Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report ⓘ

May 29, 2024 – 02:00 PM EDT

PDB ID	:	1AYC
Title	:	CRYSTAL STRUCTURES OF PEPTIDE COMPLEXES OF THE AMINO-TERMINAL SH2 DOMAIN OF THE SYP TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE
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Deposited on	:	1994-05-15
Resolution	:	2.30 Å(reported)

This is a Full wwPDB X-ray Structure Validation Report for a publicly released PDB entry.

We welcome your comments at *validation@mail.wwpdb.org*
A user guide is available at
https://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/XrayValidationReportHelp
with specific help available everywhere you see the ⓘ symbol.

The types of validation reports are described at
http://www.wwpdb.org/validation/2017/FAQs#types.

The following versions of software and data (see references ⓘ) were used in the production of this report:

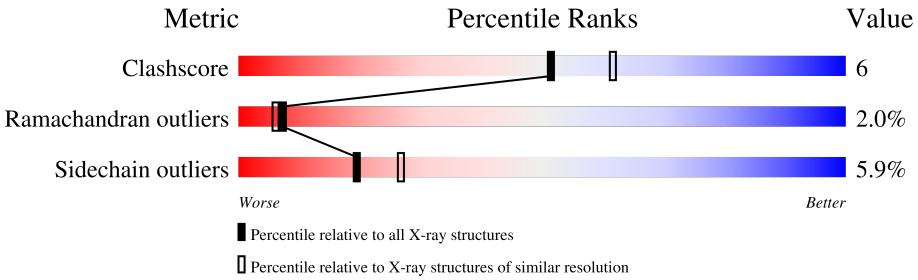
MolProbity	:	4.02b-467
Mogul	:	1.8.5 (274361), CSD as541be (2020)
Xtriage (Phenix)	:	1.13
EDS	:	2.36.2
Percentile statistics	:	20191225.v01 (using entries in the PDB archive December 25th 2019)
Refmac	:	5.8.0158
CCP4	:	7.0.044 (Gargrove)
Ideal geometry (proteins)	:	Engh & Huber (2001)
Ideal geometry (DNA, RNA)	:	Parkinson et al. (1996)
Validation Pipeline (wwPDB-VP)	:	2.36.2

1 Overall quality at a glance (i)

The following experimental techniques were used to determine the structure:
X-RAY DIFFRACTION

The reported resolution of this entry is 2.30 Å.

Percentile scores (ranging between 0-100) for global validation metrics of the entry are shown in the following graphic. The table shows the number of entries on which the scores are based.



Metric	Whole archive (#Entries)	Similar resolution (#Entries, resolution range(Å))
Clashscore	141614	5643 (2.30-2.30)
Ramachandran outliers	138981	5575 (2.30-2.30)
Sidechain outliers	138945	5575 (2.30-2.30)

The table below summarises the geometric issues observed across the polymeric chains and their fit to the electron density. The red, orange, yellow and green segments of the lower bar indicate the fraction of residues that contain outliers for >=3, 2, 1 and 0 types of geometric quality criteria respectively. A grey segment represents the fraction of residues that are not modelled. The numeric value for each fraction is indicated below the corresponding segment, with a dot representing fractions <=5%

Mol	Chain	Length	Quality of chain
1	A	101	77% 20% ...
2	P	11	45% 9% 9% 36%

2 Entry composition (i)

There are 3 unique types of molecules in this entry. The entry contains 900 atoms, of which 0 are hydrogens and 0 are deuteriums.

In the tables below, the ZeroOcc column contains the number of atoms modelled with zero occupancy, the AltConf column contains the number of residues with at least one atom in alternate conformation and the Trace column contains the number of residues modelled with at most 2 atoms.

- Molecule 1 is a protein called PROTEIN-TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE SYP (N-TERMINAL SH2 DOMAIN).

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms					ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	S			
1	A	100	784	499	135	149	1	0	0	0

- Molecule 2 is a protein called PEPTIDE PDGFR-740.

Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms						ZeroOcc	AltConf	Trace
			Total	C	N	O	P	S			
2	P	7	53	30	7	13	1	2	0	0	0

- Molecule 3 is water.

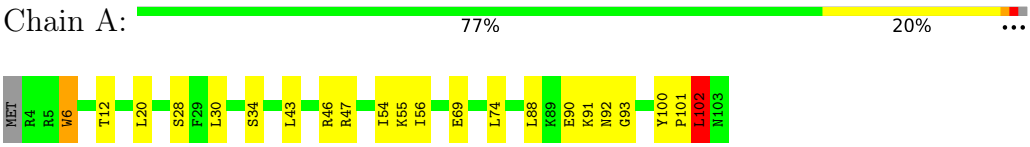
Mol	Chain	Residues	Atoms		ZeroOcc	AltConf
			Total	O		
3	A	61	61	61	0	0
			Total	O		
3	P	2	2	2	0	0

3 Residue-property plots (i)

These plots are drawn for all protein, RNA, DNA and oligosaccharide chains in the entry. The first graphic for a chain summarises the proportions of the various outlier classes displayed in the second graphic. The second graphic shows the sequence view annotated by issues in geometry. Residues are color-coded according to the number of geometric quality criteria for which they contain at least one outlier: green = 0, yellow = 1, orange = 2 and red = 3 or more. Stretches of 2 or more consecutive residues without any outlier are shown as a green connector. Residues present in the sample, but not in the model, are shown in grey.

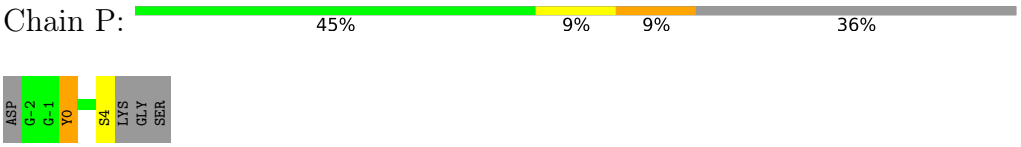
• Molecule 1: PROTEIN-TYROSINE PHOSPHATASE SYP (N-TERMINAL SH2 DOMAIN)

Chain A:



• Molecule 2: PEPTIDE PDGFR-740

Chain P:



4 Data and refinement statistics (i)

Property	Value	Source
Space group	P 43 21 2	Depositor
Cell constants a, b, c, α, β, γ	62.20Å 62.20Å 74.70Å 90.00° 90.00° 90.00°	Depositor
Resolution (Å)	6.00 – 2.30 28.71 – 2.89	Depositor EDS
% Data completeness (in resolution range)	(Not available) (6.00-2.30) 82.5 (28.71-2.89)	Depositor EDS
R_{merge}	(Not available)	Depositor
R_{sym}	(Not available)	Depositor
$< I/\sigma(I) >$ [1]	0.95 (at 2.90Å)	Xtriage
Refinement program	X-PLOR	Depositor
R, R_{free}	0.189 , (Not available) 0.450 , (Not available)	Depositor DCC
R_{free} test set	No test flags present.	wwPDB-VP
Wilson B-factor (Å^2)	33.1	Xtriage
Anisotropy	0.133	Xtriage
Bulk solvent k_{sol}(e/Å^3), B_{sol}(Å^2)	0.29 , 54.8	EDS
L-test for twinning[2]	$< \|L\| > = 0.48$, $< L^2 > = 0.31$	Xtriage
Estimated twinning fraction	No twinning to report.	Xtriage
F_o,F_c correlation	0.53	EDS
Total number of atoms	900	wwPDB-VP
Average B, all atoms (Å^2)	45.0	wwPDB-VP

Xtriage's analysis on translational NCS is as follows: *The largest off-origin peak in the Patterson function is 7.93% of the height of the origin peak. No significant pseudotranslation is detected.*

[1] Intensities estimated from amplitudes.

[2] Theoretical values of $< |L| >$, $< L^2 >$ for acentric reflections are 0.5, 0.333 respectively for untwinned datasets, and 0.375, 0.2 for perfectly twinned datasets.

5 Model quality

5.1 Standard geometry

Bond lengths and bond angles in the following residue types are not validated in this section: PTR

The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 5$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Chain	Bond lengths		Bond angles	
		RMSZ	#$\|Z\|>5$	RMSZ	#$\|Z\|>5$
1	A	0.79	0/803	1.46	9/1091 (0.8%)
2	P	0.52	0/35	1.27	0/42
All	All	0.78	0/838	1.45	9/1133 (0.8%)

There are no bond length outliers.

All (9) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
1	A	6	TRP	CE2-CD2-CG	-7.47	101.32	107.30
1	A	6	TRP	CD1-CG-CD2	7.31	112.15	106.30
1	A	46	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.88	123.74	120.30
1	A	47	ARG	NE-CZ-NH2	-6.87	116.86	120.30
1	A	47	ARG	NE-CZ-NH1	6.43	123.51	120.30
1	A	102	LEU	O-C-N	5.63	131.72	122.70
1	A	6	TRP	CG-CD2-CE3	5.14	138.53	133.90
1	A	30	LEU	CA-CB-CG	5.04	126.89	115.30
1	A	102	LEU	CA-C-N	-5.03	106.15	117.20

There are no chirality outliers.

There are no planarity outliers.

5.2 Too-close contacts

In the following table, the Non-H and H(model) columns list the number of non-hydrogen atoms and hydrogen atoms in the chain respectively. The H(added) column lists the number of hydrogen atoms added and optimized by MolProbity. The Clashes column lists the number of clashes within the asymmetric unit, whereas Symm-Clashes lists symmetry-related clashes.

Mol	Chain	Non-H	H(model)	H(added)	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
1	A	784	0	740	9	0
2	P	53	0	42	1	0
3	A	61	0	0	1	0
3	P	2	0	0	0	0
All	All	900	0	782	9	0

The all-atom clashscore is defined as the number of clashes found per 1000 atoms (including hydrogen atoms). The all-atom clashscore for this structure is 6.

All (9) close contacts within the same asymmetric unit are listed below, sorted by their clash magnitude.

Atom-1	Atom-2	Interatomic distance (Å)	Clash overlap (Å)
1:A:6:TRP:HB3	1:A:101:PRO:HB3	1.87	0.57
1:A:55:LYS:HD3	2:P:0:PTR:HE2	1.87	0.56
1:A:88:LEU:HA	3:A:328:HOH:O	2.06	0.55
1:A:54:ILE:HD13	1:A:88:LEU:HD21	1.89	0.55
1:A:43:LEU:HG	1:A:56:ILE:HD11	1.88	0.54
1:A:20:LEU:HD23	1:A:102:LEU:HD13	1.94	0.49
1:A:28:SER:HA	1:A:100:TYR:O	2.12	0.48
1:A:90:GLU:O	1:A:92:ASN:N	2.47	0.48
1:A:56:ILE:HD13	1:A:74:LEU:HD11	2.00	0.43

There are no symmetry-related clashes.

5.3 Torsion angles (i)

5.3.1 Protein backbone (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent Ramachandran outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the backbone conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Favoured	Allowed	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	98/101 (97%)	90 (92%)	6 (6%)	2 (2%)	7 6
2	P	4/11 (36%)	4 (100%)	0	0	100 100
All	All	102/112 (91%)	94 (92%)	6 (6%)	2 (2%)	7 6

All (2) Ramachandran outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	91	LYS
1	A	93	GLY

5.3.2 Protein sidechains (i)

In the following table, the Percentiles column shows the percent sidechain outliers of the chain as a percentile score with respect to all X-ray entries followed by that with respect to entries of similar resolution.

The Analysed column shows the number of residues for which the sidechain conformation was analysed, and the total number of residues.

Mol	Chain	Analysed	Rotameric	Outliers	Percentiles
1	A	81/86 (94%)	77 (95%)	4 (5%)	25 35
2	P	4/7 (57%)	3 (75%)	1 (25%)	0 0
All	All	85/93 (91%)	80 (94%)	5 (6%)	19 27

All (5) residues with a non-rotameric sidechain are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	12	THR
1	A	34	SER
1	A	69	GLU
1	A	102	LEU
2	P	4	SER

Sometimes sidechains can be flipped to improve hydrogen bonding and reduce clashes. All (1) such sidechains are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type
1	A	103	ASN

5.3.3 RNA (i)

There are no RNA molecules in this entry.

5.4 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains (i)

1 non-standard protein/DNA/RNA residue is modelled in this entry.

In the following table, the Counts columns list the number of bonds (or angles) for which Mogul statistics could be retrieved, the number of bonds (or angles) that are observed in the model and

the number of bonds (or angles) that are defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. The Link column lists molecule types, if any, to which the group is linked. The Z score for a bond length (or angle) is the number of standard deviations the observed value is removed from the expected value. A bond length (or angle) with $|Z| > 2$ is considered an outlier worth inspection. RMSZ is the root-mean-square of all Z scores of the bond lengths (or angles).

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Bond lengths			Bond angles		
					Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$	Counts	RMSZ	$\#\|Z\| > 2$
2	PTR	P	0	2	15,16,17	0.99	0	19,22,24	1.50	3 (15%)

In the following table, the Chirals column lists the number of chiral outliers, the number of chiral centers analysed, the number of these observed in the model and the number defined in the Chemical Component Dictionary. Similar counts are reported in the Torsion and Rings columns. '-' means no outliers of that kind were identified.

Mol	Type	Chain	Res	Link	Chirals	Torsions	Rings
2	PTR	P	0	2	-	1/10/11/13	0/1/1/1

There are no bond length outliers.

All (3) bond angle outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms	Z	Observed(^{o})	Ideal(^{o})
2	P	0	PTR	CD2-CG-CD1	2.83	122.61	118.17
2	P	0	PTR	CB-CA-C	-2.81	106.19	111.47
2	P	0	PTR	CE2-CZ-CE1	2.27	123.68	120.18

There are no chirality outliers.

All (1) torsion outliers are listed below:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Atoms
2	P	0	PTR	C-CA-CB-CG

There are no ring outliers.

1 monomer is involved in 1 short contact:

Mol	Chain	Res	Type	Clashes	Symm-Clashes
2	P	0	PTR	1	0

5.5 Carbohydrates (i)

There are no monosaccharides in this entry.

5.6 Ligand geometry

There are no ligands in this entry.

5.7 Other polymers

There are no such residues in this entry.

5.8 Polymer linkage issues

There are no chain breaks in this entry.

6 Fit of model and data

6.1 Protein, DNA and RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.2 Non-standard residues in protein, DNA, RNA chains

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.3 Carbohydrates

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.4 Ligands

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.

6.5 Other polymers

Unable to reproduce the depositors R factor - this section is therefore empty.