1:A:140:HIS:CG	2.70	0.45
1:B:246:ILE:CG2	1:B:247:GLU:N	2.79	0.45
1:B:59:LEU:HA	1:B:254:ARG:HH12	1.82	0.44
1:A:42:VAL:HG13	1:A:150:PHE:HB2	2.01	0.43
1:B:168:MSE:HE2	1:B:177:ILE:HG21	2.01	0.43
1:A:37:GLU:N	1:A:93:VAL:CG2	2.82	0.43
1:A:263:VAL:HG22	1:B:260:TRP:CD2	2.53	0.42
1:B:42:VAL:HG12	1:B:50:LYS:HD2	2.01	0.42
1:A:43:VAL:HG22	1:A:100:VAL:HG23	1.98	0.42
1:A:138:ARG:C	1:A:140:HIS:H	2.23	0.42
1:B:246:ILE:HG21	1:B:262:VAL:HG11	2.02	0.41

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Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:B:183:LYS:HG2	2:B:1401:GDP:N1	2.36	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles ⓘ

5.3.1 Protein backbone ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	206/301 (68%)	195 (95%)	11 (5%)	0	100	100
1	B	224/301 (74%)	217 (97%)	7 (3%)	0	100	100
All	All	430/602 (71%)	412 (96%)	18 (4%)	0	100	100

There are no Ramachandran outliers to report.

5.3.2 Protein sidechains ⓘ

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	173/267 (65%)	167 (96%)	6 (4%)	31	57
1	B	187/267 (70%)	182 (97%)	5 (3%)	40	66
All	All	360/534 (67%)	349 (97%)	11 (3%)	35	62

All (11) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	102	THR
1	A	117	THR
1	A	172	HIS
1	A	175	VAL
1	A	192	ARG
1	A	281	ILE
1	B	60	THR
1	B	111	CYS
1	B	172	HIS
1	B	215	ASP
1	B	228	THR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	285	GLN

5.3.3 RNA ⓘ

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates ⓘ

There are no oligosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry ⓘ

Of 6 ligands modelled in this entry, 4 are unknown - leaving 2 for Mogul analysis.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	#$\|Z\|>2$	Counts	RMSZ	#$\|Z\|>2$
2	GDP	A	1401	-	25,30,30	1.11	3 (12%)	30,47,47	1.43	5 (16%)
2	GDP	B	1401	-	25,30,30	1.22	1 (4%)	30,47,47	1.19	4 (13%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	GDP	A	1401	-	-	0/12/32/32	0/3/3/3
2	GDP	B	1401	-	-	3/12/32/32	0/3/3/3

All (4) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
2	A	1401	GDP	PA-O3A	2.36	1.62	1.59
2	A	1401	GDP	C2-N3	2.19	1.38	1.33
2	A	1401	GDP	O4'-C1'	2.14	1.43	1.40
2	B	1401	GDP	C6-N1	-2.07	1.34	1.37

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(º)	Ideal(º)
2	A	1401	GDP	O6-C6-C5	-3.32	117.74	124.32
2	A	1401	GDP	C8-N7-C5	3.28	108.13	102.55
2	B	1401	GDP	C8-N7-C5	3.13	107.88	102.55
2	A	1401	GDP	C5-C6-N1	2.59	119.01	114.07
2	B	1401	GDP	O2'-C2'-C3'	-2.44	103.98	111.82
2	A	1401	GDP	O6-C6-N1	2.21	123.24	120.62
2	B	1401	GDP	O2A-PA-O3A	2.20	113.23	107.27
2	B	1401	GDP	C4'-O4'-C1'	-2.20	107.91	109.92
2	A	1401	GDP	C2-N1-C6	-2.17	121.14	125.11

There are no chirality outliers.

All (3) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	B	1401	GDP	C5'-O5'-PA-O3A
2	B	1401	GDP	C5'-O5'-PA-O2A
2	B	1401	GDP	C5'-O5'-PA-O1A

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 2 short contacts:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	B	1401	GDP	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.

Ligand GDP A 1401

Ligand GDP B 1401

Bond lengths

Bond angles

Torsions

Rings
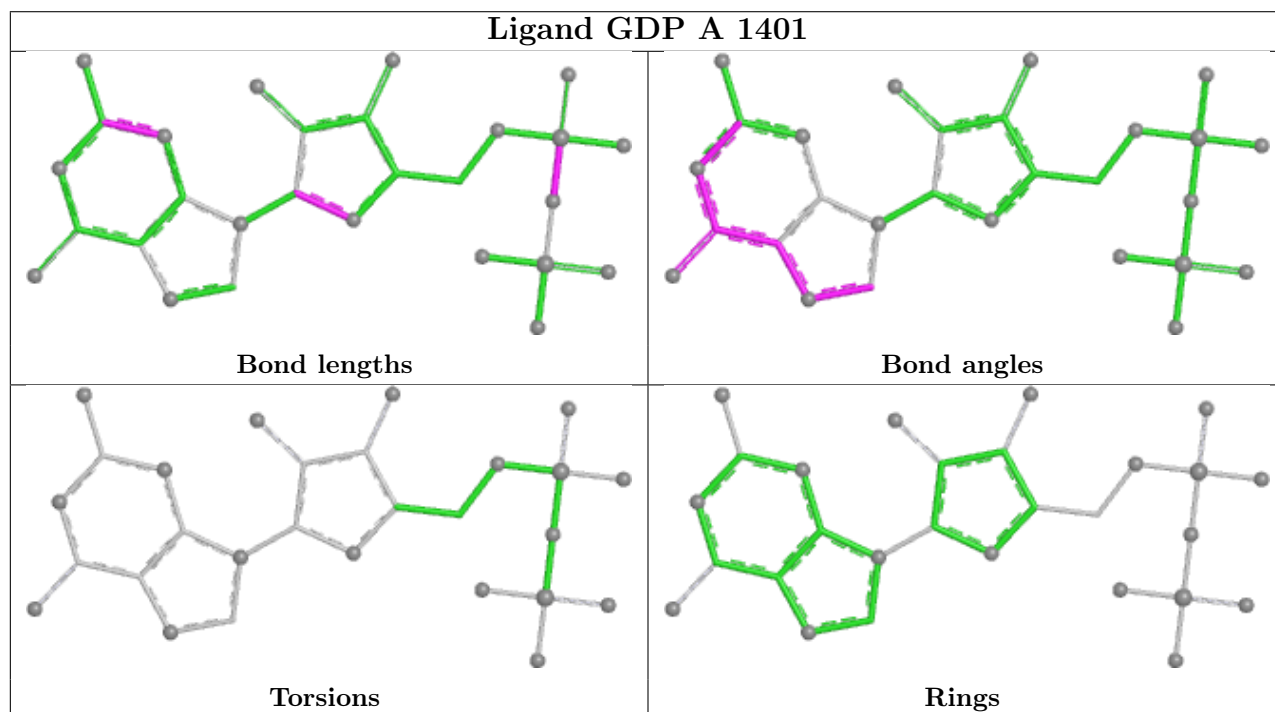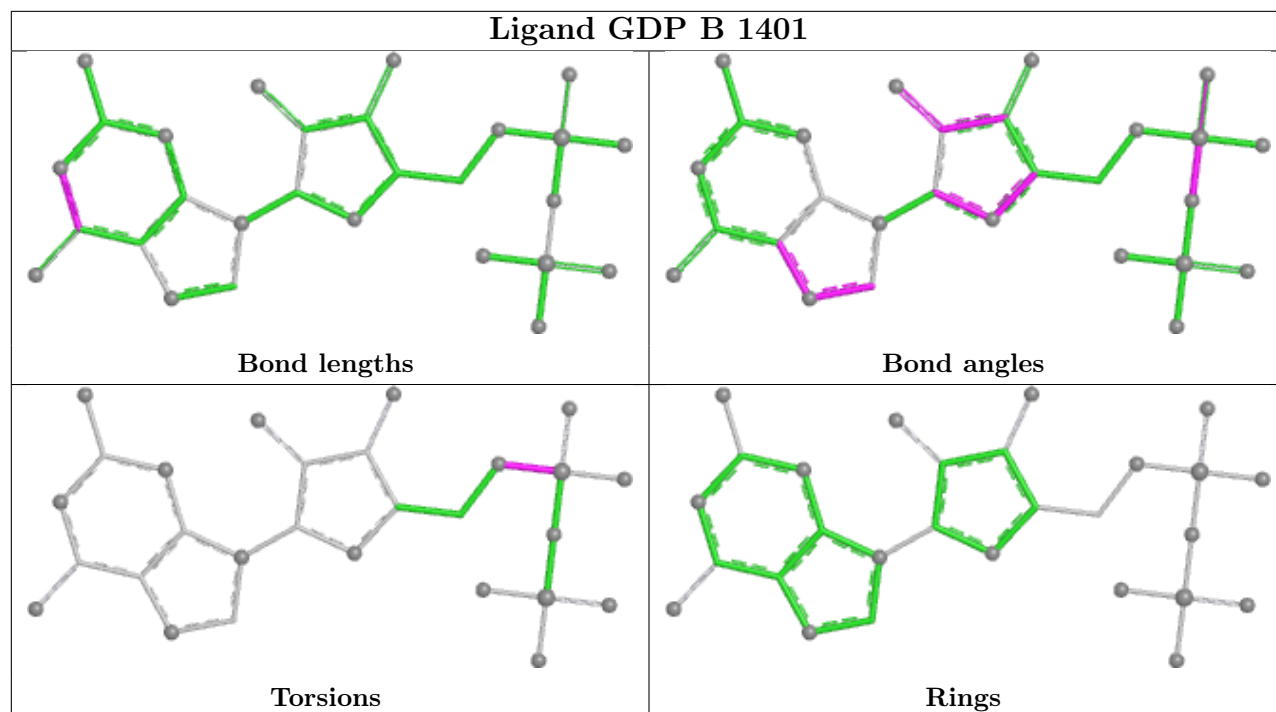
5.7   Other polymers ⓘ

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8   Polymer linkage issues ⓘ

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data ⓘ

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains ⓘ
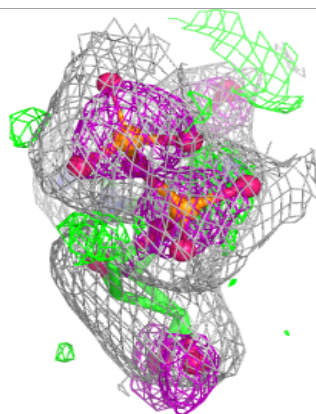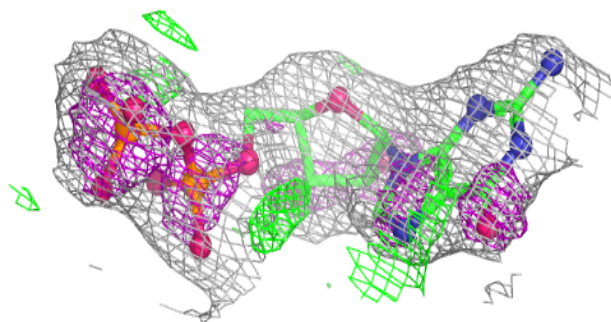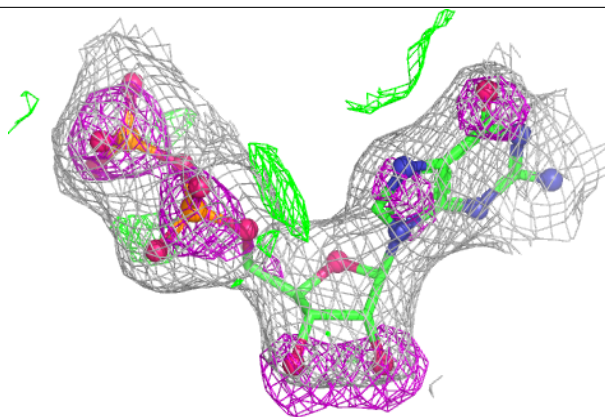
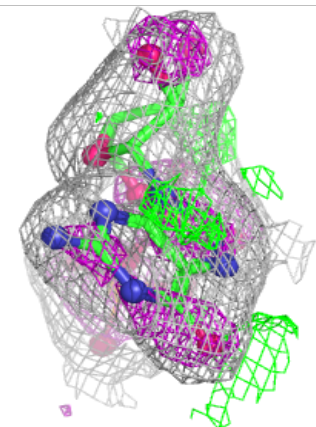EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains ⓘ

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates ⓘ

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands ⓘ

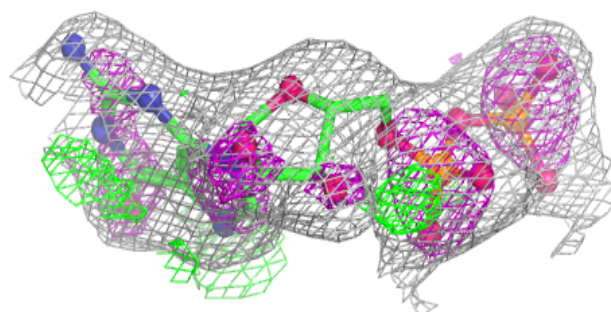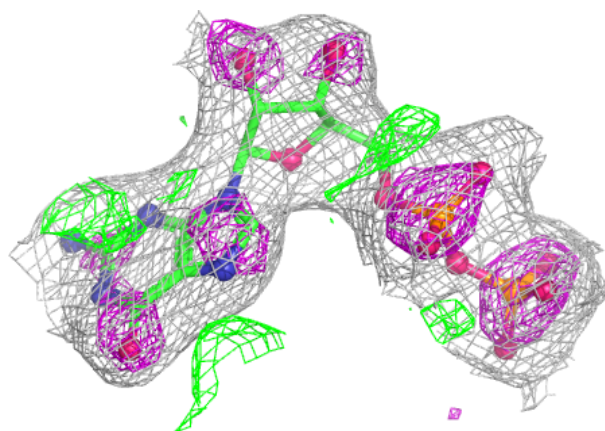EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.

The following is a graphical depiction of the model fit to experimental electron density of all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the geometry validation Tables will also be included. Each fit is shown from different orientation to approximate a three-dimensional view.

Electron density around GDP A 1401:

2mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

Electron density around GDP B 1401:

2mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 0.7 rmsd) in gray
mF$_o$-DF$_c$ (at 3 rmsd) in purple (negative)
and green (positive)

6.5 Other polymers ⓘ

EDS failed to run properly - this section is therefore empty.