



Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

Oct 15, 2023 – 11:57 PM EDT

PDB ID : 2EYT
Title : A structural basis for selection and cross-species reactivity of the semi-invariant NKT cell receptor in CD1d/glycolipid recognition
Authors : Kjer-Nielsen, L.; Borg, N.A.
Deposited on : 2005-11-09
Resolution : 2.60 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at validation@mail.wwpdb.org

A user guide is available at

<https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp>

with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at

<http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types>.

The following versions of software and data (see [references ⓘ](#)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity : 4.02b-467
Xtriage (Phenix) : 1.13
EDS : 2.36
Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac : 5.8.0158
CCP4 : 7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36

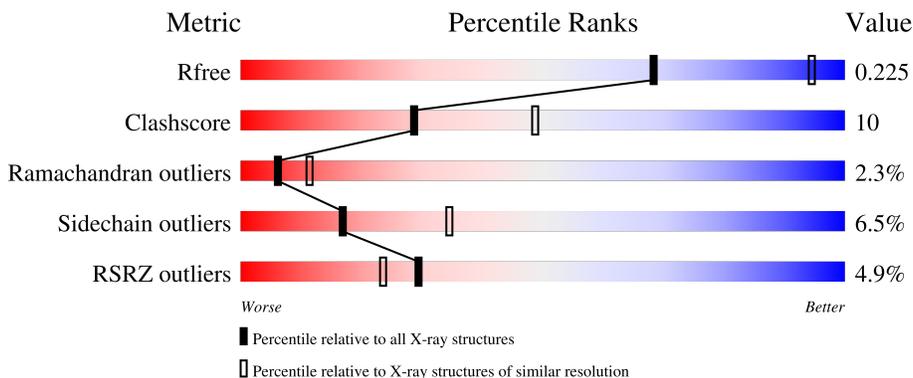
1 Overall quality at a glance

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:

X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.60 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
R_{free}	130704	3163 (2.60-2.60)
Clashscore	141614	3518 (2.60-2.60)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	3455 (2.60-2.60)
Sidechain outliers	138945	3455 (2.60-2.60)
RSRZ outliers	127900	3104 (2.60-2.60)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for ≥ 3 , 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions $\leq 5\%$. The upper red bar (where present) indicates the fraction of residues that have poor fit to the electron density. The numeric value is given above the bar.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	210	 4% 74% 18% . . .
1	C	210	 6% 79% 15% . .
2	B	243	 6% 72% 25% .
2	D	243	 4% 77% 19% .

2 Entry composition

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 7086 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called NKT15.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	202	1575	976	266	324	9	0	0	0
1	C	202	1575	976	266	324	9	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called NKT15.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
2	B	243	1952	1227	339	378	8	0	0	0
2	D	243	1952	1227	339	378	8	0	0	0

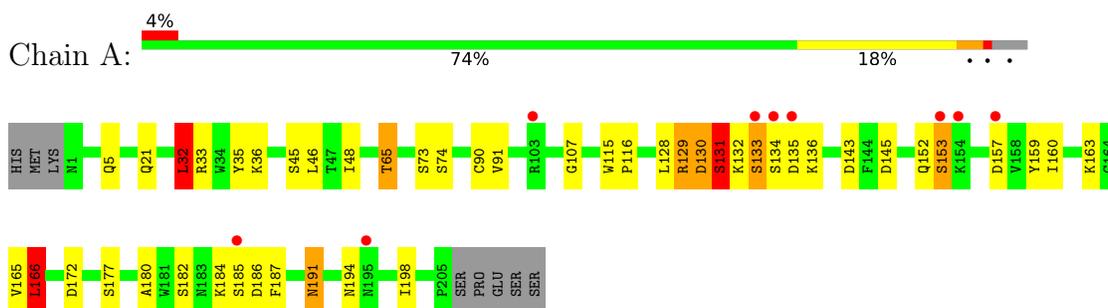
- Molecule 3 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
3	A	8	Total 8 O 8	0	0
3	B	9	Total 9 O 9	0	0
3	C	7	Total 7 O 7	0	0
3	D	8	Total 8 O 8	0	0

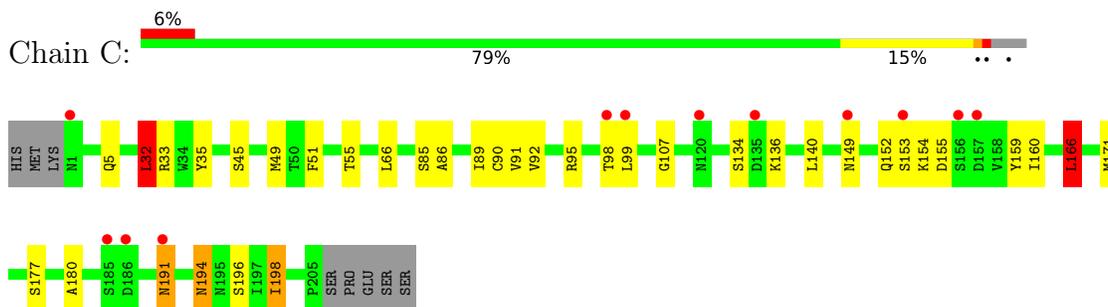
3 Residue-property plots [i](#)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry and electron density. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. A red dot above a residue indicates a poor fit to the electron density ($RSRZ > 2$). Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

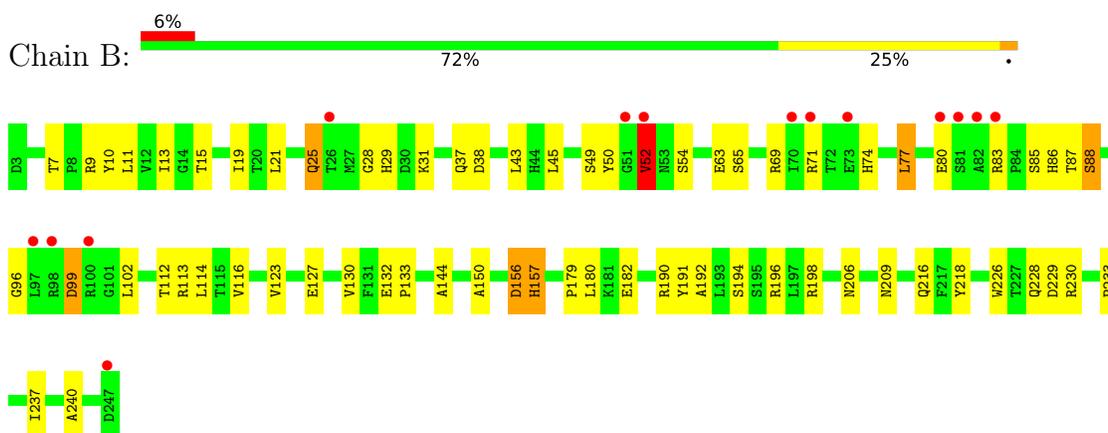
- Molecule 1: NKT15



- Molecule 1: NKT15

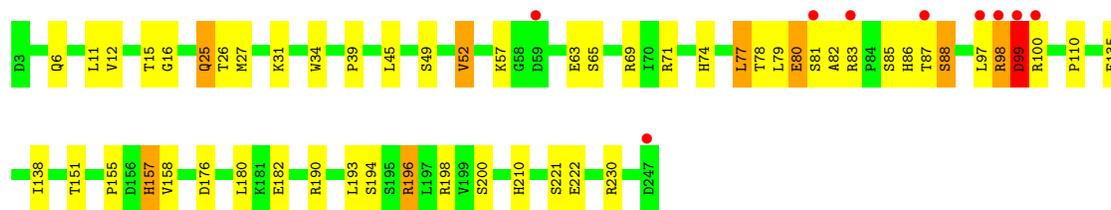


- Molecule 2: NKT15



- Molecule 2: NKT15





4 Data and refinement statistics i

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 32	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α , β , γ	66.67Å 66.67Å 182.41Å 90.00° 90.00° 120.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	60.86 – 2.60 19.69 – 2.60	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	98.5 (60.86-2.60) 98.7 (19.69-2.60)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$\langle I/\sigma(I) \rangle$ ¹	2.31 (at 2.59Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	REFMAC 5.2.0005	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.207 , 0.256 0.226 , 0.225	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	1363 reflections (4.96%)	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å ²)	43.3	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.405	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol} (e/Å ³), B_{sol} (Å ²)	0.31 , 26.7	EDS
L-test for twinning ²	$\langle L \rangle = 0.47$, $\langle L^2 \rangle = 0.30$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	0.019 for -h,-k,l 0.078 for h,-h-k,-l 0.039 for -k,-h,-l	Xtriage
F_o, F_c correlation	0.91	EDS
Total number of atoms	7086	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å ²)	41.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 4.52% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

¹Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

²Theoretical values of $\langle |L| \rangle$, $\langle L^2 \rangle$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality [i](#)

5.1 Standard geometry [i](#)

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	# Z >5	RMSZ	# Z >5
1	A	0.47	0/1606	0.64	3/2181 (0.1%)
1	C	0.50	1/1606 (0.1%)	0.62	3/2181 (0.1%)
2	B	0.46	0/2006	0.60	0/2729
2	D	0.50	0/2006	0.61	0/2729
All	All	0.48	1/7224 (0.0%)	0.62	6/9820 (0.1%)

Chiral center outliers are detected by calculating the chiral volume of a chiral center and verifying if the center is modelled as a planar moiety or with the opposite hand. A planarity outlier is detected by checking planarity of atoms in a peptide group, atoms in a mainchain group or atoms of a sidechain that are expected to be planar.

Mol	Chain	#Chirality outliers	#Planarity outliers
1	A	0	1

All (1) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(Å)	Ideal(Å)
1	C	155	ASP	CG-OD2	6.70	1.40	1.25

All (6) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(°)	Ideal(°)
1	C	166	LEU	CA-CB-CG	7.93	133.54	115.30
1	A	166	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.99	131.38	115.30
1	A	32	LEU	CA-CB-CG	6.43	130.08	115.30
1	A	166	LEU	CB-CG-CD1	-6.11	100.62	111.00
1	C	155	ASP	CB-CG-OD1	-5.55	113.31	118.30
1	C	32	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.35	127.60	115.30

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) planarity outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Group
1	A	131	SER	Peptide

5.2 Too-close contacts [i](#)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1575	0	1503	41	0
1	C	1575	0	1503	23	0
2	B	1952	0	1850	42	0
2	D	1952	0	1850	38	0
3	A	8	0	0	3	0
3	B	9	0	0	5	0
3	C	7	0	0	0	0
3	D	8	0	0	7	0
All	All	7086	0	6706	134	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 10.

All (134) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:D:87:THR:HG22	3:D:249:HOH:O	1.63	0.98
1:A:131:SER:C	1:A:133:SER:H	1.60	0.98
2:B:87:THR:HG22	3:B:253:HOH:O	1.79	0.82
1:A:131:SER:C	1:A:133:SER:N	2.32	0.81
2:D:83:ARG:H	2:D:86:HIS:HD2	1.28	0.79
1:A:131:SER:HA	1:A:133:SER:HB2	1.66	0.78
2:B:83:ARG:H	2:B:86:HIS:CD2	2.01	0.78
1:A:130:ASP:HB2	2:B:132:GLU:HG3	1.70	0.73
2:B:29:HIS:CD2	2:B:96:GLY:HA3	2.25	0.70
1:C:198:ILE:H	1:C:198:ILE:HD13	1.57	0.69
2:D:63:GLU:HB3	2:D:80:GLU:HB2	1.76	0.68
2:B:113:ARG:NH1	2:B:156:ASP:HB3	2.09	0.66
1:C:5:GLN:HE21	1:C:107:GLY:HA3	1.61	0.65
1:A:130:ASP:CG	1:A:131:SER:H	2.00	0.64
1:C:153:SER:HB2	1:C:160:ILE:HD12	1.79	0.64

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:83:ARG:H	2:B:86:HIS:HD2	1.44	0.64
1:A:166:LEU:HD11	2:B:198:ARG:HB2	1.79	0.64
2:B:113:ARG:HH12	2:B:156:ASP:HB3	1.62	0.63
2:D:176:ASP:OD2	2:D:194:SER:HB3	1.99	0.62
1:C:166:LEU:HD11	2:D:198:ARG:HB2	1.81	0.62
1:A:129:ARG:HD3	1:A:129:ARG:H	1.63	0.61
1:C:177:SER:OG	2:D:196:ARG:HD2	2.02	0.60
2:B:50:TYR:H	2:B:54:SER:HB3	1.66	0.60
1:C:5:GLN:NE2	1:C:90:CYS:H	2.00	0.59
2:B:52:VAL:O	2:B:69:ARG:O	2.20	0.58
2:D:71:ARG:HE	2:D:74:HIS:CD2	2.22	0.58
2:B:9:ARG:HG3	3:B:249:HOH:O	2.04	0.57
1:A:191:ASN:HB2	1:A:194:ASN:ND2	2.19	0.57
1:C:153:SER:HB2	1:C:160:ILE:CD1	2.34	0.57
2:B:182:GLU:HG3	2:B:190:ARG:HB2	1.86	0.57
1:A:177:SER:OG	2:B:196:ARG:HD2	2.04	0.57
1:A:131:SER:HB3	1:A:134:SER:H	1.70	0.56
1:C:140:LEU:HD11	1:C:177:SER:HB2	1.86	0.56
1:C:49:MET:HE3	1:C:66:LEU:HB2	1.86	0.56
2:D:157:HIS:HD2	3:D:248:HOH:O	1.89	0.55
1:A:128:LEU:HD21	3:B:252:HOH:O	2.07	0.55
1:A:131:SER:CA	1:A:133:SER:H	2.20	0.54
1:C:35:TYR:CD1	1:C:45:SER:HA	2.43	0.54
2:D:69:ARG:HD2	2:D:74:HIS:O	2.07	0.54
1:A:152:GLN:CG	3:A:213:HOH:O	2.57	0.53
2:D:176:ASP:HB2	2:D:193:LEU:HD12	1.91	0.53
1:A:185:SER:C	1:A:187:PHE:H	2.12	0.53
2:D:26:THR:O	2:D:26:THR:HG22	2.09	0.53
2:D:83:ARG:H	2:D:86:HIS:CD2	2.18	0.53
2:B:156:ASP:OD1	2:B:179:PRO:HG2	2.09	0.53
1:A:131:SER:CA	1:A:133:SER:HB2	2.38	0.53
1:A:33:ARG:HB2	1:A:91:VAL:HG22	1.90	0.52
1:A:130:ASP:CB	2:B:132:GLU:HG3	2.38	0.52
1:A:191:ASN:C	1:A:191:ASN:HD22	2.12	0.52
1:A:129:ARG:HG2	1:A:130:ASP:H	1.75	0.52
1:C:136:LYS:HE2	2:D:151:THR:HG21	1.91	0.52
1:C:134:SER:HB3	1:C:136:LYS:H	1.75	0.52
1:A:134:SER:C	1:A:136:LYS:H	2.13	0.51
2:B:63:GLU:HG3	2:B:83:ARG:HD3	1.93	0.51
2:B:83:ARG:HG2	2:B:86:HIS:NE2	2.25	0.51
2:D:87:THR:HB	3:D:251:HOH:O	2.11	0.51

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:D:98:ARG:NH1	3:D:252:HOH:O	2.36	0.51
1:C:171:MET:CE	2:D:200:SER:HB3	2.42	0.50
1:A:35:TYR:CD1	1:A:45:SER:HA	2.47	0.50
1:A:5:GLN:NE2	1:A:90:CYS:H	2.10	0.49
2:D:16:GLY:H	2:D:82:ALA:HB3	1.77	0.49
2:D:100:ARG:HG3	3:D:252:HOH:O	2.11	0.49
2:B:127:GLU:O	2:B:150:ALA:HA	2.12	0.49
1:A:115:TRP:CZ2	1:A:163:LYS:HE3	2.47	0.49
1:A:130:ASP:HB2	2:B:132:GLU:CG	2.41	0.49
2:B:86:HIS:HB3	2:B:114:LEU:CD2	2.42	0.49
1:C:159:TYR:O	1:C:180:ALA:HA	2.13	0.49
1:C:35:TYR:HD1	1:C:45:SER:HA	1.77	0.49
2:D:71:ARG:HE	2:D:74:HIS:HD2	1.60	0.49
2:D:16:GLY:N	2:D:82:ALA:HB3	2.29	0.48
1:A:21:GLN:NE2	1:A:74:SER:OG	2.46	0.48
2:B:86:HIS:HB2	2:B:116:VAL:HG21	1.94	0.48
2:B:87:THR:CB	3:B:255:HOH:O	2.62	0.48
2:D:182:GLU:HG3	2:D:190:ARG:HB2	1.95	0.47
2:B:25:GLN:NE2	2:B:28:GLY:H	2.13	0.47
1:A:35:TYR:HD1	1:A:45:SER:HA	1.80	0.47
1:A:130:ASP:CG	1:A:131:SER:N	2.67	0.47
1:C:33:ARG:HB2	1:C:91:VAL:HG22	1.96	0.47
2:D:210:HIS:HD2	3:D:255:HOH:O	1.97	0.46
1:A:143:ASP:HA	3:A:215:HOH:O	2.14	0.46
2:B:157:HIS:HB3	2:B:218:TYR:HB2	1.98	0.46
2:B:133:PRO:HG2	2:B:144:ALA:HB1	1.98	0.46
2:D:135:GLU:HA	2:D:138:ILE:HD12	1.98	0.46
2:B:123:VAL:HG12	2:B:233:PRO:HB2	1.96	0.46
2:B:13:ILE:HG21	2:B:19:ILE:HD11	1.98	0.45
2:B:71:ARG:HE	2:B:74:HIS:HD2	1.64	0.45
2:D:26:THR:O	2:D:26:THR:CG2	2.64	0.45
2:D:157:HIS:CD2	3:D:248:HOH:O	2.65	0.45
1:C:191:ASN:HA	1:C:194:ASN:OD1	2.17	0.45
1:A:130:ASP:O	1:A:131:SER:HB2	2.15	0.45
1:C:49:MET:CE	1:C:66:LEU:HB2	2.46	0.45
2:D:87:THR:O	2:D:88:SER:HB3	2.16	0.45
2:D:34:TRP:CE2	2:D:77:LEU:HB2	2.52	0.44
2:D:12:VAL:HB	2:D:155:PRO:HG3	1.99	0.44
1:C:152:GLN:HG3	1:C:160:ILE:O	2.17	0.44
2:D:31:LYS:HA	2:D:49:SER:O	2.17	0.44
2:D:80:GLU:HA	2:D:80:GLU:OE1	2.17	0.44

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
2:B:226:TRP:CE2	2:B:228:GLN:HB2	2.53	0.44
2:B:37:GLN:HB2	2:B:43:LEU:HD23	1.98	0.44
1:A:182:SER:OG	1:A:184:LYS:HG2	2.17	0.43
2:B:10:TYR:HB3	2:B:157:HIS:CD2	2.53	0.43
2:B:87:THR:O	2:B:88:SER:HB3	2.17	0.43
1:C:32:LEU:HD22	1:C:92:VAL:HG22	1.99	0.43
1:A:153:SER:HB2	1:A:160:ILE:CD1	2.48	0.43
2:D:25:GLN:HG2	2:D:27:MET:H	1.83	0.43
2:D:98:ARG:O	2:D:99:ASP:HB2	2.19	0.43
1:A:36:LYS:HB2	1:A:46:LEU:HD11	2.01	0.43
1:A:152:GLN:HG2	3:A:213:HOH:O	2.19	0.43
2:D:6:GLN:HB2	2:D:110:PRO:HD2	2.00	0.43
1:A:159:TYR:O	1:A:180:ALA:HA	2.19	0.43
1:A:130:ASP:OD1	1:A:131:SER:N	2.43	0.42
2:B:21:LEU:HD22	2:B:112:THR:HG21	2.01	0.42
2:B:150:ALA:O	2:B:192:ALA:HA	2.19	0.42
1:A:65:THR:O	1:A:73:SER:HA	2.19	0.42
1:A:116:PRO:HG3	1:A:165:VAL:HG13	2.01	0.42
1:A:129:ARG:HG2	1:A:130:ASP:N	2.35	0.42
2:B:206:ASN:HB3	2:B:209:ASN:ND2	2.35	0.42
1:A:32:LEU:HD13	1:A:33:ARG:N	2.35	0.42
2:D:57:LYS:H	2:D:57:LYS:HD2	1.85	0.42
1:A:5:GLN:HE21	1:A:107:GLY:HA3	1.84	0.42
2:B:216:GLN:HA	2:B:237:ILE:HD13	2.02	0.42
1:C:85:SER:O	1:C:86:ALA:HB2	2.19	0.42
2:B:180:LEU:O	2:B:191:TYR:HA	2.20	0.42
1:C:140:LEU:CD1	1:C:177:SER:HB2	2.50	0.42
2:B:65:SER:HB2	2:B:77:LEU:HD21	2.02	0.41
1:A:33:ARG:HG2	1:A:48:ILE:HG23	2.01	0.41
2:B:38:ASP:OD1	2:B:88:SER:HB3	2.20	0.41
2:B:87:THR:HB	3:B:255:HOH:O	2.20	0.41
2:D:65:SER:HA	2:D:78:THR:O	2.21	0.41
2:D:83:ARG:O	2:D:85:SER:N	2.54	0.41
2:B:31:LYS:HA	2:B:49:SER:O	2.21	0.41
2:B:130:VAL:HG23	2:B:240:ALA:HB3	2.03	0.41
1:C:171:MET:HE1	2:D:200:SER:HB3	2.03	0.40
2:D:87:THR:O	2:D:88:SER:CB	2.69	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles [i](#)

5.3.1 Protein backbone [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	200/210 (95%)	188 (94%)	8 (4%)	4 (2%)	7	14
1	C	200/210 (95%)	188 (94%)	10 (5%)	2 (1%)	15	32
2	B	241/243 (99%)	224 (93%)	10 (4%)	7 (3%)	4	7
2	D	241/243 (99%)	222 (92%)	12 (5%)	7 (3%)	4	7
All	All	882/906 (97%)	822 (93%)	40 (4%)	20 (2%)	6	11

All (20) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	186	ASP
2	B	88	SER
2	D	52	VAL
2	D	97	LEU
2	D	99	ASP
1	A	132	LYS
2	B	52	VAL
2	B	80	GLU
2	B	99	ASP
1	C	194	ASN
2	D	88	SER
1	A	130	ASP
2	B	156	ASP
2	D	81	SER
1	C	51	PHE
2	B	85	SER
2	D	39	PRO
1	A	131	SER
2	B	229	ASP
2	D	80	GLU

5.3.2 Protein sidechains [i](#)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	184/192 (96%)	172 (94%)	12 (6%)	17	34
1	C	184/192 (96%)	172 (94%)	12 (6%)	17	34
2	B	215/215 (100%)	203 (94%)	12 (6%)	21	42
2	D	215/215 (100%)	199 (93%)	16 (7%)	13	28
All	All	798/814 (98%)	746 (94%)	52 (6%)	17	34

All (52) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	32	LEU
1	A	65	THR
1	A	129	ARG
1	A	133	SER
1	A	135	ASP
1	A	145	ASP
1	A	153	SER
1	A	157	ASP
1	A	166	LEU
1	A	172	ASP
1	A	191	ASN
1	A	198	ILE
2	B	7	THR
2	B	11	LEU
2	B	15	THR
2	B	25	GLN
2	B	45	LEU
2	B	52	VAL
2	B	77	LEU
2	B	99	ASP
2	B	102	LEU
2	B	157	HIS
2	B	194	SER
2	B	230	ARG

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	32	LEU
1	C	55	THR
1	C	89	ILE
1	C	95	ARG
1	C	98	THR
1	C	99	LEU
1	C	149	ASN
1	C	154	LYS
1	C	166	LEU
1	C	191	ASN
1	C	196	SER
1	C	198	ILE
2	D	11	LEU
2	D	15	THR
2	D	25	GLN
2	D	45	LEU
2	D	52	VAL
2	D	77	LEU
2	D	79	LEU
2	D	98	ARG
2	D	99	ASP
2	D	157	HIS
2	D	158	VAL
2	D	180	LEU
2	D	196	ARG
2	D	221	SER
2	D	222	GLU
2	D	230	ARG

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (19) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	5	GLN
1	A	21	GLN
1	A	72	GLN
1	A	191	ASN
1	A	195	ASN
2	B	25	GLN
2	B	86	HIS
2	B	106	GLN
2	B	157	HIS
2	B	236	GLN

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	C	5	GLN
1	C	191	ASN
1	C	195	ASN
2	D	25	GLN
2	D	74	HIS
2	D	86	HIS
2	D	106	GLN
2	D	157	HIS
2	D	216	GLN

5.3.3 RNA [i](#)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

5.5 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues [i](#)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data [i](#)

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains [i](#)

In the following table, the column labelled ‘#RSRZ > 2’ contains the number (and percentage) of RSRZ outliers, followed by percent RSRZ outliers for the chain as percentile scores relative to all X-ray entries and entries of similar resolution. The OWAB column contains the minimum, median, 95th percentile and maximum values of the occupancy-weighted average B-factor per residue. The column labelled ‘Q < 0.9’ lists the number of (and percentage) of residues with an average occupancy less than 0.9.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	<RSRZ>	#RSRZ>2	OWAB(Å ²)	Q<0.9
1	A	202/210 (96%)	0.12	9 (4%) 33 26	27, 38, 64, 80	0
1	C	202/210 (96%)	0.17	12 (5%) 22 17	26, 39, 64, 76	0
2	B	243/243 (100%)	0.11	14 (5%) 23 17	26, 40, 59, 79	0
2	D	243/243 (100%)	0.04	9 (3%) 41 34	28, 39, 64, 85	0
All	All	890/906 (98%)	0.11	44 (4%) 29 23	26, 39, 64, 85	0

All (44) RSRZ outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
1	A	133	SER	8.8
1	C	156	SER	5.3
2	D	81	SER	4.5
1	A	134	SER	4.5
1	A	135	ASP	4.3
1	A	153	SER	4.2
2	B	81	SER	4.1
2	D	100	ARG	3.9
2	B	52	VAL	3.5
2	B	71	ARG	3.4
1	A	154	LYS	3.2
1	C	185	SER	3.2
2	D	83	ARG	3.2
2	D	97	LEU	3.2
1	C	1	ASN	3.1
1	A	157	ASP	3.1
2	D	87	THR	3.1
1	C	99	LEU	3.1
1	C	186	ASP	3.0
2	D	247	ASP	3.0
2	B	73	GLU	3.0

Continued on next page...

Continued from previous page...

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	RSRZ
2	D	98	ARG	3.0
2	B	98	ARG	2.9
1	C	153	SER	2.8
2	D	59	ASP	2.8
1	C	157	ASP	2.7
2	B	51	GLY	2.5
1	C	120	ASN	2.5
1	A	185	SER	2.5
1	A	195	ASN	2.4
2	B	83	ARG	2.4
2	B	70	ILE	2.3
2	B	97	LEU	2.3
2	B	247	ASP	2.3
1	C	98	THR	2.2
2	B	100	ARG	2.2
2	B	80	GLU	2.1
1	C	135	ASP	2.1
1	A	103	ARG	2.1
2	B	26	THR	2.1
2	D	99	ASP	2.1
1	C	149	ASN	2.1
1	C	191	ASN	2.0
2	B	82	ALA	2.0

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains [i](#)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

6.3 Carbohydrates [i](#)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

6.4 Ligands [i](#)

There are no ligands in this entry.

6.5 Other polymers [i](#)

There are no such residues in this entry.