

# Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report (i)

#### May 29, 2024 – 01:33 PM EDT

PDB ID : 1SPG

Title : CARBONMONOXY HEMOGLOBIN FROM THE TELEOST FISH LEIOS-

TOMUS XANTHURUS

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Deposited on : 1996-02-05

Resolution : 1.95 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*A user guide is available at

https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp with specific help available everywhere you see the (i) symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references (1)) were used in the production of this report:

MolProbity: 4.02b-467

Mogul : 1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)

Xtriage (Phenix) : NOT EXECUTED

EDS : NOT EXECUTED

buster-report : 1.1.7 (2018)

Percentile statistics : 20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)

Ideal geometry (proteins) : Engh & Huber (2001) Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA) : Parkinson et al. (1996)

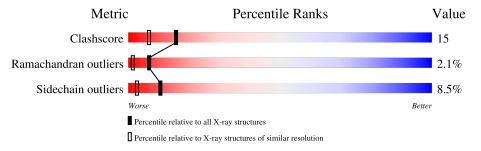
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP) : 2.36.2

## 1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure: X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 1.95 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive	Similar resolution
Metric	$(\# \mathrm{Entries})$	$(\#  ext{Entries},  ext{ resolution range}( ext{Å}))$
Clashscore	141614	2705 (1.96-1.96)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	2678 (1.96-1.96)
Sidechain outliers	138945	2678 (1.96-1.96)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Note EDS was not executed.

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain					
1	A	144	69%	27%				
2	В	147	67%	29%	• •			



# 2 Entry composition (i)

There are 5 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 2518 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

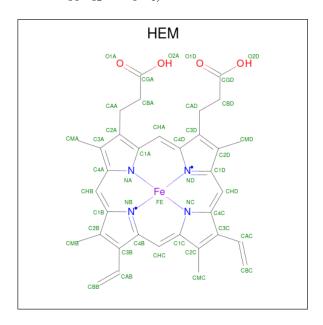
• Molecule 1 is a protein called HEMOGLOBIN.

$\mathbf{Mol}$	Chain	Residues	Atoms			ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace		
1	A	144	Total 1104	C 714	N 188	O 198	S 4	0	0	0

• Molecule 2 is a protein called HEMOGLOBIN.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
2	B	147	Total	С	N	О	S	0	0	0
	Б	147	1149	738	205	202	4	0	0	U

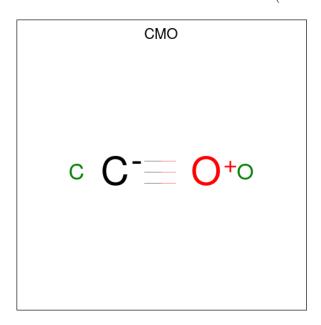
• Molecule 3 is PROTOPORPHYRIN IX CONTAINING FE (three-letter code: HEM) (formula: C<sub>34</sub>H<sub>32</sub>FeN<sub>4</sub>O<sub>4</sub>).



Mol	Chain	Residues	${f Atoms}$				ZeroOcc	AltConf	
3	A	1	Total 43					0	0
3	В	1	Total 43	C 34		N 4	O 4	0	0



• Molecule 4 is CARBON MONOXIDE (three-letter code: CMO) (formula: CO).



Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
4	A	1	Total C O 2 1 1	0	0
4	В	1	Total C O 2 1 1	0	0

• Molecule 5 is water.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms	ZeroOcc	AltConf
5	A	72	Total O 72 72	0	0
5	В	103	Total O 103 103	0	0

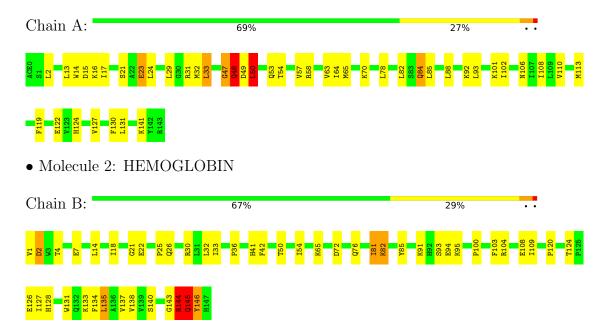


# 3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

Note EDS was not executed.

• Molecule 1: HEMOGLOBIN





# 4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Xtriage (Phenix) and EDS were not executed - this section is therefore incomplete.

Property	Value	Source	
Space group	C 1 2 1	Depositor	
Cell constants	89.60Å 75.60Å 69.70Å	Depositor	
a, b, c, $\alpha$ , $\beta$ , $\gamma$	$90.00^{\circ}$ $141.90^{\circ}$ $90.00^{\circ}$	Depositor	
Resolution (Å)	10.00 - 1.95	Depositor	
% Data completeness	65.4 (10.00-1.95)	Depositor	
(in resolution range)	00.4 (10.00-1.55)		
$R_{merge}$	0.04	Depositor	
$R_{sym}$	(Not available)	Depositor	
Refinement program	X-PLOR 3.1	Depositor	
$R, R_{free}$	0.191 , $0.245$	Depositor	
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage	
Total number of atoms	2518	wwPDB-VP	
Average B, all atoms (Å <sup>2</sup> )	18.0	wwPDB-VP	



# 5 Model quality (i)

## 5.1 Standard geometry (i)

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: HEM, CMO, ACE

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 5 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond	lengths	Bond angles		
MIOI	Chain	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	RMSZ	# Z  > 5	
1	A	0.50	0/1125	0.86	5/1522 (0.3%)	
2	В	0.51	0/1176	0.79	$2/1592 \ (0.1\%)$	
All	All	0.50	0/2301	0.83	7/3114 (0.2%)	

There are no bond length outliers.

All (7) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	$Observed(^o)$	$Ideal(^{o})$
1	A	53	GLN	CB-CG-CD	7.95	132.27	111.60
1	A	23	GLU	CB-CG-CD	6.20	130.94	114.20
1	A	84	GLN	CB-CG-CD	5.88	126.88	111.60
1	A	48	GLN	CB-CG-CD	5.71	126.44	111.60
2	В	26	GLN	CB-CG-CD	5.67	126.34	111.60
2	В	126	GLU	CB-CG-CD	5.55	129.18	114.20
1	A	47	GLY	N-CA-C	5.17	126.02	113.10

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

### 5.2 Too-close contacts (i)

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	1104	0	1135	34	0
2	В	1149	0	1160	36	0



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Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
3	A	43	0	30	1	0
3	В	43	0	30	2	0
4	A	2	0	0	1	0
4	В	2	0	0	0	0
5	A	72	0	0	1	0
5	В	103	0	0	2	0
All	All	2518	0	2355	69	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 15.

All (69) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic	Clash
		${\rm distance}\ (\rm \AA)$	overlap (Å)
2:B:82:LYS:HE3	2:B:82:LYS:H	1.38	0.87
2:B:1:VAL:HG22	2:B:2:ASP:H	1.47	0.79
2:B:100:PRO:HG3	2:B:146:TYR:CE1	2.21	0.75
2:B:94:GLU:HB2	2:B:145:GLN:HG3	1.69	0.75
1:A:50:LEU:H	1:A:50:LEU:CD1	1.99	0.74
2:B:144:ARG:HH11	2:B:144:ARG:HG3	1.54	0.71
2:B:21:GLY:HA2	2:B:65:LYS:HG2	1.77	0.67
2:B:72:ASP:O	2:B:76:GLN:HG2	1.94	0.67
1:A:113:MET:HG2	2:B:120:PRO:HG3	1.78	0.64
1:A:108:ILE:HG23	1:A:119:PHE:CZ	2.33	0.63
2:B:4:THR:OG1	2:B:7:GLU:HG3	1.98	0.63
1:A:65:MET:HE2	1:A:65:MET:HA	1.82	0.61
1:A:24:LEU:HD22	1:A:110:VAL:HG12	1.83	0.61
2:B:32:LEU:HD21	2:B:42:PHE:CD2	2.36	0.61
1:A:88:LEU:HD12	1:A:92:LYS:HD3	1.83	0.60
1:A:106:ASN:O	1:A:110:VAL:HG23	2.01	0.60
1:A:16:LYS:HD2	5:A:256:HOH:O	2.04	0.58
2:B:100:PRO:HG3	2:B:146:TYR:CZ	2.39	0.57
2:B:143:GLY:O	2:B:144:ARG:HB2	2.02	0.57
1:A:31:ARG:HD3	2:B:128:HIS:ND1	2.19	0.56
2:B:144:ARG:HG3	2:B:144:ARG:NH1	2.21	0.55
2:B:82:LYS:HE3	2:B:82:LYS:N	2.17	0.55
2:B:133:LYS:O	2:B:137:VAL:HG23	2.06	0.54
1:A:29:LEU:HG	1:A:57:VAL:HG13	1.89	0.54
2:B:85:TYR:HE2	2:B:138:VAL:HG13	1.72	0.54
2:B:50:THR:O	2:B:54:ILE:HG13	2.06	0.54
1:A:2:LEU:HD21	1:A:130:PHE:HA	1.90	0.53



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Continued from preon		Interatomic	Clash
Atom-1	Atom-2	${\rm distance}\ ({\rm \AA})$	$overlap (\AA)$
2:B:2:ASP:HB2	5:B:521:HOH:O	2.07	0.53
1:A:78:LEU:O	1:A:82:LEU:HD23	2.09	0.52
1:A:24:LEU:CD2	1:A:110:VAL:HG12	2.39	0.52
1:A:101:LYS:N	1:A:101:LYS:HD3	2.24	0.52
1:A:50:LEU:CD1	1:A:50:LEU:N	2.72	0.51
2:B:33:ILE:O	2:B:36:PRO:HD3	2.11	0.50
2:B:131:TRP:CE2	2:B:135:LEU:HD21	2.47	0.49
1:A:48:GLN:O	1:A:50:LEU:HD12	2.11	0.49
2:B:103:PHE:HE2	2:B:146:TYR:OH	1.96	0.49
1:A:127:VAL:O	1:A:131:LEU:HG	2.13	0.48
1:A:13:LEU:HD22	1:A:127:VAL:HG21	1.95	0.48
2:B:85:TYR:CE2	2:B:138:VAL:HG13	2.48	0.48
2:B:124:THR:OG1	2:B:127:ILE:HG12	2.13	0.48
1:A:32:MET:HG3	1:A:102:ILE:HG22	1.95	0.48
1:A:64:ILE:HD11	4:A:145:CMO:O	2.14	0.47
1:A:21:SER:HB2	1:A:65:MET:HB3	1.96	0.47
1:A:108:ILE:HG23	1:A:119:PHE:CE2	2.49	0.47
2:B:32:LEU:HD21	2:B:42:PHE:CE2	2.50	0.47
1:A:78:LEU:O	1:A:82:LEU:HB2	2.14	0.47
1:A:50:LEU:H	1:A:50:LEU:HD13	1.75	0.47
1:A:13:LEU:O	1:A:17:ILE:HG23	2.15	0.46
2:B:81:ILE:HB	2:B:82:LYS:CE	2.45	0.46
1:A:50:LEU:H	1:A:50:LEU:HD12	1.80	0.46
2:B:103:PHE:CE2	2:B:146:TYR:OH	2.69	0.45
2:B:131:TRP:O	2:B:134:PHE:HB3	2.16	0.45
1:A:85:LEU:HD23	1:A:85:LEU:HA	1.77	0.45
2:B:104:ARG:O	2:B:108:GLU:HG3	2.17	0.44
1:A:14:TRP:CZ3	1:A:17:ILE:HD11	2.52	0.44
2:B:41:HIS:HD2	3:B:148:HEM:HBC1	1.81	0.44
2:B:14:LEU:O	2:B:18:ILE:HG13	2.18	0.43
2:B:30:ARG:HB2	2:B:109:ILE:HG21	1.98	0.43
3:B:148:HEM:HBD1	3:B:148:HEM:CMD	2.48	0.43
1:A:50:LEU:N	1:A:50:LEU:HD12	2.33	0.42
1:A:119:PHE:CZ	1:A:124:HIS:HA	2.55	0.42
2:B:1:VAL:HG22	2:B:2:ASP:N	2.24	0.42
1:A:141:LYS:HA	1:A:141:LYS:HD3	1.86	0.41
1:A:63:VAL:HG12	3:A:144:HEM:HMA1	2.03	0.41
2:B:22:GLU:HB2	5:B:338:HOH:O	2.21	0.41
2:B:93:SER:HB3	2:B:146:TYR:CE2	2.56	0.41
1:A:23:GLU:H	1:A:23:GLU:HG3	1.68	0.41
1:A:33:LEU:HD23	1:A:50:LEU:HB3	2.03	0.40



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Atom-1	Atom-1 Atom-2		$egin{aligned}  ext{Clash} \  ext{overlap } ( ext{Å}) \end{aligned}$
2:B:143:GLY:O	2:B:144:ARG:CB	2.69	0.40

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

#### 5.3 Torsion angles (i)

#### 5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed Favoured Allowed		Outliers	Percentiles	
1	A	142/144 (99%)	135 (95%)	4 (3%)	3 (2%)	7 1
2	В	145/147 (99%)	133 (92%)	9 (6%)	3 (2%)	7 1
All	All	287/291 (99%)	268 (93%)	13 (4%)	6 (2%)	7 1

All (6) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
2	В	144	ARG
2	В	145	GLN
1	A	50	LEU
1	A	48	GLN
2	В	81	ILE
1	A	47	GLY

#### 5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.



Mol	Chain	Analysed	Analysed Rotameric Outliers		Percentiles		
1	A	117/117 (100%)	107 (92%)	10 (8%)	10 3		
2	В	119/119 (100%)	109 (92%)	10 (8%)	11 3		
All	All	236/236 (100%)	216 (92%)	20 (8%)	10 3		

All (20) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	15	ASP
1	A	33	LEU
1	A	49	ASP
1	A	50	LEU
1	A	54	THR
1	A	58	ARG
1	A	70	LYS
1	A	84	GLN
1	A	93	LEU
1	A	122	GLU
2	В	2	ASP
2	В	25	PRO
2	В	82	LYS
2	В	91	LYS
2	В	95	LYS
2	В	135	LEU
2	В	140	SER
2	В	144	ARG
2	В	145	GLN
2	В	146	TYR

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (5) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	56	GLN
1	A	60	HIS
1	A	99	ASN
2	В	47	ASN
2	В	147	HIS

#### 5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.



#### 5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

There are no non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residues in this entry.

#### 5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

#### 5.6 Ligand geometry (i)

4 ligands are modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with |Z| > 2 is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Mal True Chain Da		Res	Link	Во	ond leng	$ ag{ths}$	Bond angles		
MIOI	Type	Chain	nes	LIIIK	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2	Counts	RMSZ	# Z  > 2
4	CMO	A	145	3	0,1,1	-	-	-		
3	HEM	A	144	1,4	41,50,50	1.67	7 (17%)	45,82,82	1.99	8 (17%)
4	CMO	В	149	3	0,1,1	-	-	-		
3	HEM	В	148	4,2	41,50,50	1.47	5 (12%)	45,82,82	2.08	8 (17%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	$\operatorname{Res}$	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
3	HEM	A	144	1,4	-	3/12/54/54	-
3	HEM	В	148	4,2	-	5/12/54/54	-

All (12) bond length outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$\operatorname{Observed}(\text{\AA})$	$Ideal(\AA)$
3	A	144	HEM	C3C-CAC	-4.65	1.38	1.47
3	A	144	HEM	C3C-C2C	-4.21	1.34	1.40
3	В	148	HEM	C3C-CAC	-4.01	1.39	1.47
3	A	144	HEM	CBB-CAB	4.00	1.50	1.30



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Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	$\mathbf{Z}$	Observed(A)	$\operatorname{Ideal}( ext{\AA})$
3	A	144	HEM	C4A-NA	3.50	1.43	1.36
3	В	148	HEM	CBB-CAB	3.26	1.46	1.30
3	В	148	HEM	CAB-C3B	-2.92	1.39	1.47
3	A	144	HEM	CAB-C3B	-2.62	1.40	1.47
3	A	144	HEM	CBC-CAC	2.44	1.45	1.29
3	В	148	HEM	C2C-C1C	2.32	1.47	1.42
3	В	148	HEM	CBC-CAC	2.22	1.44	1.29
3	A	144	HEM	CAA-C2A	-2.11	1.48	1.52

All (16) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	$Observed(^o)$	$\operatorname{Ideal}({}^{\scriptscriptstyle o})$
3	В	148	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD	9.00	132.98	113.60
3	A	144	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD	6.76	128.15	113.60
3	В	148	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA	4.68	126.88	113.76
3	A	144	HEM	C4C-CHD-C1D	4.22	128.13	122.56
3	A	144	HEM	C4B-CHC-C1C	3.98	127.81	122.56
3	A	144	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA	3.79	124.38	113.76
3	В	148	HEM	CMC-C2C-C3C	3.46	131.15	124.68
3	A	144	HEM	CMA-C3A-C2A	3.38	131.31	124.94
3	A	144	HEM	CMA-C3A-C4A	-3.30	123.39	128.46
3	В	148	HEM	C4C-CHD-C1D	3.23	126.81	122.56
3	В	148	HEM	C4A-C3A-C2A	-3.13	104.82	107.00
3	A	144	HEM	CBA-CAA-C2A	-2.91	107.65	112.62
3	В	148	HEM	C2B-C1B-NB	2.78	113.13	109.84
3	A	144	HEM	C4A-C3A-C2A	-2.44	105.30	107.00
3	В	148	HEM	CMA-C3A-C2A	2.42	129.50	124.94
3	В	148	HEM	CBA-CAA-C2A	-2.04	109.13	112.62

There are no chirality outliers.

All (8) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
3	В	148	HEM	C4D-C3D-CAD-CBD
3	В	148	HEM	C2D-C3D-CAD-CBD
3	В	148	HEM	C3D-CAD-CBD-CGD
3	В	148	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA-O2A
3	A	144	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD-O1D
3	A	144	HEM	CAD-CBD-CGD-O2D
3	В	148	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA-O1A
3	A	144	HEM	CAA-CBA-CGA-O2A



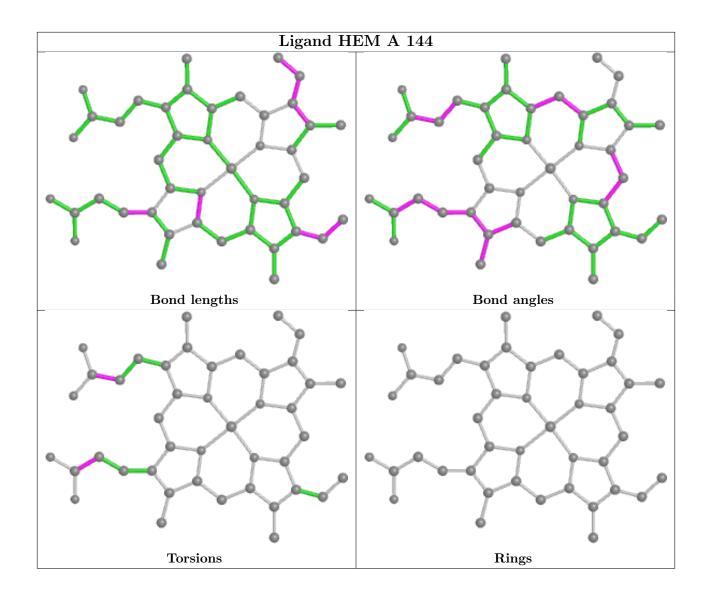
There are no ring outliers.

3 monomers are involved in 4 short contacts:

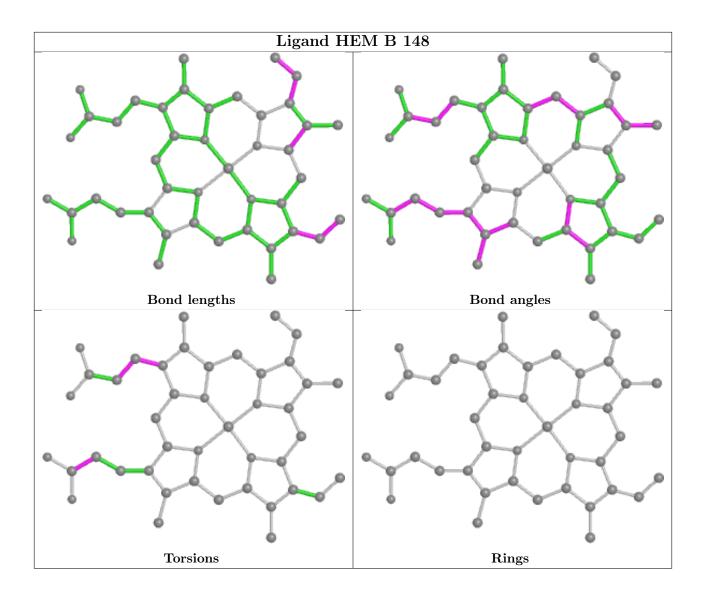
Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
4	A	145	CMO	1	0
3	A	144	HEM	1	0
3	В	148	HEM	2	0

The following is a two-dimensional graphical depiction of Mogul quality analysis of bond lengths, bond angles, torsion angles, and ring geometry for all instances of the Ligand of Interest. In addition, ligands with molecular weight > 250 and outliers as shown on the validation Tables will also be included. For torsion angles, if less then 5% of the Mogul distribution of torsion angles is within 10 degrees of the torsion angle in question, then that torsion angle is considered an outlier. Any bond that is central to one or more torsion angles identified as an outlier by Mogul will be highlighted in the graph. For rings, the root-mean-square deviation (RMSD) between the ring in question and similar rings identified by Mogul is calculated over all ring torsion angles. If the average RMSD is greater than 60 degrees and the minimal RMSD between the ring in question and any Mogul-identified rings is also greater than 60 degrees, then that ring is considered an outlier. The outliers are highlighted in purple. The color gray indicates Mogul did not find sufficient equivalents in the CSD to analyse the geometry.









# 5.7 Other polymers (i)

There are no such residues in this entry.

# 5.8 Polymer linkage issues (i)

There are no chain breaks in this entry.



## 6 Fit of model and data (i)

#### 6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

#### 6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.3 Carbohydrates (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

#### 6.4 Ligands (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

## 6.5 Other polymers (i)

EDS was not executed - this section is therefore empty.

